WE WANT TO SELL YOU A FARM!

One of the Best Pieces of Land in Morrow County.

160 ACRES DEEDED 160

AND 160 ACRES Timber Culture claim adjoining, of which deeded land there are 140 acres good farming land, and the balance A 1 pasture. The deeded land has a good spring of water on it, all under fence. Situated two miles west of Hardman.

Price for the whole, $1100; or without the timber culture claim, $800.

ANOTHER BARGAIN.

Good, deeded ranch, 320 acres, best stock ranch in Morrow county, cheap and on easy terms.

AND STILL ANOTHER.

Deeded ranch, 160 acres, boss wheat land. Will sell on easy terms. A good rustler can pay for it with first crop raised on it. Reason for selling, owner lives in the East and has no use for it.

For further information call at our office.

THE PATTERSON PUB. CO.

Give your business to Heppner people and therefore assist to build up Heppner. Patronize those who patronize you.

MRS. LEASE says she does not want to be elected senator from Kansas.

JUDGE SHARPSTEIN, who recently died in California, was a brother of B. L Sharpstein, of Walla Walla.

A LA GRANDE carpenter tried to commit suicide a few days ago by drinking whiskey, and he was nearly successful.

BRAZIL has thrown her gates wide open and invited Chinamen to partake of the blessings of the republic. May she get her stomach full of them.

N. B. LARMOUR, a coal miner of some note, has discovered, over between Cam as prairie and the North Fork, what experts say is genuine anthracite coal.

THE Salem Statesman says that in Oregon there are more applicants for postoffices under the new administration than there were votes cast for Cleveland in November.

A YOUNG printer by the name of E. F. R. Daw, has fallen heir to a half million dollars by the death of an uncle in Devonshire, England. Printers are lucky sometimes.

SPEAKER CRISP is suffering from indigestion. The ailment is probably due to over-feeding, on taffy and drinking too much ice water at the recent conference with Mr. Cleveland.

ORANGE JUDD, the famous editor of agricultural journals, is dead. He was at the head of the American Agriculturist for years, and made it the foremost journal of its kind in the country.

THE supreme court is right. A county clerk, by his mistake—and maphap one made for a purpose—cannot rob the elector of his franchise, nor the candidate of the vote cast for him.—Salem Statesman.

LORING PICKERING, editor of the San Francisco Morning Call and owner of the Bulletin, the oldest pioneer newspaper man on the coast, died at San Francisco on Wednesday morning, aged 81 years. Pickering went to California in 1849.

AN INCOME tax is not such a bad thing after all. If men will pile up millions of money, they can well afford to help pay the expenses of a government which gives them such grand opportunities. A man with $10,000 income per year has more to protect than one who only makes a $1,000 a year.

THE Grant County News is worried because the Gazette may have ventured an opinion on the question of the division of Grant county. It is a matter that will be settled by Grant county and that county alone, but the owners of the Gazette are, perhaps, as much interested in that county as the News man.

WE understand there is a member of the legislature from one of the Eastern Oregon counties who has in his pocket a road bill. It would make absolutely certain good roads all over the state—the same as all those that have been passed and gone before have done. But we would caution this Eastern Oregon solon to get the floor very early in the session, and introduce his bill—for we suspect there are about eighty-nine other members who have road bills in their inside pockets, and there is nothing like getting in your bill early.—Salem Statesman. How about Marion county? She's generally at the head of the list of "wants."

WM. MORELAND, of Portland, Or., is in Kansas City looking for Jennie Semond, sometimes known as Josie Earl and as Nellie Sherman, who is heiress to an estate of $36,000, now being held by the public administrator in Portland. The woman was born in Whitehall, Ill., 31 years ago. John Brendle deserted his wife, disowned his child and went west and settled in Portland. Mrs. Brendle married John Semond and the child took his name. Mrs. Semond died ten years ago and Brendle died recently in Portland, leaving this estate. The estate is now held by the administrator and is claimed by distant relatives. Moreland thinks Jennie Semond is the rightful heir. He traced her to Omaha and to Hastings, Neb., and thence she came to Kansas City two years ago.

