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Allyn, T. J., Ione, Or. Horses GG on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip, under bit on right ear, and upper bit on the left; range, Morrow county.

Armstrong, J. C., Alpine, Or.—T with bar under it on left shoulder of horses; cattle same on left hip.

Allison, O. D., Eight Mile, Or.—Cattle brand, O D on left hip and horses same brand on right shoulder. Range, Eight Mile.

Adkins, J. J., Heppner, Or.—Horses, JA connected on left flank; cattle, same on left hip.

Bartholamew, A. G., Alpine, Or.— Horses branded 7 E on either shoulder. Range in Morrow county

Bannister, J. W., Hardman, Or.—Cattle branded B on left hip and thigh; split in each ear.

Brenner, Peter, Gooseberry Oregon—Horses branded P B on left shoulder. Cattle same on right side.

Burke, M St C, Long Creek, Or—On cattle, MAY connected on left hip, crop off left ear, under half crop off right. Horses, same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant and Morrow county.

Brosman, Jerry, Lena, Or.—Horses branded 7 on right shoulder; cattle B on the left side. Left ear half crop and right ear upper slope.

Barton, Wm., Heppner, Or.—Horses, J B on right thigh; cattle same on right hip; split in each ear.

Brown, Ira, Lexington, Or. Horses 1B on the right stifle; cattle same on right hip; range, Morrow county.

Brown, J. C., Heppner, Or.—Horses, circle C with dot in center on left hip; cattle, same.

Brown, W. J., Lena, Oregon. Horses W. bar over it, on the left shoulder. Cattle same on left hip.

Boyer, W. G., Heppner, Or.—Horses, box brand on right hip cattle, same, with split in each ear.

Borg, P. O., Heppner, Or.—Horses, P B on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip.

Brownlee, W. J., Fox, Or—Cattle, JH connected on left side; crop on left ear and two splits and middle piece cut out on right ear; on horses same brand on the left thigh; Range in Fox valley, Grant county.

Carsner Warren, Wagner, Or.—Horses branded O on right stifle; cattle ⊜ (three bars) on right ribs, crop and split in each ear. Range in Grant and Morrow counties.

Cain, E., Caleb, Or.—YD on horses on left stifle; U with quarter circle over it, on left shoulder and on left stifle on all colts under 5 years; on left shoulder only on all horses over 5 years. All range in Grant county.

Cate, Chas. R., Vinson or Lena, Or. Horses H C on right shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Corrigall, M M, Galloway, Or—Cattle crop out of each ear and underbit, wattle in forehead; horses half circle C on left stifle. Range Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Curl, T. H., John Day, Or.—Double cross on each hip on cattle, swallow fork and under bit in right ear, split in left ear. Range in Grant county. On sheep, inverted A and spear point on shoulder. Ear marks on ewes, crop on left ear punched upper bit in right. Wethers, crop in right and under half crop in left ear. All range in Grant county.

Cook, A. J., Lena, Or.—Horses, 90 on right shoulder; Cattle, same on right hip; ear mark square crop off left and split in right.

Currin, R. Y., Corrinsville, Or. -Horses, 2 on left stifle.

Cox Ed. S., Hardman, Or.—Cattle, C with x in center; horses, CE on left hip.

Cochran, R. E., Monument, Grant Co., Or.—Horses branded circle with bar beneath, on left shoulder; cattle same brand on both hips, mark under slope both ears and dewlap.

Chapin, H., Hardman, Or.—Horses branded ⊃ on right hip. Cattle branded the same. Also brands CI on horses right thigh; cattle same brand on right shoulder, and cut off end of right ear.

Douglass, W. M., Galloway, Or.—Cattle, R D on right side, swallow-fork in each ear; horses, R D on left hip.

Ely, J. B. & Sons, Douglas, Or.—Horses branded ELY on left shoulder, cattle same on left hip, hole in right ear.

Emery, C. S., Hardman, Or.—Horses branded [L (reversed C) with tail on left shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range in Morrow county.

