

ANOTHER ELECTION COMING.

The Oregon City Press has the true conception of the causes of the legislative hold-up. It says:

Mitchell, there was only one way Chronicle. to prevent the passage of reform measures abolishing the commis- that he will not be seated. sions and other useless barnacles on the state, and that was to prevent organization. The personal enemies of the senator and the men profiting by the useless comto express their feelings."

The Press is right when it intimates that scores will be evened up at the next election. A legislature that has devoted its time solely to a senatorial contest will stand again have the opportunity of key hole and not injure themselves choosing and instructing their representatives.—Eugene Guard.

NOBLE TAXPAYERS.

A Salem exchange has taken the trouble to look up the taxpaying record of the seventeen pops who

faction to the Salem holdup. C. S. Dustin, Grant..... Total ......\$4,967

THE Salem Statesman insists that the standing of the Benson house, so-called, should be settled by the courts. In the calling of an extra session, if Simon should decide for the governor that it is necessary, the legality or illegality of that body might have much to today on business. do with the organization. As a matter of fact if Governor Lord fore Clerk Morrow. was the real governor and had as Clay Myers leaves today for his ranch much snap as a corrugated wart, he over in Gilliam county. would declare the seats of all who had remained out of the house, and refused to be sworn, as vacant, and call for special elections. This with mules. He succeeded in selling would undoubtedly be in accord at a fair figure. with the laws of our state and would forever put an end to such lessening dangers. The majority of peo-

CONGRESSMAN ELLIS' bill to extend the time in which forfeited railroad lands could be purchased, troys \$1.50 worth of grain annually though passed after Jan. 1, 1897, Wakelee's Squirrel and Gopher Exterwill help many a man in Oregon and Washington. Owing to extreme hard times, it was almost impossible for a large number of washington. Wakelee's Squirrel and Gopher Exterminator is the most effective and economical poison known. Price reduced to Ephron silver "current money with the merchant." And the merchants of the world have been saying what shall be "current money from that day to this.

Governments are as powerless to suspend the claimants to buy in their land be- agent, Ione; Nichols & Leach, agents law of value as they are to suspend the law of fore the expiration of the time Lexington. granted under the old law, and but for the passage of Mr. Ellis' bill hands and lips, cuts, bruises, scalds, they would have lost their rights, burns are quickly cured by DeWitt's The extension of time to Jan. 1. Witch Hazel Salve. It is at present the 1899, gives our people one more article most used for piles, and it always chance which they will doubtless

H. Mitchell and free silver has direct to Eastern bayers. See him beplaced Geo. W. McBride and H. fore you sell your pelts. W. Corbett in the U. S. senate .-Crook County Journal.

One must go away from home to learn the news.

TRADE reports say that wool is booming. Certain it is that the outlook is much brighter. Sales are brisk in the east at better pri- prevent distress, and digosces. Prospects are very good for tion, cure constipation. our section this year.

GREEK forces in Crete will resist attempts to remove them from the

W. E. ELLSWORTH, of Portland, after two years' imprisonment in the county jail, was acquitted last Sunday on the charge of poisoning

Hon. BINGER HERMANN has been nominated by the president commissioner of the general land office. The Gazette congratulates Mr. Hermann on his success.

EX-CHAMPION CORBETT is wagging his jaw again. It is unfortunate that Fitz did not jolt it into inactivity. Corbett lost many friends through his continual talk, and if he continues he will lose the few left.

H. W. Corbett will never be seated of the American Bankers' association at At-"There was only one way to dethe Gazette's editor, but that's
the re-election of Sepator
shout as far as it goes Portland
twenty instructive reading. We reprint it in feat the re-election of Senator about as far as it goes.—Portland to very install below:

Does it? Indeed it is settled

Heppner looks down upon as a quarts equaled a gallon or to revise the multi-plication table and enact that 10 times 10 very small village, has a little newspaper, the Record, that is favored

paper, the Record, that is favored

plication table and enact that is plus that so paper, and the government stamp, by being touched by the government stamp, by being touched by the government stamp, by being touched by the government stamp. missions have gained a victory with ten local ads. to every one in the Gazette. It proves that Arplished, and many others affect to believe it for practical purposes. opportunity the people are given lington people are trying to do the efforts of their newspaper.

