

## TREMBLOR SHAKES CENTRAL STATES

### Panics and Many Small Fires Follow in Wake of Earthquake.

#### Five States Report Feeling Jar—Actual Damage Not Serious—School Children Flee in Alarm From Swaying Buildings and People Seek Refuge in Open.

Chicago, May 27.—All of Illinois and four other Middle Western states experienced severe earthquake shocks yesterday morning. That the quake was general in this section of the country is shown by reports from Iowa, Wisconsin, Missouri and Michigan. While no serious damage was reported beyond a number of fires due to destroyed chimneys, the shock spread terror in many places, and a number of panics in schools and other buildings resulted from efforts to flee from what seemed to be impending disaster.

The time of the earthquake at various towns in this state was between 8:15 and 9:45 o'clock, and the duration of the shock differed in distant localities. In some cases two distinct tremors were felt, the first being brief and the second lasting several seconds.

At Peoria the earthquake began at 8:30 o'clock and lasted for four seconds. The trembling of the earth was felt in Champaign and Urbana at 8:30 o'clock. Dixon told of three minutes of shocks in that city and vicinity as late as 9:40 o'clock.

Other cities in the state reporting severe shocks were Sterling, Galena, Freeport, Pontiac, Fairbury, El Paso, Pekin, Peelo, Tampico and Erie.

A shock lasting 15 seconds was felt at Cedar Rapids, Burlington and Dubuque also suffered slight disturbances.

Early reports covered a territory from Springfield, Ill., through Davenport, Ia., and Janesville, Wis., north to Muskegon, Mich. Reports of the vibrations, but recording no material damage, were received from the following cities:

Beloit, Wis.; Peoria, Kewanee, Rockford, Joliet, Dixon, Streator, Galena, Freeport, Bloomington, Moline, Elgin, Aurora, Springfield, Ill., and from Janesville, Wis., Davenport and Dubuque, Ia., and Muskegon and Kalamazoo, Mich.

### MANY NEW LAWS.

#### Kansas Legislature Has 1,000 Statutes to Its Credit.

Topeka, Kan., May 27.—Nearly all the laws enacted by the recent session of the Kansas legislature will become effective next Saturday, the date of the publication of the 1,000 statutes. The most notable exception is the bank guarantee law, which will not come into effect until the last of June. Among the more important of the new laws to become operative Saturday are the following:

The anti-bucket shop law abolishing bucket shops throughout the state; a child labor law barring child actors in the theaters, and all boys under 14 years of age from the messenger service; a law making it a crime for employer of a printing office to smuggle out teachers' examination questions; a law requiring managers of political campaigns to file a statement of receipts and expenditures; a law making it possible for a district judge to become a candidate for representative in congress or United States senator.

Other laws to come into effect are those providing additional fire protection for schools and hotels, making it a crime to kill American eagles, providing for a comprehensive system of warehouse receipts, establishing a new code of civil procedure, making it a crime for fruit tree agents to misrepresent the brand of fruit trees they sell, and requiring all factories and railroads to report accidents to the state labor bureau within 24 hours after they occur.

#### To Caracas to Fight Bubonic.

San Francisco, May 27.—Dr. Wilfred H. Kellogg, former assistant surgeon in the marine hospital service, today received notification of his selection by the Washington authorities to lead the fight against the bubonic plague which has appeared there. Kellogg's appointment was made at the recommendation of Dr. Rupert Blue, of the marine hospital and public health service. It is believed Kellogg will be assigned to duty at La Guayra to aid in protecting the canal zone from the plague.

#### Lorimer is Illinois Senator.

Springfield, Ill., May 27.—Congressman William Lorimer, of Chicago, is the junior United States senator from Illinois. He was elected on the 95th ballot of the joint assembly yesterday by a coalition of Democrats and Republicans to fill the vacancy from Illinois existing there since the term of Albert J. Hopkins expired on March 4. The deadlock had continued since last January. Mr. Lorimer's total vote was 108.

#### Six Quake Victims Shot.

Reggio, Italy, May 25.—At Sinopoli, a small village near St. Eufamia, the populace became enraged over the manner in which it had been neglected in the distribution of relief to the earthquake sufferers. It made a hostile demonstration against the authorities and attacked the barracks. Several soldiers were wounded and a volley was fired at the rioters, killing six.

