

M'CLELLAN WINS ELECTION SUIT

Recount Gives Him Safe Majority of All Votes Cast.

Fraud Charges Proven to be Entirely Without Foundation — McClellan's Incumbency is Fully Justified and Hearst is Now in Line for Big Damage Suit for Slander.

New York, July 2.—George B. McClellan was declared to have been duly elected Mayor of New York over William R. Hearst in 1905 by Justice Lambert yesterday. By the justice's orders the jury returned a verdict to that effect. The recount left McClellan with a plurality of nearly 3,000 and counsel for Attorney General Jackson, who brought quo warranto proceedings against the mayor, was unable to prove his contention that the ballot boxes were stuffed.

C. J. Shearn, counsel for the contestant, asserted that the ballot boxes were stuffed. Yesterday Mr. Shearn offered evidence in an effort to show that Mr. Hearst was defrauded of 6,053 votes. He then rested his case.

Counsel for Mayor McClellan offered in evidence the official returns of the election inspectors and the poll books and tally sheets from the county clerk's office.

In his address to the jury, Justice Lambert said that no fraud had been proved in the case and if he should permit the disfranchisement of citizens on such slight evidence, this country would last but a very short time.

New York, July 2.—The wind-up of the recount trial, which demonstrated conclusively that George B. McClellan did not steal the mayoralty chair, the property of William Randolph Hearst, is believed to be the signal for other interesting court proceedings. The mayor and his advisors are now contemplating the advisability of bringing a suit for damages. Eminent lawyers agree that a good sized verdict is more than a possibility as the plaintiff would be in a position to prove that he had been mentally and financially injured. Discussing the case, a leading member of the bar said:

"McClellan would be justified in suing for \$250,000, and a verdict of that amount would, I believe, be upheld by the highest courts. From election day until the present time the Hearst papers have alluded to McClellan as the 'Fraud Mayor.'"

JAP POACHERS NUMEROUS.

Many Small Craft Making Their Way to Behring Sea.

San Francisco, July 2.—Floating ice in the Bering sea is unusually heavy this summer and a distinct menace to shipping, reports Captain Hagen of the steamer Grace Dollar, which has returned to this port after a cruise of 45 days to Dutch Harbor. The flocks were so thick off St. George's Island that the Grace Dollar was forced to lie off that port several days before she could effect a landing.

Revenue officers on duty off the islands report that several Japanese sealers are already on the ground and over 20 more are making their way up the coast. The illegal practices of these ships last season resulted in a clash between the United States officials and the illicit traders, with the result that six Japanese were killed after landing contrary to government regulations.

The large number of Japanese craft now on their way to the grounds is viewed with suspicion by the revenue officers, who expect more trouble before the summer is over. To protect United States interests four cutters are now in northern waters.

MAKES LION ROAR.

Shah Demands Surrender of Refugees by British.

London, July 2.—The foreign office has refused the request of the Persian government that the political refugees at the British legation in Teheran be handed over to the local authorities and at the same time it has protested with warmth against the action of the shah in posting troops in the neighborhood of the legation. Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, said the refugees would not be given up without definite and reliable guarantee of their proper treatment.

Will Fly for Prize.

New York, July 2.—Arrangements have been completed here for what it is said will be the first publicly tested flight ever made in America for a prize offered for the successful navigation of the air by heavier-than-air machines. The test will be made next Saturday at Hammondsport, N. Y., by Glenn H. Curtiss in his new machine, the "June Bug," which made its notable flight of 1,149 yards last Saturday. Mr. Curtiss has challenged for the Scientific American cup offered last year for competition of all types of heavier-than-air machines.

\$100,000 for Aeroplanes.

Paris, July 2.—The Journal des Debats says that the Wright Bros. of Dayton, O., have signed a contract with Lazare Weiller, who is acting for a syndicate which offers the Wrights \$100,000 for their patents, provided, first, that their aeroplane, with two persons on board, flies 31 miles in an enclosed circuit, and, second, that it repeats this performance within eight days in the presence of a committee.

Fish Trust Pleads Guilty.

Chicago, July 2.—A. Booth & Co., one of the largest concerns dealing in fish and oysters in the west, pleaded guilty Tuesday to having accepted rebates from railroad companies. An indictment against the company was returned a year ago.

SOARS ALL DAY.

Zeppelin's Airship Flies Over Half of Switzerland.

