



The senate has agreed on the twenty per cent duty on hides. Western men voted for the clause almost without exception.

CORBETT'S claims on a seat in the senate are not worth talking about, judging from the action of that august body. Let the old man return to his ledgers and hard cash in peace.

The democrats are endeavoring to secure a fusion of pops and silver republicans in Nebraska. It is not known whether the latter two can be persuaded to do the "chestnut" act. Their "fins" have been badly scorched from previous experiences.

JOHN R. McLEAN, editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, will control the forces of democracy in Ohio this year. A radical free silver man will be chosen to make the race for governor and the contest promises to be spirited, though it cannot be conceived how democracy expect to land their man.

THE Pendleton Son, published by Blaine Hallock, son of Homer H. Hallock, has reached the Gazette's editorial desk. It is a funny little sheet that comes fresh from the pen of the editor without having been doctored by older people. The orthography and grammatical construction is, perhaps, not according "to Hoyle," but the matter and style is original.

For the past two weeks the editor of the Gazette has been absent on a business trip to British Columbia, which explanation, we hope, will satisfy a whole lot of people who work themselves into a frenzy every time one turns around without having given due and special notification of the same. Heppner has some individuals, calling themselves men, who ought to put on petticoats and join a quilting society.

SENATOR HANNA and several members of the Ohio delegation in the house went home to attend the state convention. The story that Senator Foraker remained in Washington because he was opposed to Senator Hanna was, of course, of democratic origin. Senator Foraker when asked about it, said there wasn't the slightest foundation for such a yarn, as he is heartily in favor of Senator Hanna's election, and certain that it will be accomplished. He remained in Washington as the result of an agreement with Senator Hanna, it being thought best that one of them should be constantly in his seat in the senate while the tariff bill is under consideration. Thus writes a Washington gentleman who knows just what he is talking about.

THEODORE A. FIGEL, the embezzler, and supposed murderer of Hoffman at San Francisco, is under arrest. Recently the Gazette gave the history of the most important piece of evidence against Figel, that of the Minor draft for over \$1400, signed by S. W. Spencer, assistant cashier of the First National Bank of this place and drawn on New York. Figel converted this money to his own use on the very day that Hoffman was murdered, and this, with other peculations, is held to be sufficient evidence why Figel should have desired Hoffman out of the way. In a recent issue of the San Francisco Chronicle appeared a fac simile of the draft that will furnish the important piece of evidence. It is needless to say that Minor & Co., and the First National Bank are receiving a great deal of free advertising in this case.

THE ultimate ratification of the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii is regarded as so certain notwithstanding the talk of the handful of democratic senators who are opposed to it, that no effort will be made to push it to a vote at this session of congress, says a friend of the Gazette, now residing in Washington. The president is perfectly satisfied to have it go over to the regular session, as he regards the sending of the treaty to the senate as all that was necessary to notify the world of our intention to annex the island.

HOBBACE L. CHAPMAN is the choice of the silver democracy for the governorship of Ohio.

WHAT OUR EXCHANGES SAY. The senate committee on privileges and elections have considered the report prepared by Senator Hoar in the case of H. W. Corbett. The committee declined to act upon the report. There seems to be but little prospect of Mr. Corbett's being seated, and it begins to look as though Oregon will have to get along with one United States senator until the legislature elects another.—Pendleton Tribune.

With the advent of the telephone into Grant county interest in the idea has been aroused in Burns, Harney county, and it now looks as if an effort would be made to have a line extended to that place from Canyon City, says an exchange. A local telephone man said a few days ago that Burns was making a "hot" argument towards that end and strong hopes were entertained that the Heppner company could be induced to make the desired extension. The Burns Times Herald of last week contained the following:

"For several years the people of Canyon City, Grant county, have given out the statement that in a short time that city would be connected with some railroad point by telephone. That is what the people of Burns have been waiting for. Had not outside people sent agents in here that said they were going to put up a line, make a big blow, and let it end in wind, we would most certainly have had a telephone line in operation at this time. Canyon City is 60 miles nearer Burns than in Vale, consequently we want to connect with the former place if possible.

OLD STORIES REVIVED.

A Tunnel That has Grown Larger Away From Home—Natural Gas Here Too. In Morrow county, in the foothill districts of the Blue mountains, four brothers of the name of Mattoon have run a tunnel into the hill for a distance of nearly a mile, says the E. O. This tunnel is of sufficient width for a team of horses and wagon to enter. Two good coal veins have been struck varying in thickness from four to six feet. One of the starting outcrops of the search for coal in Morrow county was the tapping of a gas vein below the Blue mountains, and near the Columbia river. The vein was tapped at a depth of 80 feet below the surface, and, on being lighted at the surface, it burned freely, and with every evidence of adaptability for commercial use.