Florence, L. A., Heppner, Or.—Cattle, LF on right hip; horses F with bar under on right shoulder.

Florence, S. P., Heppner, Or.—Horses, F on right shoulder; cattle, F on right hip or thigh.

French, George, Heppner, Or.—Cattle branded WF, with bar over it, on left side; crop off left ear. Horses, same brand on left hip.

Gentry, Elmer, Echo, Or.—Horses branded H. S. with a quarter circle over it, on left stifle. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Hiatt A. B., Ridge, Or.—Cattle, round-top A with quarter circle under it on the right hip. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Hinton & Jenks, Hamilton, Or—Cattle, two bars on either hip; crop in right ear and split in left. Horses, J on right thigh. Range in Grant county

Hughes, Samuel, Wagner, Or—⊥F (T F L connected) on right shoulder on horses; on cattle, on right hip and on left side, swallow fork in right ear and slit in left. Range in Haystack district, Morrow county

Hale, Milton, Wagner, Or.—Horses branded O (cattle with parallel tails) on left shoulder. Cattle same on left hip also large circle on left side.

Howard J L, Galloway, Or.—Horses ┼ (cross with bar above it) on right shoulder; cattle same on left side. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Hall, Edwin, John Day, Or.—Cattle E H on right hip; horses same on right shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Hughes, Mat, Heppner, Or.—Horses, shaded heart on the left shoulder. Range Morrow Co.

Hansaker, B A, Wagner, Or.—Horses, 9 on left shoulder; cattle, 9 on left hip.

Humphreys, J M, Hardman, Or.—Horses, H on left flank

Huston, Luther, Eight Mile, Or.—Horse H on the left shoulder and heart on the left stifle. Cattle same on left hip. Range in Morrow county.

Jones, Harry, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded H J on the left shoulder; cattle branded J on right hip, also underbit in left ear. Range in Morrow county.

Junkin, S. M., Heppner, Or.—Horses, horseshoe J on left shoulder. Cattle, the same. Range on Eight Mile.

Jones, [illegible], Or.—Horses, circle T on left stifle; cattle, same on right hip, under half moon in right and split in left ear

Kenny, Mike, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded KNY on left hip cattle same and crop off left ear; under slope on the right

Kirk, J. T., Heppner, Or.—Horses 69 on left shoulder; cattle, 69 on left hip.

Kirk, Jesse, Heppner, Or.; horses 11 on left shoulder; cattle same on right side, underbit on right ear.

Kumberland, W. G., Mount Vernon, Or.—I L on cattle on right and left sides, swallow fork in left ear and under crop in right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Lofton, Stephen, Fox, Or.—S L on left hip on cattle, crop and split on right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range Grant county.

Leonallen, John W., Lexington, Or.—Horses branded half-circle JL connected on left shoulder. Cattle, same on left hip. Range, near Lexington

Leahey, J. W. Heppner Or.—Horses branded L and A on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip, wattle over right eye, three slits in right ear.

Lord, George, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded double H connected. Sometimes called s swing H, on left shoulder.

Minor, Oscar, Heppner, Or.—Cattle, M D on right hip; horses, M on left shoulder.

Morgan, S. N., Heppner, Or.—Horses, M) on left shoulder cattle same on left hip.

Mitchell, Oscar, Ione, Or.—Horses, 77 on right hip; cattle, 77 on right side.

McClaren, D. G., Brownsville, Or,—Horses, Figure 5 on each shoulder; cattle, M2 on hip

McGirr, Frank, Fox Valley, Or.—Mule shoe with toe-calk on cattle on ribs and under in each ear; horses same brand on left stifle.

McHaley, J. L., Hamilton, Or.—On Horses, S with half circle under on left shoulder; on Cattle, four bars connected on top on the right side Range in Grant County.

Neal, Andrew, Lone Rock, Or.—Horses A N connected on left shoulder; cattle same on both hips.

