

RESUME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings Presented in a Brief and Comprehensive Manner for Busy Readers—National, Political, Historical and Commercial.

A. C. Swinburne, the poet, is dead. Many anthracite coal operators have prepared for a strike.

Holland is eagerly awaiting the birth of an heir to the throne.

New York City alone consumed about 25,000,000 eggs Easter.

The army transport Dix is en route to Seattle with exhibits from the Philippines for the fair.

Governor Lilley, of Connecticut, is dangerously sick and little hope is held out for his recovery.

Indictments against Haskell and other prominent Oklahomans for land frauds have been dismissed.

Castro's wife will attempt to have Gomez resign as president of Venezuela and place the dictator again in power.

Figures gathered by the bureau of statistics show that marriages are falling off and divorces increasing in Indiana.

For the first time since the Spanish war the United States army is up to its full strength and recruiting has stopped except to re-enlist men.

A special train was used by a large Eastern firm to carry bonds from San Francisco to New York. This method was cheaper than paying express.

Roosevelt has arrived at Port Said.

Emma Goldman will fight any effort to deport her.

Eleven jurors have been finally accepted in the Calhoun case.

Experiments are being conducted at New York with wireless telephones.

Fifteen automobiles were destroyed in a fire which burned a Chicago garage.

Revenue officers engaged in a pitched battle with moonshiners in West Virginia.

Preparations are nearly complete for the Harriman merger suit at Salt Lake, when the government will try to break the combine said to exist.

Two men were burned to death and three others seriously injured by an explosion of oil tanks at Point Richmond, Cal. The damage will reach \$50,000.

The defense has closed its argument in the case to dissolve the Standard Oil company. After the government finishes the court will take the case under advisement and a decision is not looked for before fall.

Further earthquake shocks are being felt at Messina.

A large gray wolf has been captured in a Chicago suburb.

An Erie, Pa., millionaire has been asked to give up \$5,000 or suffer death.

Reports that the relief work at Messina is a farce continue to find their way out.

All West Indian colonies have been closed against Castro and France will expel him from Martinique.

A 6-year old South Carolina boy shot his 3-year old brother and is said to have attempted to hide the body.

A Columbus, O., official has received a "Black Hand" warning against issuing marriage licenses to blacks and whites.

Someone put a \$10,000 bill in the collection plate of a Washington, D. C., church and the deacons are looking for the donor, feeling sure that it was a mistake.

Immigration authorities have found that the husband of Emma Goldman obtained his naturalization by fraud. This makes the noted anarchist an alien and she may be deported.

Robbers held up an Ogden, Utah, gambler and secured \$1,500.

The New York legislature has turned down a direct primary measure.

Anthracite miners and operators have split on recognition of the union.

Prairie wolves killed the 10-year old son of a Kingman, Kansas, farmer.

Two Ohio autoists plunged into the Miami river with their car rather than run down a little girl.

Passengers from the wrecked steamer Indiana have arrived at San Francisco on board a warship.

M. Ievolsky, Russian foreign minister, has tendered his resignation, as he is not in accord with the czar.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani, of Hawaii, must pay her doctors \$11,600, according to the Supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Confederate veterans in the Florida legislature warmly defended a resolution to make Lincoln's birthday a holiday when other members moved to table the proposition.

Edith Mitchell, central figure in the "Holy Roller" murders at Seattle in 1906, has been released from the asylum on parole.

MUCH REVENUE LOST.

Amendments Put Through Take Away Twenty Million Dollars.

Washington, April 13.—The estimates of the revenues which the Payne tariff bill will produce have been reduced nearly \$20,000,000 through the amendments made by the house. The senate finance committee must provide means for making up this difference, if the original estimates are to be met. The striking out of several countervailing duty clauses will lessen the bill's productiveness another \$20,000,000.

The amendment taking off the 8-cent duty on tea subtracted \$78,000,000 from the estimated revenues. The striking out of the countervailing duty on coffee disposes of what probably would have been \$15,000,000 in duties. Taking out the countervailing proviso for lumber and for petroleum means a lost opportunity to increase the revenues by several million dollars, it is estimated.