### KRUPPS LOSE ROYALTY.

#### Processes for Hardening Armor Have Been Perfected in America.

Pittsburg, May 28.—Mystery surrounded the visit of Baron von Bodenhausen, of Krupp interests, to America until today. For some time no royalty has been paid Krupp by American makers of armor plate, as Midvale, Carnegie and Bethlehem interests now have each an armor plate hardening system of their own. It is \$13 per ton cheaper also, as this is the royalty which the American makers have been paying Krupp for years.

Baron von Bodenhausen came to America for the purpose of clearing up the armor plate case. The Germans have not believed that the American makers could have invented three different forms of hardening plate. The loss of revenue to the Germans has been very great, so the baron came here to re-establish that revenue if possible.

That the American companies had each invented armor plate processes came as distinct news to Pittsburg. The coming of the German baron appears to have made publicity imperative. Krupps question the legality of the American processes, and the Americans express a willingness to demonstrate that their process is no infringement. At armor plate headquarters it is stated Krupps' American royalties amounted to \$1,000,000 annually.

### CATCH OMAHA SUSPECTS.

#### Police Arrest Three Men for Union Pacific Train Robbery.

Omaha, Neb., May 28.—The police of South Omaha arrested tonight three men suspected of complicity in the Union Pacific train robbery near this city last Saturday night. One of the men had \$125 and the second \$98 and the third a smaller sum.

Children playing last night in the vicinity where the arrests were made found three handkerchiefs cut for masks, three revolvers, flashlights and other paraphernalia, hidden by the holdup men. The place was watched. Four men were seen late tonight to approach the spot where the outfit had been hidden, and three of them were arrested.

They gave what the police believe are fictitious names and told differing stories. The clothing bears the mark of a Denver merchant. They told of having been with some women during the evening, but would not divulge names.

### GREAT WILD HORSE HUNT.

#### Fifty Square Miles of Territory to Be "Driven" for New Steeds.

Reno, Nev., May 28.—Under the leadership of Superintendent Creel, of Pyramid Lake Indian reservation, and R. H. Cowles, a ranchman of Washoe county, the biggest wild horse hunt ever attempted in Nevada will be started tomorrow in the Limbo country, north of Wadsworth. Five hundred "backroos" from surrounding ranches will participate.

Fifty square miles of territory will be encircled by mounted men, who will drive toward a central point near the northern end of the Nightingale mountains, where an immense corral has been erected. The older horses will be shot, while the younger ones will be broken for saddle purposes.

#### Julia Ward Howe Celebrates.

Boston, May 28.—Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, writer, philosopher and reformer, celebrated her ninetieth birthday quietly at her charming home on Beacon street yesterday. Her children, Mrs. Maude Howe Elliott, Mrs. Florence Howe Hall, Mrs. Laura E. Richards and Professor Marion Howe, of Columbia, spent the day with her, and with the exception of a few intimate friends, no visitors were received. Mrs. Howe appeared in good health and spirits and seemed to have lost but little of her old-time energy and her interest for matters of national importance.

#### Jap Striker Meets Death.

Honolulu, May 28.—In a fight among the strikers on the Ewa plantation today a Japanese laborer was killed. This is the first bloodshed that has occurred since the strike of the sugar plantation workers was begun. At Waimanalo the Japanese have quit work to formulate demands for increased wages. Fifteen hundred strike breakers have been put at work on the plantations, 400 of whom were hired today. At Ewa 8,000 tons of sugar remain to be milled, and 10,000 tons in the same condition at Wailua.

#### Unknown Sends Money.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 28.—Post-office inspectors today were asked to unravel the mystery surrounding the receipt by a number of residents of Panora, Iowa, of letters containing \$100 bills. No signature is attached to the letters, one of which bears the postmark of Portland, Or. Five persons admit having received money totaling \$1,125. Mrs. Viola Lapogiet, a widow, received \$225, mostly in \$10 bills, with a note signed "your friend."

