

O.R.&N.

TO THE EAST

GIVES THE CHOICE
Of Two Transcontinental
ROUTES

GREAT UNION
NORTHERN RY. • PACIFIC RY.
VIA VIA
Spokane Denver
MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA
—AND—
St. Paul Kansas City

LOW RATES TO ALL
EASTERN CITIES.

Ocean Steamers Leave Portland
Every 5 Days For

SAN FRANCISCO

For full details call on O. R. & N.
Agent to Heppner, or address
W. H. HURLEBURT,
Gen. Pass. Agt.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
E. McNEILL, President and Manager.

QUICK TIME!
—TO—

San Francisco

And all points in California, via the Mt. Shasta
route of the

Southern Pacific Co

The great highway through California to all
points East and South. Grand Scenic Route
of the Pacific Coast. Pullman Buffet
Sleepers. Second-class Sleepers.

Attached to express trains, affording superior
accommodations for second-class passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations,
etc., call upon or address
E. KORBLES, Manager, E. P. ROGERS, Asst.
Gen. F. & P. Agt., Portland, Oregon

THROUGH TICKETS

EAST AND SOUTHEAST

VIA THE UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Through Pullman Palace Sleepers.
Tourist Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair
Cars DAILY to Chicago.

Many hours saved via this line to Eastern
Points.

STEAM HEAT. PINTSCH LIGHTS.
LOWEST RATES.

R. W. BAXTER, Gen. Agent,
Portland, Oregon.
J. C. HART, Agent, Heppner, Oregon.

Scientific American Agency for **PATENTS**

CONVEYS,
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
COPYRIGHTS, and
MINERAL RIGHTS.

For information and free Handbook write to
Scientific American Patent Agency,
100 N. 3rd St., New York, N. Y.

Every patent taken out by us is brought before
the Patent Office in the best possible shape.

Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the
world. Regularly illustrated. Its intelligent
readers should be without it. Price \$2.00 per
year \$1.00 in advance. Address, Scientific American
Publishing Co., 100 N. 3rd St., New York, N. Y.

CHICAGO, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y



Glance at this Map

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Rail-
road and note its connections with all transcon-
tinental lines and St. Paul and Omaha, and
remember that its routes are lighted with elec-
tricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is
superior. Kitchens buffet, library, smoking and
sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each
sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp,
and its dining cars are the best in the world.
Other lines are longer than this, but none are
shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious
accommodations. These are sufficient reasons
for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Give
tickets agents to every railroad office with you
for further information, or address
C. J. EDDY, General Agent,
J. W. GARRY, Travel Agent,
PULLMAN, CHICAGO.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—Gold pens are now usually tipped
with iridium. The bits of this metal
are laid in notches at the point of the
pen, then fastened on with flux, being
afterward ground and polished for use.
—Pliny says that the liquor of the
cuttlefish was often used by the Romans
as an ink. It was considered superior
to the lampblack preparation, but was
not used so freely on account of its
much greater cost.

—Several species of the rhododend-
rons have the singular peculiarity of
producing a poisonous honey. Chem-
ists have repeatedly examined the flow-
er, but have not detected the poisonous
principle, which appears to be only de-
veloped after the bees have manufac-
tured the juices of the flower into honey.

—A Mrs. Richard King is the owner
of a landed estate in Texas which oc-
cupies nearly two thousand square
miles. She employs a small army of
men on her property, which is also a
congressional district, and her power is
so great among her employes that she
can readily dictate, it is said, who shall
be the next representative from that
district at Washington.

—News was brought from Sitka to
Portland recently that the whaling
season had been the most un-
successful of recent years. The catch
of the entire fleet so far as reported has
been but twenty-three whales. Four-
teen deaths occurred in the fleet, and a
number of sailors who ran away when
near land and have not been heard of
since are supposed to have frozen to
death.

