

Ayer's

Your doctor will tell you that thin, pale, weak, nervous children become strong and well by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Small doses, for a few days.

Sarsaparilla

The change is very prompt and very marked. Ask your doctor why it is. He has our formula and will explain.

"When 12 years old, for many months no one thought I could live because of thin blood. But in a few weeks, Ayer's Sarsaparilla completely restored me to health."
Mrs. E. BUCKMINSTER, Vineland, N. J.

for **The Children**

Billiousness, constipation prevent recovery. Cure these with Ayer's Pills.

Striking Facts About Oregon.

At the request of the Commercial club a number of talks were made to the school children at the various schools by business and professional men of the city. Among those delivered before the High school pupils by B. A. Worthington, general manager of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company, contained such a mass of information, so solidly compacted and so freshly applied, that it is well worthy of reproduction.

After a preliminary story to introduce his subject, Mr. Worthington said: "I have been asked to suggest a means whereby you can aid in developing the great state of Oregon, and, if possible, induce settlement in this wonderful country. People, as a rule, do not appreciate the magnitude of figures, and possibly a few suggestions as to how they look in other shapes might help you in impressing upon your friends in the east just what this handful of people in Oregon are accomplishing, because, with a little less than one per cent of the United States the state of Oregon ranks from first to seventh in many of the staple products.

It is not generally known that the area of the state of Oregon is almost equivalent to that of the states of New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey combined, where the last census showed there were over 15,000,000 of people.

Statistics show that in 1904 the school system of Oregon had 148,720 school children, of which 96,000 were going to school in 2,190 school houses, or a school house for every 45 children, and 4,046 teachers, for about one for every 22 children going to school. The money available for schools in 1904 was \$2,464,000, representing about \$5 for every inhabitant, and the value of the school property was \$4,390,000, or nearly \$9 for every inhabitant. Oregon stands third from the top in freedom from illiteracy, with a percentage of 99.58: that is to say, only one child out of every 238 is illiterate.

If each of the school children of the state of Oregon, through correspondence with their eastern friends, could induce one male settler or voter to come to Oregon, it would add to the population of the state 480,000 people, this on the basis of the census bureau, which figures five persons to every voter.

I would now like to give you a few facts concerning the products of our state, and we will commence with:

Strawberries—The Hood River strawberry is celebrated throughout the country. Last year there were 135 carloads shipped, which contained 97,000 crates of 24 pounds each, or a total of over 2,000,000 boxes. If all of the school children of the United States were at one strawberry festival, the Hood River crop alone would give each child a good sized dish.

Potatoes—The Willamette valley raised 2,500 cars last year, which represents about 750,000 sacks. This amount of potatoes would make a continuous train about 15 miles long, or, say, of a

length sufficient to reach from Portland to Oregon City.

Hops—Ninety thousand bales were produced, principally in Western Oregon. These hops are packed in bales weighing 190 pounds each. The total crop therefore weighed over 17,000,000 pounds. These bales of hops contain 19 cubic feet each, and all of these hops, if placed in one house, would fill a building the size of the Chamber of Commerce. We are told that an average of one half a pound of hops is now used in each barrel of beer of 30 gallons; therefore the crop would make 34,000,000 gallons of beer, or 680,000 kegs of five gallons each, such as are commonly used.

Apples—The Oregon apple is well known all over the world, and a great many go to London. The principal places of production are the Hood River valley and the Rogue River valley. Last season 150 cars, of 75,000 boxes of 50 pounds each, were shipped out of Rogue River country, making a total of 3,950,000 pounds. There were also shipped 90 cars of pears, weighing 2,160,000 pounds.

Hood River shipped 165 cars of apples, equal to 82,500 boxes, and weighing 4,125,000 pounds.

Taking both valleys together, there was shipped a total of 405 cars of apples and pears, which would make a continuous train about 2 1/2 miles long; if piled together, it would fill a space of 250,000 cubic feet, and if the boxes were strung out in line it would reach for 60 miles.