Nordyke, E., Silverton, Or.—Horses, circle 7 on left thigh; cattle, same on left hip.

Oliver, Joseph, Canyon City, Or.—A 2 on cattle on left hip; on horses, same on left thigh. Range in Grant county.

Oller, Perry, Lexington, Or.—P O on left shoulder.

Olp, Herman, Prairie City, Or.—On cattle, O LP connected on left hip; horses on left stifle and wattle on nose. Range in Grant county.

Pearson, Olave, Eight Mile, Or.—Horses, quarter circle shield on left shoulder and 24 on left hip. Cattle, fork in left ear, right cropped. 24 on left hip. Range on Eight Mile.

Parker & Gleason, Hardman, Or.—Horses 1P on left shoulder.

Piper, Ernest, Lexington, Or.—Horses brand, a _E (L E connected) on left shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range, Morrow county.

Piper, J. H., Lexington, Or.—Horses, JE connected on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip, under bit in each ear.

Pettys, A. C., Ione, Or.; horses diamond P on —— shoulder; cattle, J H J connected, on the left hip, upper slope in left ear and slip in the right.

Reed, Andrew, Hardman, Or.—Horses, square cross with quarter-circle over it on left stifle.

Reminger, Chris, Heppner, Or.—Horses, C R on left shoulder.

Rush Bros., Heppner, Or.—Horses branded X on the right shoulder; cattle, IX on the left hip crop off left ear and dewlap on neck. Range in Morrow and adjoining counties.

Rainey, Andrew, Lexington, Or.—Horses branded A R on right shoulder, vent quarter circle over brand; cattle same on right hip Range Morrow county.

Rhorer, Wm. H, Dairyville, Or—HR connected with quarter circle over top on cattle on right hip and crop off right ear and split in left. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Morrow Grant and Gilliam counties.

Rector, J. W., Heppner, Or.—Horses, JO on left shoulder. Cattle, O on right hip.

Spicknall, J. W., Gooseberry, Or.—Horse branded 31 on left shoulder; range in Morrow county.

Sailing, C C Heppner, Or—Horses branded on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

Swaggart, H. E., Lexington, Or.—Horses with dash under it on left stifle; cattle H with dash under it on right hip, crop off right ear and waddled on right hind leg. Range in Morrow Gilliam and Umatilla counties.

Swaggart, A. L., Athens, Or.—Horses branded 2 on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip. Crop on ear, wattle on left hind leg.

Straight W. E., Heppner, Or.—Horses shaded J S on left stifle; cattle J S on left hip, swallow fork in right ear, underbit in left.

Sapp, Thos., Heppner, Or.—Horses, S A P on left hip; cattle same on left hip.

Sherier, John, Fox, Or.—NC connected on horses on right hip; cattle, same on right hip, crop off right ear and under bit in left ear. Range in Grant county.

Smith Bros., Sussnville, Or. Horses, branded H. Z. on shoulder; cattle, same on left shoulder

Squires, James, Arlington, Or.; horses branded JS on left shoulder; cattle the same, also nose waddle. Range in Morrow and Gilliam counties

Stephens, V. A., Hardman, Or.; horses S8 on right stifle; cattle horizontal L on the right side

Stevenson, Mrs A. J., Heppner, Or.—Cattle, S on right hip; swallow-fork in left ear.

Swaggart, G. W., Heppner, Or.—Horses, 44 on left shoulder; cattle, 44 on left hip.

Sperry, E. G., Heppner, Or.—Cattle W C on left hip, crop off right and underbit in left year, dewlap; horses W C on left shoulder.

Thompson, J. A., Heppner, Or.—Horses, 2 on left shoulder; cattle, 2 on left shoulder.

Tipsets, S. T., Enterprise, Or.—Horses, C on left shoulder.

Turner R. W., Heppner, Or.—Small capital T left shoulder, horses; cattle same on left hip with split in both ears.

