

IF YOU ARE IN A HOLE FINANCIALLY

ADVERTISING IN THE GAZETTE WILL HELP YOU OUT

THE GOWAN PETITION.

The dispatch recently sent from Heppner to the Oregonian, in which it was stated that the Gowan petitions were vigorously circulated in this city for two days is untrue, and is only in line with the underhanded policy of the Oregonian and its few sympathizers, who do not take into consideration veracity and truth of statement in their futile attempts to override and coerce the sentiments and wishes of the masses in the interests of ring rule, political corruption and political bossism in this state. As a matter of fact the petitions were only circulated on our streets not to exceed one hour and thirty minutes, in which time the signatures of between 50 and 60 republican voters were secured which were immediately telegraphed to Salem. It is plainly evident from the above facts that a majority of the republican voters of Morrow county do not at all commend the action of Senator Gowan in voting for Dolph. Reports also come from his constituents in Grant and Harney counties that Senator Gowan's policy at Salem is not at all in accord with their wishes and sentiments, and are highly and justly indignant that he should subvert the interests of corporations, political ring rule and bossism to the utter disregard of the wishes of those to whom he owes his present position and influence.

THE DISCONTENTED WEST.

Mr. Chancellor Canfield of Boston, in the Forum, has an article under the title of "Is the West Discontented?" Mr. Canfield proves that the plain people of the West as a rule are contented with their lot. We object to the article for two reasons. Nebraska is not West, and the people of the real West are discontented. They are discontented because they believe they have been grossly, shamefully wronged by the government of the United States. They believe some of the legislation of the last twenty-one years would be purely idiotic if there was not so much knavery mixed with it. They believe there is no sense in it. Rather, that it was the mistake of the century to demonize silver. They believe that has cost this nation from three to five hundred millions of dollars yearly for the last fifteen years. They believe it has cost more than the great war of the rebellion cost, both in property and in sorrow. They believe that it was at the behest of the Lead Trust that the tariff on lead was reduced from \$30 to \$15 per ton; that it did no man in the United States any good except the few people who composed the Lead Trust. They believe that the striking down of all the tariff from wool was a foolish mistake to be paid for in hard gold. They believe that legislation has cost five or six intermountain states and territories during the past year in the loss of money and depreciation of property, \$10,000,000. They believe that reducing the tariff on cattle to permit seven or eight hundred cattle from Mexico to come in daily to our country was in the same line of foolishness and an unmerited blow at the stock interests of this country. The offering of a bounty for the making of sugar and then withdrawing it after heavy investments had been made and after a profitable industry had begun to be put in operation, is another cause of discontent. This list might be indefinitely extended, but enough is noted in the foregoing. The people of the West are not contented. They are not contented because they believe the government of the United States is under the control of certain barons of the East, who do not care how

much suffering they bring to the people if they can only make the debts of the people perpetual and keep their noses forever to the grindstone to pay them the interest on those debts.—Salt Lake Tribune.

GOES ON RECORD.

We see our senator records his vote every "rattle from the box" in favor of Mr. Dolph. We do not know anything of the personal friendship existing between the two, but we do know that members of our legislature are elected to serve the elements by whom elected. Personal likings and dislikes are not the component parts to be represented by a representative elected by the people to express their wants and work with a will for what the electors desire. All of our readers know this senatorial district to be largely in favor of the free coinage of silver, then is Mr. Gowan representing his constituency when he records his vote for U. S. senator directly in opposition to this feeling of the voters of his district. Hon. O. L. Patterson, our county representative puts himself on record representing the true status of the two counties he is here to represent. What would Oregon think of her assembly sending a gold standard representative to the U. S. senate when three fourths of her voters are bitterly opposed to a single gold standard? And moreover, what will be the result of these repeated blows at the wants of the people, given by law makers who are elected to do one thing but do the opposite?—Harney Times.

DOLPH men succeeded in getting Representative Boothby in their rooms at the Wilmette hotel at Salem, Saturday last, but it did them no good. Representative Boothby, true to the best interests and wishes of a large majority of his constituents in Morrow county, utterly refused to discuss the senatorial fight and showed his true colors in line with the sympathies of those who elected him so plainly as to show the Dolph henchmen that he was a man whom neither gold nor patronage could tempt. Representative Boothby's commendable stand will not soon be forgotten by the people of this county and his constituents will receive him with marked esteem and many words of kindness for his staunch and commendable fight in the interests of silver and against corporations, corporate power, political ring rule and corrupt political bossism and influence in this state, upon his return home from his arduous duties at the state capital.