Dried fruit—The dried prune industry is another of the great tonnage-producers of the state. Western Oregon alone raised 60,000,000 pounds of green prunes, which, when dried, made 20,000,000 pounds—enough to fill 500 cars, and if we put all of these cars together it would make a continuous train over three miles long.

Wool—Oregon is the third largest wool-producing state in the union. In 1904 the clip amounted to 32,000,000 pounds in the grease—that is, as it comes from the sheep. It has to be scoured before use, and when this is done it amounts to 7,000,000 pounds. All but 1,000,000 pounds was shipped to the Atlantic manufacturing cities to be made up into clothes and blankets. It takes an average of four pounds of scoured wool for one suit; therefore the output is equivalent to 1,750,000 suits, or over three for each inhabitant, if all were males, and if made into bedcovers there would be from 4,000,000 to 5,000,000 blankets.

There is also about 500,000 pounds of mohair raised annually in Oregon, principally in the Willamette valley. As you know, mohair is the fleece of the angora goat, and is used principally in the manufacture of plush and alpaca clothing.

Livestock—The livestock industry of Oregon is one of the most important today, the value per annum running close to \$30,000,000, the exhibits at the state fair and the St. Louis world's fair indicating that the standard of livestock of the state of Oregon is fully up to the highest standard, being equal to that of the bluegrass territory of Kentucky.

A comparison of the growth of this industry between the years 1850 and 1904 is quite interesting:

	1850	1904	1904 Value
Horses	41,000	280,000	\$ 5,600,000
Cattle	8,000	750,000	15,000,000
Sheep	15,000	4,000,000	8,000,000
Hogs	31,000	250,000	1,000,000
Total			\$29,600,000

Salmon—Very few realize the quantity of salmon packed in Oregon. The 1904 pack amounted to 423,000 cases of 70 pounds each, or 29,615,000 pounds. Each case contains 48 cans; therefore there was a total of 29,615,000 pounds. Each case contains 48 cans; therefore there was a total of 20,000,000 cans, packed. In addition to the salmon packed in this way, 10,000,000 pounds

were frozen and pickled and shipped to foreign ports. Reduced to tons, we have about 20,000, or 1,000 cars, and if these were all coupled together it would make a continuous train seven miles in length.

Wheat—The wheat crops of the states of Oregon, Washington and Idaho for 1904, as near as can be estimated, if loaded in cars of an average lading of 20 tons to the car, would make a continuous train over 600 miles in length, and the lumber output for the same year would make a continuous train 700 miles in length.

MEETS HIS DOOM.

Russian Terrorists Slay Number Two.

London, Feb. 25.—The Warsaw correspondent of the London Morning Leader wires that Prince Vasilichyoff has been murdered. The Prince, who has won for himself great hatred because of his active work against the students and strikers of Warsaw in his capacity of head of the military, was labeled No. 2 on the list of assassinations drawn up by the revolutionists, says the correspondent. The dispatch adds: "Count Priezdzietzki, the brutal Hussar officer, who was No. 3 on the list, on receiving his death warrant from the terrorists, bolted the country.

"General Novosilieff, No. 4 on the list, has drawn the death penalty on himself by his recent order for the arrest of officers who refused to fire on women.

"Baron Nolken, Chief of the Warsaw police, is No. 5 in the death list. He received word that in a day or two he would find his proper release in hell."

The correspondent also reports further disorders in Warsaw Friday afternoon. Troops, he says, fired on 400 workmen who were about to resume work at the Vistulan Railroad workshops. Five of the workmen were killed and 20 wounded.

Colonel Litcienoff, the superintendent of the railroad, requests the military officers to arrest the officer who had commanded the firing. On their refusal, the superintendent resigned his post.

Peasants Seizing the Land.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 25.—The beginning of a dangerous movement has been observed among the peasantry of some of the southern provinces, where agitators are circulating reports that the Emperor will on March 4 issue a manifesto providing for a general division of lands. A new allotment has been the dream of the Moujiks ever since emancipation, and, according to private reports, the stories have spread like wildfire and are implicitly believed.