Thornton, H. M., Ione, Or.—Horses branded HT connected on left stifle; sheep same brand.

Vanderpool, H. T., Lena, Or;—Horses HV connected on right shoulder; cattle, same on right hip.

Walbridge, Wm., Heppner, Or. Horses, U. L. on the left shoulder; cattle same on right hip, crop off left ear and right ear lopped.

Wilson, John Q., Salem or Heppner, Or.—Horses branded JQ on the left shoulder. Range Morrow county.

Warren, W H, Caleb, Or—Cattle W with quarter circle over it, on left side, split in right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Wade, Henry, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded ace of spades on left shoulder and left hip Cattle branded same on left side and left hip.

Wolfinger, John, John Day City, Or—On horses three parallel bars on left shoulder; 7 on sheep, bit in both ears. Range in Grant and Malhnor counties.

Woodward, John, Heppner, Or.—Horses, UJ connected on left shoulder.

Watkins, Lisha, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded UE connected on left stifle.

Wallace, Charles, Heppner, Or.—Cattle, W on right thigh, hole in left ear; horses, W on right shoulder some same on left shoulder.

Whittier Bros., Cunningham, Baker Co., Or.—Horses branded W B connected on left shoulder

Williams, Vasco, Hamilton, Or.—Quarter circle over three bars on left hip, both cattle and horses. Range Grant county.

Williams, J O, Long Creek, Or—Horses, quarter circle over three bars on left hip; cattle same and slit in each ear. Range in Grant county

Wren, A. A., Heppner, Or.—Horses running A A on shoulder; Cattle, same on right hip.

Young, J. S., Gooseberry, Or.—Horses branded YS on the right shoulder

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TESTIMONIALS:

Dallas, Texas, April 13, 1893.

Mrs. Rachel V. Thomas, Dear Madam:—I have thoroughly tested your cholera remedy and find it O. K. It's grand. I enclose $10 will try the agency. Please send at once and oblige. Very respectfully, H. W. HARPER.

Dallas, Texas, May 19th, 1893.

Have sold out. I enclose $30 for which send me all the recipes you can and the rights to the counties named below. I never saw anything sell so fast. What is the least you will take for the state. If your price is reasonable will take the state. Very respectfully,

H. W. HARPER.

(I have not room for all his letters. He took the state. Here is one more of his letters.)

Dallas, Texas, July 17th, 1893.

Mrs. Rachel V. Thomas, Dear Madam:—Since taking the state right I canvassed three weeks and made $987 selling recipes and territory. I will start several sub-agents next week. Could I exchange a portion of Texas for a portion of Kansas? Very respectfully, H. W. HARPER.

Millen, Georgia, Dec. 14th, 1893.

Mrs. Thomas:—I write a letter of enquiry. How much of this state is unsold? I want balance of the state. Holland's Cholera Cure is just what it is represented to be. It has proved a blessing to the farmers of this county. Very respectfully, C. O. EDENFIELD, Agent for Screven County.

Rock Bridge, Ohio, Dec. 4th, 1893.

Mrs. Thomas:—Recipe came to hand and it's all O. K. Enclosed find $30 for Hocking, Pickaway and Fairfield counties. What will you take for the state? Yours truly, P. HANSTEIN.

I have thousands more testimonials. I guarantee Holland's Cholera Cure and Preventative to cure and prevent hog and chicken Cholera in each and every case or refund the money. This is fair enough. Don't postpone ordering because you may not at present be bothered with cholera. The idea is to prevent it in time. This my remedy will do and will also keep your hogs and chickens in a nice healthy condition. General and local agents wanted. State and family rights for sale or trade. Address

MRS. RACHEL V. THOMAS,
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Chicken Cholera

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SURGERY IN THE STONE AGE.

Prehistoric Man Knew How to Perform Trephining.

