

ETIQUETTE ON THE LINKS.

Facts to Be Learned by American Players from English Cousins—Consideration for Caddies

Not only in the actual playing of golf, but in the etiquette of the game, the American players, or some of them, might well learn something from the visiting Englishmen, says the Boston Transcript. An observer of all the games, and a participant in the practice rounds, states that there was a marked difference between the Americans and the Englishmen in their bearing toward the caddies. The Americans, especially the college boys, were impatient if the caddy did not at once find the ball after the drive. The Englishmen did not hurry or worry at all. They almost invariably said "Thank you" when the caddy did a service for which he was being paid. They consulted with the caddy and usually accepted his judgment as of value, even if it was sometimes in error. And they did not run. One of the caddies was sent up the hill at Myopia to indicate the direction of the hole. He started to run up the hill with his heavy bag of clubs, after a sharp command from one of the college boys.

"Don't run, my lad," called out the Englishman for whom he was doing the service, "we've got all the time that there is."

RELICS FOUND IN PARIS.

Fossil Remains Unearthed in Excavating for an Underground Railroad.

Geologists, naturalists and paleontologists have been supplied with new documents by the excavations and subterranean galleries made during the construction of the Paris Metropolitan underground railroad, which is rapidly converting the subsoil of the capital into a sort of gigantic rabbit warren. With commendable foresight M. Bienvenu, the engineer in charge of the work, has given instructions to all laborers under his orders to report at once any relics, bones, animal or vegetable remains, they may discover, says a Paris correspondent of the New York Times.

The underground operations of the Metropolitan system are as yet not half completed, but already seven or eight hundred interesting objects have been unearthed, and scientists are employed by the city to collect and classify them. Teeth of the squirrel have been dug up beneath the Place de l'Opera, and in a stratum of the chalk heights of Montmartre a gang of workmen found the skeleton and trunk of a mammoth. At Grenelle a couple of laborers discovered the skeleton of a mammoth mixed up with those of a rhinoceros, hippopotamus and an antediluvian bull. Sharks' teeth are found in profusion.

At Moulinaux the bones of a huge tapir and osseous fragments that seem to have formed part of the skeleton of a gigantic bird have been brought to light. Beneath the Place de la Bastille layers of barnacles and mussels have been discovered imbedded in silex. Vast deposits of gypsum have also been discovered, and the geological formation of the beds is such as to lead scientists to the conclusion that Paris was once perforated with thermal springs like the geysers of Iceland.

No vestiges of antediluvian man have yet been discovered, such as were found some years ago in the caves near Menton, but the French geologists are keenly alive to the opportunities afforded by the excavations of the Metropolitan railway, and hope to find human remains of the tertiary period. Special instructions have been given to the workmen to look out not only for bones and relics, but also for traces or imprints on rocks of any animals, for M. Berthelot, the eminent chemist, who eagerly follows the progress of the excavations from a scientific standpoint, declares that, owing to the radio-activity of certain bodies, it would be no means improbable to discover in the subterranean strata of Paris images—a sort of natural clichés, as it were—of antediluvian life traced upon walls of rock.

TOO MUCH LATIN AND GREEK.

Talk of a Man Who Gave Sixty Per Cent. of His Study to Dead Languages.

"I tell you, professor, I would be better off all around if I had 'small Latin and less Greek,' as was said of Shakespeare," remarked one man to another, as he took a seat in a Westport car, relates the New York Sun. "Do you know that I have figured that I have put in 60 per cent. of my study time and mental effort on Greek and Latin, and what I have acquired from them in knowledge and mental discipline has been of precious little use to me from any point of view."

"I really believe that I would be better fitted for my business, for citizenship, and every relation that I now enjoy, if I had cut that 60 per cent. down to ten, and given 50 to a closer study of the sciences and English literature, which should have included Blackstone and Kent, as well as Bacon, Macaulay, Carlyle and the rest of those chaps."

"If all of the men who are now helping to boost along this busy and progressive world had had to expend 60 per cent. of their young mental effort on Latin and Greek, we might have a civilization of mummies, who would present a fine appearance in their ancient ceremonies,

useful only as fuel, but we wouldn't have much more.

"If Volta, Galvani, Franklin, Edison and others of their line had expended 60 per cent. of their gray matter on foreign languages, we would not have the lightning harnessed to this train, and if Gutenberg and his pupils and Hoe and those who preceded him had given to Latin and Greek 60 per cent. of their best young thought, we might have some fine manuscripts, but you would not have that newspaper in your hand."

"If Watt, Stevenson, Fulton and company had made Caesar, Horace, Homer, Xenophon and Virgil their 60 per cent. mental companions, while their minds were maturing, they might have been up in the classics, but we likely would be traveling in stage coaches and sailboats. If Copernicus, Galileo, Kepler and those fellows had been nosing among foreign roots with 60 per cent. of their thought, we would likely feel proud that our little speck of an earth occupied the center of the universe, and would be beating drums to prevent the dragon from swallowing the moon when he saw an eclipse approaching."

"Hello! Here is my town. Sorry! for I have a lot more to say about this 60 per cent. matter. I know that some of these foxy chaps dabbled in the foreign languages, but they kept themselves down to about ten per cent., and didn't use up their best energies on them. Good-by."

Hard to Exterminate.

The captain of a well-known Australian clipper, the Caduceus, wishing to clear his ship of rats, offered his crew a glass of grog for every rodent killed or captured. The result was speedily apparent in the diminished number of rats, yet, somehow or other, there were always a few, the crew, anxious for supplies of grog, having devised a means of manufacturing them out of oakum. The captain's curiosity was aroused one day by noticing a supposed rodent floating very "light" on the port quarter. He waited his chance, and when the next man appeared with a rat the captain remarked: "Throw it to windward." The result was dead against the sailor, for the oakum rodent was blown back on to the poop. Thenceforth there were no more rats and no more extra grog.—Shipping World.