—Two Lyons students are traveling
through France with a pouce-pouce,
the form of perambulator used at the
last Paris exhibition. It weighs one
hundred pounds and they carry another
one hundred pounds of baggage. One
rides, while the other pushes him for
an hour; then they change about. They
have reached Paris, and will go to Bor-
deaux, Marseilles, and back to Lyons.

—British museum authorities have no
right to exclude persons from their
reading room, according to a recent
London county court decision. They
had undertaken to keep out one of the
eccentric nuisances who plead their
own cases in English courts, but the
court held that the collections by statute
are "free to all studious and curious
persons" so long as they observe the
regulations.

—A cargo of nearly three million feet
of lumber was loaded at Port Town-
send, Wash., a week ago for Delagoa
bay, South Africa. It was destined for
use in the mines in the interior. One
usually thinks of Africa as having no
scarcity of timber. But it is most
probably the means of cutting it that
are lacking. American lumber finds a
good market in most of the forest cov-
ered islands of the West Indies for the
same reason.

—The sea serpent made its latest ap-
pearance in Bellingham bay, Wash.,
recently, and seventeen residents of
New Whatcom are ready to make af-
fidavit that they saw it. They are equal-
ly positive with the Wall street man
who saw it, or one of the Jersey coast
last month, and it is to be assumed either
that there are two or more sea ser-
pents, or that it is a very rapid swim-
mer, or that it knows the route of the
northwest passage.

—The "Era of Actium," adopted dur-
ing the early days of the Roman em-
pire, commemorates the great vic-
tory gained by Octavius over the
troops of Anthony and Cleopatra,
January 1, B. C. 30. It was often
used among the Romans both in
writing and colloquially, just as in
England people speak of events as oc-
curring before or after "The Con-
quest," or as persons in this country
frequently refer to events as having
happened before or after "the war."

DEEPLY GRIEVED.

But a Strange and Sudden Change Came
Over Her Spirit.

Mrs. Swayback sighed when her
daughter told her that Mr. Trivet had
asked her to be his wife and that she
had become engaged.

"I suppose I ought not to feel badly
about it," Mrs. Swayback added, wip-
ping away a tear with the corner of her
apron. "It is woman's duty to be mar-
ried. I left the home of my happy girl-
hood to become Mrs. Swayback, and
now you must leave to become Mrs.
Trivet. Still, I cannot help feeling my
loss very deeply. A mother can never
lose her daughter with indifference; she
can never give her up—not even to the
best man in the world—without re-
luctance."

By this time Mrs. Swayback was sob-
bing violently and her daughter was
trying to comfort her.

"I shall come to see you often, mother,
darling," she said.

"Of course you will, but it is a great
trial to part with you, my child. You
must not mind your fond mother's cry-
ing a bit over it."
"Dry your eyes, mother. I'm sure
you couldn't get a finer young man
than Mr. Trivet for a son-in-law, and
of course you expected me to get mar-
ried sometime."

Mrs. Swayback's sobs broke out
afresh, and for some time she refused
to be comforted. Then she applied a
handkerchief vigorously to her eyes
and asked:

"When is the wedding to be?"

"In about six months, mamma, dear."

"Six months!" exclaimed Mrs. Sway-
back. "What on earth does the pro-
prietary mean by putting it off that
long? Mary Ann, I don't believe he
intends to marry you at all, so I don't
if he did insist on having the wed-
ding come off inside six weeks at the
farthest."—Judge.

Across the Sky.

"Excuse me, Nap," remarked Gen.
Jackson, "but why do you persist in
wearing your right hand inside your
vest? Have you a sore thumb?"

The great Corsican looked at the
venerable American in scorn for what
would have been a moment on earth,
where there is such a thing as time, and
answered: "That, sir, is my vested
right!"—Indianapolis Journal.

This is Your Opportunity.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps,
a generous sample will be mailed of the
most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure
(Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demon-
strate the great merits of the remedy.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren St., New York City.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont.,
recommended Ely's Cream Balm to his
own associates by statement, "It is the
best cure for catarrh if used as directed."
—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Park
Church, Helena, Mont.

Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged
cure for catarrh and catarrh is necessary
for any infectious drug. Price, 50 cents.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Full Text of the Declaration of Principles.

The Republicans of the United States,
assembled by their representatives in
national convention, appealing for popu-
lar and historical justification of their
claims to the matchless achievements of
30 years of Republican rule, earnestly
and confidently address themselves to
the awakened intelligence, experience
and conscience of their countrymen in
the following declaration of facts and
principles:

For the first time since the civil war
the American people have witnessed the
calamitous consequences of full and un-
restricted Democratic control of the
government. It has been a record of
unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and
disaster. In administrative management
it has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable
revenue, entailed an increasing deficit,
sked out ordinary current expenses with
borrowed money, piled up the public
debt by \$262,000,000 in time of peace,
perpetrated an adverse balance of trade,
kept foreign menace hanging over the re-
demption fund, pawned American credit
to alien syndicates and reversed all the
measures and results of successful Repu-
blican rule. In the broad effect of its
policy it has precipitated panic, blighted
the commerce of the world, protracted
depression, closed factories, reduced work
and wages, halted enterprise and crippled
American production while stimu-
lating foreign production for the Amer-
ican market. Every consideration of
public safety and individual interest
demands that the government shall be
rescued from the hands of those who
have shown themselves incapable to
conduct it without disaster at home and
dishonor abroad, and shall be restored to
the party which for 30 years adminis-
tered it with unequalled success and
prosperity; and in this connection we
heartily endorse the wisdom, patriotism
and success of the administration of
President Harrison.

THE TARIFF.

We renew and emphasize our alle-
giance to the policy of protection as the
bulwark of American industrial inde-
pendence and the foundation of Ameri-
can development and prosperity. This
true American policy taxes foreign pro-
ducts and encourages home industry and
puts the burden of revenue on foreign
goods; it secures the American market
for the American producer; it upholds
the American standard of wages for the
American workman; it puts the fac-
tory by the side of the farm, and makes
the American farmer less dependent on
foreign demand and price; it diffuses
general thrift, and founds the strength
of all on the strength of each. In its
reasonable application it is just, fair and
impartial, equally opposed to foreign
control and domestic monopoly; to sec-
tional discrimination and individual
favoritism. We denounce the present
democratic tariff as sectional, injurious
to public credit and destructive to busi-
ness enterprise. We demand such
equitable tariff on foreign imports which
come into competition with American
products as will not only furnish ade-
quate revenue for the necessary expen-
ses of the government, but will protect
American labor from the degradation to
the wage level of other lands.

We are not pledged to any particular
schedules. The question of rates is a
practical question to be governed by
conditions of the time and of production.
The ruling and uncompromising prin-
ciple is the protection and development
of American labor and industry. The
country demands a right settlement and
then it wants rest.

ON RECIPROCI-
TY.

We believe the repeal of the reciproci-
ty arrangements negotiated by the last
Republican administration was a nation-
al calamity and we demand their re-
newal and extension on such terms as will
equalize our trade with other nations,
remove restrictions which now obstruct
the sale of American products in ports
of other countries, and secure enlarged
markets for the products of our farms,
forests and factories.

Protection and reciprocity are twin
measures of Republican policy, and go
hand in hand. Democratic rule has
recklessly struck down both, and both
must be re-established; protection for
what we produce; free admission for the
necessaries of life which we do not pro-
duce; reciprocal agreement of mutual
interests which gain open markets in re-
turn for our open markets to others.
Protection builds up domestic industry
and trade, and secures our own market
for ourselves; reciprocity builds up for-
eign trade and finds an outlet for our
surplus.

SUGAR.

We condemn the present adminis-
tration for not keeping faith with the sugar
producers of this country. The Repub-
lican party favors such protection as will
lead to the production on American soil
of all sugar which American people use
and for which they pay other countries
more than \$100,000,000 annually.

WOOL AND WOOLENS.

To all our products, to those of mine
and field as well as those of the shop
and factory; to hemp, to wool, to the
product of the great industry busbandry,
as well as to finished woens of the
mill, we promise most ample protection.