Friedrichshaven, July 3.—Count Zeppelin today outdistanced all world records for steerable balloons. He remained in the air for 12 hours, traversed the greater part of Northern Switzerland, and visited Zurich, Winterthur and Lucerne, attaining an average speed throughout of 34 miles an hour.

His airship displayed splendid qualities of dirigibility, and answered the slightest movement of the helm, while its stability was quite up to the greatest expectations.

In the most desirable weather conditions, almost a dead calm, the airship manned by a crew of four, under the leadership of Count Zeppelin, left its floating home on Lake Constance at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. Less than five minutes later the balloon rose above 1000 feet in the air and turned her bows toward Constance. About 9 o'clock it had disappeared on the western horizon.

Telephone messages from Frauenfeld, Winterthur and other towns soon reported the appearance of the airship and her passage over the Canton of Zurich. The giant craft remained ten minutes hovering over the town of Zurich and the lake, and then vanished from view at a rapid rate in the direction of Lucerne.

It was about 11 o'clock when the airship came into view at Lucerne, and the thousands of astonished tourists from all parts of the world, including hundreds of Americans, greeted her with loud cheers as she sailed quickly over the waters of the lake.

With the greatest precision, Count Zeppelin guided his airship and proceeded to carry out a long series of evolutions which included complicated figures, circles, the figure 8, sharp turns, descents and ascents. He then undertook a tour of the whole lake, visiting every bay and indentation along the shores. Finally he turned the nose of the ship homeward, crossing the Albis range of mountains.

It was about 11 o'clock when the airship came into view at Lucerne, and the thousands of astonished tourists from all parts of the world, including hundreds of Americans, greeted her with loud cheers as she sailed quickly over the waters of the lake.

With the greatest precision, Count Zeppelin guided his airship and proceeded to carry out a long series of evolutions which included complicated figures, circles, the figure 8, sharp turns, descents and ascents. He then undertook a tour of the whole lake, visiting every bay and indentation along the shores. Finally he turned the nose of the ship homeward, crossing the Albis range of mountains.

HEARST WELL SATISFIED.

Says His Fight for Recount Was Only for Principle.

New York, July 3.—The following cablegram was received from W. R. Hearst in regard to the result of the New York mayoralty contest recount:

London, July 1, 1908.—The result is more than satisfactory to me, and I hope it will sufficiently satisfy the citizens for whom this long and arduous struggle had been carried on. I have said from the beginning that the fight was not to make me mayor, but to secure an honest count of the vote cast by the citizens. In the face of enormous and unnecessary difficulties that count has been secured, and hereafter it will not be possible for election thieves to commit frauds in secrecy and security behind the barrier of the law.

"Whatever election crime is committed, be it great or small, must be publicly accounted for. That has been accomplished and it means much for the safety of the republic."

"WM. RANDOLPH HEARST."

Escapes Extradition.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, July 3.—Francis D. Bailey, president of the Export Shipping company, of New Jersey, who, together with his brother, Albert W. Bailey, Charles H. H. Myers and Captain A. Osley, was placed aboard the Norwegian steamer Urstein yesterday in custody of Lieutenant P. W. Berry, of the New York police department, made his escape in a small boat from the steamer last night. The boat was found on the beach this morning. Search is being made by soldiers in the woods and swamps near by.

600 Lost in Storm.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—News of a marine disaster involving the loss of over 600 lives at Batavia, was brought by the Empress of China. Many overboarded boats were overturned in the harbor during a storm. The shrieking passengers struggling in the water had no chance of rescue, as the more fortunate boats in the neighborhood were already crowded. Many were snapped up by sharks. About 50 were rescued by fishermen, but over 600 were drowned.

Marooned for Months.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—Twenty fishermen marooned for months on Victor island and rescued by two British training ships, were landed at Yokohama, according to news received by the Empress of China. The men were left with orders to fish by the Japanese fishery schooner Hokui Maru on January 1 last, and were abandoned. They were found on May 26, and were starving when rescued. The Japanese police have arrested the captain of the Hokui Maru at Yokohama for marooning the fishermen.

Poisoned by Wholesaler.

Saigon, Cochinchina, July 3.—Two hundred soldiers belonging to the French Colonial infantry were seized with a sudden nausea in their barracks here today. The unexpected illness cannot be accounted for, and it is believed the men are victims of an attempt at wholesale poisoning.

Prepare for Bridal Pair.

