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The Spokane Review will hereafter be known as the Spokesman-Review.

Wm. Stinson has been nominated by the Pennsylvania democrats for governor.

New York banks, as strange as it may seem, have consented to part with a portion of their stock of gold for legal tenders.

Farmers in the Willamette valley are worrying about a little green bug which is working on their wheat. Eastern Oregon is free from the ravages of the insect.

Hon. Clifton R. Brackenridge, of Arkansas, joined the "cuckoo" last summer then went back home this year for a renomination. He didn't get it, but a silver man did.

Troops have been ordered to look after affairs on the Santa Fe road, that road being at present under governmental supervision. Gov. Alford has called out the state militia in Illinois.

The government will take a hand in the great railroad strike, as the tie-up is seriously interfering with the mail business. This is a serious matter, and the sooner the government takes action regarding it the better.

The funeral and burial of the late President Carnot, of France, was the most imposing ever seen in France. It was a combined outpouring of reverence to the memory of the best leader the free people of France ever had. His successor to the presidency is Casimir-Perier.

It is expected that the tariff bill as modified by the senate will pass that body early this week. It will then have the "right of way" to the house. It is disposed of. The populists and republicans it is said will do some speech-making on the sugar and wool schedules, but as the democratic majority is large it will not suffice.

Judge Rinker, of the U. S. court, informed all employees of the Union Pacific that they did not report for duty by the morning of July 2, he would consider their places vacant and proceed to have the receivers engage new help. The Union Pacific is under government control at present, and the strikers appear to be playing with the fire.

The distressful appearance of the Living (John Day) issue for months past betokened its early demise and it was not surprising that at the close of the unsuccessful populist campaign in Grant county, it should still be ready-made to scribble to make a newspaper.

David B. Hill's famous phrase, "I am a democrat," with which he began a famous speech in Brooklyn some seven or eight years ago, was suggested to him by a tiny acquaintance named Charles Fulton. Hill was walking his floor at Albany engaging his hearers for an introduction to his coming speech. Between his hiccoughs, Fulton exclaimed: "Dave, you go down to Brooklyn, raise your right hand and say, 'I am a democrat.'" The suggestion was adopted, and proved to be a capital stroke—Oregonian.

The Record says that profusion that protects the manufacturer and the trust is rotten, or words to that effect, and is the cause of our hard times. As a democrat, we presume that the Record's editor would recommend the so-called Wilson bill as a remedy. Until the threat of democratic tariff legislation seemed to be a fair way to be put into execution, this country was prosperous, and since that time it has been everything but prosperous. If congress will just hold its breath for a fortnight the Record will have the whole difficulty solved, and then that body can adjourn.

A Grand Feature Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is that while it purifies the blood and sends it coursing through the veins full of richness and health, it also imparts new life and vigor to every function of the body. Hence the expression so often heard: "Hood's Sarsaparilla made a new person of me." It overcomes that tired feeling so common now.

MAKERS OF BOGUS MONEY

Some Curious Facts Given by an Ex-Secret Service Chief

Italians Predominate Among the Foreigners in This Country Who Are Engaged in Counterfeiting.

A. L. Drummond, late chief of the secret service division of the treasury department, was an efficient officer and his report contains a summary of operations which show that the division during the last year has not been less active within its province and has accomplished results no less decided, important and valuable for the government than in previous years. It is among the particular functions of the United States secret service to trace, arrest and secure the conviction of counterfeiters and those who embezzle and misapply the funds of national banks.

According to the statement of Mr. Drummond, says the Chicago Times, there were, during 1924, 494 arrests for manufacturing, possessing and passing counterfeit money. It appears that the native Americans is indulged in by this species of crime to a greater extent than all the foreign-born population, as 252 of the 494 persons arrested claimed the United States as the place of their nativity. Among the foreign-born counterfeiters the Italians were by far the most numerous. The Chinese contributed but one arrest.