THE future problems that will be up for consideration of the voter will be financial ones. Many voted against protection, believing that there the evil existed, when in fact, if anything, the present tariff laws have been in America's favor. But let that be as it may, the tariff is of minor importance, as compared with the condition of America's finances. The people of this country are beginning to feel that any reasonable and equitable system of getting revenue will suffice, provided they are relieved from the iniquities of a money system that makes it more difficult, day after day, to meet obligations. If the creditor class would allow the debtors a premium on their appreciated money, which, if debts are of very long standing, takes more of everything to buy it, consequently worth more to the creditor, then the American people would have no room to complain But that's the sticking point. Debts must be paid dollar for dollar. The forty per cent appreciation given to gold by legislation, does not belong to it, and is being wrung from the pockets of every producer in the country to help the capitalists. Every acre of land, bushel of wheat, of corn, oats, etc, have gone down with the discount placed on silver by its demonetization. The people are beginning to see that bimetalism is more sorely needed than tariff tinkering, and if the victors don't take a tumble unto themselves, there will be another and more serious tidal wave in 1896.

THE financial outlook is not encouraging. Little will be accomplished this congress and for nearly two years there is bound to be uneasiness and uncertainty. It is the realization of this fact that has given rise to the prediction of hard times that are already appearing in the Eastern press. The West of course will suffer, too, if these predictions are realized, but the principal sufferers will be in the East where there are thousands who are not in a condition to stand a prolonged money stringency, and whose struggle for existence is far more acute than here.—Spokane spokesman. Four years more of gold inflation and further debasement of silver will wipe out of the eyes of most people the film that they have chosen to call an "honest dollar." A silver dollar was as good as any other dollar till it was debased by legislation.

THE time is approaching for another city election, occurring this year on Feb 7. We do not know how a majority of the people of our city feel on the subject, but do know that a number favor the re election of the retiring councilmen, Frank Gilliam, S P. Garrigues and Thos Morgan, as they are thoroughly familiar with the work which is now in the hands of the council, and which, at the expiration of their terms, will not be completed. There is also considerable sentiment in favor of the re-election of the present mayor and recorder, presumably on the same grounds, but the editor, as a hold-over councilman, will endeavor as one to work in harmony and for the best interests of Heppner with whomsoever our people see fit to elect in these responsible positions—more so this year on account of the many financial matters with which they will have to deal.

THE FINANCIAL ISSUE.

From the Daily Rocky Mountain News.

If the Eastern banking interest should abandon the attempt to repeal the present silver law this winter, as the dispatches intimate, it will not be until every available effort has been tried and proved unsuccessful. The opponents of silver are now rallying all their strength for a test vote soon after the holidays, and there is reason to believe that the issue will not go over to the Fifty-third congress without a close struggle.

Bimetallism is gaining ground unmistakably in this country and abroad, and there is no doubt that a pressure upon the members of congress from the people they represent would materially stiffen the silver phalanx in the present crisis. A form of protest has been prepared by The News against the repeal of the Sherman law without the concurrent enactment of a free coinage measure. It will be mailed upon application to any part of the country, and should be signed as numerously as possible and forwarded to members of congress without avoidable delay.

While it is true that the cause of free coinage is brightening and that its ultimate triumph is assured, no disastrous measure should be precipitated for the want of vigilant action on the part of silver's friends. Silver was dethroned by conspirators and the fight is now being prosecuted against the white metal by a compact, sagacious and wealthy combination which scruples at nothing to gain a point. It would be folly to expect success in a conflict with such power without equal organization and vigilance To the silver mining section belongs the task of shaping and stimulating a victorious campaign.

Should the opponents of bimetallism be foiled in their purpose in this congress, they make no secret of their hopes in the next, nor of their confidence in Mr. Cleveland's co-operation and determined influence. Hence the greater necessity for agitating the financial issue and organizing the people on that question. Mr. Cleveland was the choice of the money power in the Chicago convention and is credited with financial views that suit the bankers and other loaners of money. He has announced himself an opponent of the joint and equal mintage rights of gold and silver.

Since Mr. Cleveland made that announcement and even since his nomination for the presidency a remarkable change has taken place on the silver question. Thoughtful financiers in Europe and America have recognized and proclaimed impending monetary danger from the enormous artificial enhancement of gold because of legislation instigated and brought about by money sharks. The bimetallist organization of Great Britain has been wonderfully reinforced and there is an even chance that the present ministry will be compelled to go before the country on the financial issue within six months. The cause has also made great strides within the same time in the United States and is taking a form in this country that means a sweeping victory, which no political party is old enough or great enough to prevent.

It remains to be seen whether Mr. Cleveland is oblivious to the forces which are at work and will continue in that state of mind. The money changers, in relying upon his help, make no allowance for a revision of his views.

Those who have given the subject attention and are not warped by the interests of money brokers, know that demonetization has enriched and is enriching one class of society at the expense of others and much larger classes; that in adding 50 per cent to the value of gold as compared with general prices, and in reducing the volume of the circulating medium, it has vastly augmented the wealth of the creditor class and at the same time depressed nearly all forms of industry, not especially agriculture, which has been reduced to a point that has occasioned loss of homes to a large percentage of American farmers and that has left 40 per cent of farms ostensibly owned by the occupants covered with ruinous mortgages, while another 40 per cent have become tenant holdings, the titles having passed in the main to money lenders.