The senate finance committee materially reduced many of the Dingley bill's schedules as it passed the house, but in order to increase the revenue-producing power of the Payne bill the committee must take different action with regard to the latter measure.

In 1897 the senate committee placed a duty of 1 1/2 cents per pound on hides, which was changed later to 15 per cent, but the Payne bill, as it passed the house, places hides on the free list. Under the Dingley law, hides have produced more than \$3,000,000 revenue annually.

There are many changes in the Payne bill from the provisions of the Dingley law. Its maximum and minimum retaliatory feature, the additional method of valuation for the purpose of preventing under-valuations and its provisions for the \$40,000,000 issuance of Treasury certificates are new. It extends the drawback privileges so that domestic raw material may be used in lieu of imported material for the purpose of collecting a drawback, provided an equal amount of identical imported raw material is manufactured into the same product upon which the drawback is collected. An inheritance tax, by which it is hoped that \$20,000,000 will be collected, is provided for. In placing a large number of articles on the free list and in reducing the duties on many others, it has been found necessary to increase materially the duties on many articles in order to produce necessary revenue. The Payne bill increased materially the rates on brandy, alcohol, gin, grain spirits, cordials and liquors, but made virtually no increase on champagne. The senate committee has decided upon an increase amounting to about 25 per cent above the existing rates on wines of all kinds.

A number of other articles, regarded as luxuries, have been increased.

NIAGARA IS STILLED.

Great River is Frozen Solidly From Bank to Bank.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 13.—The voice of Niagara was mute today, for the second time in the memory of man, and the river is frozen solidly from bank to bank.

On Wednesday the worst gale of the season piled the solid icefields of Lake Erie in a huge mass at the lower end of the lake. At Niagara Falls there had been a heavy ice bridge in the pool below the cataract since the middle of winter. Under the impact of the ice of the lake above and the added floes brought through by the wind, the bridge gave way and began to surge down the rapids. But before it could win freedom in Lake Ontario, the wind shifted to the north. Instantly the moving floes packed at the mouth of the river. The pack froze steadily, and each hour brought added pressure from above.

Unable to traverse its natural channels, the level of the river rose quickly. The highest flood level recorded from previous years is 28 feet above the normal. Last night the river was 40 feet above normal. Water poured over the window sills of the power house of the Ontario Power company and flooded the machines. The tracks of the Great Gorge route were covered from the lower steel arch bridge to Lewiston.

Conservative estimates place the damage at \$1,000,000.

Lilley in Stupor.

Hartford, Conn., April 13.—Hope for the recovery of Governor George L. Lilley is practically abandoned. The governor still remains stupefied and wholly unconscious of his surroundings. Physicians are constantly at his bedside and his life is being prolonged by artificial means. While his medical attendants do not admit that hope is vanished, members of his family have given way to despair. Governor Lilley's illness began with nervous exhaustion. Since taking to his bed his heart and kidneys have become affected.

British Sailors Landed.

London, April 13.—The Persian situation is gradually developing in the direction of Anglo-Russian intervention. British bluejackets were landed from the cruiser Fox at Bushire yesterday, after a British resident had issued a proclamation holding forth the necessity of this action because the local authorities were unable to protect foreigners. It is understood that the landing had been sanctioned by the Russian government.

Castro Barred Again.

Copenhagen, April 13.—The government has instructed the governor of the Danish West Indies under no circumstances to permit ex-President Castro to land in that territory.

NEWS ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST FROM THE STATE OF OREGON

WILL MARKET GRANITE.

Company Organized to Develop Deposits Near Ashland.

Ashland—Ashland, the Granite City, is about to demonstrate her right to the title. While it has been known generally that the hills behind the city are granite ribbed, and that much of the best fruit growing soil was largely decomposed granite, it has not been so generally known that several magnificent ledges of commercial granite lay just beyond the city limits. Local capitalists have organized a company to open up the large ledge of monumental granite that lies about three miles up Ashland creek canyon.

Experts have been shown polished samples of the granite from the property owned by the new company, and have pronounced it of finer grain and harder than almost any of the commercial granites now so extensively used.