Prof. Victor Horsley, F. R. S., lately made some interesting assertions in an address in Toynbee hall, London, upon "Trephining in the Stone Age." He said that there was no doubt that these prehistoric people, though little better than savages of a low type, performed this delicate operation, and the proof of it to surgeons was convincing. If the wound in an injured skull healed the sharp edges become rounded, and if there was a kind of worm-eaten appearance round what was once a wound it meant that there was inflammation at the time of healing. Prof. Horsley exhibited representations of prehistoric skulls which presented these appearances, and urged that it was sufficient proof that the owners survived these operations, performed something like five thousand years ago. He found that in one instance the hole had been scraped out of the skull, and mentioned that even at the present time among the Kabyles, in the north of Africa, two days were occupied in performing the operation. Trephining was also accomplished by drilling a number of holes with a bone drill, then breaking down the small partitions, and so releasing the desired piece of bone. Again, the operation could be effected with a stone saw, and skulls were represented that showed that after the periosteum had been scraped away sawing had been resorted to. Primitive people, he said, were very careless as to these operations, and even five hundred years ago in Germany a piece of the skull was removed as a cure for melancholy. If a savage suffered in the head from a blow trephining was accomplished, and doubtless the sufferer from fits, who was considered to be possessed, was relieved by a similar operation. From the skulls he had examined he found that the holes were generally made immediately above those parts of the brain where an injury would induce fits. Often the piece of bone was replaced in the skull and at other times it was split up into amulets. No doubt the dwellers in the stone age looked into the operation as something very special, and considered that the bone removed had supernatural properties.

OLD WORLD ETIQUETTE.

Strange Social Customs Which Are Observed in Europe and Asia.

In Sweden, if you address the poorest person on the street you must lift your hat, says the Philadelphia Press. The same courtesy is insisted upon if you pass a lady on the stairway. To enter a reading room or a bank with one's hat on is regarded as a bad breach of manners. To place your hand on the arm of a lady is a grave and objectionable familiarity.

In Holland a lady is expected to retire precipitately if she should enter a store or a restaurant where men are congregated. She waits until they have transacted their business and departed.

Ladies seldom rise in Spain to receive a male visitor, and they rarely accompany him to the door. For a Spaniard to give a lady—even his wife—his arm when out walking is looked upon as a decided violation of propriety.

In Persia, among the aristocracy, a visitor sends notice an hour or two before calling, and gives a day's notice if the visit is one of great importance. He is met by servants before he reaches the house, and other considerations are shown him according to relative rank. The left, and not the right is considered the position of honor.

No Turk will enter a sitting-room with dirty shoes. The upper classes wear tight-fitting shoes, with galoches over them. The latter, which receive all the dirt and dust, are left outside the door. The Turk never washes in dirty water. Water is poured over his hands, so that when polluted it runs away.

In Syria the people never take off their caps or turbans when entering the house or visiting a friend, but they always leave their shoes at the door. There are no mats or scrapers outside and the floors inside are covered with expensive rugs, kept very clean in Moslem houses and used to kneel upon while saying prayers.

ASSUAGED BY PRIDE.

A Grief That Was Overcome by a Sense of Being Honored.

Many of the old country emigrants do not wish to give up their castle servility when they reach this democratic country, says the New York Times. The young wife of a man who has extensive coal interests in Pennsylvania told some friends the other day of a recent experience in this regard. Soon after she reached her new home, among her husband's mines, the child of a French "digger" died. Her husband, as was his custom, sent for the bereaved parent to offer any assistance under the sad circumstances. "There is nothing I want," said the man, "only," and he fumbled his hat, "that milady should come to the funeral. If this will happen the grief, which I have to lose my child will be lightened in the honor which I shall have to write to my parents in France that milady was there." Such touching deference, of course, was recognized, and "milady" went down to the little cottage on the day of the funeral. When she went in the father sat with bowed head at the head of the coffin. His eyes, however, were furtively watching the door, and the instant she appeared he stood up. A look of pride that he could not conceal spread over his face. With great respect he conducted her to his own place and she sat there, the man standing motionless at her side through the service.

