

RESUME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings Presented in a Brief and Comprehensive Manner for Busy Readers—National, Political, Historical and Commercial.

A Virginia football player died from a broken skull received in a game.

An Italian army officer has an airship and has made several successful flights.

Chancellor von Buelow has offered his resignation, but the kaiser has refused to accept it.

A French aeronaut has made a distance of nearly nine miles across country in a monoplane.

Wilbur Wright has again amazed French army officers with his aeroplane and its wonderful feats.

Rumor says Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is engaged to a daughter of Congressman Munn, but he emphatically denies it.

Henry Farman has won the French prize for the first aeroplane going to a certain distance above ground. The prize was \$500.

At a Chicago party a burglar entered dressed as one of the guests and got away with jewels worth \$1,500. The police have no clue to work on.

Irving B. Dudley, ambassador to Brazil, came all the way home to cast his presidential vote. His residence is at San Diego, over 8,000 miles from his post.

Hamilton Fish, assistant treasurer of the United States, in charge of the New York treasury, has resigned and all the money will have to be counted to check his accounts. This will take a month.

Some of the most influential Dutch papers urge war with Venezuela.

The czar has lectured Prince George, of Serbia, for making warlike lectures.

General Corbin says fool women like Mrs. Hains cause much trouble in the army.

The body of a young German, half devoured by coyotes, has been found near Los Angeles.

Two colliers have left New York for San Francisco and a 13,000-mile race is on between them.

The Chinese war junk Whang Ho left San Francisco March 8 for New York and has not been heard from since.

Officials of two large Boston structural steel companies have paid fines of \$1,000 each for collusion in contracts.

Governor Pattison, of Tennessee, says it is now known who murdered Colonel Rankin and punishment will follow.

Most of the Japanese emigration companies have suspended, it is said because of the restriction on Japanese going to America.

A sailing vessel has just arrived at Victoria, B. C., which came from the Atlantic by way of Cape of Good Hope because the weather was too rough to make it around Cape Horn.

The second squadron of the battleship fleet has arrived at Amoy, China.

One of New York's four hundred gives as a lady's limit one pint of champagne at dinner.

Los Angeles high school boys have been suspended for branding with acid initiates into a school society.

Rockefeller declares he will continue the development of his life's plans and abhors the idea of a vacation.

President Eliot, of Harvard university, declares himself to be a moderate drinker and opposes prohibition.

John Burns, an English labor leader, has angered the British labor party by comparison of British and American workmen.

Dan Crawford, 10 years ago one of the wealthiest men in Reno, has been convicted of being a common drunk and vagrant.

A fire panic caused several girl employees of offices in a 11-story Cincinnati building to leap to the ground. Ten were injured.

The North Dakota Supreme court has decided unconstitutional the pledge feature of the primary law of that state by which members of the legislature are bound to vote for the senatorial candidate receiving the highest vote by the people.

Holland expects to blockade Venezuelan ports.

One county in South Carolina and three in Ohio have voted for prohibition.

One death has resulted in Utah from football this season.

The torpedo boat flotilla has left San Diego for Magdalena bay.

A Yreka, Cal., murderer locked up his jailer and escaped to the hills.

Pennsylvania railroad officials admit giving the Standard Oil a secret rate.

The newspapers of Japan still contain much comment laudatory of the American fleet.

DODGES ANNEXATION PLAN.

Russia's Latest Move Will Complicate Balkan Situation.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—Interest in the Balkan situation is centered in the positive statements of several preliminary leaders that Russia has determined to drop the idea of the proposed international congress and will refuse to recognize the annexation by Austria-Hungary of Bosnia and Herzegovina. This information, although purporting to be from official sources, is not entirely exact. Russia has finally committed herself to the principle that the question of the annexation of the provinces may be discussed in a conference of the powers. Austria will permit the status of Bosnia to be included in the program, but only on the condition that the delegates will refrain from questioning her action and content themselves with registering the abrogation of the article referring to this matter in the Berlin treaty. The foreign office states that the negotiations between Russia, Austria-Hungary and other powers on this question are still in progress, and considers that an acceptable formula for submission to the congress may ultimately be found. It is difficult, however, to foresee how a satisfactory agreement may be reached without one side or the other withdrawing its contention.

VISITORS WARMLY WELCOMED

Japan Gives Pacific Coast Business Men Cordial Reception.