The new company is known as the Pacific Granite company, of Ashland, and is capitalized at \$100,000. Already requests have been made for prices in carload lots on rough granite blocks, the inquiries coming from as far south as Los Angeles.

Chemawa Herd is O. K.

Chemawa—Dr. E. N. Hutchinson, of the United States Agricultural department, acting under orders of the head of his department in the Northwest, examined the Chemawa Indian school dairy herd for tuberculosis. After a thorough examination extending over several days the doctor gave the school a clean bill of health. The Chemawa school herd consists of about 75 graded short-horns. Dr. Hutchinson was much pleased with the dairy arrangements of the Chemawa school, and stated that it is the best arranged cleanest and best kept dairy department in the Northwest.

Dairy Law is Held Valid.

Salem—Attorney General Crawford has rendered an opinion to the effect that the dairy law passed by the recent session of the legislature is a legal enactment and that the dairy and food commissioner shall have the power of appointing the inspectors provided for under the law. The latter point was in dispute, and in some quarters the legality of the entire bill has been questioned on account of some confusion in the procedure whereby the senate failed to enroll one of the house amendments.

Japanese Consul on Tour.

Chemawa—The Japanese consul, S. Numano, located at Portland, has been visiting several points of interest in the Willamette valley. The leading educational institutions were visited and inspected, among them being the state university at Eugene, the Oregon Agricultural college at Corvallis, Willamette university at Salem and the United States Indian school at Chemawa. The consul was especially interested in the various institutions.

Fights Fruit Inspection.

Salem—County Fruit Inspector E. C. Armstrong is meeting with some resistance in carrying out the provisions of the law governing the care and inspection of orchards. One farmer near Hubbard, has taken the position that the inspector has no business to inspect his orchard for the purpose of ordering it sprayed or cut down, and intimates that he will make things warm for the inspector should the latter set foot on the farm.

Scriber's Property Sold.

La Grande—Another sale by the trustees of the bankrupt Scriber estate was made when one of the main business houses on Adams avenue was sold for \$25,000. The successful bidder is Joseph Palmer, president of the defunct Farmers & Traders bank, of which Scriber was cashier. The Scriber residence was also sold recently. These sales close the principal items in the assets of the Scriber estate.

Benson Gives Out Jobs.

Salem—Governor Benson has appointed Dr. Harry H. Ohlinger, of Salem, to succeed himself as a member of the state board of dental examiners, and Dr. Frank Vaught, of Astoria, on the same board, to succeed his brother, Dr. E. A. Vaught, of Pendleton. Representative J. P. Rusk was appointed as the attorney of the land board in Wallawa county.

Freight Rates Slashed.

Salem—The Sumpter Valley Railroad company has advised the railroad commission of the issuance of a new tariff, in which the rates on flour, sugar and salt are reduced nearly one half. This action grows out of the complaints made by the Canyon City Commercial company that the old rates were unreasonable.

Right of Way Men Finish.

Prineville—J. B. Eddy, the right of way man for the proposed Deschutes railway, has just completed the task of working over the entire right of way from Deschutes canyon to Redmond, and has come to an understanding with all land owners so that the lands can be easily bought when construction begins.

La Grande Raises \$50,000.

La Grande—The merchants and business men of La Grande have met the last dollar of \$50,000 needed as the share assigned to be raised by La Grande of the \$100,000 needed to float bonds for the completion of the Meadowbrook irrigation project.

WILL QUIT HOPS.

Large Willamette Grower to Go Into Fruit Business.

Salem—Louis Lachmund, a large local hop grower, will gradually work out of the hop business via the fruit route. He has arranged to convert 11 acres of his hop ranch this year into an apple orchard by removing a hill of hops every 35 feet and planting a Spitzenberg apple tree. When the trees are ready to bear the rest of the hop vines will be pulled up.

Mr. Lachmund has 15 acres of peaches in the Kaiser bottoms country, which were damaged to some extent by the cold weather of the past winter, but by fertilizing, pruning and cultivating, practically every tree will be saved. Some of the other peach orchards in the vicinity are said to be damaged from 20 to 40 per cent. An extensive peach grower from the North Yakima country, who was here a few days ago, stated that peach orchards were practically ruined in that valley.

Phone Company Appeals.