In the government of Toua a large proprietor went to his estate last week and found the peasants at work measuring and staking their shares. In response to his demands for an explanation they told him of the coming manifesto. Refusing to listen to his declaration that the report was absurd, they would only say:

"We have heard the Little Father has decided."

When the proprietor asked what would become of him, they replied: "Oh, we'll leave you the buildings and 40 acres."

Once the peasantry becomes possessed of the idea that the Emperor has willed a division of land, it will be exceedingly difficult to disabuse their minds, and agrarian troubles on a large scale are feared. The Moujiks are likely to turn on the proprietors, as they did seven years ago in the provinces of Saratoff and Potav, when aarchy reigned for some time.

Among the reservists agitators are spreading the story that the war is over. A case is cited which occurred a fortnight ago at Riazan, where 500 reservists who had been called on flatly told the officer they did not intend to serve. "The war is over," said the leaders. "We know you simply want to make money out of a contract for feeding us. We will not serve," and off they marched. An instance is also given of reservists who actually left a railway train

after they had been started for the front.

Private reports also leave no room for doubt that the strikes in the whole region below Moscow are almost entirely political in character. The situation in the South of Russia is becoming worse instead of better, and contains many factors which are causing the authorities the greatest alarm. The possibility of the necessity for the dispatch of troops to the Caucasus is already being considered.

Sickening Shivering Fits

of Ague and Malaria, can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure tonic medicine; of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it entirely out of the system. It is much to be preferred to Quinine, being none of this drug's bad after-effects. E. S. Munday, of Henrietta, Tex., writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life. At Slocum Drug Co's drug store; price 50c, guaranteed.

A bill has been favorably reported into the lower house of the Colorado legislature to appropriate \$125,000 for the establishment of a state oil refinery.

February 22 the first wireless telegraphic messages were sent over the government plant, from Seattle to Victoria. The operation was an entire success.

A Frightened Horse.

Running like mad down the street, dumping the occupants, or a hundred other accidents, are every day occurrences. It behooves everybody to have a reliable Salve handy and there's none as good as Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Burns, Cuts, Sores, Eczema, and Piles disappear quickly under its soothing effect. 25c at Slocum Drug Co's Drug Store.

FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR

CURES Coughs and Colds PREVENTS Pneumonia and Consumption

Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough, but heals and strengthens the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold.

There is no danger of Pneumonia, Consumption or other serious lung trouble if **Foley's Honey and Tar** is taken, as it will cure the most stubborn coughs—the dangerous kind that settles on the lungs and may develop into pneumonia over night.

If you have a cough or cold do not risk Pneumonia when **Foley's Honey and Tar** will cure you quickly and strengthen your lungs.

Remember the name — **Foley's Honey and Tar**—and refuse any substitute offered. Do not take chances with some unknown preparation that costs you the same when you can get **Foley's Honey and Tar**, that costs you no more and is safe and certain in results. Contains no opiates.

Cured After Physicians Said He Had Consumption.

E. H. Jones, Pastor M. E. Church, Grove, Md., writes: "About seven or eight years ago I had a very severe cold which physicians said was very near pneumonia, and which they afterwards pronounced consumption. Through a friend I was induced to try a sample of **Foley's Honey and Tar**, which gave me so much relief that I bought some of the regular size. Two or three bottles cured me of what the physicians called consumption, and I have never had any trouble with my throat or lungs since that time."

Three sizes—25c, 50c, \$1.00. The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much.

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SAN FRANCISCO-PORTLAND ROUTE. Steam sails from Portland 8 p. m. every 5 days.

Boat service between Portland, Astoria, Oregon City, Dayton, Salem, Independence, Corvallis and all Columbia and Willamette River points.

Snake River Route. Steamers between Riparia and Lewiston leave Riparia daily at 10:40 a. m. except Saturday, returning leave Lewiston daily at 7 a. m. except Friday.

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