The above reminds the old residents of this section of the fruitless search of Mattoon Bros. for coal, although the size of the tunnel is somewhat exaggerated as are the number and dimensions of the veins of coal. Some outcroppings were discovered, but the Gazette is inclined to think that this constituted the total find. If energy, confidence and industry could be rewarded, then the Mattoons would be the wealthiest men in Morrow county for they have been unceasing in their efforts to discover the hidden wealth of Nature's fuel.

NOT PRESIDENT OF THE O. A. C.

succeeds However to a Place in the Eugene Institution. George Lilly, elected to the chair of mathematics in the Eugene college, says the Oregonian, has resided in Portland about four years. He came to this city from Pullman, Wash., where he was president of the state agricultural college. He came to Portland to assume charge of the Park school here, as principal, serving in that capacity for several terms. Prof. Lilly is a native of Illinois, and for many years has been greatly interested in educational work. For some time he was president of a prominent college in South Dakota, leaving there to go to Washington. He is the author of a number of mathematical text-books that are accepted as authorities.

Prof. Lilly is the man referred to by the Gazette in recent issues. His record at Pullman, according to one of the regents, and his subsequent career in the East, do not indicate that the Eugene college has gained anything in this addition.

Suicide in Japan. An essay on the prevalence of suicide in Japan has been written by Mr. Saito Kokuro, a native statistician. The statistics extend over ten years and show that suicide has been on the increase in Japan, both actually and in proportion to the total number of deaths. In 1885 and 1886 the number in proportion to the population reached its highest. Mr. Saito observes that during these years there was a great rise in the price of the necessities of life. In the case of Japanese women the age at which suicide is most frequent is about 30; the corresponding period with men is 25. Comparatively few women commit suicide after the twenty-fifth year, but men are not safe until they are past 40.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Berlin, having determined to become a seaport like Paris and Manchester, is now debating whether its outlet shall be Stettin and the Oder, which means the deepening of the Oder-Sprea canal, or Hamburg and the Elbe.

England's nickel trade is passing through a severe crisis, owing to the diminished consumption of the metal in German coinage and the competition of the French Nickel company, which has reduced the price from four dollars a pound to 27 cents.

Russia is a gold-producing country, so it is not remarkable that the circulating medium comprises \$422,000,000 of gold, to only \$41,000,000 of silver. The deficiency in subsidiary money is made up by an enormous mass of outstanding paper roubles, the total amounting in our money to \$550,100,000.

The range of the human voice is quite astounding, there being about nine perfect tones, but 17,592,186,044,515 different sounds; thus 14 direct notes, alone or together, produce 16,283; 30 indirect notes ditto, 173,741,823, and all in cooperation produce the number we have named; and these independently of different degrees of intensity.

A Hamburg young man has just had his sanity proved by the Roentgen rays. He declared ten years ago that he had a bullet in his head which he had fired into it in trying to commit suicide. He complained of the pain and, as he attacked his keepers and the doctors could find no trace of a wound, was locked up as a dangerous lunatic. The Roentgen rays have now shown the exact place of the bullet.

Japanese coal is to be placed upon the California market in competition with the standard grades that have been used there for years. Three large steamers are loading coal at Kobe for San Francisco, and two more steamers are under charter to carry similar cargoes for the same destination within the next 30 days. The bulk of the coal consumed in California now comes from Puget Sound and British Columbia mines; while a big share is supplied by Australia.

The production of coal in India is steadily increasing. In 1885 there were mined 1,295,000 tons, while last year the figures were increased to 3,167,000 tons. The Bengal collieries are responsible for about 2,500,000 of the total. Much attention has also been paid of late years to the discovery of mineral oil wells, but the success attained has not been very encouraging so far, though some 35,000 gallons of oil were obtained from the Digboi field in 1895. The boring at Sukkur has failed to reach an oil bed, though it has been carried to a depth of 1,500 feet, and is to be sunk 200 feet further before being abandoned.

REPUTATION TOO GOOD.