Turin, July 3.—It is reported here that preparations are being made at Royal chateau at Racconigi for the reception of the Duke of Abruzzo and his prospective bride, Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator S. B. Elkins, of West Virginia.

Plague Still Raging.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, July 2.—Since June 21 there have been six new cases of plague at this place, three of them terminating fatally. Four cases are now under treatment, three of them improving.

NEWS NOTES FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL CITY

NATION'S DEBT INCREASED.

Larger by \$1,793,794 Than It Was One Month Ago.

Washington, July 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business June 30, 1908, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$938,132,409, which is an increase as compared with May 31, 1908, of \$1,793,794. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt, \$897,303,990; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$4,130,915; debt bearing no interest, \$423,056,397; total, \$1,327,690,402.

This amount, however, does not include \$1,299,115,869 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash held in the treasury for their redemption.

The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold reserve funds, \$150,000,000; trust funds, \$1,299,115,869; general funds, \$189,612,929; in national bank depositories, \$165,219,314; in Philippine treasury, \$3,494,751; total, \$1,807,032,803, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$1,417,794,862, which leaves a cash balance on hand of \$389,237,941.

Treasury Report.

Washington, July 3.—From the treasury standpoint, the fiscal year just closed has been most satisfactory. Since about the middle of October last, when the period of money stringency set in, and the consequent depression in business began to be felt, there has been a constant falling off in government revenues up to the month just closed. For June a surplus is shown of nearly \$4,000,000. This fact, however, is not significant, as June is unfailingly a surplus month, owing to the fact that it is the closing month of the fiscal year, when appropriations gradually reach the point of exhaustion. The month of June, 1907, showed a surplus of approximately \$11,000,000, and every preceding June for many years past has shown a large surplus.

Navy Yards Resume.

New York, July 3.—Wednesday was re-employment day at the New York navy yard. All the men who have been on furlough and a large number of additional mechanics were put to work, the appropriation for the purpose being available at the beginning of the new fiscal year.

This re-employment day is coincident with the return to work of many mechanics at other government plants. From now on the actual work on the new battleship Florida will be pushed rapidly and the 5,000 men employed in the construction department of the navy yard will have all the work they can do.

Captains on Anxious Seat.

Washington, July 3.—Two captains with the battleship fleet in San Francisco will probably be retired by the board of rear admirals next Friday.

The board will meet Thursday to decide upon the men to be placed upon the retired list, and will forward its report to the secretary of the navy the following day. The report will be published at once, to relieve the anxiety of the officers. Upon compulsory retirement under the personnel act, March 3, 1899, officers are allowed three-quarters sea pay of the next rank above.

Japan Plans Reception.

San Francisco, July 3.—M. Arakawa, Japanese minister to Mexico, arrived here today on the steamship Tenyo Maru on his way back to his official post. He said Japan is planning a great reception for the officers and men of the American fleet Arakawa is disposed to belittle the importance of the Chinese boycott. It was not, he said, materially affecting Japanese trade in the aggregate, being merely a merchant's quarrel.

Yankee Colony Bad Germ.

Valparaiso, July 2.—Augusto Durand, leader of the recent unsuccessful revolution against Peru, has arrived here from Iquique, Chile. He says the Peruvian government is misleading foreign opinion; that the last elections in that country were falsified and that the government is introducing into Peru a germ of the greatest danger by converting that country into a Yankee colony.

Federal Troops Ready.

San Antonio, Tex., June 30.—Officers at Fort Sam Houston are kept posted upon the progress of the so-called revolution in Northern Mexico, but have received no orders to make any preparations to march to the border. The consensus of opinion among them is that no federal troops will be needed.

Garfield Sails for Home.

Honolulu, July 3.—Secretary of the Interior James R. Garfield, who recently came here on the battleship Alabama to investigate the commercial and industrial conditions in these islands, sailed for San Francisco yesterday on the protected cruiser St. Louis.

Shah Proclaims Amnesty.

Washington, June 30.—In a further effort to restore tranquillity to the City of Teheran, the shah has proclaimed a general amnesty, according to a cablegram received last night by General Mortessa, the Persian minister.

Roosevelt Refuses Pardon.

Washington, July 3.—Albert Brown, a negro, 23 years of age, who was convicted several months ago of killing his younger brother, Harvey, in a quarrel over a girl, was hanged in the jail yard today. President Roosevelt had refused to stay the execution.

FORBES IS VICE GOVERNOR.

Presidential Appointments for Philippines Announced.