MERCHANT MARINE.

We favor restoring the early American
policy of discriminating duties for the
upbuilding of our merchant marine and
the protection of our shipping interests
in the foreign carrying trade, to Ameri-
can ships—the product of American
labor employed in American shipyards,
sailing under the Stars and Stripes, and
manned, officered and owned by Ameri-
cans—may regain the carrying of our
foreign commerce.

FINANCIAL PLAN.

The republican party is unreservedly
for sound money. It caused the enact-
ment of the law providing for the
resumption of specie payments in 1879;
since then every dollar has been as good
as gold.

We are unalterably opposed to every
measure calculated to debase our cur-
rency or impair the credit of our coun-
try.

We are, therefore, opposed to the free
coinage of silver, except by international
agreement with the leading commercial
nations of the world, which we pledge
ourselves to promote, and until such an
agreement can be obtained, the existing
gold standard must be preserved. All
of our silver and paper currency now in
circulation must be maintained at a
parity with gold, and we favor all mea-
sures designed to maintain inviolable
the obligations of the United States and all
our money, whether coin or paper, at the
present standard—the standard of the
most enlightened nations of the earth.

AS TO PENSIONS.

The veterans of the Union armies de-
serve and should receive fair treatment
and generous recognition. Whenever
practicable they should be given prefer-
ence in the matter of employment and
they are entitled to the enactment of
such laws as are best calculated to se-
cure the fulfillment of pledges made to
them in the dark days of the country's
peril. We denounce the practice in the
pension bureau, so recklessly and un-
justly carried on by the present adminis-
tration, of reducing pensions and arbi-
trarily dropping names from the role as
deserving the severest condemnation of
the American people.

OUR FOREIGN POLICY.

Our foreign policy should be at all
times firm, vigorous and dignified, and
all our interests in the western hemi-
sphere carefully watched and guarded.
The Hawaiian islands should be con-
trolled by the United States, and no foreign
power should be permitted to interfere
with them; the Nicaragua canal should
be built, owned and operated by the
United States; and by the purchase of
the Danish islands we should secure a
proper and much needed station in the
West Indies.

The massacres in Armenia have aroun-
ded the deep sympathy and just indigna-
tion of the American people, and we be-
lieve the United States should exercise
all the influence it can properly exert to
bring these atrocities to an end. In
Turkey American residents have been
exposed to the gravest dangers and
American property destroyed. There
and everywhere American citizens and
American property must be absolutely
protected at all hazards and at any cost.

MONROE DOCTRINE.

We reassert the Monroe doctrine in
its fullest extent and we reaffirm the
right of the United States to give the
doctrine effect by responding to the ap-
peals of any American state or friendly
intervention in case of European en-
croachment.

We shall not be interfered and shall
not interfere with the existing posses-
sions of any European power in this
hemisphere, but those possessions must
not, on any pretext, be extended. We
hopefully look forward to the event-
ual withdrawal of European powers
from this hemisphere and to the ultimate
union of all English speaking parts of
the continent by free consent of its in-
habitants.

CUBAN RESOLUTION.

From the hour of achieving their own
independence, the people of the United
States have regarded with sympathy the
struggles of other American people to
free themselves from European domina-
tion. We watch with deep and abiding
interest the heroic battle of the Cuban
people against cruelty and oppression;
and our best hopes go out for the full
success of their determined contest for

liberty. The government of Spain hav-
ing lost control of Cuba and being unable
to protect the property or lives of resi-
dent American citizens or to comply with
its treaty obligations, we believe the
government of the United States should
actively use its influence and good offices
to restore peace and give independ-
ence to the island.

THE NAVY.