A FRENCHMAN who has been traveling in this country tells La Temps his astonishment to find the way the people of the United States have their teeth filled with gold. He reckons it requires \$500,000 worth of gold a year; that there being \$75,000 death per annum in the United States, the average of gold in each dead person's mouth is 65 cents. He calculates that that amount being buried with the dead will in three centuries amount to \$150,000,000, and thinks about that time some enterprising chap will go to mining in the cemeteries, rattle the jaw bones of their ancestors for the gold in them. It is a sort of a ghoulish thought, but it is not altogether impossible.

The senatorial fight at Salem remains the same, Dolph still holding his 42 votes and the anti being as solid as a rock in their determination to defeat the iceberg senator. Latest dispatches tell us of a weakening in the Dolph forces and that a break is liable to occur at any time in their ranks. One thing is certain, the anti in their commendable stand have the sympathy of the masses of the people who desire sent to the United States senate a man who will subvert their best interests.

HAD Senator Dolph been at his post of duty when the Hawaiian resolution came up in the United States senate, a few days ago, the resolution indorsing the action of President Cleveland might not have passed. As it was, the resolution was passed by only one vote.—Portland Sun.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWATSON'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWATSON'S OINTMENT.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

SALMON, Feb. 1, 1895.—Ed. Gazette:—The great bone of contention, the senatorial fight, is still on in all of its factional bitterness. There is a decided weakening on the part of the Dolph people and it is with great difficulty that the ranks can be kept together. The anti are out with a manifesto setting forth their principles in language not to be misunderstood. They say, putting it in a few words, that they will never support a man who would dare not risk his chances on a popular vote, who is not the choice of the majority of the republican party in Oregon, and by this declaration they will stand till the last. They also call on all good republicans in the legislature to unite on some good republican for senator who will be acceptable to all. It is quite clear that the anti will never support Mr. Dolph, so the small center of Dolph supporters in Morrow county can consistently put their money back into their pockets where it will be a sight safer than to wager that Mr. Dolph will succeed himself.

POPPING THE QUESTION.

General Information as to the Method is Had to Obtain.

"It is a strange thing," whispered a whimsical individual one night, after making sure no one else was looking, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, "that a married person always declines to inform an unmarried friend just how the proposal tabernacle was arranged. It has been a matter of much speculation to me as to the most popular and commendable method of such an auspicious occasion. Every time I have asked a married woman how her husband asked her to be his, she has always blushed and given an evasive answer. 'It's been so long I have forgotten,' she sometimes answers, unthinkingly. If she had realized that she had referred to her age she would have expired."

"Another woman will answer: Why, John just asked me, and I said yes. On account of these different answers I have begun to think that, as comparisons cannot be made, an artistic proposal will never be had in this world. I have also begun to think why it is that these evasive replies are invariably. So deeply has the matter taken hold of me that, for the enlightenment of humanity in general, I am half determined to form an army somewhat after the fashion of *Coeur de Lion*—or *Coxey*—and march upon the hosts of the silent women and compel them to yield their secret."

Not in His Line.

A short time ago, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, a young lady was troubled with a boil on her knee which grew so bad that she thought it necessary to call in a physician. She had formed a dislike for the family physician, so her father suggested several others, and finally said that he would call in the physician with the homoeopathic case, who possessed the house every day. They kept a sharp lookout for him, and when he came along he was called in. The young lady modestly showed him the disabled member. The little man looked at it and said: "Why, that's pretty bad." "Well," she said, "what must I do?" "If I were you," he answered, "I would send for a physician. I am a piano tuner."

Men and Women.

Some Cardinal Points of Difference Between the Sexes.

Women always show by their actions that they enjoy going to church; men are less demonstrative. When a woman becomes flurried she feels for a fan; when a man becomes flurried he feels for a cigar. Women jump at conclusions and generally hit; men reason things out logically and generally miss the truth. Some women can't pass a millinery shop without looking in; some men can't pass a public house without going in. A woman never sees a baby without wanting to run to it; a man never sees a baby without wanting to run away from it. Women love admiration, approbation, self-commendation, the part of others; are often weak, vain and frivolous. Ditto men. A woman always carries her purse in her hand, so that other women will see it; a man carries his in his inside pocket, so that his wife won't see it. A woman can sit in a theater for three hours without getting all cramped up, catching the toothache or becoming faint for want of fresh air; a man can't. A woman, from her sex and character, has a claim to many things besides her shelter, food and clothing. She is not less a woman for being veiled; and the man who is lit to be trusted with a good wife recollects all which times chivalrous, sweet-spoken, considerate and deferential.

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ELIPHTON CATTLE.