#### Pacific Mail Deficit Less.

New York, May 28.—At the annual meeting of the Pacific Mail Steamship company all the retiring directors were re-elected today. President Harriman, in his report, stated that the year's operations showed a deficit of \$339,684, as compared with a deficit of \$428,817 for the year before.

## A BRIEF DAILY REPORT ON THE WORK OF CONGRESS

Saturday, May 29.

Washington, May 29.—During two hours before adjournment today, the senate made more real progress in the adoption of tariff schedules previously passed over than has been usual during an entire day.

Despite protests voiced by Beveridge and Root, the duty on barley was increased from 25 cents a bushel, as proposed by the House, to 30 cents, as recommended by the committee on finance.

The tax on hops was advanced. The committee on finance had formerly advanced it to 15 cents. Today the committee brought in an additional amendment, making the rate 20 cents. The duty on potatoes was made 45 cents per bushel, instead of 25 cents, and oysters in the shell were advanced from three-fourths of a cent a pound to 25 per cent. The increase in the rate on oysters was made on motion of Piles, who has an industry in bivalves to protect against Canadian competition. Eels or smelt, fresh or frozen, are taxed 1 cent per pound.

Friday, May 28.

Washington, May 28.—Aldrich succeeded today in getting action by the senate on the rest of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill, with the understanding that the paragraph fixing a duty on raw and refined sugar should be again placed before the senate if Clay should so improve in health as to permit him to move an amendment cutting the figures in two. The tobacco schedule was also completed. No changes were made in the finance committee rates in either schedule.

The sugar, tobacco and agricultural schedules divided the attention of the senate with incidental remarks by Bacon and a general tariff speech by Stone, Gore, Bristow and Clay criticized the provision for a duty on raw and refined sugar and Clay repeated his allegation of fraudulent transactions in the interest of the sugar trust. Bristow declared that the trust had benefited by the defeat of his amendment yesterday.

Thursday, May 27.

Washington, May 27.—By the decisive vote of 50 to 33 the senate decided today to postpone until June 10 further consideration of the income tax in connection with the tariff. Consideration of the sugar schedule was continued, but after two amendments were voted upon the senate switched to a discussion of the possibility of getting a vote on the Bailey income tax amendment. Bailey argued forcibly for a vote, but did not succeed in prevailing upon Aldrich to concede a vote in advance of the tariff schedule.

The two amendments to the sugar schedule voted upon were those eliminating the Dutch standard test and lowering the duty on refined sugar from 1.9 cents per pound to \$1.82½ cents per pound. Both were defeated, the former by a vote of 36 to 47 and the latter by a vote of 32 to 53. On the first vote 11 Republicans voted with the Democrats for the amendment, but on the second only seven Republicans broke ranks.

Wednesday, May 26.

Washington, May 26.—For more than seven hours today the senate discussed sugar as that subject is involved in the pending tariff bill. Beginning with an effort by McEnery, the Louisiana Democrat Protectionist, there were four set speeches. Three supported the sugar schedule as reported from the committee on finance, while the fourth was a plea for material reductions.

In completing his speech of yesterday, McEnery made an earnest plea for stiff protection, not only because of the necessity for such a policy in the interest of the revenue, but because, he declared, such a course would render the United States independent of other countries. He asserted that there had been a change of sentiment in the South on the subject of protection.

Bristow followed. While McEnery, a Democrat, had spoken for a high and protective rate on sugar, the Kansas senator, a Republican, advocated a reduction.

Burrows, of Michigan, and Smoot, of Utah, both members of the finance committee, also spoke in support of the committee's action. Smoot presented a carefully prepared analysis of the situation, and Burrows appealed more particularly to popular sentiment.

Beveridge introduced an amendment, the purpose of which is to prohibit the tobacco manufacturers or dealers from using the coupon or premium system to stimulate sales.

Tuesday, May 25.

Washington, May 25.—The senate began today the formal consideration of the sugar schedule, but did not approach a vote upon it. Instead, the time was given over to speechmaking, and, strange to say, the two speeches on the subject, while made by Democrats, advocated a high tariff on sugar of all grades. The portion of the lumber schedule which has not been voted

#### Taft Abolishes Council.

Washington, May 27.—The council of fine arts, created by President Roosevelt, and which was to have charge of the beautifying of Washington and to pass upon the design of government buildings, was abolished by President Taft today. This action was made necessary by the last sundry civil bill, which failed to appropriate money for expenses or salaries of any of the commission created by President Roosevelt without consent of congress.

upon was passed over, as the finance committee contemplates further amendments.