There must be an end to the undue influence of the money power in financial legislation and a reassertion of the rights of plain people in the enactment of our laws.

CRAZE AFTER GOLD.

The city of Durango, Colorado, has gone crazy over the reported discovery of the rich placer diggings, located 150 miles from that point in Southern Utah, where the San Juan river empties into the Colorado. The excitement is unparalleled since the days of '49. Along the line of the Atlantic & Pacific railway, from Gallup to the Needles, the towns are almost depopulated, and 1000 men are already at the scene. The placers were discovered less than a year ago by a Navajo trader named Williams. He interested Eastern capitalists, and hydraulic machinery was shipped to the place under pretense that it was to be used in developing coal fields. The shipping point was Winslow, Ariz., and an old prospector named French noted the style of machinery followed the outfit and came back to Winslow with his report, which was in effect that 60 miles of rich yellow placer grounds lay 240 miles to the north of Winslow, which ran from a color to $5 a pan. Since then every available means of transportation has been headed for the diggings. In Albuquerque are nuggets on exhibition ranging in weight from one to five ounces of coarse gold, and all classes of people are leaving their business and hurrying to Utah. The gold is described as similar to that discovered in California gulch at the time of the first Leadville excitement.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Slocum-Johnson Drug Company.

SHERMAN'S VAGARIES.

From the Salt Lake Tribune.

Senator Sherman continues to talk trash about silver, as the following paragraph shows:

The fact is that silver is going the way of the other metals probably, such as nickle, and copper and iron. The methods now used to cheapen the production of silver diminish its value as a standard of coin, such as it had when it presented a large percentage of labor. We had copper once for coin, but its fall in value was inevitable upon the cheapening of its production and the quantity produced. Nickel, once $1 30 a pound, has fallen to 30 cents. Pig-iron is worth about $13 a ton, and steel rails, once $100, are now $30 a ton, or nearly a cent and a half a pound. Nails, perfect nails at that, superior to nails of other times, are but $2 a keg. The falling off of the cost of production in other metals used for coinage has produced a monetary appreciation of gold. I think we shall not be able to sustain ourselves against the financial attitude of the commercial world, which is inclining toward the gold standard more rather than less decidedly. Europe is too closely connected with us to allow us to be above her opinion.

When Senator Sherman compares silver to the base metals and talks about the methods to cheapen the production of silver, he talks with his mouth and has not a backing of proof in the world to sustain his position. There never yet has been a silver dollar mined that has not cost a dollar; we mean that if any territory or state has produced in any year a million ounces of silver, when the wages of men working for silver, prospecting for silver, opening mines with the hope of obtaining silver, are figured up, it will be found that the expenses have been more than $1,299,999.99 It does not cost as much to get an ounce of gold as it does an ounce of silver; that is, gold rock that pays $7 a ton can be worked at a profit, but there is no silver rock in the world that contains only $7 worth of silver that can be worked except at a loss. If by increased facilities the production of silver has been cheapened, then gold has still more been cheapened in production. A Chinaman, who only cost $20 in Hong Kong, with an outfit that only cost $20 more, has very often made $20 a day in placers in California, but that achievement on his part did not reduce the value of gold at all; and when Senator Sherman compares silver, which is never found except in limited quantities, to other metals, the production of which is only limited to the demand, he talks as the foolish talk. In point of fact, the increase in the world's business brought around by improved machinery, by the swift ships, and the facilities of exchange which ships and locomotives have made between countries, has been in greater proportion than the increase of silver. The only reason silver has declined is because three great nations have through their bankers asserted that they do not wish to have silver money. That is all there is to it. Those bankers, reaching out their long tentacles, strike at governments and compel them to accept dictation; [illegible] stretch out their long tentacles [illegible]gh all the realms of business and compel business men to accept their statements. And gold is today inflated 40 per cent. The man who does business does it on a standard that is inflated 40 per cent, and the result is that most men are working for nothing except to keep the interest accounts of the banks solid. If this keeps on a little longer, then the banks themselves will have to look to their securities, because a just world will not always submit to a tyrannical edict of a government which doubles the debts of the people and takes away 60 or 80 per cent of their capacity to pay their debts.

AN IMPORTANT RULING.

All Applying to Purchase Forfeited R. R. Lands After Feb. 3, '93, Must Have Been Residing on Same June 25, 1892.