The Samoan Islands are the natural habitat of the most diminutive species of variety of the genus *Bos* now known to the naturalist. The average weight of the males of these eliphanton cattle seldom exceed two hundred pounds, the average being not greater than one hundred and fifty pounds. The females usually average about one hundred pounds larger, are very "stocky built, seldom being taller than a merino sheep." These dwarf cattle are nearly all of the same color—reddish mouse color marked with white. They have very large heads as compared with their bodies and their horns are of exceptional length.

ONE hundred domestic servants are killed annually in England in the process of window cleaning. An invention recently patented is a window of which the outside may be cleaned without exposing the cleaner to any chance of a tumble.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and soverigns of Buckle's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Specker, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Buckle's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by T. W. Ayer, Jr.

WILSON WAS CONFIRMED.

The Washington Legislature in Joint Session Elects Him U. S. Senator.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 1.—When Lieutenant-Governor Luce rapped the joint convention to order at 12 o'clock today the lobbies were crowded and the interest was intense. All but two of the 112 senators and representatives were present.

28th JOINT BALLOT.

John L. Wilson, 80; Westcott, 24; Wallace, 6; necessary to a choice, 56.

When President Luce pronounced John L. Wilson the next senator from Washington the applause that broke forth soon developed into cheers, lasting several minutes, and were renewed again as the committee appeared with Senator Wilson.

Senator Wilson's address was brief but impressive, acknowledging the great compliment and speaking kindly words to the opposition. He renewed his devotion to the republican party of the state and to its principles, and pledged himself to do all in his power to bring to the people of this state peace, plenty and abundant prosperity.

Many congratulatory messages were received by Mr. Wilson from prominent men all over the country.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 2.—Hon. John L. Wilson, who was formally chosen United States senator today to fill the seat left vacant by the failure to elect a successor to Senator Allen two years ago, was born at Crawfordsville, Ind., August 7, 1850. He received a primary education in the common schools, and was graduated from Spokan college in 1874. He studied law under Colonel C. Wilson, of Lafayette, Ind., was elected a representative in the state legislature of Indiana in 1880 from Montgomery county, and was subsequently appointed by President Arthur receiver of public moneys in the Spokane land office, and served four years and four months in that position. He was elected to the fifty-first congress in the fall of 1889, being the first member elected after the admission of the state, receiving 54,089 votes against 24,432 cast for Thomas C. Griffith, his democratic competitor. He was re-elected in 1890, and again in 1892. During the war Mr. Wilson, at the age of 15 years, served on the staff of his father, who was colonel, in the 1873 he married Miss E. Sweet, of Chicago. Mr. Wilson's father was the Hon. Jonas Wilson, who was the first republican representative from the eighth district of Indiana.

Worry tells, sadly, on woman's health and beauty.

Beecham's Pills

Worth Getting (A Box.)

fortify the nerves and will help to banish many an anxiety.

Price 25 cents.

Teachers' Examination.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT FOR the purpose of making an examination of all persons who may offer themselves as candidates for teachers of the schools of this county, the county clerk and the county superintendent thereof will hold a public examination, beginning at 1 o'clock, Wednesday, February 16, 1895, at the court house at Heppner.

Dated this twenty-sixth day of January, 1895. ANSA J. BALSINGER, Co. School Supt. Morrow Co., Or.

Strayed.

Five two year old steers, two red and white and three black and white, one on left hip, white in forehead, crop and under cut of each ear. One red and one horn branded W on left hip and C on right. The red one had red ear off and crop and under cut in left white in forehead. The red one has no white one black and white in forehead, from branded C on crop and under cut in each ear, white in forehead.

I will pay a liberal reward for each one of the above described cattle. M. M. CORNBELT, Gallaway, Morrow county, Or. 1-10-1.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY of Morrow, State of Oregon.

Plaintiff, Thomas Walden, G. W. Harris, Defendants.

To Thomas Walden and G. W. Harris, Defendants.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled case on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court, to-wit: Monday, the 25th day of March, 1895; and if you fail to answer, or answer thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in his complaint, to-wit: judgment against you for the sum of Two Hundred Four and Sixty One Hundred Dollars in U. S. Gold with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 21st day of February, 1895, until paid, and for the further sum of Thirty-five dollars attorney's fees, together with the cost and disbursements of this suit to be taxed.

And that the mortgage described in plaintiff's complaint be foreclosed, and that the premises therein described, together with the equity therein, be sold to satisfy said judgment. To P. N. 25 E W M, be sold to satisfy said judgment.

And that the said Geo. W. Harris and all persons claiming by, through or under him be forever barred, all right or equity of redemption in said premises.