One of the curious features of the report is the statement that fractional paper currency, representing the value of \$402, was counterfeited during the year. Little spurious copper coin was made; its amount was less than \$64. The greater difficulty in successfully simulating coinage is indicated by the fact that \$8,591 of counterfeit gold, silver and copper coins was made against \$23,105 of counterfeit paper money. Among the contraband property seized were imitations of the obligations, securities and coins of the United States, "painted in oil and water colors, photographed, lithographed, printed on paper, and struck and stamped in metal." The ex-chief expresses the hope that, as the later amendments to the laws prohibiting such imitations, for advertising or otherwise, become more generally known their issue will cease.

Mr. Drummond recommends the present congress to pass an amendment to existing laws preventing the making or issuing of private scrip or metal tokens in denominations of less than \$5 in payment of debts. The amendment recommends the prohibition of the issuing of said notes containing the words "pay in trade," "in goods," or "in merchandise," or any other expression intended to convey the meaning that the value will be furnished the holder in lieu of the lawful money of the United States. The penalty is fixed at \$500, or six months' imprisonment, or both. This bill was read twice in the last congress and referred to the judiciary committee. The current stringency last summer and autumn brought into use a considerable quantity of such tokens, many of which were prohibited under the law as it now stands. The proposed amendment extends the scope of the statute.

The ex-chief makes another important recommendation—that the statute of limitations which now bars the prosecution of national bank officers after the lapse of three years from the time of alleged offenses committed be extended to five years. The present three years' limitation, his investigation has disclosed, is too short a period, as in a number of instances frauds on national banks were found to have been committed many years before discovery. Mr. Drummond sagaciously observed that the longer the statute of limitations has to run the more difficult will it be for a bank official to conceal his crime.

The present congress is also asked to amend the law requiring national bank officers to stamp all counterfeit notes as such. There is a law requiring this, but as no penalty is named for the failure to carry out its provision it is not enforceable, although partially observed. This amendment makes the failure to brand such notes punishable by a fine of \$500. The retiring chief also repeats the recommendation made often to former congresses—that an appropriation be made as a sanitary measure, as well as to make counterfeiting more difficult for retiring from circulation worn and soiled notes. Mr. Drummond asserts that his twenty-two years' experience in hunting counterfeiters has taught him that anything which gives a note a soiled or worn appearance is a great and effective help to the counterfeiter.

Domestic Use of Dynamite. At Vilna, Russia, recently Ivan Klakwitz, at the third course of a dinner at which sat his wife, his mother-in-law, his two daughters and a son, as well as a neighbor and his neighbor's wife, announced that he had prepared a special dish to which he wanted all to drink a toast. He then brought in a large dish, covered, and placing it on the table he lifted his glass and shouted: "To our next meeting!" The "special dish" was a dynamite bomb. Everyone in the room was instantly killed except the youngest daughter and the servant, who both died shortly after, and the walls of the room were partly blown out.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Heppner Celebrates After the Good, Old-Fashioned Way.

THE CROWD WELL ENTERTAINED.

Closed by Sports in the Streets—The Pettysville Celebration.

The morning of July 4th broke bright and fair, and the crack, crack and boom of the Chinese fire-crackers, big and little, announced the arrival of our national day. At an early hour people began to arrive from the surrounding country, and by 10 o'clock, a. m., the streets were well filled. At this hour the parade started up Main street, over to Chase on May, down Chase to Center, then over to Main again and then to the grove. It was headed by Hon. T. J. Matlock, marshal of the day, and Andrew Beane, of Lexington, vice president on that occasion. These were followed by the stars and stripes borne by Andy Stevenson, the Morris County Band in the magnificent Lexington band wagon, the liberty car containing many little girls representing the various states and territories, and Miss Mabel Leizer, the Goddess of Liberty; then citizens innumerable in wagons, carriages, on horseback, etc. It was a grand pageant, and under the circumstances did honor to the occasion.