THERE are one or two papers in Oregon whose editors are so small in the veriest common courtesy that they could crawl through a bullet. in a sorry plight when the people that they could crawl through a

The Gazette wonders if Mr. White refers to Harvey Scott and himself? We confess our ignorance icarned nothing in 100 years. We do know himself? We confess our ignorance in the matter.

Beaming With Smiles

Are the countenances of people who have found speedy and thorough relief from about 22 to 1. The consistent man is not the Are the countenances of people who have contributed more than any other malarial, kidney, bilious, dyspeptic or malarial, kidney, bilious, dyspeptic or one who stands in one place always, regardless for the changing conditions around him, but it to Thos. Buckman, Coos..... 225 ters from their owners attesting the effi-200 cacy of the great family medicine. Among in the world has been on a gold standard basis. T. M. Munkers, Linn....... 865 the woe-begone look which accompanies dearning and invention, where schools and churches abound, where the dignity of man is G. F. Schmidtlein, Jackson . 1,747 sickness will give away to cheerful looks

> Nat Webb is over from Walla Walla A. J. Cook was in from Lena yester-

Morris Ball is down from Will Mal-

below Lexington.

Dr. J. M. Wilson returned from Portland this morning.

Jack Murray is in from the country John W. Allstott proved up today be-

Frank Sloan was up from lower Butter creek yesterday.

The length of life may be increased by disgraceful holdups in the state of Oregon.

Die die from lung troubles. These may be averted by promptly useing One Minute Cough Cure. Couser & Brock

SAVE YOUR GRAIN

Few realize that each squirrel des

Scaly eruptions on the head, chapped cures them. Conser Brock.

At Heppner's warehouse Phill Cobp. will pay the highest market price for full THE personal fight in favor of J. wool pelts, hides, furs, etc. Phill sells

Ed. R. Bishop is in receipt of a telegram from Salem today which conveyed the end news of the death of his father, B. B. Bishop. He was aged 71 years.

THE "SOUND MONEY" LIT- heth. Macaulay in columns is published under

Judge Aldredge, at Atlanta, Before Convention of American Bankers.

Wit and Humor, With Sound Logic, Kept the Convention In an Uproar-Case Stated So Plainly That All Can Understand It. Five Principal Free Coinage Arguments Answered In Turn-Chinch Bugs and Bollworms Versus 16 to 1 Cranks-What Makes Interest Low?-Important Prices That Have Risen Since 1873.

Perhaps the sound money speech in greates by the United States senate. Per- lanta, Ga. We are certain that all of our read-

The proposition that this government should coin silver for the world, in unlimited amount, at double its market value, is so repugnant to the common sense of mankind that it ought to The little town of Arlington, that

The little town of Arlington, that

for practical purposes.

In all ages of the world there have been debusiness and that they appreciate lusions in reference to money, and in spite of uniform disastrous results many are ever ready to listen to the teachings of any chariatan who claims that he has discovered a short-or route to wealth. They refuse to apply to money that hard common sense which they

> their methods of business, their means of transportation, or the implements with which that in fixing a ratio they attributed no magic to the government stamp, but sought diligent-ly to ascertain the market value of the two metals in the leading nations of the world and conformed, as they thought, strictly to this

any of them remain on a silver basis. But to-day the United States, the foremost nation in all the earth in solvency and resources, in intelligence and energy, is seriously invited to abandon the standard of civilization and com-merce and to consort with half civilized, half clad people, who are weak and ignorant, who have little or no commerce, where bull fights abound and schools do not, where human labor is in sharp competition with the meek and lowly jackass, where a breechciout is preferred J. H. Piper is in today from his ranch to a full suit and where the bulk of the people know no more about a standard of value than

of value and one less liable to instruction than a single gold standard. Second.-Gold has appreciated in value and

Third.—The supply of gold is inadequate to make it a safe standard, and the scarcity of it will tend to the depression of prices.