Confession of a Jocular Man Who Lived Up to His Record. I have been told that I came into this world with a grin on my pink face. Instead of protesting when the clergyman who baptized me sprinkled the water in my left eye, I took the whole thing as a good joke which led my nurse to predict that I would have a short life. My conduct during my first couple of years showed that I had made up my mind to make it a merry one. The reputation for good nature which I have had from my earliest childhood has proved my greatest affliction. The popularity which I enjoyed as a baby with all those who came in contact with me has stuck like a leech. Having reached the age of discretion, I am expected to be happy under all possible circumstances. My friends tell me that they never met anyone who equaled me in goodness of temper. They are careful to spread my renown among those who are strangers to me. The result is that I feel obliged to live up to my reputation. I go about ready to turn on a fictitious smile at a moment's notice. My tailor may be pressing me for payment of his bills, I may be suffering from the remorse that follows a late dinner, I may have indigestion, or, in fact, suffer from any of the ills that afflict humanity; yet if I see a friend in the street I must grin like a monkey and laugh like a mule. Why? Because I am a good-natured man. Smiling has become such a habit that I beam unconsciously, and if there is a baby in the elevated car or street car at the time, the little wretch is sure to express a desire to sit on my knee and pull my mustache, all of which is a cause of extreme embarrassment. Naturally shy and diffident, my alleged good-nature gives me an air of extreme ease in dealing with strangers, especially old maids, clergymen and police. My life is one long bluff. I am a whitened sepulcher. There is deceit in the corner of my mouth and the twinkle of my eye. I am not allowed to indulge in the blues or to be miserable. If anyone is despondent, he or she would resent my failure to make fun as a personal insult. I have been in love many times, but in no case has the girl deigned to take me seriously. Perhaps it is just as well, because in the married state the mask is quickly torn off. What a revelation my real nature would have been! The worst thing of all is that I am looked on as harmless. The world positively refuses to associate with me as a general man. Yet I feel that I could be a great and historic criminal if I had the opportunity. I suppose I shall be unchanged to the last, and wink at the undertaker.—N. Y. Sun.

BEAU BRUMMELL.

At the Grave of a Famous Dandy and Wit. English visitors to Tilly-sur-Seulles having satisfied their curiosity, turn to Caen, where lie the bones of an Englishman who has left behind an immortal reputation as a dandy and a wit. Beau Brummell, after having been the friend of the prince regent, died in poverty, a friendless imbecile. Born in 1778, George Bryan Brummell was educated at Eton, where he made a name for social aplomb, readiness of repartee and fastidious neatness in dress. He went to the Oriel college, Oxford, for a year. He was presented with a coronet by the prince of Wales in the Twelfth Hussars, and for some years enjoyed the friendship of the prince, who was afterwards George IV. At last he was quarreled, but "Beau" Brummell held his own in society until gambling losses made him flee the country. In 1820 he was appointed British consul at Caen. His creditors closed round him, and in May, 1835, he was cast into prison. His spirit seemed to have been broken, and in 1837 he showed signs of imbecility, and died at the Asylum of the Bon Sauveur, Caen, in March, 1840.

BUGS AND WORMS.

Probably the empress of Austria spends more than any other woman in Europe on horses for her own riding. A really first-class hunter command almost any price the owner likes to ask for it, but let it once hesitate at a fence or show signs of temper and it is never ridden again by her majesty. When the empress is hunting and the meet happens to be from her residence she generally drives to within a short distance of it in a brougham, wearing ordinary carriage attire. With her majesty are two ladies in waiting, whose duty it is to see that everything required for the empress' wear on horseback is brought by the dressers, who follow in another carriage. The coachman has orders to drive up to any gentleman's house which happens to be in the neighborhood and requests that a room may be placed at her majesty's disposal to dress in. Naturally a good many people have been somewhat taken aback at thus being suddenly asked to accommodate an imperial guest, and this was especially the case in Ireland where the empress was hunting there a few years ago, for they were not accustomed to such an honor. However, she did there as she always did at home.—Chicago News.

A Novel Battle Waged Between Noxious Insects.

Horde of Potato Beetles Make an Onslaught Upon Invading Army Worms and the Battle Lasts for Hours. Cosmos Eckenrode, of Pike township, was in leading the other day, and gave the details of a most extraordinary occurrence which happened upon his farm recently. Mr. Eckenrode has a potato patch of about an acre and a half near the western line of his farm, adjoining the land of Samuel Kenderdine. This place was so infested with potato bugs that several weeks ago he gave up any hope of having a crop, and he allowed the bugs to have their own way. In spite of their numbers, however, they had not succeeded entirely in eating up the rapidly growing "tubs." The army worms invaded the farm of his neighbor, Mr. Kenderdine, and crossed over into Mr. Eckenrode's land. Mr. Eckenrode went out to observe the progress of the pests, and in doing so came to the potato patch. He found potato bugs assembled in countless thousands on the edge of the patch nearest to Mr. Kenderdine's land, and facing the direction from which the army worms were coming.

