



Recent experiments conducted by most eminent scientists, prove that light is a great remedial agent; it is essentially Nature's agent. It may be either sunlight or electric light, but it has a decided effect in helping nature to banish disease and restore health. Other scientific men have proved that oxygen electrifies the heart and can prolong life.

The people on this earth are susceptible to some laws which govern plant life. A plant cannot be successfully grown in the dark. A man is seldom healthy and strong who lives in the dark or in sunless rooms. After all, Nature's ways are found to be the best. Nature's remedies are always best for eradicating disease, and by this we mean a medicine made of roots and herbs. They are assimilated in the stomach and taken up by the blood and are, therefore, the most potent means which can be employed for the regaining of lost health. Dr. K. V. Pierce, consulting physician to the Invalide Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., in many years of extensive practice, found that he could pin his faith to an alternative extract of certain plants and roots for the cure of all blood diseases. This he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Containing no alcohol nor narcotics, entirely vegetable, this "Discovery" makes rich red blood and is a powerful tissue-builder, giving the tired business man or woman renewed strength and health. Rapidly growing school-boys and boys often show impoverished blood by the pimples or boils which appear on face or neck. To eradicate the poisons from the blood, and feed the heart, lungs and stomach on pure blood, nothing is so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Don't allow the dealer to insult your intelligence by offering his own blood remedy to you instead of this well known preparation of Dr. Pierce's. Ten chances to one he will substitute a cheap compound having a large percentage of alcohol in it. Dr. Pierce's Pills are the best for the bowels. Use them with the "Discovery."

600 LIVES LOST.

Big Excursion Steamer Burns In East River.

New York, June 15.—One of the most appalling disasters in the history of New York, tragic in its immensity, dramatic in its episodes, and deeply pathetic in the tender age of most of its victims, took place today in the East River, at the entrance to Long Island Sound, within a short distance of the New York shore, and within sight of thousands of persons, the majority of whom were powerless to minimize the extent of the catastrophe.

By the burning to the water's edge of the Slocum, a three-decked excursion steamer, one of the largest in these waters, more than 600 persons, the majority of whom were women and children, were burned to death or drowned by jumping overboard or by being thrown into the whirlpools by the lurching of the vessel and the frantic rush of the panic-stricken passengers.

Exportation Prohibited.

Washington, June 15.—The State Department is advised by Consul-General Foster, at Ottawa, that the Canadian government has ordered that, "Exportation, for the purpose of canning or manufacture, of fresh salmon in trapnets in waters of British Columbia is prohibited."

This order is the result of long-pending conferences of the Canadian officials and is aimed at the Puget Sound packers, who have been buying British Columbia fish and packing them in Washington canneries. The State Department has not determined whether it is advisable for this Government to take retaliatory steps and impose a like restriction on American or Puget Sound salmon. Senator Fulton had this matter up with Secretary Hay last winter, but the department would not act, inasmuch as the Canadian government had not then promulgated its restrictive orders. It may be that legislation will be necessary to prevent the selling of Puget Sound salmon to Canadian packers. If so, a bill for this purpose will be pressed at the short session of Congress this winter. It is believed the State Department will recommend such legislation.

Smelter to Start.

"The smelter at Sumpter, Oregon, will be blown in about July 1st," said R. E. Strahorn to a Spokane Review representative. "Our electric light plant at Sumpter is about completed. We turned the water into the pipes a few days ago as a test, and the plant will be in full

operation within a few days. "When the smelter starts it will be furnished with power by our company. This will, of course, reduce the cost of smelting the ore to some extent. The smelter was built about a year ago and given a trial run. It was shut down chiefly because of a shortage of ore, but since then a large amount of ore has been accumulated for a good run.

"The most important mining event at Sumpter for the year has been the starting of work on the Eureka & Excelsior known to the Oregon mining men as the E. & E. The mine was making a big showing five years ago but it was leased and gutted and nothing was done till last fall, when Jonathon Bourne, of Portland, got entire control. The mine is now working from 50 to 75 men. The 20 stamp mill has been working for about a month.

"It is not our intention to furnish power for the mines, but just for the town and the smelter. We will also furnish water. We have put about \$25,000 worth of improvements in the plant at North Yakima during the past year, have installed a new reservoir at Centralia, Wash., and have put in a number of improvements at Wallace, Idaho.

Urges Fair Exhibit.

St. Louis, June 15.—Before departing for New York at noon today, Prince Pu Lun announced himself as a self-appointed committee of one to secure China's participation in the Lewis and Clark exposition to be held in Portland, Or., in 1905. The Prince remarked to Theodore Hardee, assistant to Secretary Walter B. Stevens, that he was very much impressed with the American idea of celebrating the anniversaries of great events with big expositions, and declared he would use every effort to secure Chinese participation at Portland.

Prince Pu Lun will be accompanied as far as New York by Sir Cheng Tung Liang Cheng, Chinese Minister at Washington, and the Imperial Vice Commissioner to the World's Fair, Mr. Wong Kai Nah. From New York, the Prince will proceed to Paris, where he will remain until the middle of July, reaching China in time to participate in the festivities of the Emperor's birthday.

Repayment For Purchaser.

Salem, Or., June 15.—Attorney General Crawford rendered an opinion today, holding that where the state has sold land to which it has no title, the purchaser is entitled to repayment, even though he is more than one year delinquent in his payment of deferred installments. There is a statute which provides that where a purchaser becomes more than one year delinquent the certificates of sale shall become void, and the payments already made shall be forfeited.

The Attorney-General holds that the forfeiture does not apply to cases where the state had no title to the land sold.

Shaniko Wool Sales.