Fourth.—The free, unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of it to I will create unlimited demand for silver and restore it to par Fifth.—Free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 will increase the prices of property.

Mythical "Double Standard." With reference to the first proposition: A standard of value is some exact measure which enters tnto and becomes a part of every con tract, and to which all obligations are referable. If our government could, by legal enactment, fix the value of gold and sliver in the markets of the world and could keep them adjusted to a fixed ratio, a double standard would be practicable. But it cannot fix or maintain value. The buyers of the world, the merchants, do that. When Abraham purchased

alternating from one standard to the other. England tried it for 470 years, and it was an England tried it for 60 years, and it was an utter failure. France changed her ratio 118 times in 12 years trying to walk the double standard light rope. We tried it and went first to a silver basis, then to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold basis, then to a paper basis and then back to a gold now for butter, chickens and eggs as they did in greenbacks in 1872 and the erop is more valuable than the wheat and cotton crops combined. Tobacco, potatous, bacon, hay, coffee, leather, whisky and a hundred other things have not declined in price. measures of value any more than there can be two different correct weights to sell by, two different correct companies to sail by or two different correct thormometers to measure

temperature by. If one measure is correct, the other cannot differ from it and be correct. made legal tender, if either is undervalued in the coinage law the undervalued metal goes Best to take after themer:

prevent distress, aid digostion, cure constipation.

Purely regetable; do not grips
or cause pain. Sold by all druggists. It cents.

Prepared only by C. I. Hood & to., Lewell, Mass.

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The comage law the undervatued metal goes out of the middle of the middle of the modern and the middle of the work they did. The cost of the production, cure constipation.

About the middle of the work they did. The cost of the production of an article fixes its value. This is necessarily so, because if the profit is large, others arily so, because if the profit is large, others will be attracted to the business until the price.

[Continued on 4th page.]

erature appearing in these clumns is published under consequences. He was described the directly consequences. He was described to the directly consequences. the direction of the "Sound Money Club," of New York.

A CREAT SPECH

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The direction of the "Sound Money Club," of New York.

The one case the creditor is deceived, and in the other he is forced. It is simply the difference between theft and robbery. The law of money has never failed. We know what will be its operation just as we know that the deadliest poison will kill because it always has killed.

The gold standard advocates believe in gold as a standard with the largest possible safe use of silver among the people. The 16 to 1 dreamers believe in the so called double standdreamers believe in the so called double stand-ard, and we are driven by this law to the use of silver aloue. All gold standard coun-tries use large amounts of silver and no silver standard country uses any gold what-ever. As the practical question is the use of the metals, it follows that we are the bimetallist and the 16 to 1 people are the monometallist. Hence the battle that is to be fought to a finish next vear is whether we be fought to a finish next year is whether we will remain under a gold standard, with actual bimetallism in use among the people—gold and silver circulating freely without discrim-ination against either—or shall we have a so called double standard at the mints and nowhere else, with silver monometallism in actual use? The battle is between substance and shadow, between those who want bimetallism in fact and those who want it in name only. We are the friends of silver money, who would PATTERSON, the editor of the Heppner Gazette, says the Hon.

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H. W. C Our government has been and is now coining silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. It is enabled to do this, because under the law it can restrict the amount coined, and, being vested with this control, it undertakes to make every dollar good money. The moment the government loses control of the coinage, confidence in its ability to protect the money issued is gone, and a silver dollar then rests on its merit

it and is worth & cents. To illustrate: A merchant could very well guarantee the expenses of his clerk if he were allowed to con-trol the expenses, but if the clerk demanded free and unlimited expenses then the mer-chant would have to "stand from under" and let the expenses take care of themselves. We hear a great deal of indignant declama-tion because the government does not pay its "coin" obligations in silver. To maintain the parity between gold and silver it is essential that the government in receiving its dues and paying its debts must ignore the inferiority of silver, just as a mother pretends not to see the limp of her lame child. This gives the option of metals to the person dealing with the gov ernment, whether as debtor or creditor. If the government should discriminate against silver by refusing to receive it for dues, or by insist-ing on paying it instead of gold, that moment the parity would be gone and the silver in every man's pocket would would be at a dis-count. Its coinage being under the control of

the government, the government makes it good at its counter, and this makes it good at every counter in the world.