Washington, July 2.—By direction of Secretary Taft, the bureau of insular affairs has announced the following appointments made by the president:

Vice governor of the Philippines, W. Cameron Forbes, of Massachusetts, now a member of the Philippine commission.

To be member of the Philippine commission and secretary of finance and justice of the Philippines, Gregorio Aroneta, of Manila.

To be members of the Philippine commission, Newton Gilbert, of Indiana, and Rafael Palma, a native of the Philippine islands.

Mr. Forbes is now on his way to the United States on leave of absence and is expected to arrive at San Francisco on the steamer Korea on July 13. He is a native of Milton, Mass., is 38 years old, a grandson of Ralph Waldo Emerson and a Harvard graduate. He has been secretary of commerce and police on the Philippine commission for years and participated in organizing the Philippine departmental system.

Messrs. Aroneta and Palma are Philippine natives. The former, a jurist of marked ability, held office under Aguinaldo during the insurrection, being secretary of justice and a member of the congress. He has been solicitor general and attorney general there.

Mr. Palma, a graduate of the University of Santo Tomas, in Manila, a Manila lawyer and political writer for newspapers, has served in the assembly as a member from Cavite province.

Judge Gilbert, of Fort Wayne, Ind., lawyer, formerly state senator and lieutenant governor of Indiana and a representative from the state in congress, has been a judge of first instance in the Philippines since September, 1906.

ROADS DOING WELL.

Washington, June 30.—Returns generally from the railroads show that these roads not dependent upon coal, steel and lumber industries have been doing very well recently, said Commissioner Lane, of the interstate commerce commission today. "Of course, they have not done so well as last year. Generally, they have decided not to make any reductions either in wages or in rates of freight affecting the next three months, which is an indication that they believe that business will keep up."

"There are some curious things about prevailing conditions," continued Mr. Lane. "For instance, the Lehigh Valley the other day gave us a report of the earnings for the five months of the present calendar year, together with similar reports covering the preceding five years, and the showing this year was larger than that of any other year during the period indicated."

"The prospect for large crops in the West is extremely good. Railroad men do not expect normal conditions to be recovered suddenly, but look for steady improvement."

"The railroads must spend money in maintaining the roadbed and equipment of their lines in order to meet the demands of commerce, because they are most seriously embarrassed when they are not able to handle business offered them, and there is no doubt that there is an abundance of money in the United States which can be secured for legitimate railroad investment. This was shown by the floating of the Pennsylvania bond issue."

"The railway rate act is admitted by candid railroad men themselves to be of great inestimable value. The enforcement of the law against rebating and our tenacious purpose to stop discrimination have held them up to a conformity to the law that is without precedent."

Commissioner Lane Receives Encouraging Reports.

Washington, June 30.—Returns generally from the railroads show that these roads not dependent upon coal, steel and lumber industries have been doing very well recently, said Commissioner Lane, of the interstate commerce commission today. "Of course, they have not done so well as last year. Generally, they have decided not to make any reductions either in wages or in rates of freight affecting the next three months, which is an indication that they believe that business will keep up."

"There are some curious things about prevailing conditions," continued Mr. Lane. "For instance, the Lehigh Valley the other day gave us a report of the earnings for the five months of the present calendar year, together with similar reports covering the preceding five years, and the showing this year was larger than that of any other year during the period indicated."

"The prospect for large crops in the West is extremely good. Railroad men do not expect normal conditions to be recovered suddenly, but look for steady improvement."

"The railroads must spend money in maintaining the roadbed and equipment of their lines in order to meet the demands of commerce, because they are most seriously embarrassed when they are not able to handle business offered them, and there is no doubt that there is an abundance of money in the United States which can be secured for legitimate railroad investment. This was shown by the floating of the Pennsylvania bond issue."

"The railway rate act is admitted by candid railroad men themselves to be of great inestimable value. The enforcement of the law against rebating and our tenacious purpose to stop discrimination have held them up to a conformity to the law that is without precedent."

Prince von Eulenber Overcome and Trial is Suspended.

Berlin, July 1.—The trial of Prince von Eulenber, on the charge of perjury and subornation of perjury in the scandal of last year, was continued in this city yesterday. The hearings are being held in private.

The prince pleaded not guilty and declared that the Munich witnesses had either been bribed or were mad. The court began yesterday by taking the testimony of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild, of Vienna, who was given precedence because he urged the necessity of his immediate return to the Austrian capital.