The exercises at the grove were aided by the invocation, delivered by Elder Barnaby. Then followed the Declaration of Independence, recited by Master Harry Akers, of Gonesberg, aged ten years. Master Harry's effort would have been creditable even to one of mature age. The male quartet from Portland then sang a patriotic air which was loudly applauded.

Rev. J. M. Denison was the orator of the occasion, but through some misunderstanding was not present, much to the disappointment of the committee on program and the large audience present. In this emergency Rev. Barnaby stepped in, and kindly consented to make a few remarks. He did surprisingly well, as he had less than five minutes in which to collect his thoughts. The speaker revealed the exact situation of affairs in our country, thankful for what we have as American citizens, but deploring the dreadful state of affairs existing at present. Mr. Barnaby was warmly complimented on his effort which was wholly unprepared.

Dinner being in order, some went to town and dined at homes, some at the hotel and lunch counters in charge of the ladies of the W. C. T. U. and also by those of the Christian church. Others had baskets which, were spread at the grove, and the barbecue committee had on hand a wagon load of bread, aim st, besides five hundred pounds of nicely roasted beef and two tomatoes. No one went hungry, and at 1:30, p. m., were back again to witness the remainder of the program, the entertainment given by the Livingstone Specialty Co. Owing to heat and the fact that the platform was a very primitive affair, the boys did not do their best, by any means. However, they were very successful in their singing, dancing and specialties, being loudly applauded.

The crowd then repaired to the street to complete the program. The following is the result: Boys' race, 100 yards, won by Percy Garrigues. Sack race, fifty yards, won by Henry Cannon. Bicycle race, 400 yards, won by Ike Eonis. Three legged race, 100 yards, won by Frank Jones (Webfoot) and Frank Borg. Foot race, 100 yards, free for all; won by Frank Livingstone, Emory Leizer second. Boy's race, 100 yards, 10 to 13 years of age, won by rube Hayes. The hurdle race, 100 yards, was won by Frank Livingstone. Jack Hornor and Chet Sargent then ran a match race, 100 yards, Hornor winning.

A pony race was on the program but the town authorities would not permit same on the streets and it was declared off.

The occasion ended with a grand ball at the opera house in the evening, under the direction of Mr. S. P. Garrigues. The music was excellent and the event was thoroughly enjoyed.

The citizens of Heppner are very thankful for the assistance of the Lexington boys in furnishing music and also for the loan of their splendid band wagon. Thanks are also extended to Mr. Andrew Beane and others for their kindly assistance and co-operation.

THE PETTYSVILLE CELEBRATION. Word comes up that the Pettysville celebration was well attended, and in all an enjoyable event. It closed with a ball at the lone hall in the evening.

Noting the Grave. In old age infirmities and weakness hasten to close the gap between us and the grave. Happily scientific research and pharmaceutical skill have added themselves in furnishing us a reliable means of ameliorating the ailments incident to declining years, and of renewing waning physical energy. It is now Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a widely comprehensive remedy in disease, and an innumerable blessing to the elderly, the feeble and the convalescent. Rheumatic ailments, trouble with the kidneys and indigestion are among the more common ailments of the aged. These are effectively counteracted by the Bitters, which is likewise a prevention and curative of malarial complaints, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. It is highly promotive of appetite, sleep and the acquisition of vigor.

HUNGRY BEARS.

An Interesting Story of Their Way of Feeding.

The black bear and the grizzly must be closely alike in their manner of feeding, according to the descriptions given by Mr. Roosevelt in his book, "The Wilderness Hunter." He once watched a black bear for half an hour. At first, he says, the fellow was "shuffling along and rooting in the ground, so that he looked like a great pig. Then he began to turn over logs and stones to hunt for insects, small reptiles and the like. A moderate sized stone he would turn over with a single clap of his paw and then plunge his nose into the hollow to gobble up the small creatures beneath.