THE CONSCIENCE FUND.

Founded Early in This Century. It Now Amounts to About $270,000.

The "Conscience Fund" has figured in the statements of the treasury department for over eighty years, says F. L. Crisman in Lippincott's. It was opened by the register of the treasury department in 1811 and appears in the general fund of the government under the head of miscellaneous receipts. Like other assets of the treasury it can be used for any purpose that congress may deem proper. Its origin was due to the fact that away back in the beginning of the present century some unknown person began to feel the sharp thrusts of conscience. In some way he had defaulted the government, and could find relief only by returning the money to the treasury. This was the beginning of the account showing the receipts of moneys by the government from unknown persons. Since then the fund has been accumulating in large and small sums, until at the present time it aggregates nearly $270,000. Remittances are received nearly every week. During the prevalence of the hard times the receipts have fallen off considerably, and sometimes a fortnight elapses before a communication is received, showing that even a man's conscience can feel the effect of tight money.

TWENTY-FIVE RAREST BOOKS.

Volumes That Have Sold at from $2,400 to $11,300 Apiece.

The following is a list made in Paris of the twenty-five highest-priced books in the world:

"L'Amoureux Transi," by Jean Bouchet, printed on vellum. Quaritch paid $3,200 for it at the Sunderland sale in 1882.

The "Psalter of Mentz," of 1457. Louis XVIII. paid $2,400 for a copy of it, which he presented to the National library at Paris. Quaritch's price for the second edition of 1459 is $2,500.

The Valdarfer "Boccaccio," printed at Venice in 1471, brought at the Blanford sale $10,400.

Boucher's "Figures de Moliere" brought $5,400 at the Pichon sale.

The Caxton "Boccaccio," printed in 1476, brought $4,000 at the Techener sale in 886.

"L'Office de la Toussaint" brought $3,600 at the La Carelle sale. Baron Pichon paid $9 for it in 1847.

"Boccaccio," first edition of 1471, brought $11,300 at the Roxburghe sale.

The works of Rabelais, printed by Dolet, brought $2,800 at the Techener sale in 1887.

"Monument du Costume," by Freudeberg and Moreau, brought $4,500 at the Behague sale in 1880.

The works of Origene, bound with the arms of Henry II. and Diane de Poictiers, brought $3,600 at the Muller sale in 1892.

Ovid's "Metamorphosis," illustrated by Moreau, Boucher and Eisen, brought $2,600 at the Marquis sale in 1890.

"Entree de Henri II. a Paris et de Charles IX," brought $4,000 at the Destailleur sale in 1891.

"La Chasse Royale du Roi Charles IX.," printed in 1625, brought $2,536 at the Behague sale.

"Les Amours de Daphnis et Chloe," printed in 1718, brought $3,400 at the Quentin-Bauchart sale.

"Le Songe de Polyphile," printed in 1499, by Aldus, brought $2,960 at the Gosford sale, in 1882.

"Les Quatre Dernieres Choses," printed by Caxton in 1474, was sold by Quaritch for $2,500.

The works of Virgil, printed on vellum at Rome in 1470, were sold by Quaritch for $5,000.

The works of Homer, printed by Aldus in 1504, were sold by Quaritch for $3,300.

The "Roland" of Ariosto, printed at Ferrara in 1516, was sold by Quaritch for $2,500.

The first edition, 1469, Gelius Aulus, brought $4,000 at the Sunderland sale in 1882.

The works of Monstrelet, printed on velium in 1500, brought $5,600 at the Techener sale in 1887.

"The Boke of St. Albans," printed in 1486, was sold by Quaritch for $3,700.

"Historiarum Romanorum," printed at Venice in 1740, was sold by Quaritch for $4,000.

The first folio of Shakespeare's plays was sold by Quaritch for $6,000.

Gutenberg's Bible, second edition, 1450 or thereabouts, was sold by Quaritch for $15,000.

A BISHOP'S BAD NIGHT.