The prince was attended in court by a physician. During the afternoon session he was suddenly overcome with weakness and restoratives had to be applied. The sitting was suspended until today, the prince being removed in an automobile to the Charity Hospital, where he is held a prisoner.

FLOOD OF MONEY.

Big Corporations of Country Pay Out \$15,000,000 Dividends.

Chicago, July 1.—There will be distributed throughout the United States today a total of \$150,000,000, made up largely of semi-annual payments by public corporations such as railroads, large industrial concerns and banks.

This immense volume of money, cut loose from one end of the country to the other, will, it is believed, start a great business revival. It is expected to lead to widespread investments and general improvements, and will have a beneficial and bracing effect in many ways. One important feature is that railroads will have no trouble in getting funds for improvements and work is in sight for thousands of idle men.

At the present time the situation is peculiar in that not only in the United States but in all great monetary centers of the world, money has never been more plentiful. A large part of the money is in gold.

Dying Wish Gratified.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 1.—Charles Green, a 15-year-old colored boy, who has been dying for several days at the Detention Home in this city, passed away yesterday clasping a letter from his father, who is serving a five-year sentence at San Quentin. Several days ago Judge Curtis D. Wilbur, of the Juvenile Court, was informed that the boy, who was suffering from tuberculosis, had begged for a letter from his father. Judge Wilbur communicated with the San Quentin officials and the letter was delivered a few hours before the boy's death.

Adams Pleads Poverty.

Grand Junction, Colo., July 1.—A petition was presented yesterday in the Steve Adams trial by the counsel for the defense asking the court to enter an order permitting the defense to subpoena witnesses at the cost of the state, based on the plea that the defense was without money and unable to bear the burden of this cost. The counsel stated that unless the state stood this expense the defense would be unable to produce the bulk of its witnesses.

Pinchot Coming West.

Washington, July 2.—Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forest service, left Washington Monday on his annual trip over the west. He will visit Portland in the latter part of July for two days and then go to Seattle. He expects to make a short stop at Spokane.

New Forestry Appointees.

Washington, July 2.—The forest service announces the following appointments on national forests: T. F. Cadle, assistant forest ranger, Fremont national forest, Oregon; E. E. Ping and Tony Locke, forest guards on Clearwater national forest, Idaho.

KIDNAP RANCHER'S DAUGHTER

Captor Uses Her as Shield When Overhauled.

Fresno, Cal., July 1.—Using the body of the girl he had kidnaped from her father's house as a shield for his own body, Cleve Rogers held the posse that had run him down at bay for half an hour yesterday before finally surrendering himself and the girl. The girl, Edna Domingue, 16 years old, daughter of a wealthy stockman and oil man of Coalinga, was returned to her parents. She recently graduated from the Holy Cross College, in Santa Cruz.

Waked from a sound sleep by the firing of a dozen rifle shots in the yard of her ranch home in the foothills of the Coast range, she stumbled out into the night to find herself staring into the muzzles of two rifles held in the hands of a pair of desperadoes. Her father and mother had preceded her and they stood with hands up. The whole scene was lighted by the glare of a burning barn which the bandits had fired.

Clad only in her nightdress, the young girl stood terrified, staring at the grotesque scene that met her eyes. As she watched, before she had time to realize what was happening, two of her father's ranch hands came running to the spot. Instantly one of the bandits ordered them to throw up their hands.

Tony Lovell, one of the hold-up men, demanded \$5,000 from Domingue. Domingue declared there was no money in the house. Rogers thereupon forced the young girl to guide him through her home, pointing out the places where the family kept their plate and other valuables. In vain the child pleaded that there was only 19 cents in her bureau drawer.

When the search revealed nothing, the ruffians took her out, harnessed one of the teams belonging to Domingue, bundled the girl into it and drove off. Then Domingue, who had been released, after promising to produce \$5,000 ransom, made his way to Coalinga and spread the alarm. Immediately several posses started and at 4:30 yesterday afternoon Rogers was overtaken at Jacks Springs. He fired two shots, but seeing the armed men and officers swarming in, gave up.

He and the girl were brought to town in an automobile. A big crowd gathered and would have lynched Rogers had not Sheriff Chittenden pleaded with them not to take the law into their own hands.

Lovell managed to escape, but is still being pursued. Miss Domingue said the men offered no affront to her.

PRUNE PACKERS FORM COMBINE

Contracts Outlined for Both Jobbers and Growers.