Salem—There has been filed with the clerk of the Supreme court the preliminary papers in the appeal to be taken to the United States Supreme court in the case of the state vs. the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company. On the result of the appeal depends the fate of the initiative and referendum and entire primary election system of Oregon. That the direct legislation enacted in this state is in direct contravention of article 4, of section 4, of the constitution of the United States is one of the principal grounds alleged in the appeal.

Klamath's Finances Good.

Klamath Falls—The report just made by the county treasurer shows that Klamath county is in the best financial condition for many years. It has no bonded indebtedness and its outstanding warrants amount to less than \$30,000, which cover the expenses for the past nine months. Without any increase in the levy, the county raised this year about \$20,000 toward a fund of \$75,000 for the erection of a new courthouse building, and also \$25,000 for the improvement of its roads.

Work to Begin Soon on Jetty.

Fort Stevens—The annual influx of laboring men, anticipating the resumption of work on the jetty by the 1st of May, has commenced. By the first of the month it is supposed that all outside work will be in active operation. It is expected that more work will be accomplished this season than any hitherto, owing to the fact that arrangements have been made for the hauling of a greater quantity of rock and improved methods in its disposal.

New Sawmill for Sumpter.

Sumpter—The new sawmill of the Adams-Gardiner Lumber company is about completed and will be in operation in two weeks. This plant is located south of Sumpter two miles and is equipped with modern machinery. Its capacity will be 30,000 feet a day of 10 hours. Over 2,000,000 feet of logs are on the landing ready for the saws.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem milling, \$1.25@1.30; bluestem shipping, \$1.17 1/2@1.18; club, \$1.14@1.16; Turkey red, \$1.15; red Russian, \$1.08@1.09; valley, \$1.10 1/2.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$39@40 per ton. Barley—Feed, \$31@32 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$13@15 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$16 @18; clover, \$12@13; alfalfa, \$14.50 @15; grain hay, \$13@14; cheat, \$13.50 @14.50; vetch, \$13.50@14.50.

Apples—65¢@72¢ 50 per box. Potatoes—\$1.25@1.35 per hundred; sweets, 2 1/2@3¢.

Vegetables—Turnips, \$1 per sack; carrots, 90¢; parsnips, \$1.50; beets, \$1.75; horseradish, 10¢ per pound; artichokes, 65¢@85¢ per dozen; asparagus, Oregon, 75¢@85¢ per dozen; cabbage, 3¢@4¢ per pound; cauliflower, \$2.50; celery, \$4.50 per crate; lettuce, head, 85¢ per dozen; onions, 40¢@50¢ per dozen; parsley, 35¢ per dozen; radishes, 35¢ per dozen; rhubarb, 5¢@7¢ per pound; spinach, 6¢.

Butter—City creamery, extras, 29¢; fancy outside creamery, 27 1/2¢@29¢; California, 27 1/2¢; store, 18¢@20¢. Butter fat prices average 1 1/2¢ cents per pound under regular butter prices.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 22¢ per dozen. Poultry—Hens, 16¢@16 1/2¢; broilers, 24¢@25¢; fryers, 18¢@20¢; roosters, old, 10¢@11¢; young, 14¢@15¢; ducks, 20¢@22¢; geese, 10¢; turkeys, 18¢@19¢; squabs, \$2.50@3 per dozen.

Veal—Extras, 10¢@10 1/2¢; ordinary, 7¢@8¢; heavy, 5¢. Pork—Fancy, 9¢@9 1/2¢; large, 8¢@8 1/2¢.

Hops—1909 contract 9¢@10¢; 1908 crop, 7¢@7 1/2¢; 1907 crop, 3¢@4 1/2¢; 1906 crop, 1 1/2¢@2¢.

Wool—Eastern Oregon contracts, 16¢@18¢; valley, 18¢; mohair, choice, 23¢@23 1/2¢ per pound.

Cattle—Top steers, \$5.25@5.50; fair to good, \$4.75@5; common to medium, \$3.25@4.50 cows, top, \$4.25; fair to good, \$3.50@4; common to med um, \$2.50@3.50; calves, top, \$5@5.50; heavy, \$3.50@4; bulls, and stags, fat, \$3@3.50; common, \$2@2.75.