Defending his views that the pledges of the Republican party were for a revision of the tariff downward, Beveridge quoted from various utterances by Mr. Taft to show that on numerous occasions the President had called attention to the need of revising the duties downward.

Stone declared that he could see no way in which the United States Steel corporation could profit by the duty on steel.

Rayner, of Maryland, today made a speech abounding in humorous references to many senators who have taken a prominent part in discussing the bill.

Monday, May 24.

Washington, May 24.—No single piece of lumber was ever used more effectively as a see-saw by children than was the great lumber industry today by the United States senate. The lumber schedule of the tariff bill was under consideration almost the entire day, with Root, Heyburn, Borah and Dolliver contending on the one hand for protection, and Clapp, Burkett and McCumber arguing strenuously against the policy. The day closed with more than a two-thirds vote against McCumber's free lumber amendment, the ballot showing 25 for and 56 against.

Bailey asked for unanimous consent for a vote on the income tax on Thursday. When Aldrich objected, Bailey said that he would object whenever Aldrich sought unanimous consent for a vote on the tariff bill.

#### Director North Resigns.

Washington, May 29.—It was stated officially at the White House today that Census Director North had resigned and that E. Dana Durand, deputy commissioner of corporations, had been named to succeed him. The announcement of the resignation of North was made at the close of a conference between President Taft and Secretary of Commerce and Labor Charles Nagel. It is understood Nagel demanded the resignation as a result of the investigation recently ordered by the president. It was explained that the resignation was presented because of the existence of certain conditions that appeared likely to continue and which would probably operate to make North's administration unsuccessful.

#### Bourne Offers Postoffice Bill.

Washington, May 28.—Senator Bourne today introduced a bill to appropriate \$1,500,000 for a postoffice building at Portland. He has been consulting with Supervising Architect Taylor, who hesitates between two plans, a new building for all Federal activities at Portland, and the retention of the present building for Federal court purposes and the building of a new postoffice building. When Fulton introduced a bill for the same amount Taylor reported that a suitable building could be erected for \$900,000, plus \$250,000 for a site. Bourne will endeavor to induce Taylor and the senate committee to agree to a sum adequate to meet the growing needs of Portland.

#### Hammond Declines Honor.

Washington, May 26.—After an hour's interview with President Taft today, John Hays Hammond definitely declined the tender of the ministership to China. Mr. Hammond told the president that he agreed with him that China offered a field for American enterprise and development of American trade that would tempt almost any one to take up the work of the American mission in that country. He said he felt deeply honored by the tender.

#### Imports Show Increase.

Washington, May 25.—The April statement of the bureau of statistics shows a marked increase in the importation of manufacturers' materials and a decline in the exportation of food-stuffs. The 50 articles named in the import list form about two-thirds of the total value of the imports and the 50 articles named in the export list, form about three-fourths of the total value of exports.

#### Pitt River Lands Restored.

Washington, May 28.—Eighteen thousand acres of land in Oregon and 25,000 acres of land in California, withdrawn from the Pitt river reclamation project, have been restored to entry by the government, according to an announcement made today. The land was restored because it was decided that it was not feasible to use the waters of Goose lake for the project.

#### Mormon Coins as Souvenirs.

Washington, May 28.—Secretary MacVeagh has been petitioned by Senator Sutherland, of Utah, and Dr. George Tallmadge, curator of the Desert museum, at Salt Lake, to permit the latter to issue for souvenirs and museum purposes Mormon coins from the dies recently turned over to the museum by the descendants of Brigham Young.

#### Lowest Bid for Big Drydock.

Washington, May 25.—C. M. Leach, of Boston, was the lowest bidder for the construction of a concrete drydock at the Pearl harbor naval station, Hawaii, proposals for which were opened at the bureau of yards and docks today. His bid was \$1,295,321.

#### To Arbitrate Emery Claim.

Washington, May 28.—A protocol for admission to arbitration of the Emery claim was signed tonight with representatives of the Nicaraguan government at the home of Secretary Knox.