Shaniko, June 15.—The second wool sale of the season took place today. The prices were some lower than the previous sale, June 1, ranging from 14 1/2 to 16 1/2 for good and choice wool. The principal buyers are the Lafayette Worsted Co., Woonsocket, R. I.; Whitman, Farnsworth & Thayer, Boston; Alex Livingstone, Boston; Botany Worsted Mills, Passaic, N. J., and Hallowell, Donald & Co., Boston.

The wool was sold under the sealed bid system. The next and last sale will be July 1, and a large amount is expected that date. About nine million pounds will be sold here this season.

An insurrection has broken out in the province of San Luis, Brazil, and the governor has been imprisoned.

With the avowed purpose of reducing expenses, the Erie railroad has during the past four months discharged 4500 men, but now calls a halt.

FARMERS ARE RETIRING.

Many Western Agriculturists Are Enjoying the Fruits of Recent Prosperous Years.

The Nebraska towns are filling up with farmers who have retired from agricultural pursuits to take life at ease and educate their children, says a recent Lincoln report.

Prosperity has prevailed on the farms for five or six years, and the farmers of the west are showing their philosophical view of life by retiring before they are too old to enjoy the fruits of their toil.

None of them are rich in the metropolitan sense of the term. They don't feel themselves rich. All they have is a competence, but their early life away from the temptations of the town has taught them frugality and they have no particular desire to put on style. Usually when they come to town they go out to some modest suburb where the price of property is low.

They spend \$2,000 or \$3,000 for a house and lot, fix things up comfortably and enjoy themselves. Their wants are easily satisfied. They have not the theater-going habit nor the society habit; they have learned how to get what they think is good out of life without indulging in many of its frivolities. Measured by their ambitions and their wants they are as well off as any millionaire—possibly better. They have enough and are satisfied.

It is possible for a farmer to retire on a much smaller amount than most men who have investments in other classes of property. A merchant may get out of active life but leave his money in his store without feeling that it is safe. Banks, too, may fail, and the price of stocks is liable to fluctuate. It is different with the farm. Nebraska land has a very stable value, and even in panicky days could be sold for fair prices. To-day it is high, but a good living is assured; and if the harvest is big and prices are good there is a large addition to the surplus and money for any little indulgences.

Those farmers who prefer to stick to the farm for a little while longer are demonstrating their possession of a bank balance by improving the appearance of their farms. Lincoln contractors have sent 30 or 40 carpenters out into the rural districts to build new barns and houses in the last six weeks. Out in southwestern Nebraska, in the new wheat section, there is a land boom on, an overlap from Kansas, where speculators are forcing up prices. The short grass country wallowed in big crops this year, and there is scarcely any government land left in that section of either Kansas or Nebraska. Real estate agents have been running harvest excursions into the country and syndicate buying is now a feature of the business, whole parties of emigrants from eastern states being landed and settled in the same neighborhood on newly purchased lands.

NATIONS IN THE MAKING.

War Enters Very Largely Into the Formation of a New Country.

According to the astronomers, there was fierce conflict of forces in chaos before the worlds were thrown off from the nebular mass; and then there were many a mad flight through space and frequent collisions before the force of gravity set the planets moving in their respective orbits.

On a small scale, natural forces are still at work bringing about a stable political equilibrium on this planet. Chance and war, chiefly war, have thrown together groups of people with unlike interests, states the Youth's Companion. Wherever the interests conflict, their effort to get along together succeeds but indifferently, or fails altogether.

The most recent example of failure is the break-up of the republic of Colombia, which occurred when the people in the department of Panama decided that they would submit no longer to neglect by the central government, a neglect of which the rejection of the canal treaty was only the culminating incident.

The struggle is still going on in Austria-Hungary, where two nations, differing in race, are trying to live under one government. The emperor-king is able to keep his empire together only by making frequent concessions to the Magyars. His consent, in November, to the larger use of the Hungarian language in the army was forced from him at the price of breaking the deadlock which had left Hungary without a ministry for several months.

Germany has a similar problem, although the issue there is the proper relation of the various states to the central government. Bavaria has resented the interference of the emperor in its local affairs with so much vigor that the imperial chancellor has thought it wise to announce that the kaiser does not desire greater centralization of authority.

The British empire is a vast nebular mass, which is to be held together until it solidifies into a homogeneous unit. Mr. Chamberlain fears that it is in danger of flying to pieces unless the force of gravity, operating through self-interest, can be made to bind the colonies to the mother country.



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Read the Gazette's Clubbing list

The first vessel of the second fleet to sail for Nome this season was the Valencia, which carried 200 passengers and left Seattle June 15.
Saumuel Faulkner, of Butte county, California, went over a grade with an ore crusher weighing 12,000 pounds. Together they fell 400 feet with Faulkner squarely beneath the crusher.
The cruiser Tacoma has left San Francisco in search of the steamer Conemaugh missing since January last and supposed to be lost off Cape Horn with 46 men and a cargo of sugar.
All American and European suicide statistics show that the rate is highest in cities which contain the largest proportion of German population or allied nationalities, such as Bohemian, Russians, etc.

A Business Proposition.
If you are going East, a careful selection of your route is essential to the enjoyment of your trip. If it is a business trip, time is the main consideration; if a pleasure trip, scenery and the conveniences and comforts of a modern railroad. Why not combine all by using the ILLINOIS CENTRAL, the up-to-date road, running two trains daily from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and from Omaha to Chicago. Free Reclining chair cars, the famous Buffet Library smoking cars, all trains vestibuled in short, thoroughly modern throughout. All tickets reading via the Illinois Central will be honored on these trains and no extra fare charged.
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