Popped Into a "Spare Bed" in Which Silver Was Stored.

An eminent bishop who was quartered in the house of the wealthiest resident in a certain village, while his host's wife was away, occupied the "spare bed." He is a thin man, and when his host inquired in the morning how he had slept and hoped he had passed an agreeable night, he answered, with some vehemence: "No, I did not; I passed a very disagreeable night, indeed."

The bishop departed, and when the wife of his host returned she naturally inquired who had been in the house in her absence.

"Bishop P——," said the husband.

"Bishop P——! Where did you put him to sleep?"

"In the spare bed, of course."

"In the spare bed!" shrieked the horrified matron. "Why, I put all the silver under the mattress before I went away."

THE STUDY.

MISS HARRYDELE HALLMARK is a Georgia young woman who is said to be doing good literary work in the east.

PROF. GOLDWIN SMITH intends to leave for England in a few days to spend the winter. He will return to Canada and devote the rest of his life to literary work long postponed.

MR. GLADSTONE has just written an article for the Youth's Companion, the Boston weekly for boys and girls, which contains four thousand words, every word in his own handwriting.

W. D. HOWELLS is said to have enough literary work mapped out and contracted for for the next year to assure him, with the royalties on his published books, an income of thirty thousand dollars.

JULES VERNE, the famous author, is said to have earned more money by his pen than any other living author. He has taken up his abode in plain apartments in the old cathedral town of Amiens.

WILL ALLEN DRUMGOOLE, who has been for eight years clerk of the Tennessee senate, recently lost his job because he would write dialect stories which "riled" the mountaineers.

Guarded by Soldiers.

The Bank of Germany, like most other German public buildings, has a military guard to protect it. In a very strongly-fortified military fortress at Spandau is kept the great war treasure of the imperial government, part of the French indemnity, amounting to several million pounds.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family have always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at T. W. Ayers, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.

"TAKE CARE O' YERSELF."

The Solicitous Injunction of the Sierra Swine-Herder.

In "Mountaineering in the Sierra Nevada" Clarence King relates that he came one night to a camp-fire under a group of pines. A little way from the fire lay a confused mass of old and half-bald buffalo robes and comforters, and outstretched on this was a family with their feet to the fire. The family consisted of mother and father, two small children and a huge girl.

"You seem to have a pleasant camp spot here," was my salutation.

The old woman answered sharply: "They's wus, and then again they's better."

"Does well for our hogs," inserted the old man. "We've a band of pork that make out to find feed."

"Oh! How many have you?" I asked.

"Nigh three thousand."

"Won't you set?" asked madam; then, turning to the daughter: "You, Susan, can't you try for to set up, and not spread so? Hain't you no manners, say?"

At this the massive girl got herself somewhat together, and made room for me, a courtesy which I declined, however.

"Prospectin'?" inquired madam.

"I say huntin'," suggested the man.

"Maybe he's a cattle feller," interrupted one of the children.

"Goin' somewhere, ain't yer?" was Susan's guess.

I gave a brief account of myself, satisfying all but the old woman, who evidently classified me as not up to her standard. Later she turned and said to me:

"I allow you've killed your coon in your day?"

"No, ma'am," I said. "Now you speak of it, I realize that I never have killed a coon."

I realized, too, that this fatal admission must forever lower me in her eyes, and I observed that even Susan and her father were somewhat staggered.

After a sojourn of several days among them, I took leave of the family. The father and Susan accompanied me for a distance into the forest to inspect the hogs. As we were parting the old man said with evident embarrassment:

"You'll take care o' yerself, now, won't you?"

I tried to convince him that I would.

A slight pause.

"You'll take care o' yerself, won't you?"

I was about to reply that he might rely on it, when he added:

"That—that—that man what gets Susan has half the hogs!"

Then, turning away, he spurred his pony, calling out: "Take good care o' yerself!"

A COLOR-BLIND DIPLOMAT.