The peace and security of the republic
and the maintenance of its rightful in-
fluence among the nations of the earth
demand a naval power commensurate
with its position and responsibility. We,
therefore, favor continued enlargement
of the navy and complete system of har-
bor and seacoast defenses.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

For the protection of the quality of our
American citizenship and of wages of
our workmen against the fatal com-
petition of low priced labor, we demand
that the immigration laws be thor-
oughly enforced and so extended as to ex-
clude from entrance to the United States
those who can neither read nor write.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The civil service law was placed on
the statute books by the republican
party, which has always maintained it,
and we renew our repeated declarations
that it shall be thoroughly and honestly
enforced and extended wherever practi-
cable.

FREE BALLOT.

We demand that every citizen of the
United States shall be allowed to cast a
free and unrestricted ballot, and such
ballot shall be counted and returned as
cast.

LYNCHING.

We proclaim our unqualified condem-
nation of the uncivilized and barbarous
practice known as the lynching or killing
of human beings suspected or charged
with crime, without process of law.

NATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We favor the creation of a national
board of arbitration to settle and adjust
the differences which may arise between
employers and engaged in inter-
state commerce.

HOMESTEADS.

We believe in the immediate return
to the free homestead policy of the Repu-
blican party, and urge the passage
by congress of the satisfactory free
homestead measure which has already
passed the house and is now pending in
the senate.

TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the remain-
ing territories at the earliest practicable
date, having due regard to the interest of
the territories and the United States. All
federal officers appointed for territories
should be selected from bona fide resi-
dents thereof, and the right of self-govern-
ment should be accorded as far as practi-
cable. We believe the citizens of Alaska
should have representation in the
congress of the United States to the end
that needed legislation may be intelli-
gently enacted.

TEMPERANCE.

We sympathize with all wise and legi-
timate efforts to lessen and prevent the
evils of intemperance and promote mor-
ality.

RIGHTS OF WOMEN.

The Republican party is mindful of
the rights of women. Protection of
American industries includes equal
opportunities, equal pay for equal
work and protection to the home. We
favor the admission of women to wider
spheres of usefulness and welcome their
co-operation in rescuing the country from
Democratic and Populist mismanagement
and misrule.

Such are the principles and policies
of the republican party. By these prin-
ciples we will abide, and these policies
we will put into execution. We ask for
them the considerate judgment of the
American people. Confident alike in
the history of our great party and in the
justice of our cause we present our plat-
form and our candidates in the full as-
surance that the election will bring
victory to the Republican party and
prosperity to the people of the United
States.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting in-
cident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other
diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by
applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin
Remedy. Many very bad cases have been
permanently cured by it. It is equally
efficient for itching piles and a favorite re-
medy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chil-
blains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes.
For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they
are just what a horse needs when in bad con-
dition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.
For sale by Conser & Brock, druggists

Bill Throwing it Up.
Mrs. Melvill (looking over the pa-
per)—Billinger, here is an article
about women barbers. One of them
says you have no idea of the nerve it
takes to shave the throat of a man who
has a big Adam's apple.
Mr. Melvill—I don't wonder. It
ought to fill a woman with remorse
every time she sees an Adam's apple.—
Chicago Tribune.

"It is immaterial, in my judgment,
whether the sheep grower receives any
benefit from the tariff or not."
"Whether he does or does not I am for
free wool!"—Extract from speech of
William J. Bryan in the House of Rep-
resentatives when the Wilson bill was
under consideration.

Catarrh Cured.
Health and sweet breath secured by
Chamberlain's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50c.

Hook Matthews is still of the old stand,
next door to the post office, where he is
prepared to do anything in his line,
shaving, hair cutting, baths, etc., at
popular prices. H.

Fits Cured

From *The Journal of Medicine*
Prof. W. H. Peck, who
makes a specialty of
Epilepsy, has without
doubt treated and cured
more cases than any
living Physician; his
success is astonishing.
We have heard of cases
of 20 years' standing
cured by him. He
publishes a valuable
work on this dis-
ease, which he sends
free to all who send
him a large box
of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer
who may send their P. O. and Express address.
We advise any one wishing a cure to address
Prof. W. H. PECK, P. O., 4 Cedar St., New York

PATENTS

Conveys and Trade-Marks obtained; and all Pat-
ent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
and we secure patent in less than one month
remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo, with descrip-
tion. We advise, if practicable or not, free of
charge. Our fee does not include patent agent's
cost of name in the U. S. and foreign countries
sent free. Address
C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Cummings & Fall,

PROPRIETORS
Of the Old Reliable

Gault House,

CHICAGO, ILL.
Half block west of the Union Depot of C. & N. W.
Q. C. M. & A. P. R. R. and the C. St. L. & P. R. R.