When Mr. Eckenrode first came to the potato patch the advance guard of the worms were arriving. As soon as a worm would come within reach of the bugs one of them would fasten itself upon his back and begin to eat him, just as if he were a succulent potato vine. The result would be that before his wormship could advance a yard he would begin to writhe and wriggle in the agonies of death, and would soon be hors de combat.

The worms, whose appetite is a most voracious one, appeared to be all unsuspecting of the design of the bugs, and upon their first approach invariably attempted to eat them, supposing, no doubt, that they were some new kind of vegetable, but the hard shell of the bug proved as an impenetrable armor, rendered them perfectly safe against any weapons the worms could bring against them.

It is needless to say that Mr. Eckenrode watched this curious battle with intense interest. In a short time after his arrival the worms began to come by the thousands and tens of thousands, and the battle raged most furiously. The army of potato beetles was apparently numberless, and as fast as the army worm came they were attacked and killed in the way before described. Sometimes when there was an unusual rush, a sort of Pickett's charge, as it were, the inflow of worms would advance for a yard or two within the line of the bugs, but only to add their dead bodies to the wriggling, writhing mass. The slaughter went on at such a rate that in a few hours a strip of ground about ten feet wide along the edge of the potato patch was covered to an average of a foot in depth with dead worms.

ITS SILENCE MADDENING.

One Feature of Alaska Which Distresses the White Man. Father Danneberg, who is in charge of the Catholic mission in Alaska, returned several months ago for a visit to a civilized community. Next to the cold he found the extreme silence to cause the greatest suffering to white men. There were the white plains stretching off to the horizon, and no bird nor beast in seen; where a footfall is hushed in the snow the stillness becomes almost intolerable at times. The natives are good natured and welcome instruction. While teaching them what he could, the father endeavored to turn to learn something of their language, but in this he experienced some difficulty. In one instance he desired to learn their designation of an orphan, and while talking to one of their women, said: "Now, I want you to tell me something," and proceeded to question her. She did not understand, however, and he tried it on another tack. He said: "I have lost my mother, and my father is dead. Now what—" but he was interrupted by a loud wail from the old crone, who wept bitterly, bemoaning the loss of his parents, attempting to console with him. The father did not learn from her what she called an orphan.—Washington Star.

Has Many Horses.

Probably the empress of Austria spends more than any other woman in Europe on horses for her own riding. A really first-class hunter command almost any price the owner likes to ask for it, but let it once hesitate at a fence or show signs of temper and it is never ridden again by her majesty. When the empress is hunting and the meet happens to be from her residence she generally drives to within a short distance of it in a brougham, wearing ordinary carriage attire. With her majesty are two ladies in waiting, whose duty it is to see that everything required for the empress' wear on horseback is brought by the dressers, who follow in another carriage. The coachman has orders to drive up to any gentleman's house which happens to be in the neighborhood and requests that a room may be placed at her majesty's disposal to dress in. Naturally a good many people have been somewhat taken aback at thus being suddenly asked to accommodate an imperial guest, and this was especially the case in Ireland where the empress was hunting there a few years ago, for they were not accustomed to such an honor. However, she did there as she always did at home.—Chicago News.

Gunpowder History.

Granting that the origin of the manufacture of gunpowder is lost in the remote past, it is known that about 1265 an English monk, Roger Bacon, was the first to suggest its use in engines of death. Soon after his time the suggestion was taken up and guns constructed, the first by binding iron bars together with hoops to form a tube; then by casting a tube out of brass, with one end closed. Stoves of suitable size were used for shot, and the powder was shoveled in at the muzzle. In spite of these drawbacks, very large guns were built. Mahomet II. against the Greeks in the siege of Constantinople in 1453 using a gun throwing a 600-pound shot a mile.—Philadelphia Press.

A Remedy for Thinness.

A French paper tells the story of a dramatic instructor who had as a pupil a girl who was very pretty, but woefully thin. Thinness is so fatal on the stage—except where there is the highest genius, as in the case of that great actress of whose admirers it is said that they prefer grace before meat—that he consulted a physician about it. The physician recommended belladonna. "Why?" asked the dramatic instructor. "Because," was the reply, "belladonna has the property of dilating the pupil."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Conser & Brock.