### DETECTIVES GIVE TESTIMONY

#### Calhoun's and Burns' Men Are Busy Tracing Crimes to Other Party.

San Francisco, May 26.—Detectives employed by the prosecution and detectives employed by the defense were the only witnesses called during yesterday's session of the trial of Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railways. Luther Brown, who admits that he directed the activity of several assistants working in the interests of the defense, was finally interrogated as to his relations with men who have confessed to complicity in the theft of papers from the office of W. J. Burns, agent of the prosecution, and refused to testify on the ground that his statement might tend to incriminate him.

Norman Melrose, an attaché of the United Railroads detective bureau, said that he had delivered to W. M. Abbott, jointly indicted with Calhoun, reports procured by men under his direction.

Nicholas Korngold declared he had followed District Attorney W. H. Langdon with two detectives and John Claudians to the home of James L. Gallagher, which had been wrecked by an explosion of dynamite. He declared that Abbott had commended him for his work, and had instructed him to ascertain, if possible, what had transpired in the grand jury room in Oakland when Claudians was indicted in connection with the dynamiting. The witness said that he had been directed by Abbott to establish relations with the family of Felix Paudeveris, who was accused of complicity in the affair but has never been apprehended.

### RICH GOLD STRIKE.

#### One Shot Yields Nearly \$75,000 of Almost Pure Ore in Hatfuls.

Downieville, Cal., May 26.—Between \$75,000 and \$100,000 in almost pure gold was loosened by a blast in the Eldorado tunnel at Allegheny, this county, last evening. Hatfuls of gold with particles of quartz attached were picked from the floor of the tunnel. This find promises to eclipse even the Sixteen-to-One and the Tightener, both near neighbors. H. L. Johnson, owner of the Tightener, bonded the Eldorado two weeks ago for \$25,000. The Morning Glory mine, nearby, owned by Rohrig brothers, has just broken into rock of immense value, big slabs sprinkled and seamed with gold being exhibited. The owners refuse to say what their strike broke, but it is said to be \$70,000.

An old fashioned rush is on to Allegheny from all directions, and men of every vocation and of every age are flocking into the district to stake claims.

H. L. Stark, consulting engineer for George Wingfield, the well known millionaire mining man of Goldfield, was there some time ago trying to buy and consolidate the Tightener, Sixteen-to-One, Eldorado, Morning Glory and other rich properties, but Mr. Wingfield's wealth proved inadequate. Excitement is running high.

### NO CANDY SHOPS.

#### Fair Booths to Be Placed Where They Don't Interfere.

Seattle, Wash., May 26.—There will be no selling booths on Oregon's grounds at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, or on any of the land which has been allotted to states and counties, unless the exhibitors give their permission.

This was the agreement made today between a committee from the Commissioners' association and the executive committee of the fair. State and county commissioners will give permission for booths which will not mar the beauty of the landscape and which will be as unobtrusive as possible.

In the case of Oregon, President W. H. Wehrung said that there would be no booths on the grounds allotted to his state.

The fair management asserts that the full number of 115 booths will be erected on the grounds, but states that it will secure permission from the exhibitors before placing them near any of the special buildings.

#### Magistrate Now Street Sweeper.

East St. Louis, Ill., May 26.—Forced by order of his physician to resign his office of police magistrate and obtain employment where he could enjoy pure air and outdoor exercise, Judge Thomas Stanton today started to work as a street sweeper in East St. Louis. As magistrate Stanton received an average of \$300 per month. As street sweeper he receives \$1.50 per day. Stanton was elected magistrate of East St. Louis two years ago, after filling the unexpired term of Magistrate McKaone.

#### Religious Freedom Near.

St. Petersburg, May 26.—The douma today began the discussion of a law legalizing the sect of Old Believers. This is the first of a series of important measures designed to put into effect the principles of religious liberty. The sect of the Old Believers, which in various forms embraces 15,000,000 worshippers, is the largest dissident body in Russia. It separated from the parent orthodox church during the period of reforms under Peter the Great.