RATES \$2.00 PER DAY
Cor. W. Madison and Clinton Sts.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

New Feed Yard.—Wm. Gordon has
opened up the feed yard next door to
the Gazette office, and now solicits a
share of your patronage. Billy is right
at home at this business, and your
horses will be well looked after. Prices
reasonable. Hay and grain for sale. If



The comparative value of these two cards
is known to most persons.
They illustrate that greater quantity is
Not always most to be desired.

These cards express the beneficial qual-
ity of

Ripans • Tabules

As compared with any previously known
DYSPEPSIA CURE

Ripans Tabules: Price, 50 cents a box,
Of druggists, or by mail.

RIPIANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

WANTED—AN IDEA

Who can think
of some simple
thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may
bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDER-
BURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington,
D. C., for their \$1.80 prize offer.

The regular subscription price of the
Semi-Weekly Gazette is \$2.50 and the
regular price of the Weekly Oregonian is
\$1.50. Any one subscribing for the
Gazette and paying for one year in
advance can get both the Gazette and
Weekly Oregonian for \$3.50. All old sub-
scribers paying their subscriptions for
one year in advance will be entitled to
the same.

New Feed Yard.—Wm. Gordon has
opened up the feed yard next door to
the Gazette office, and now solicits a
share of your patronage. Billy is right
at home at this business, and your
horses will be well looked after. Prices
reasonable. Hay and grain for sale. If

THE U.S. GOVERNMENT ... IS ... PAYING MILLIONS A MONTH

To persons who served in the wars of the United States—or to their
Widows, Children, or Parents. Do You receive a pension? Had You a
relative in the War of the Rebellion, Indian or Mexican Wars—
on whom you depended for support?

THOUSANDS ARE ENTITLED UNDER THE NEW LAW

To receive a pension, who now do not. Thousands under the new
law are entitled to an increase of pension. The government owes it
to you—and is willing and anxious to pay. Why not present
your claim at this present time? Your pension dates from the
time you apply. Now is the accepted hour.
Write for law and complete information. No Charge for advice.
No Fee unless successful.

The Press Claims Company

PHILIP W. AVIRETT, General Manager,
618 F Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

N. B.—This Company is controlled by nearly one thousand leading news-
papers in the United States, and is guaranteed by them.

ELLIS & LYONS, Attorneys at Law,

All business attended to in a prompt and satisfactory
manner. Notaries Public and Collectors.
OFFICE IN NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
HEPPNER, OREGON

WHITE COLLAR LINE.

Columbia River and Puget Sound Navigation Co

Steamers TELEPHONE, BAILEY GATZERT and OCEAN WAVE.
Leaving Alder Street Dock, Portland, for Astoria, Ilwaco, Long Beach, Ocean
Park and Nacusta. Direct connection with Ilwaco steamers and rail-
road; also at Young's Bay with Seabeach Railroad.

TELEPHONE

Leaves Portland 7 A. M. Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Astoria 7 P. M. Daily, except Sunday.

BAILEY GATZERT

Leaves Portland 9 P. M. Daily, except Sunday. Saturday night, 11 P. M. Leaves Astoria Daily at
6:45 A. M., except Sunday and Monday. Sunday night, 7 P. M.

OCEAN WAVE

Leaves Portland and runs direct to Ilwaco, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 A. M., Saturday at 1 P. M.
Leaves Ilwaco Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 A. M. On Sunday night at 7 P. M.

Baggage Checked to Railroad Destination Both Beaches Free of Expense.