Kobe, Japan, Nov. 3.—The reception which was accorded the visiting business men from the Pacific Coast of the United States today on their arrival here was of a most enthusiastic nature and attended by scenes of popular demonstration such as have not been observed here since the exciting days of the Japanese-Russian war. Today the Americans, accompanied by the governor of this province and many high municipal and provincial officials, were entertained on a trip about the beautiful inland sea of Japan, the excursion being made in a steamer especially chartered for the occasion. Returning the party visited the dockyards and many large industrial plants near the city. Tonight the feature of the entertainment was a huge torchlight procession. The Americans have been greatly impressed not only with what they have seen of the modern life of Japan but with the cordiality of their reception as well.

Chancellor Losing Power.

Berlin, Nov. 3.—Chancellor von Buelow's position appears to be almost untenable. Far and wide throughout the empire the newspapers of all parties, with varying degrees of amazement and regret, view the government's explanation how what purported to be enormously important utterances of the emperor, affecting three great powers, passed through the hands of the chancellor and a long line of foreign office people without seemingly having been considered by any of them or read by most of those responsible for the delicate foreign relations. The emperor fully condones Prince von Buelow's part in the affair, but the chancellor's authority and prestige with the country have been so shaken that he may again ask the emperor to relieve him.

Lindsay is Backing Egan.

San Francisco, Nov. 3.—It developed yesterday that J. D. Lindsay, of New York, of the firm of Nichol, Anable & Lindsay, is the backer of J. J. Egan, whose effort to secure street railway franchises for 240 miles of lines over the streets of this city, has resulted in the placing on local ballots of such a proposition for settlement at the polls today. Lindsay's connection with the matter came out through the publication of advertising matter gotten out which promise that if granted the right the company will begin building right away.

Many Holdups in Bay City.

San Francisco, Nov. 3.—Highwaymen were busy in this city last night, though their results financially were small. In the outskirts of the tenderloin district a saloon with eight men in it was held up by a lone robber, who took \$60 from the till and departed unchecked. Earlier in the evening a holdup was reported on California street, in the very shadow of the Fairmont hotel, when \$15 and a watch were secured. Several burglaries were also called to the notice of the police, though no captures have been reported.

Ready to Act With Porte.

Constantinople, Nov. 3.—The Bulgarian delegates, M. Liapcheff, minister of commerce, and M. Mitcheff, one of the department chiefs of the foreign office, arrived here today. They are empowered to complete the arrangement with the porte which will include a pecuniary compensation for Turkey for the abrogation of Turkish rights in Eastern Rumelia. M. Liapcheff was the minister responsible for the seizure of the Oriental railway.

Ship Stock to Canada.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 3.—A syndicate of Minnesota, Montana and Oregon cattlemen has leased 10,000 acres of grazing land near Chillico lake, some distance from the head of Butte inlet, British Columbia, and thousands of yearlings will be shipped in. The arrangements are in the hands of J. A. Stetson, of Duluth. In this locality there is no snowfall and young cattle stay out the year around.

NEWS NOTES GATHERED FROM VARIOUS PARTS OF OREGON

WATER IN RESERVOIR.

Headgates of Government Dam on Hermiston Ditch Opened.

Pendleton—Settlers in the Hermiston valley are rejoicing over the fact that water has been turned into the big government ditch which will feed the Gold Springs reservoir, the water to be stored for use during the summer of 1909. The water is now running through the concrete section of the feed canal, recently rebuilt. The temporary dams, which have held back the seepage from the new concrete lining, have been removed, and within a few days the water will be pouring over the big inlet drop into the reservoir. The water was turned in with a small head, and it will be some time before the ditch will be carrying its full capacity.

The fact that the government is able thus early to begin storing water in the big reservoir insures a full supply of water to the Umatilla project. The engineers estimate that it will take 100 days' flow to fill the big reservoir, with the ditch carrying its full capacity. It is believed that by early February the storage will have been completed. This done, the government will turn the waters from the river into the distribution system direct, through its "by-pass drop," and as soon as the settlers are ready for water it may be delivered to them direct from the river up until along early in June, when the river usually goes so low that further supply from that source is impossible.

WILL PLANT MUCH WHEAT.

Klamath Farmers Rejoice Because of Recent Heavy Rains.

Klamath Falls—Splendid rains fell the past week on the valley lands of the Klamath basin, extending to the Big Butte valley in California, also, being the first moisture of any consequence to fall over the region of Klamath county, Oregon, and Northern Siskiyou and Modoc counties, California, since June. Great benefit will be derived from the rain by fall sown grain, and it has also put the ground in excellent condition for plowing, and with continued favorable weather there will be a vast amount of land preparation done this year for spring crops.