The Gazette is in receipt of the following from the La Grande land office, which, as our readers will perceive, is a copy of very important correspondence regarding the rights of settlers to purchase forfeited railroad land after Feb. 3, 1893. We publish it in full, that our readers may become acquainted with the methods of acquiring title to lands such as are referred to:

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
La Grande, Or., Jan 5, 1893.

F. H. SNOW, Pendleton, Or.

DEAR SIR: Replying to your letter of Jan 1, 1893, enclosing commissioner's letter of Oct. 7, 1892, asking what time settlement was required upon lands forfeited by act of September 29, 1890, before parties can have the benefit of the extension of time granted by act of congress approved June 25, 1892; we wired the commissioner and received under date of January 4, 1893, the following:

REGISTER AND RECEIVER, La Grande, Or.

Residence must have been established on or prior to June 25, 1892, and have been subsisting at that date. Continuous residence since that date is not required by the act. W. M. STONE, Commissioner

After February 3, 1893, all parties applying to purchase lands forfeited by act of September 29, 1990, must show that on June 25, 1892, that they were actually living upon the tract for which they apply.

Very respectfully,
A. CLEAVER, Register.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold or any trouble with throat, chest or lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds, is guaranteed to give relief or money will be paid back. Sufferers from la grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is Trial bottles free at Slocum Johnson Drug Co. Large size 50c and $1.00

To Consumptives.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York.

1-4 a w

THE DRAIN OF GOLD.

From the Salt Lake Tribune

Here is a characteristic item from the Philadelphia Press:

Exports of gold are increasing in volume every week, and there is no telling where or when the drain will stop. Doubtless the free silver boomers will rejoice that this country is so rapidly getting rid of her stores of yellow metal To banish gold with the hope of thereby strengthening our monetary system is like the old idea of bleeding a man to make him strong.

Of course the Press takes the same view that the other Eastern papers do, that the Old World is unloading its securities upon us, through fear that in a little while our country will be reduced to a silver standard. We would like to ask the Press, it having the facilities at hand to publish a statement of about how much in interest, dividends, and in the expenses of tourists, this country has to pay to the Old World every year. We would like to have it figure up our trade balance with the Old World, then to subtract that trade balance from the amount expended in interest, dividends and tourists' expenses, and see whether, after all, the drifting of gold across the sea is not a natural process, which would have to go on just the same even if silver should be entirely repudiated by our government. When the press and other papers assert with so much apparent certainty that Europe is unloading her securities upon us, we would like for the press to cite some examples of property owned by Englishmen in this country which the Englishmen are trying to sell. They own great breweries, they own mines, they own a great many houses, a great deal of land. Is it true, in point of fact, that they are trying to unload this property in order to get their funds out of this country?

Again, it is easy enough, through the banks of New York, to ascertain nearly the exact amount of American securities that have been sent over in the last three months to be realized upon. When the Baring Brothers failed, England unloaded $1,200,000,000 and they did it not because they were afraid their securities would be paid in silver, but because they were the very best securities they had to realize upon; they were in such a condition financially that they had to realize upon something or go to the wall. Through the dictation of the Rothschilds several countries of Europe are just now trying to get a reserve of gold enough to establish in those countries a gold standard. Those people are selling everything they can, not because they fear their securities will be paid in silver, but for the sole purpose of obtaining the gold to make a reserve so they can put their countries on a gold basis. They are doing exactly what the merchant does when he has to raise a certain amount by a certain hour on a certain day; he converts whatever he can of property in his possession into money.

We believe there is no class of men in the Old World who would not prefer, today, American securities to any other in the world, because over there the people are different from what they are in our eastern cities; they have a mighty and profound respect for the government and resources of the United States, and believe that it is the great country of the earth, that while it has in sight more facilities for paying debts than any other country, it has yet undeveloped resources enough to pay all the debts of the world. Hence, we believe this talk of our Eastern contemporaries that the reason the gold is being drained from the country is because of their rush to unload American securities lest they eventually shall be paid in silver, is altogether a dishonest claim which is as humiliating as it is dishonest, for it shows a disposition on the part of our great newspapers to degrade their own country.

SOME EAGLETS.

From our Long Creek Paper.

Word reaches the Eagle that Harney county will appeal the county-seat case to the supreme court.

The quill driver of this first class family journal has been slightly indisposed since Sunday, and has been unable to make this issue as newsy as we would like. Having sickness in our home, other than ye editor, we ask the indulgence of each and every patient reader.