"Big logs and rocks he would tug and worry at with both paws. Once, over-exercising his clumsy strength, he lost his grip and rolled clean on his back. Under some of the logs he evidently found mice and chipmunks; then, as soon as the log was overturned, he would be seen jumping about with grotesque agility and making quick dashes here and there, as the scurrying little rodent turned and twisted, until at last he put his paw on it and scooped it into his mouth.

"Sometimes—probably when he smelt the mice underneath—he would cautiously turn the log over with one paw, holding the other lifted and ready to strike.

"The grizzly, too, Mr. Roosevelt says, is at most times "a grubber in the ground, an eater of insects, roots, nuts and berries. Its dangerous fore claws are nominally used to overturn stones and knock rotten logs to pieces, that it may lap up the small tribes of darkness which swarm under the one and the other.

"It digs up the camas roots, wild onions and an occasional luckless woodchuck or gopher. When food is plentiful bears are lazy, but commonly they are obliged to be very industrious, since it is no light task to gather enough ants, beetles, crickets, tumblebugs, roots and nuts to satisfy the cravings of so huge a bulk.

"The true time of plenty for bears is the berry season. Then they feast voraciously on huckleberries, blueberries, wild plums, elderberries and scores of other fruits. They often smash all the bushes in a berry patch, gathering the fruit with half-laborious, half-laborious greed, sitting on their haunches and sweeping the berries into their mouths with dexterous passes.

"As absorbed do they become in their feasts that they grow reckless and feed in broad daylight, while in some of the thickets, especially those of the mountain haves, they make so much noise in smashing the branches that it is a comparatively easy matter to approach them unheeded."

KNOWN OF ALL OBSERVERS.

The Bride and Groom Unable to Say Why They Attracted So Much Attention.

One stormy day recently a handsome young couple, newly married, were seen, New York, with a yard of white ribbon flying at the pole, says a correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch. Everybody paused long enough to take a second look at it, and everybody who did saw more white ribbon tied in the door handles. As it went by the cabmen congregated in front of the Fifth Avenue hotel turned and stared, and the gentlemen loungers within rubbed their noses against the plate glass at the curious sight. Behind the carriage and pendant from the axle swung a dainty white kid slipper by a white ribbon. And the wind blew and the snow and rain swept by in vicious gusts, and the mud and water splashed the white ribbon and flecked the delicate little slipper; but the bright coachman on the box grinned from behind his rich astrachan livery and was the envy of his kind. If that young couple entertained any doubts as to the reason for all these unexpected demonstrations they were probably duly enlightened when they reached the station. Their friends who sent them thus gaily heralded on their wedding journey possibly enjoyed the job better than the newly made bride and groom.

VETERANS PASSING AWAY.

In Forty Years There Will Be Few Survivors of the Civil War.

Interesting in connection with the department encampment is the report of the medical director, Dr. J. R. Hayes, in part as follows, says the Washington Post: "Our annual death rate equals 2.75 per cent of the whole number in the Grand Army Republic in this department. This is equivalent to death rate of twenty-seven in a thousand, a larger death rate than usually pertains to any given number of people. Our band of nearly 4,000 is being rapidly mustered out, and if we apply the simple rules of arithmetic, and provided that we recruit no more, in the year 1930 not one of our 4,000 would be alive to tell the story of the past.

"We are dying faster than any other class of our population, because out of the 600 in our organization more than one-half are daily suffering from loss of limbs, from wounds, injuries and disabilities contracted during the war. In addition, the exposure and the exposure and deprivation incident thereto now cause more suffering than the bullet. Loss of a limb shortens the life, but the rheumatism and servry contracted in prison also yearly call for their premature victims. Premature aging of all the organs, diminished vital resistance to all disturbing causes, and more especially diseases of the heart, now so alarmingly present with many surviving comrades, are mainly due to the rheumatism and servry of prison life.

"I have never seen a survivor from the prison at Andersonville, Ga., that did not have disease of heart in some form or other. So, taking our little band of 4,000 to-day, in about forty years all who have lost a limb, or been seriously wounded or suffered the hardships and horrors of prison life will have passed away."