There will be a great increase in the acreage sown to grain and other crops next year, owing to the extension of laterals and enlargement of the irrigation system accomplished by the work of the season of 1908, for which clearing has been in progress throughout the year and is still under way. There are thousands of acres in sagebrush now that will be plowed and seeded the coming spring. All of this work will be greatly facilitated by the thorough wetting the ground has had, and which was much needed.

Cholera in Lane County.

Junction City—Hog cholera has made its appearance in this section. The first instance was noted among the hogs belonging to J. E. S. Neilsen. He lost nine head. A few days later the herd of F. W. Thorn, who lives two miles from Mr. Neilsen, contracted the disease and 20 head were lost. At present the plague is ravaging the large band of fat hogs belonging to Hon. C. W. Washburn. To date he has lost 24 head and more are dying every day.

For A. Y. P. Exhibit.

Eugene—D. H. Weyant, who got up the state's mineral exhibit at the Lewis and Clark exposition in 1905, was in Eugene last week arranging to secure from this county materials for an exhibit of the state's timber at the Seattle exposition next year. As Lane county is reputed to be the banner timber county in the state, Mr. Weyant expects to get more and better material from here than from any other county.

No Race Suicide at Baker City.

Baker City—The city records show the greatest number of new babies in Baker this fall of any year since the city was incorporated. While Baker has always been noted for the large number of baby cases at every public gathering, this season's crop is a record maker. Enticing colonists to the county is proven to be not the only way of adding to the population. Each year a baby show is held, and the number of entries increases.

Lumbermen Complain of Rates.

Salem—On cars that will hold less than 22,000 pounds of shingles when loaded to their capacity, Allen & Bouty, lumbermen of Portland, assert that they are required by the Southern Pacific to pay a rate based on a minimum of 24,000 pounds. They regard the requirement unreasonable and have asked the assistance of the railroad commission in remedying the matter.

Improvement at Haines.

Salem—The railroad commission has been informed that the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company will increase facilities for handling livestock at Haines. It is believed that after the contemplated improvements are completed there will be no further complaints from shippers in that vicinity.

New School for Milton.

Milton—The Milton public school is not large enough to accommodate all of its pupils, so a new building is being erected near the Central building for the use of the ninth grade and the overflow from the fifth and sixth grades.

IRRIGATION PROJECT.

Work to Commence at Once on Big Klamath Undertaking.

Klamath Falls—M. D. Williams, county surveyor of Klamath county, has gone to Lakeview to take charge of the engineering work of the Valley Land company for its high irrigation and colonization project in Lake, Klamath and Harney counties. The Valley Land company is the successor of the Oregon and California Land company. It has also acquired the Drews valley reservoir site, owned by the Hewitt Land company. The company controls over 300,000 acres that it proposes to irrigate, and to colonize under the contract and auction bid system, recently tried with great success in the San Luis valley in California. R. J. Martin, president of the company, states that about 5,000 contracts have already been sold, and that the opening will be held in September of 1909.

Work will be begun immediately, as the undertaking is a large one, calling for several large dams for the storage of water and many miles of canal. The first land put under irrigation will be 60,000 acres on the west side of Goose lake. It is expected these lands will have water by 1910. Lake and Harney counties have thousands of acres of land wanting only water to make them productive, and that region promises great developments in the next few years, both in colonization and in railroad building.

Visit Orchards in Valley.

Portland—When the Pacific Northwest fruitgrowers come to Portland to attend the annual convention of the Oregon State Horticultural society, December 1 to 4, they will be given an opportunity to visit the fruit growing sections of the Willamette valley. Excursions will be arranged for them, according to Mr. Williamson, of the board of horticulture, and they will be taken as far down the valley as is necessary to show them what Oregon can do in the way of prunes, grapes and apples. For the convention no definite program has been arranged. Professor E. R. Lake, the state secretary, has in view an address by a prominent horticulturist from Australia.

Spends Cash on County Roads.

Pendleton—During September, which is a busy month with farmers, Umatilla county paid out for road improvements \$2,616.83, while for care of the poor and management of the county farm the expense was \$455. During the month but \$20.75 was paid out to care for insane patients. This is along the line of the showing made every month for two years, as regards improvements of the public highways.

Ship Fruit at Freewater.