Hogs—Best, \$7.25@7.50; fair to good, \$6.75@7; stockers, \$5.50@6.50; China fats, \$6.75.

Sheep—Top wethers, \$5@5.75; fair to good, \$4.50@4.75; ewes, 1/2¢ less on all grades; yearlings, top, \$6.50@7; fair to good, \$6@6.25; spring lambs, \$10@11.

CASTRO IS DEPORTED.

French Government Refuses Him Asylum in Martinique.

Fort De France, April 12.—Cipriano Castro, ex-president of Venezuela, was expelled Saturday from the island of Martinique by the French government. He protested to the last against his expulsion, but his protests were in vain. He is now on board the French line steamship Versailles, bound for St. Nazaire.

Official notice was served on Castro of the decision of the French government that he must leave the island within nine hours from the receipt of such notice, and that the commissary of police at Fort de France had been charged with the execution of the order.

The ex-president railed against the French government and the local authorities, denouncing them for forcing upon him alternative of deportation or imprisonment for six months. He declared that he would not budge and that it would be necessary to take him on board the steamer on a stretcher. This the commissary of police, who finally entered Castro's room with an escort of gendarmes, prepared to do, but Castro's lawyer took steps to find the chief justice, and at the very last moment the governor and public prosecutor decided to have another medical examination made.

Accordingly a medical commission composed of Drs. Bouvier, Costet and Barbe, proceeded to the examination in order to establish definitely if Castro's health were such that he could make the voyage.

The consultation of the physicians lasted more than half an hour, and they agreed that the life of the ex-president would not be jeopardized by his removal to the steamer and the return voyage across the ocean.

ADOPT HARRIMAN PLAN.

New York Hospitals Will Buy Their Supplies Through Bureau.

New York, April 12.—Acting upon the suggestion of W. V. S. Thorne, purchasing agent of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and other Harriman lines, the 45 hospitals of New York holding membership in the hospital conference are to be brought under a central supply purchasing department, which will buy all the drugs, foods, furnishings, fuel and instruments not furnished individually by each of the 45 institutions.

The proposal to apply Harriman methods to the purchasing departments of the hospitals in question was made by Mr. Thorne at a meeting of the conference held here at the Academy of Medicine.

Mr. Thorne showed that in \$1,688,647 spent for supplies last year by the 45 institutions a saving of \$161,318 could be effected at a cost of \$24,000. This \$24,000 would be used for the maintenance of a central purchasing department, in charge of a head buyer at a salary of \$7,500 a year, and with a staff of clerks and an office of its own.

REVOLUTION THREATENED.

France is Hotbed of Discontent on Part of Laboring Class.

Paris, April 12.—"You will see the streets of Paris running with blood ere long," solemnly prophesied a leading Royalist today.

Royalists are inclined to exaggerate the seriousness of conditions in the French capital, but it certainly is true that not since the days of General Boulanger has revolution been so openly and so freely talked of as it is today. The outlook would be more alarming, however, if the revolutionists knew just what they want, or whom they should choose for a leader. In the eyes of the public the head and front of the present agitation is "Citizen Pataud," chief of the electricians' union. His name sends fear into hearts of the Bourgeois shopkeepers and other employers.

"Premier Clemenceau and others pretend to smile at the great success of their meeting in the hippodrome," said Pataud today, in discussing the situation, "but they will laugh out of the wrong corner of their mouths if they think this movement is not serious. This isn't the end. The dance is just about to begin; the orchestra is merely tuning up."

Strikers Wreck Factories.

Meru, France, April 12.—The strike of the buttonmakers of Meru has entered upon a critical phase. All the departmental authorities are hurrying here and reinforcements of cavalry and gendarmes are coming by every train. Many arrests have been made. Negotiations have been futile and disorders broke out last night that recalled the revolution. Agitators came down from Paris and harangued the mob, which stormed and wrecked four button factories and practically destroyed the residences of the employers.

Night Riders Break Out.