Pry. S. Wilson, of Monument, met with a serious mishap Tuesday evening west of Long Creek, while returning home from this city. He was on horseback leading a wild broncho, which became unmanageable, causing Mr Wilson's riding animal to fall, resulting in badly bruising Mr. Wilson's hip and shoulder and dislocating his left collar bone. Although suffering intense pain he was taken to Hamilton where medical attention was summoned, and the patient made easier.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

Services at M. E church, South, Sunday. Morning subject, "Be Thou Faithful." Evening subject, "There is a way that seemeth right unto a man, but the end thereof are the ways of death." All are respectfully invited to attend.

EDWIN PALMER, Pastor.

Markham, A. M., Heppner, Or.—Cattle large M on left side both ears cropped, and split in both Horses M on left hip. Range, Clark's canyon.

It Will Build You Up

Are you all run down? *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda will build you up and put flesh on you and give you a good appetite.

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula and all Anaemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

DAN OSMERS. *MAT HUGHES.*

Columbia Beer Hall!

NEXT DOOR to Heppner Candy Factory on Main Street. Keep on hand a Fine Line of Liquors, Wines, Cigars, Etc. We have

Reduced the Price of the Buchler Beer to

5 Cents Per Glass,

On draught, fresh and cool. Lunch of all kinds. Hope to see all their old friends and many more.

OSMERS & HUGHES, Props.

THE CITY HOTEL,

W. J. LEEZER, Prop.

THIS HOSTELRY has been REFITTED and REFURNISHED throughout, and now is one of the most inviting places in Heppner. Mr. Leezer invites you to stop with him, feeling that he is able to entertain you in the best of style.

FIRST CLASS HOUSE. REASONABLE RATES.

Fruits, Candies, Nuts and Cigars!

WELL, I SHOULD SMILE,

Oyster Season The Finest in the Land.

Also is about ripe. We will let you know about that in the near future.

W. L. Matlock & Co.

SAND HOLLOW.

EDITOR GAZETTE—

I send you a few Items you may use to fill up your paper.

Snow all gone in Sand hollow. Some are talking of starting the plow.

Mr. Jim Shaw has started out for a weeks' visit amongst the neighbors. He went to A. Andrews' Monday and is there yet (Wednesday). He carries with him his violin and is making some fine music. Fears are entertained that when the week is ended some one will be slighted. Of course we are few in number, but three days in a place will not go more than half round in one short week.

Harry Powell has been quite sick, but under the skillful treatment of Dr. Gagen he is recovering.

Miss Maggie Parsell and her brother Chester have gone to Walla Walla; Maggie to take a course in music and the latter to school.

Bob Hynd has gone to Pendleton to take instructions in kook keeping.

Chas. Armstrong has gone to Webfoot to visit old friends and relatives.

Harry Bartholomew has been visiting his parents and has returned to Milton.

Our district school is progressing nicely under the efficient efforts of Mrs Whitson.

Fred Parsell has returned from Montana, and is too busy looking after interests at home to visit his best girl.

Mrs. Parsell is on the sick list.

Wishing ye editor and the readers of the Gazette a happy and prosperous year, we close. A. W. & M. T.

ALPINE, Or., Jan. 4, '93

LIST OF LETTERS.

ADVERTISED AT HEPPNER POSTOFFICE January 9, 1893.

Brown J S	Croft Tex
Jones Mrs Mary	Russell Geo
Repass Chas A	Spillman Theo
Ward F J	

Please say "Advertised" when calling for these letters. A. MALLORY, P. M.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

The Studebaker wagon heads them all. For sale at Gilliam & Bisbee's. a

Why go hungry when the City hotel furnishes you a good meal at living rates a

"Hardware" did you say? Why, yes at P. C. Thompson & Co.'s stand, and the place for bargains. a

Call on Rip to do your wood sawing; same old price. Also delivers wood to any part of Heppner. See ad. a

Ruhl, the baker. Buy your bread and cakes and save money. Try it. a.

For cash you can get more at the Eastern Clothing house, with Levi on deck, than any other place in Heppner. a

A

Comprehensive Survey

OF

An Apprehensive Subject

BY

Means of a Prehensile Tail

The Monkey is Not Afraid because his Tail is a Good One. We are Not Afraid because our Tale is a Good One.

It is No Tale of Woe!

WE TELL OF

BARGAINS

Splendid Goods,

Fair treatment; satisfaction to customers, and of reasonable prices and good money value.

It is a Tailless Tale.

A tale without end, because it is a tale that will hold A pleasure to show goods. Special inducements to cash buyers. Call at

MINOR BROS

The Palace is the leading hotel in the city. Well furnished rooms with plenty of light are provided for everyone. a