Freewater—The Fruit Growers' union shipped three carloads of apples from the state line a few days ago to Chicago. The Shields Fruit company shipped a carload to Crawford, Neb., and the Peacock Mill company shipped three carloads of flour and feed to Chicago. All went over the Traction and Northern Pacific route.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem, 94c; club, 89c; five, 89c; red Russian, 86c; 40-fold, 90c; barley, 90c. Barley—Feed, \$26@26.50; rolled, \$27.50@28.50; brewing, \$26.50 per ton. Oats—No. 1 white, \$31@31.50 per ton; gray, \$30@30.50. Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$14 per ton; Willamette valley, ordinary, \$11; Eastern Oregon, \$16.50@17.50; mixed, \$13; clover, \$9; alfalfa, \$14; alfalfa meal, \$19.

Fruit—Apples, 60c @ \$2 per box; peaches, 70c@85c per box; pears, 75c@81.25 per box; grapes, 75c@1.25 per crate; local Concordis, 35c@40c per half basket; huckleberries, 9c@10c per pound; quinces, \$1@1.25 per box; cranberries, \$10.50 per barrel; nutmeg melons, \$1.25 per box; casabas, 2 1/2c per pound. Potatoes—80c @ \$1 per hundred; sweet potatoes, 20c@2 1/2c per pound. Onions—Oregon, \$1.25 per 100 pounds. Vegetables—Turnips, \$1.25 per sack; carrots, 85c; parsnips, \$1.25; beets, \$1.25; artichokes, 75c per dozen; beans, 10c per pound; cabbage, 1 1/2c per pound; cauliflower, 75c@81 per dozen; celery, 40c@75c per dozen; cucumbers, \$2 per box; egg plant, \$2 per crate; lettuce, 75c@81 per box; parsley, 15c per dozen; peas, 10c per pound; peppers, \$1.75@2 per box; pumpkins, 10c@1 1/2c per pound; radishes, 12 1/2c per dozen; spinach, 2c per pound; sprouts, 10c per pound; squash, 1 1/2c per pound; tomatoes, 40c@50c per box.

Butter—City creamery, extras, 34c@35c; fancy outside creamery, 32 1/2c@35c; store, 17c@20c per pound. Eggs—Oregon selects, 38c@40c per dozen; Eastern, 27c@32 1/2c. Poultry—Hens, 12 1/2c @ 13 1/2c per pound; spring, 12 1/2c@13 1/2c; ducks, old, 12c@12 1/2c; young, 14c@15c; geese, old, 8c@9c; young, 9c@10c; turkeys, 16c@18c. Veal—Extra, 8 1/2c@9c per pound; ordinary, 7c@7 1/2c; heavy, 5c. Pork—Fancy, 7c per pound; large, 5 1/2c@6c. Hops—Oregon, 1908, 7c @ 8c per pound; 1907, 3c@4c; 1906, 1c@1 1/2c. Wool—Eastern Oregon, average best, 10c@14c per pound, according to shrinkage; valley, 15c@16c; mohair, choice, 18c per pound.

STATE SHOWN BY SYMBOLS.

Beautiful and Artistic Decoration for Wisconsin Capitol.

New York, Nov. 2.—The nearly completed decoration for the assembly room of the Wisconsin state capitol, painted by Edwin A. Blashfield, has been placed on exhibition in New York and is attracting much attention. It will remain on exhibition for only a few days. The decoration symbolizes the past, present and future of the state, and contains three groups of figures, set in a handsome grove of pine trees. The figure, typifying Wisconsin, is seated on a rock in the center of the composition, surrounded by other figures, which represent Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, the Mississippi river, a number of the early explorers of the Northwest and one of the Jesuit Fathers who first worked among the Indians. The figure of Wisconsin is in almost full light; the others are in partial or complete shadow. In the right hand corner is a "color guard" of one of the Wisconsin regiments in the Civil war, and a couple of Indians covering their eyes from the light of advancing civilization. This group symbolizes the past of Wisconsin, from the earliest times until the middle years of the last century. Directly in front of the central figures stands "The Present," pointing toward the dim white buildings of the capitol, seen in the distance, and a group of lumbermen, miners and farmers, on whom the prosperity of the state now depends. At the extreme left stands the figure of "The Future," guarding her lamp and by her side a figure typical of the "Conservation of Force," whose gesture indicates her wish to preserve the great trees of the forest.

TROOPS FIRE ON REBELS.

Turkish Rebels Quickly Subdued by Single Volley.