Salem, Or., June 30.—Representatives of all the prune packers of the Northwest met here last night and organized an association for mutual protection and promotion of the interests of their business.

The organization is one that has long been desired by some of the packers, but which could never be effected heretofore for the reason that competition among packers has been too severe. In the season now about to open, the packers will work together for their common interests. The association will control all the Northwest prune pack.

Among the packing houses in the organization are H. S. Gile & Co., Wilamette Valley Prune Association and W. C. Tillson & Co., all of Salem; the Roseburg packing houses, owned by Gile & Co. and Tillson & Co., Allen's packing house, of Eugene; Lang & Co., of Portland; Mason, Ehrman & Co., of Portland; French Packing Company, of Myrtle Creek, and the packing house at Vancouver, Wash.

The new association has formulated two forms of contracts which all the firms in the combine will use. One contract is that to be used in selling fruit to eastern buyers, and the other in buying from local growers. The packers have determined that they will no longer sell according to forms of contract put out by eastern buyers, but will dictate the terms of the contract or not sell at all.

The new contract contains a number of provisions favorable to Oregon packers. It gives the packer unlimited choice in selecting an arbitrary case of dispute where, as in the past, the arbitrators have been chosen from the New York Fruit Exchange. The new contract gives the packer the privilege of filling his contracts with smaller sizes of prunes if the crop produced does not contain the required quantity of large sizes. It gives the packer the right to route the fruit in shipping. It exempts the packer from liability in case shipment is delayed by congestion of traffic.

It provides that in case of dispute as to quality, samples for test shall be taken from one-fifth of the boxes of fruit; that no allowance for short weight shall be made unless it amounts to more than one per cent, and that in the counting test the size shall include the seventh prune and not the fifth only, thus, that 47 prunes shall be deemed in the 40-50 size and not 45 only.

The new form of contract with growers will be very explicit in requiring growers to deliver fruit cured in a first-class manner, free from all burned or slack dried fruit. The packer is to be sole judge of quality and there is to be no arbitration in case of dispute.

The packer is to have the right to weigh back to the grower any fruit slack dried or otherwise unsatisfactory. The packer will not be required to take more of a grower's crop than 10 per cent in excess of the quantity estimated in the contract, but the grower must deliver all his fruit if the packer demands it, regardless of how much it overruns the estimate.

Arrest Divine Healer.

Salt Lake City, Utah, June 30.—The law against manslaughter has been invoked to punish Charles H. Titus, a "divine healer," who, it is alleged, permitted two of his small children to die from diphtheria without medical attendance. A third is very ill with the disease. A warrant for Titus' arrest was issued. Attention was first called to the case by an undertaker from whom Titus attempted to buy a coffin for his 2-year-old baby. He admitted that he had no burial permit and intended to bury the child in his yard.

Japanese Steamer Makes Record.

San Francisco, June 30.—The new Japanese turbine liner Tenyo Maru raced through the Golden Gate yesterday, breaking all previous records between this port, Yokohama and Honolulu. The trip from Yokohama was made in 14 days, 12 hours and 45 minutes, and the Tenyo Maru made this port in 4 days, 18 hours and 50 minutes out from Honolulu, establishing new records for both distances. The best previous time from Honolulu was 5 days and 2 hours, and by the Nippon Maru.

Curtail Oil Output.

Pittsfield, O., June 30.—James C. Donnell, general manager of the Ohio Oil Company, yesterday issued a request that oil-drillers of the country curtail their production until a market can be had for the present supply of oil. He says it is impossible to build tankage for the production, and that there is being produced daily in the Illinois oil field alone more than 100,000 barrels.

Life Sentence for Orchard.

Boise, Idaho, June 30.—The case of Harry Orchard, sentenced to be hanged next Friday for the murder of ex-Governor Steunhagen, will be considered by the state board of parole Wednesday. In spite of the fact that Orchard is anxious that sentence be carried out, it is believed the board will commute the sentence to life imprisonment.

Deliver Gifts of Dead King.

Lisbon, June 30.—The Portuguese royal yacht Amelio left this week for Rio Janeiro, having on board the gifts which King Carlos had intended to present to President Penna during his visit to Brazil, which he had planned to make this year.

Outlaws Hold Fort.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 1.—In a fight Monday night between a posse and three men who escaped from jail at Slicer, Okla., Sunday, one outlaw and a member of the posse were wounded. The fugitives are entrenched in a cave.