How Thrilled

We After One Hundred Dollars Reward for any one of Caturday that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Waiding, Kinnam & Martin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Life After Forty.

The best half of life is in front of the man of forty if he be anything of a man. The work he will do will be done with the hand of a master, and not of a raw apprentice. The trained intellect does not see "men as trees walking," but sees everything clearly and in just measure. The trained temper does not rush at work like a blind bull at a haystack, but advances with the calm and ordered pace of conscious power and deliberate determination. To no man is the world so new and the future so fresh as to him who has spent the early part of his manhood in striving to understand the deeper problems of science and life, and who has made some headway toward comprehending them. To him the commonest things are rare and wonderful, both in themselves and as parts of a beautiful and intelligent whole. Such a thing as staleness in life and its duties he cannot understand. Knowledge is always opening out before him in wider expanses and more commanding heights. The pleasures of growing knowledge and increasing power makes every year of his life happier and more hopeful than the last.

WANTED-GOLD MINERS.

To develop the gold properties in Lewiston, Miners' Delight, Atlantic, South Pass, Gold Creek, or on the Rustler Belt. You can get full information regarding reliable mines which are for sale by the camps mentioned by addressing James A. McAvoy, county clerk of Fremont county, Lander, Wyo., Wm., Sturgis, Jr., Cheyenne, Wyo., A. Kendall, cashier First National bank, Rock Springs, Wyo., S. L. Spangler, chairman Fremont board of county commissioners, Atlantic City, Wyo.

The Union Pacific is the shortest and quickest line to the South Pass country, daily stages from Rock Springs and Rawlins.

WANTED To employ a lady

or gentleman to represent us in each county. Salary \$40.00 per month. Address with stamp. Chas. A. Robinson & Co., Salina, Kans.

THE WESTERN PEDAGOGUE.

We are in receipt of the May number of our state school paper. It exceeds any of the former numbers in value. The paper this month contains many new and valuable features. The illustrated series on the schools of the state is introduced by a paper on the Friends Polytechnic Institute at Salem, Oregon. These papers cannot fail to be of great value both to the schools and to the public. There are also several fine articles by our best writers and the departments "Current Events," "Saturday Thoughts," "Educational News," "The Oracle Answers, Correspondents," etc., each contain much valuable reading for teachers or parents. The magazine has about 50 pages of matter, well printed and arranged. We pronounce the Western Pedagogue the best educational monthly on the coast. Everyone of our readers should have the paper if they are at all interested in education. No teacher, school director or student can get along well without it. We will receive subscriptions at this office. Price only \$1.00 a year. When desired we will send the Western Pedagogue and Gazette one year to one address for \$3.00. Call and examine sample copies. Teachers, directors and parents, now is the time to subscribe. If

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

To whom it may concern: This is to certify that the firm of Sloan & Howard has this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts of the old firm are due them, payable to either member, and all accounts owing by them are payable in the same manner. Those owing the old firm are requested to call and settle by cash or note, at once. Mr. T. R. Howard will continue the business at the old stand. E. G. SLOAN, F. R. HOWARD, Heppner, Or., June 26, 1894 245 8