negro who, when asked how he was getting

two weeks est up one-haif of the 18 to 1 argument on prices and sent the prices back into the noighborhood of those of 1873. The old hay-seeds, who knew the habits of the chinch bug and the kind of a multiplication table he used in regulating the increase in his family, took the trains for Chicago, commenced buying wheat and broke all the "smart Alecks" in the city. They may have talked gold standard depression at home, but they put their money on the chinch bug in the city and won. The caterpillar and bollworm can do the same thing for cotton. I only know the chinch bug by reputa-The invitation is that this country, after having adjusted its enormous business for 20 years to a gold standard, shall suddenly readjust all business and all values to what is termed a double standard of gold and sliver. The arguments advanced in behalf of such a change are:

First.—A double standard resting upon walne and one less walne and one less walne and one less walness and sliver. Cotton brought \$1 a pound in New York dur-ing the war, and 80 to 40 cents a pound the first year after the war on account of the four years' cotton famine from 1861 to 1865, and it was several years getting down to its normal price. The price declined when we made too much of it. The largest cotton crop made with slave labor was 4.609,770 bales, and I remember it was confidently predicted that no such crop would ever be made with free labor. The crop of 1872 was less than 8,000,000 bales, and we gradually increased it to a little less than 10,000,000 bales in 1894. India, Egypt and Brazil are also raising larger crops of cotten. The immense crop of 1894 was thrown upon a market illy prepared to receive it. For three years there had been less cotton goods consumed than usual, owing to the worldwide panic and depression of business following the Baring failure, and these two conditions meeting-overproduction and underconsumption-brought cotton down to a very low price. Some of the Populists tell us there cannot be overproduction until every man, woman and child in the world has a rotund stomach and a

ernment to take care of every loafer who is too lazy to work for a living, and is too con-temptible to waste an answer on. Prices of Corn, Hogs, Butter, Potatoes, Etc., law of value as they are to suspend the law of gravitation. Such being the case, I can conserve of two standards one of gold and the other of silver, and contracts might be made referable to either standard, but the indeterminate double standard, resting on two metals not linked together by any binding obligation, but both acting under go as you please rules, is to me absolutely incomprehensible. We cannot bind them together as we do two metals in the pendulum of a clock or in the mainspring of a watch. No people ever did business under the imaginary double standard, and every attempt to suferce it has resulted in alternating from one standard to the other. worth \$40 in gold in 1877 and \$00 in gold in 1806.

full suit of clothes. This is based upon the communistic idea that it is the duty of gov-

crops combined. Tobacco, potatous, bacon hay, coffee, leather, whisky and a hundred other things have not declined in price. Labor, Land, Wool and Horses. The labor crop is equal in value to all othe crops combined, and it has steadily advance in price. Land is much more valuable in gon now than in 1872, notwithstanding it was de-pressed by the panto of 1802 and 1806. The price of wood has declined, but the world's produc-tion of it, since 1872, has doubled and the us-of it has been partiy supplanted by the use of cotton goods. Horses have declined, but the railroads, electric cars and bicycles are doing

Mr. Grocer: there are thousands of people who want good tea (many don't drink tea now, because it has been either costly or bad) and here is Schilling's Best

-good tea at a fair price. Don't you want to sell lots of such tea, and moneyback it if your customers don't like it. A Schilling & Company San Francisco

Heppner to Pendleton via Heppner-Echo Stage Line. Persons desirous of visiting Pendleton can save time and money by taking this route. By ac quainting the agents the previous evening the stage will make connection with 2 o'clock train at Echo for Pendleton Office at City Drug Store. W. D. LORD. Proprietor.