This summons is served by publication by the undersigned, a justice of the seventh judicial district of the State of Oregon.

Dated January 30, 1895.

J. N. BROWN, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Citation.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, in and for the County of Morrow.

In the matter of the Estate of Elinda, CITATION.

Party, deceased.

To Hilda Edwards, and all unknown persons interested in said estate.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, You are hereby notified and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Morrow at the Court Room thereof, at Heppner, on the 6th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause if any exist, why an order of sale shall not be made of the real property of said estate, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake 4x10 inches at a point 60 chains west of the southeast corner of the donation land claim of Charles Rice, section No. 2109 and claim No. 48, in Township 13 south, 24 range west, of the Willamette Meridian, and running thence north and parallel with the east line of said claim 4 chains to a stake 2x4 inches, thence east 24 chains to the place of beginning, containing thirty-one and thirty-four one-hundredths acres, more or less, situate in the County of Linn and State of Oregon.

WITNESSE, the Hon. Julius Keithly, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Morrow with the seal of said Court and the seal of my office, this 1st day of February, A. D. 1895.

ATTEST: J. W. MORRISON, Clerk.

Weak Mothers

and all women who are nursing babies, derive almost inconceivable benefits from the nourishing properties of

Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her strength. It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for twenty years for Rickets, Marasmus, Wasting Diseases of Children, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Emaciation and Consumption.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

City Hotel.

THIS Popular Hostelry has again been re-opened and will be run in first class style.

Meals and Rooms at Popular Prices.

Mrs. Tom Bradley, Prop.

NOTARY PUBLIC

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PATENTS

FOR INVENTIONS.

Equal with the interest of those having claims against the government is that of INVENTORS, who often lose the benefit of valuable inventions because of the incompetency or inattention of the attorneys employed to obtain their patents. Too much care cannot be exercised in employing competent and reliable solicitors to procure patents, for the value of a patent depends greatly, if not entirely, upon the care and skill of the attorney.

With the view of protecting inventors from worthless or careless attorneys, and of seeing that inventions are well protected by valid patents, we have retained counsel expert in patent practice, and therefore are prepared to Obtain Patents in the United States and all Foreign Countries, Conduct Interferences, Make Special Examinations, Prosecute Rejected Cases, Register Trade-Marks and Copyrights, Render Opinions as to Scope and Validity of Patents, Prosecute and Defend Infringement Suits, Etc., Etc.

If you have an invention on hand send a sketch or photograph thereof, together with a brief description of the important features, and you will be at once advised as to the best course to pursue. Models are seldom necessary. If others are infringing on your rights, or if you are charged with infringing by others, submit the matter to us for a reliable OPINION before acting on the matter.

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ADDRESS A LETTER OR POSTAL CARD TO

THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY,
JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney,
P. O. Box 463. Washington, D. C.

Honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who served ninety days, or over, in the late war, are entitled, if now partially or wholly disabled for ordinary manual labor, whether disability was caused by service or not, and regardless of their pecuniary circumstances, to a pension. WIDOWS of such soldiers and sailors are entitled (if not remarried) whether soldiers' death was due to any service or not, if now dependent upon their own labor for support. Widows not dependent upon their own labor are entitled if the soldier's death was due to service.

CHILDREN are entitled (if under sixteen years) in almost all cases where there was no widow, or she has since died or remarried.

PARENTS are entitled if soldier left neither widow nor child, provided soldier died in service, or from effects of service, and they are now dependent upon their own labor for support. It makes no difference whether soldier served or died in late war or in regular army or navy.

Soldiers of the late war, pensioned under one law, may apply for higher rates under other laws, without losing any rights.

Thousands of soldiers drawing from \$2 to \$20 per month under the old law are entitled to higher rates under new law, not only on account of disabilities for which now pensioned, but also for others, whether due to service or not.

Soldiers and sailors disabled in line of duty in regular army or navy since the war are also entitled, whether discharged for disability or not.

Survivors, and their widows, of the Black Hawk, Creek, Cherokee and Seminole or Florida Indian Wars of 1832 to 1842, are entitled under a recent act.

Mexican War soldiers and their widows also entitled, if sixty-two years of age or disabled or dependent.

Old claims completed and settlement obtained, whether pension has been granted under later law or not.

Rejected claims reopened and settlement secured, if rejection improper or illegal.

Certificates of service and discharge obtained for soldiers and sailors of the late war who have lost their original papers.

Send for laws and information. No charge for advice. No fee unless successful. Address, THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463, WASHINGTON, D. C.