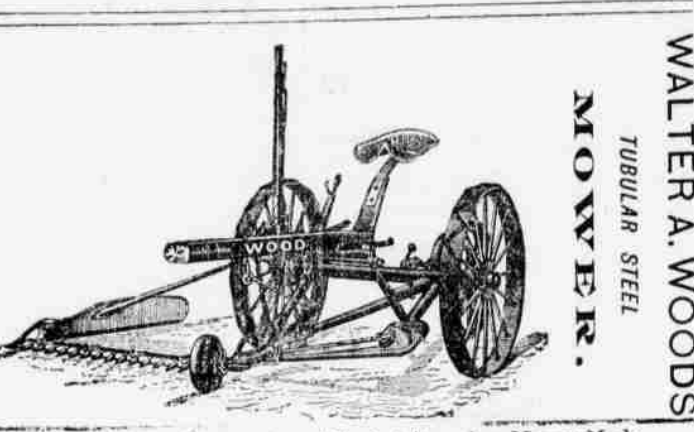
Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BIDS for seventy (70) cords of wood will now be received by J. J. Roberts, clerk of school district No. 1, Heppner, Or., to be opened on July 14th, 1894, at the office of the county clerk of Morrow Co., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock, p. m., to be delivered as follows: One-half of the lot by Sept. 1, 1894, and the remainder on or before Oct. 1, 1894. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the board: Otto Patterson, Clerk. J. J. Roberts, Chairman. Heppner, Or., June 23, 1894. 245 8

City Hotel.

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Meals and Rooms at Popular Prices. Mrs. Tom Bradley, Prop.



The Lightest, Strongest and Easiest Running Mower Made.

P. C. THOMPSON COMPANY, AGENTS.

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Equal with the interest of those having claims against the government is that of INVENTORS, who often lose the benefit of valuable inventions because of the incompetency or inattention of the attorneys employed to obtain their patents. Too much care cannot be exercised in employing competent and reliable solicitors to procure patents, for the value of a patent depends greatly, if not entirely, upon the care and skill of the attorney. With the view of protecting inventors from worthless or careless attorneys, and of seeing that inventors are well protected by valid patents, we have retained counsel expert in patent practice, and therefore are prepared to Obtain Patents in the United States and All Foreign Countries, Conduct Interferences, Make Special Examinations, Prosecute Rejected Cases, Register Trade-Marks, and Copyrights, Render Opinions as to Scope and Validity of Patents, Prosecute and Defend Infringement Suits, Etc., Etc.

If you have an invention on hand send a sketch or photograph thereof, together with a brief description of the important features, and you will be at once advised as to the best course to pursue. Models are seldom necessary. If others are infringing on your rights, or if you are charged with infringement by others, submit the matter to us for a reliable OPINION before acting on the matter.

THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, WASHINGTON, D. C. 618 F STREET, NORTHWEST. JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney. P. O. Box 463.

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Honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who served ninety days, or over, in the late war, are entitled, if now partially or wholly disabled for ordinary manual labor, whether disability was caused by service or not, and regardless of their pecuniary circumstances, to receive from the government a pension or gratuity. Widows of such soldiers and sailors are entitled, if not remarried, whether the soldier's death was due to army service or not, if now dependent upon their own labor for support. Widows not dependent upon their own labor are entitled, if the soldier's death was due to service, to a pension or gratuity (if under sixteen years) in almost all cases where there was no widow, or she has since died or remarried. PARENTS are entitled, if soldier left neither widow nor child, provided soldier died in service, or from effects of service, and they are now dependent upon their own labor for support. It makes no difference whether soldier served or died in late war or in regular army or navy. Soldiers of the late war, pensioned under one law, may apply for higher rates under other laws, without losing any rights. Thousands of soldiers drawing from \$2 to \$10 per month under the old law are entitled to higher rates under new law, not only on account of disabilities for which now pensioned, but also for others, whether due to service or not. Soldiers and sailors disabled in line of duty in regular army or navy since the war are also entitled, whether discharged for disability or not. Survivors, and their widows, of the Black Hawk, Creek, Cherokee and Seminole or Florida Indian Wars of 1817 to 1842, are entitled under a recent act. Mexican War soldiers and their widows also entitled, if sixty-two years of age or disabled or dependent. Old claims completed and settlement obtained, whether pension has been granted under later laws or not. Selected claims reopened and settlement secured, if rejection improper or illegal. Certificates of service and discharge obtained for soldiers and sailors of the late war who have lost their original papers. No charge for advice. No fee unless successful. Address, THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463, WASHINGTON, D. C.

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