NOTICE OF CONTEST. UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,

La Grande, Oregon, March 9, 1897.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN MADE AT
this office by the duly verified and corroborated affidavit of Paul G. W. Balsiger, alleging that George W. Isom, who made homestead entry No. 6194, on Oct. 22, 1892, at the United States Land Office at La Grande Oregon, for the NW1/4 Set4, N/4 SW4, and SW4/4 NW4/4 Sec 33. Tp 4 8. R 29 E. W. M., has wholly abandoned said tract; that he has changed his residence therefrom for more than six months since making said entry and that said tract is not settled upon nor cultivated by said party as required by law.

Therefore, with the view of the cancellation of said entry the said parties are hereby summoned and required to be sppear before E. L. Freeland, U. S. Circuit Court Commissioner at his office at Heppner, Oregon, onthe 6th day of May, 1897 at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, then and there to produce such testimony as they may have concerning said allegations, the final hearing to be had before the Register and Receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on the 22d day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Register,

J. H. ROBBINS,

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS BELLERY GIVEN THAT UNDER and by virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for the government, the government makes it good at its counter, and this makes it good at its counter, and this makes it good at every counter in the world.

If there is anything in the double standard at stability idea we ought to work for it for all it is worth. If two metals will fix value better than one, then three metals will beat two, and four beat three, and by having eight or ten metals in the standard we can anchor it so that it will not crawl an inch in 1,000 years.

The second proposition is that gold has appreciated and thereby depressed prices. The same cause operating upon a number of articles will produce the same effect in all those not affected by a contravening cause. When we contemplate prices, we find that since the articles have declined in value, some have remained stationary, while some risen in price, and no contravening causes will account for the failure of gold to depress all alike. We find that no two articles have declined at the same time or in the same degree, nor has any one article remained uniformly depressed. This demonstrates that, as to those articles that have declined, no one controlling cause can be assigned as having produced these results.

The stock argument of the l6 to I people is that wheat and cotton have declined, and they seem to gloat over the fact. I knew an old negro who, when asked how he was getting and the county of Morrow County of Morrow County of Morrow County of Morrow and to me directed and delivered, upon a judgment rendered and delivered upon of five the red in said court on the 20

SHERIFF'S SALE and they are thankful when the country is poorly on wheat and cotton. Since 1873 the vast fertile prairies of the northwest have been turned into wheatfields, so that the production of wheat in the United States has been doubled since then. The same thing has been going on in Russia and South America. The wonderful improvements in machinery for harvesting wheat and the extension of railroads for transporting it to market gave an immense impetus to the production of it. A farmer can make more money raising it at 50 cents per bushel today than he could at \$1 per bushel 29 years ago. The result has been that the overproduction of wheat has reduced its price, and the gold standard had nothing to do with the reduction. Its price is regulated by supply and demand.

Chinch Bugs, Caterpillars and Bollworms.

Last May a little bug settled down on the wheatfields of the northwest, and in one or two weeks est up one-half of the 18 to 1 argument on prices and sent the prices back into the neighborhood of those of 1873 the void standard, had nothed the country is described by the price is regulated by supply and demand.

Saturday, the 10th day of April, 1897,

Saturday, the 10th day of April, 1897, Saturday, the 10th day of April, 1897, at 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the hont door of the court house in Heppner, Morrow County, Oregon, sell all the right, title and unterest of the said J. B. Sperry, S. C. Sperry, Perry Snyder and the Oregon Railway and Navigation Campany in and to the above described real property at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the proceeds to be applied to the satisfaction of said execution and all costs and costs that may accrue. E. L. MATLOCK,

Sheriff of Morrow County, Oregon,
Dated March 11th, 1897. 524-32.

Notice of Intention.