The Chrysanthemum.

Cultivation of the chrysanthemum in China may be traced back to a very early date. Already in the eleventh century two strains were cultivated, the one bearing yellow ray flowers and the other white. Dr. Henry, who has collected specimens now in the herbarium at Kew, England, believes that two wild plants are the progenitors of all the cultivated strains. The yellow flower is found throughout China and Japan. The white flower comes originally from Hupoh, China.

PUZZLES THE WISEST MEN.

Why the Intestines Do Not Digest Themselves is a Problem—Conclusions of One Scientist.

The digestive tube is filled with ferments capable of attacking, of destroying and of transforming the food with which they come in contact, but these ferments attack neither the walls of the intestines nor the parasites which often live in abundance on these walls, says Public Opinion. What causes this condition? The question has often been discussed and now the researches of M. E. Weinland on the tryptic ferment again bring the matter forward.

In 1891 Frenzel stated that he believed the protection enjoyed by the intestines was due to the antiferments which are secreted by the living tissues. An experiment of M. Weinland along this line is very interesting. A mixture was made of fibrine and of trypsin or of pepsin and the whole was placed to digest after a little juice of ascaris was added. No digestion occurred. The experiment may be prolonged indefinitely, but the ferment does not attack the fibrine when the anti-ferment is present. Thus it is not the living tissues which resist digestion, but the juices which impregnate them and which they secrete.

Plenty of wood, good water, good school and lots of room for more people to build at Hardman.

It has been stated on good authority that Geo. Bleakman, Sr., has announced himself as a candidate for the office of city recorder.

Luther Huston was in town a few days ago.

J. C. Owens and Frank Cramer made a trip to the county seat this week after goods for Mrs. E. E. Bleakman.

Harry Akin, of Kahler Basin, was doing business with our merchants a few days ago.

Jack Lane spent several days at the county seat last week.

A. R. Robertson is carrying the mail between Hardman and Spray for Cox Bros.



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—MISS ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG GIRLS.

All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given, and her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered.

A Young Chicago Girl Saved from Despair.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. When I was about seventeen years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought different and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described answered mine, I decided I would give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more."—LILLIE E. SINCLAIR, 17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life; with it she can go through with courage and safety the work she must accomplish, and fortify her physical well being so that her future life may be insured against sickness and suffering.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Heppner Quotations on Staples Bought and Sold Here.

RETAIL GROCERY PRICES.

COFFEE—Mocha and Java, best 40c per pound; next grade, 35c per pound; package coffee, Lion and Arbutle, 7 packages for \$1.

RICE—Best head rice 10c per pound; next grade 8 cents per pound.

SUGAR—Cane granulated, best \$6 50 per sack; do 13 pounds \$1.

SALT—Coarse \$1 per 100; 85c 50 pounds.

FLOUR—\$4 25@35 per barrel.

BACON—16@18c per pound.

HAMS—17@18c per pound.

COAL OIL—\$1 50@1 65 for 5 gallons; \$3 25 per case.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—1c per pound.

California sweet potatoes 4c per pound.

CABBAGE—2½c per pound.

ONIONS—2½c per pound.

FRUITS.

BANANAS—40c per dozen.

APPLES—3c per pound.

LEMONS—30c per dozen.

ORANGES—40c@50c per dozen.

CRANBERRIES—25c per quart.

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY.

Prices paid by dealer to the producer.

CHICKENS—\$3 50 per dozen.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery, 70c per roll; ranch, 60c per roll.

BEEF CATTLE, ETC.

COWS—\$2 50 per hundred.

STEERS—\$3 per hundred.

HOGS—Live, 5c; dressed, 8c pound.

VEAL—Dressed, 6c per pound.

SHEEP—\$1 50@2 50.

HAY AND FEED.

CHOPPED BAULEY—\$2 50 per ton.

GROSHENS & ZOLLINGER

Have just opened a new saloon at the corner of Eain and May streets.

Finest Liquors and Cigars

Pendleton Beer on Draught

Hot and Cold Lunches

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REALESTATEBARGAINS

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Watch This Space Each Week, as Many Ranches Will be Listed Here.

1120 acres, part good farm land, rest fine grazing land. One fine seven room house, three houses for tenants, good barn and out buildings, fine orchard, 700 acres government land fenced, nine miles from Hamilton. About 40 acres of good timber on land. \$7.00 per acre. Easy payment.

640 acres, good houses and barns, finely watered, 200 acres meadow land, timber on the land will more than half pay for it, adjacent to outside range, fine ranch for some one at a reasonable price. Five miles from Lone Rock.

200 acres 1½ miles from Lexington. A snap for a short time.

1120 acres 3½ miles from Lexington, fine wheat ranch, nearly all under cultivation, some improvements. Will be sold on reasonable terms.

640 acres 2 miles from Heppner, fine wheat ranch, plenty of good spring water, all under good 3 wire fence and cross fences. Will be sold at a bargain.

1240 acres, 800 acres plow land, 3 dwelling houses, large barn just completed, all of 300 acres can be irrigated, all under good 3 wire fence, adjacent to government range, fine stock ranch. Snap.

320 acres, wheat land, 260 acres under cultivation, all under good two wire fence. Price \$2000. This is a bargain.

We have a number of good houses and lots in Heppner for sale very cheap.

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cost more—yield more—
save all experimenting—
save disappointments. 48
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or Granite Work

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and get prices. They have a fine stock on hand.

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Wood and Coal

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