But His Illusion Did Not Extend to the Young Lady's Mother.

Society of the highly proper sort is laughing in its voluminous sleeve at an adventure which befell a handsome nobleman attached to one of the foreign legations. The young man, it appears, is not averse to admiring feminine beauty, and it is said that when he visits the theater he takes a seat in the front row and fixes his eyes on the fair portion of the audience, says the Washington Post.

It is only natural that a man with such splendidly soulful eyes and luxuriant mustache as the baron's should inspire reciprocal esteem in many of the weaker sex, and is acquainted with many damsels to whom he has never received a formal introduction.

The other day he espied an exceedingly pretty brunette whom he immediately wanted to meet the worst way in the world. When she discovered his admiring glances she drooped her lids in that coquettish way which bespoke a similar desire on her part.

The attache is up to such demure little idiosyncrasies and in less time than it takes to tell it he was chatting with her. Her mental brightness was even more pronounced than her personal attractiveness, and he was smitten. She refused his invitation to luncheon, however, and would not even let him walk home with her, but she said he might call and meet her mother, and in case the latter was favorably impressed with him he could continue his visits. This was a new type of the American girl to the diplomat, so he rapturously applauded her eminent good sense and straightforwardness, and made an engagement, in pursuance of her remarks, for the very next night.

He was so anxious to make a good appearance that he primped for half an hour before the legation pier glass and ruined a dozen neckties before he tied one of the proper terra cotta shade. Then he sallied forth on conquest bent.

He reached his latest inamorata's residence and a bright mulatto boy answered the bell. In answer to his inquiry if Miss So-and-So was at home, the youngster replied that "sister" was in the parlor. The peculiarity of this remark didn't seem to strike the foreigner, who had been tripped up so many times by American idioms, and he entered.

His ideal and a portly yellow woman were in the apartment.

"My mother, Mr. ——" began the girl, but the caller had fled.

The Norse Hereafter.

The old Norse idea of the hereafter planned for evil doers is almost the direct opposite of the orthodox hades. The place of torment for the reprobate sons of the north is called Nastrond, and is situated far toward the frigid north and is directly under Niflheim, the Scandinavian mythologists' purgatory. A describtion of Nastrond as it apppears in the "Prosa Eda" (written in Iceland in the thirteenth century) is as follows: "In Nastrond there is a vast and direful structure with doors that face the north. This building is formed entirely of the backs and scales of serpents, wattled together like wicker work. But the heads of the serpents themselves are turned toward the inside of the hall, and they continually vomit forth floods of venom, in which must wade throughout eternity all those who commit murder or swear to lies." Another description of Nastrond is similar to this, but adds that the evil doers are occasionally bitten by the great dragon Nidhogg.

Chinese Marksmen.

The accuracy of the Chinese marksman is marvelous, when it is remembered the gunstock rests on the hip. In this way he brings down with great facility birds on the wing, and even the snipe, whose zigzag course renders them difficult to spot with the western fowling piece. In addition, too, he uses no explosive cap, but fires it with lighted fuse.

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned administrator of the estate of Joseph Johnson, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such administrator at the next term of the county court of Morrow county, at the court house, to be holden at Heppner, in said county, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1895.

305-13 J. C. WATTENBERGER.

Notice of Intention.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, January 31, 1895.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk of Morrow county at Heppner, Or., on March 18, 1895, viz:

William W. Gosney.

Hd No. 6941, for the W½ NE¼, W½ SE¼, Sec. 21, Tp 5 S, R 28 EWM.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

W. E. Mikesell, Lanus Penland, W. R. Casey, D. A. Hamilton, all of Heppner, Or.

B. F. WILSON,
f1m15 Register.

Notice of Intention.

LAND OFFICE AT THE DALLES, OREGON, January 31, 1895.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. W. Morrow, County Clerk, at Heppner, Oregon, on March 14, 1895, viz:

PATRICK SPILLANE,

Hd. E. No. 2895, for the E½ SE