Constantinople, Nov. 2.—A threatened outbreak on the part of a company of Turkish troops attached to the garrison at the Yildiz Kiosk was promptly put down this morning with a single volley from a loyal battalion. Three of the mutineers were killed or wounded. The murderous spirit manifested itself when the company was assembled, which threatened for a few moments to result in serious trouble. Hurry orders were issued and a battalion from a regiment recently brought in from Salonica was marched to the scene and one volley sufficed to cow the mutineers. The rebellious troops were under orders to leave for the provinces, but they refused to depart, withdrew to a field near the barracks and defied their officers. The battalion from Salonica which was drafted into the capital especially because the men, who are staunch supporters of the constitution, was ordered to attack the rebels. They fired one volley, with the result above set forth, after which the mutineers surrendered and were made prisoners. Later they were drawn up on the public square, tied together and exhibited to the assembled troops and as rebels who had broken their military oath. This prompt suppression is expected to have a salutary effect on the remainder of the Yildiz Kiosk garrison, which is suspected of being antagonistic to the constitution.

BURNING STEAMER IN PORT.

Passengers Driven by Intense Heat to Promenade Deck.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 31.—The steamer S. V. Luckenbach, from New York for San Juan, arrived here last night with fire in her hold still burning. All her passengers and crew, 31 in number, are well. The fire was discovered at 4 o'clock on the morning of October 26, when the vessel was 580 miles south of Sandy Hook. The passengers were at once awakened and the small boats were brought out, prepared and made ready to lower away in case it should become necessary to abandon the steamer. At 6 o'clock in the morning of the 26th, the steamer Philadelphia, of the Red D line, was sighted, and the plight of the Luckenbach was signaled to her. The Philadelphia answered: "I am coming alongside." She drew near and acted as a convoy until the Luckenbach reached here. Both vessels came into port together. The heat and smoke from the fire forced the passengers to withdraw from their cabins, and temporary cots and eating tables were placed on the promenade deck for them. The officers did not dare open the hatches to combat the fire in the fear that the draft, thus created would fan the flames.

USE AUTO WITH AIRSHIP.

Huge Balloon Carries Touring Car Instead of Basket.

Indianapolis, Oct. 31.—Something new in aeronautics was attempted here today when a monster balloon with a capacity of 110,000 cubic feet of gas shot up into the air with an automobile placed where a basket is usually suspended. The ascension was made at 4 p. m., the balloon carrying two occupants, Carl G. Fisher, of Indianapolis, and C. L. Bumbaugh, of Springfield. The idea of the aeronauts is to be able at will to load up the balloon in the automobile. The machine used was a new 24-horsepower four-cylinder touring car, and when stripped of all unnecessary equipment, weighs 1,500 pounds. The balloon descended near Southport, Ind., a distance of seven miles from Indianapolis, after being in the air two hours and ten minutes. The automobile was freed from the balloon and the aeronauts came to Indianapolis in it.

Will Fight Standard Oil.

Fresno, Cal., Oct. 31.—The announcement made here that the Union Oil company will enter the local field in competition with the Associated Oil company, the Standard Oil concern, has caused considerable speculation as to whether this means a war of rates on crude oil and the refined products. The Union Oil company has always professed to be an independent concern and has a large refinery near Bakersfield. The company has secured permission to erect oil tanks near the railroad tracks.

Non-Breakable Car Wheel.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—A new kind of car wheel, the secret of which is being jealously guarded by the manufacturers, is being turned out at the works of the Standard Steel company. The new wheel is said to be of pressed steel the process of its manufacture is unknown to any one but the chemists at the works and the officials of the company. The new wheel is said to be so constructed that broken flanges and cracked wheels are impossible.

Prisoners Break Jail.

Missoula, Mont., Oct. 31.—Eight prisoners awaiting trial for various offenses escaped from the county jail last evening and at a late hour only one had been recaptured.

PEOPLE MAY NAME CHOICE

But Cannot Force Legislators to Elect One Indicated.

Supreme Court of North Dakota Declares Popular Choice for United States Senator Unconstitutional—Oregon and Washington Statutes Are Quite Similar.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 31.—That provision of the direct primary law in this state which requires members of the legislature to vote for the popular choice for United States senator has been declared unconstitutional by the State Supreme court. The validity of the law in other respects, including the provision permitting electors to express their preference as to senator at the general election preceding the session of the legislature at which a senator is to be elected, is sustained. The opinion was written by Judge Fink and was concurred in by Judge Morgan, the third member of the court, Judge Spalding, returning a dissenting opinion. An application had been made for a writ of mandamus in a proceeding brought to restrain the members of the legislature from electing a senator next week to succeed Senator H. C. Hansbrough, who was defeated in the primary nominating election last spring. The application was denied, and the members of the legislature are now privileged to vote for their personal choice for senator.

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