#### Cantaloupes Sell for \$5.

Los Angeles, May 26.—Two cantaloupes, the vanguard of the 1909 crop from the Imperial valley, shipped yesterday as part of a consignment from Heber, Cal., sold today in the local market at \$5 each. The melons were large and well ripened.

## SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS OREGON

### Boundary Controversy Finally Decided Against Washington.

#### Decision That Sand Island and Other Territory is Oregon Soil Removes Certain Points of Dispute in Game Laws—Fishing Tangle is Cleared Away Permanently.

Washington, May 25.—The United States Supreme court yesterday declined to grant a rehearing in the Oregon-Washington boundary case involving the location of the state line near the mouth of the Columbia river. Shortly after the court decided this question in favor of Oregon's contention, ex-Senator Turner, of Washington, filed a motion for a re-hearing on behalf of his state, and with that motion he filed a brief setting forth the alleged new grounds upon which the case should be re-opened.

The court, however, holds that the question involved is so simple, and the facts so apparent, that there is no ground whatever for the contention of Washington, and it therefore declines to give further attention to the controversy. There is no possible further appeal from yesterday's action, therefore Oregon's claim to Sand island and other disputed fishing grounds in the lower Columbia is finally established. Judge Brewer advised that the two states should follow the plan of the Mississippi river and ask congress to appoint a commission to determine all the niceties of the question.

Meanwhile the court's decision in favor of Oregon will control and will have the effect of giving to that state jurisdiction over the disputed territory.

### FLOOD IN OKLAHOMA.

#### Five People Killed, Many Injured and Much Grain Destroyed.

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 25.—Five persons are dead and at least 10 seriously injured, several thousand acres of crops are inundated and every stream in the northern and eastern part of the state raging as a result of an almost unprecedented rains during the last 24 hours in Oklahoma. A number of houses have been washed away.

Railroad tracks near Shawnee, Holmansville, Tulsa, Pawnee, Vinita and Oklahoma are inundated and sections of tracks are washed out. Bridges are unsafe along the Arkansas, Cimmaron and Canadian rivers and traffic is generally delayed. The flood is the worst since 1872 and the loss of crops will reach many thousands.

Near Miami the Neosho river is out of its banks and many farms are covered with water. A cloudburst at Kremlin damaged houses and crops.

A small tornado struck Morris, demolishing the Methodist church and several residences.

Black Bear creek, in Pawnee county, is out of its banks and hundreds of people are moving to higher lands. At Vinita the Grand river threatens all lowlands and the railroads.

In the oil fields four 16,000 barrel tanks were struck by lightning and destroyed.

#### Very Heavy Losses in Texas.

San Angelo, Tex., May 25.—Reports were received here today from various sections of Tom Green and Concho counties that more than 100 head of cattle and sheep were drowned in yesterday's storm. Fifty houses were reported destroyed. One woman was killed. The loss will reach \$100,000.

#### Hail Ruins Standing Grain.

Wellington, Kan., May 25.—Six inches of rain fell in three hours last night in a territory 15 miles in length extending from South Haven, a few miles south of Wellington, into Oklahoma. The rain was accompanied by sheets of hail that beat grain to the ground.

#### More Japs Join Strike.

Honolulu, May 25.—The Japanese laborers of the Ewa and Wailua plantations struck today, pending a reply of the sugar planters to their demands for increased pay. On these plantations the Japanese have hitherto held out against the determination of their fellow countrymen to strike. The Japanese Merchants' association resolved today to strive to prevent the spread of strikes and to cultivate a better understanding between capital and labor by maintaining an unbiased position between the two.

#### Body Starts on Voyage.

Los Angeles, May 25.—The body of Madame Helena Modjeska, the noted Polish tragedienne, who died at her home at Bay City a month ago, will be removed today from the vault at Calvary cemetery and started on its long journey to Poland for interment. It will be accompanied by Count Charles Bonzenta Chlapewski, widower of the late actress, and by Adam Ophida, a nephew. At Chicago the party will be joined by Ralph Modjeska and family.

#### Severe Shock at Messina.

Messina, May 25.—One of the severest shocks since the big earthquake was felt here today. The movement was both vertical and horizontal and lasted ten seconds. The shock was preceded by a rumbling noise. The populace was panic stricken.