L AND OFFICE AT THE DALLES OREGON, March 17, 1897. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. L. Freeland, U. S. Com. at Heppner, Oregon, on May 5th, 1897, viz:

ALEXANDER L. WALKER, Hd. E. No. 4215, for the E14 NE14 Sec 32 and W15 NW14 Sec. 33, Tp 28, R 25 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cuitivation his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Alonzo M. Markham, Nathan Shaw, of Hepp ner, Oregon, Ralph Benge, James Brown, or Lexington, Oregon. JAS, F. MOORE.

NOTICE OF INTENTION.

L AND OFFICE AT THE DALLES, OREGON, Mar. 11, 1897. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before J. W. Morrow, County Clerk, at Heppner, Oregon, on May 18, 1897, viz:

Hd. E. No. 4170, for the SE's SE's, Sec. 29, NE's, SE's and E's, NE's, Sec. 32, Tp. 4 S., R. 20 E., W. M.
She names theffollowing witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
Charles S. Emery, James O. Williams, Mrs. Ann E. Chapel, Edward S. Cox, all of Jardman, Oregon.

Register.

Pendleton, Oregon.

WOOL GOMMISSION Reasonable Advances Made on Clips of '97

WOOL SOLD

C. E. RANOUS,

HEPPNER, OREGON.

Plans and Specifications furnished on Contracting a Specialty.

All kinds of lumber, shingles, such cours and windows on hand and furnished at All kinds of repairing done at reasonable rates. Leave orders with P. C.

MA BIG

## BISHOP'S STORE

HEPPER, OREGON

20,000 POUNDS

Consisting of

Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Bedroom Suites, Bedsteads, Book Cases, Lounges, Sofas, Spring Mattresses, Wool Mattresses, Parlor Suits, Center Tables, etc., etc. Brussels Carpets, Wool Carpets, Mattings, Sideboards, Mirrors, Hat Racks, Hanging Lamps, Portieres, Pillows, Blankets, Stoves, etc., etc.

All the above Goods are Placed on Sale at Half Value or Less.

Will be Sold Regardless of Cost. Fix up your homes at once with Stylish Furniture, while this opportunity is offered.

Our Sale on General Merchandise Still Continues.

A LARGE STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Farmers at a distance should call soon, thereby getting a better selection.

OOTS AND SHOES....

M. LICHTENTHAL'S

He has anything in this line that you may desire and you can depend on it you get a good article when Mat guarantees it. SHOES IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES. Old Stand, Main Street.



Do You Want a Rig? Don't You Want a Place to Put up Your Team? Are You in Need of a Saddle

Horse? All these can be procured at Thompson & Binr ., Lower Main Street, Heppner, Oregon.

These gentlemen are well acquainted with Grant, Harney, Crook, Gilliam and other counties and can save money and time in making these sections with traveling men. Prices in keeping with the times.

THOMPSON & BINNS,

## HELP WANTED!

We are preparing for a big spring trade, but must have help to make it a howling success. We are filling up and completing our stock of

**GROCERIES AND HARDWARE** 

which will be sold as low as possible for a legitimate business. We have many customers now but there are still several vacancies in this department of our store, to be

Applications will be received at all hours of the day. Apply in person or by letter to

P. C. Thompson Co. Corner Main and Willow Streets.

THE =



Farmers and Villagers. Fathers and Mothers, Sons and Daughters, All the Family.

With the close of the Presidential campaign THE TRIBUNE recognizes the fact that the American people are now anxious to give their time to home and business interests. To meet this condition politics will have far less space and prominence, until another State or National occasion demands a renewal of the fight for the principles for Heppner, Echo, Pendleton, Baker which THE TRIBUNE has labored from its inception to the present day, and won its greatest victories.

Every possible effort will be put forth, and money freely spent to make THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE pre-eminently a

National Family Newspaper. CONTRACTOR & BUILDER interesting, instructive, entertaining and indispensable to each member

> We furnish "The Gazette" and "N. Y. Weekly Tribune" one Year for \$3.00.

Address all Orders to THE GAZETTE.