BIDS FOR BUILDING WANTED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE building committee of the Odd Fellows hall at Lone, Oregon, will receive bids for the erection of a 20x36 hall, everything to be furnished by the bidder. Plans and specifications for hall can be seen at J. A. Woolery's office at Lone, Oregon, on July 21, 1907. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order of committee. J. A. WOOLERY. 556-63.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT UNDER and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Morrow and to me directed and delivered, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 8th day of September, 1897, in favor of E. L. Matlock, Plaintiff, and against Morris D. Long, Linnie Long, his wife, F. O. Bucknum, Belle E. Bucknum, his wife, C. A. Hughes, H. Hughes, his husband, H. J. Faust, Annie B. Brown and — Brown, his wife, Defendants, for the sum of Three Hundred Seventy-One \$371.00 Dollars with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 1st day of March, 1898, and the further sum of Fifty Dollars attorneys fees and disbursements, Whereas by said decree and order of sale it was directed that I apply to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, the proceeds to be applied to the satisfaction of said execution and all costs, and costs that may accrue, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said Morris D. Long, Linnie Long, his wife, et al., in and to the above described property at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, the proceeds to be applied to the satisfaction of said execution and all costs, and costs that may accrue. E. L. MATLOCK, Sheriff of Morrow County, Oregon. Dated July 2nd, 1907. 556-67.

Notice of Intention.

LAND OFFICE AT THE DALLES, OREGON, June 2nd, 1897. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. W. Morrow, county clerk, at Heppner, Oregon, on August 7th, 1897, viz: MARTHA C. HOKKINS, H. E. No. 299, for the S. 1/4 N. 1/4 and S. 1/4 S. 1/4 E. 1/4 Sec. 1, T. 9 S. R. 2 E. W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Benjamin H. Parker, J. F. Christy, Nelson Campbell, and Samuel Kinsey, all of Healdland, Oregon. JAS. F. MOORE, Register. 556-68.

How to Get Rich \$25 will earn you \$7 weekly

With our plan of investment; you cannot lose. Two men made \$500 and \$650 last month on \$15. You can do likewise. If you don't invest, and keep your money in your pocket, as accident will, you will be poor all your life. Try us with \$25 and see what we can do. Absolutely no risk. Write for particulars to Guarantee Brokerage Co., Offices, 213 and 215 Hyde Building, Los Angeles, California.

THE ACCIDENTS OF LIFE Write to T. S. QUINCY, Drawer 126, Chicago, Secretary of the TRAVELERS ACCIDENT COMPANIES, for information regarding Accident Insurance. Mention this paper. By so doing you can save membership fee. This paid over \$100,000.00 for accidental injuries. Be your own Agent. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED.

This Is Your Opportunity. On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate the great merits of the remedy. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I give you his statement: "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for catarrh and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF HEPPNER, located at Heppner, in the state of Oregon, is closing up its affairs. All holders and others, creditors of said association, are therefore hereby notified to present their notes and other claims against the association for payment at ED. R. BISHOP, Cashier. 555-78.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT UNDER and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Morrow and to me directed and delivered, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 14th day of June, 1897, in favor of John Borwick, Plaintiff, and against A. Taylor and Christy Oakes, Defendants, for the sum of One Hundred and Fifteen Dollars with interest thereon from the 14th day of June, 1897, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and the further sum of Twenty-Five Dollars with interest thereon from the 14th day of June, 1897, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and the further sum of Ninety-Two and 40/100 Dollars, costs and disbursements, in which judgment it was further ordered by the court that the property attached in said action on the 23rd day of January, 1896, and hereinafter described, to-wit: The North-East quarter of section Thirty-One (31) Township 22 South Range Twenty-Six (26) East of the Willamette Meridian in Morrow County, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. Taylor and Christy Oakes in and to the above described property at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, the proceeds to be applied to the satisfaction of said execution and all costs, and costs that may accrue by the court. Sheriff of Morrow County, Oregon. Dated July 2nd, 1897. 556-67.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT UNDER and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Morrow and to me directed and delivered, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 23rd day of March, 1897, in favor of A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. 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Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South-west quarter of the North-east quarter and the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter of Section 16, Township One (1) South Range 25 East W. M., in Morrow county, Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will, on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1907, at two o'clock p. m., of said day, at the front door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow county, Oregon, sell all the right, title and interest of the said A. S. Bennett and F. E. P. Mays, Plaintiff, and against Charles Kinsey and Clara Kinsey, his wife, A. J. Kinsey and N. Kinsey, his wife, Wm. Kinsey and Sarah Mercer, his wife, L. A. S. Mercer and Ella Florence, his wife, Richard Hall and Minnie Hall, his wife, Samuel Hall and Mary Hall, his wife, Wm. Farrell and Eva Farrell, his wife, Thomas Kinsey and Nellie Croft, Defendants, for the sum of One Thousand, Two Hundred Twenty-Three and 40/100 Dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1897, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and the further sum of Twenty-Four Dollars costs and disbursements, and whereas it was further ordered and decreed by the court that the mortgaged property described as follows to-wit: The South