Nashville, Tenn., April 12.—Night rider depredations in the Humphreys county peanut growing industry have caused the authorities to appeal to Governor Patterson for military protection. Tonight a formal request was made. An attempt to liberate certain prisoners at Waverly under indictment for nightriding outrages is feared. One of the offenses was the whipping of a justice of the peace so mercilessly that he begged that he be killed.

Ask Denmark to Bar Castro.

Copenhagen, April 12.—The United States has approached Denmark in the matter of forbidding Cipriano Castro to remain in the Danish West Indian island of St. Thomas in case the former president of Venezuela should proceed there from Martinique. A definite answer is expected tomorrow.

FRANCE WILL SHIP CASTRO

To Be Returned to Europe on First Steamer Touching.

Fallen Ruler of Venezuela Will Then Be Too Far From Home to Wield Influence—United States Pleased at Prospect of Removal of Dangerous Firebrand.

Washington, April 10.—The French government has informed the State department of its determination to put into effect immediately its decision to expel ex-President Castro, of Venezuela, from Fort de France and compel him to return to Europe.

The program is to put him aboard the vessel first touching at Fort de France. If this is carried out, Castro will be on his way to Europe in a day or two, unless his physical condition is such that the ocean trip would put his life in jeopardy.

The State department officials are much gratified at the manner in which the French government has acted, and feel relieved that Castro is to be sent back to Europe, where he will have no immediate influence in the affairs of Venezuela, where his personal following is believed to be considerable.

HITCHCOCK PASSES AWAY.

Former Cabinet Officer Dies After Weeks of Illness.

Washington, April 10.—Ethan Allen Hitchcock, secretary of the interior under Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, died here yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, aged 74. He had been critically ill for several days.

Mr. Hitchcock had been ill for some weeks. He contracted a severe cold while in the West, and his condition became so serious that he hurried to Washington to place himself in the hands of a specialist who had attended him during his office career here. He suffered from a complication of kidney, heart and pulmonary diseases.

At the bedside when the end came were Mrs. Hitchcock, the three daughters, Lieutenant Commander Sims, and a nephew, George C. Hitchcock, of St. Louis.

His condition had become steadily worse during the last two days.

The body will be taken to St. Louis today, arriving there Sunday night. The funeral will be held Monday, the interment being at the Bellefontaine cemetery in that city.

NO COAL STRIKE LIKELY.

Operators Say Danger of Interruption of Business Remote.

Philadelphia, April 10.—Although a disagreement was reached at the concluding conference of the anthracite operators and miners today concerning the question of a wage agreement in the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania, there will be no strike and no danger of suspension of mining, according to mine-workers' officials.

The operators rejected the modified demands presented yesterday by the miners. The answer of the miners was given to the mine-workers today in a conference which lasted more than an hour.

The officials of the United Mine-workers of three districts will hold another meeting to decide upon a course of action.

The operators having headquarters in New York City left on the noon train, and announced they would give out a statement soon after their arrival.

Signs Point to Bean.

Washington, April 10.—Indications strongly point to the selection of Judge Bean for the new Federal judgeship in Oregon. The attorney general, at the request of the president, has been making inquiries as to Judge Bean's qualifications, and so far as known, all reports are favorable. Senator Fulton made no recommendations, realizing that it was the president's purpose to make his own selection irrespective of politics and political endorsements. Judge Bean had endorsed Mr. Fulton for the position.

Right to Spank is Upheld.

Detroit, Mich., April 10.—In the police court here today Justice Jeffers upheld the right of a father to administer the old-fashioned spanking to his 17-year old daughter, even if her dignity suffered. Margeret Granzin, aged 17, had her father arrested for disturbing the peace. Granzin told the judge that the punishment was part of an effort to keep his daughter away from cheap theaters and the justice decided that spanking was permissible.

Ice Jam in Niagara River.

Lewiston, N. Y., April 10.—Owing to a jam of ice in the gorge just above here, the docks of the Niagara River Navigation company at Queenston and Lewiston are covered with about 30 feet of ice. The stay wires of Lewiston suspension bridge were carried away.

Unearth Pot of Gold.

Lexington, Ky., April 10.—While digging a posthole in an abandoned lot today, workmen discovered a brass kettle containing \$8,500 in gold and silver that apparently had been buried for a half century.