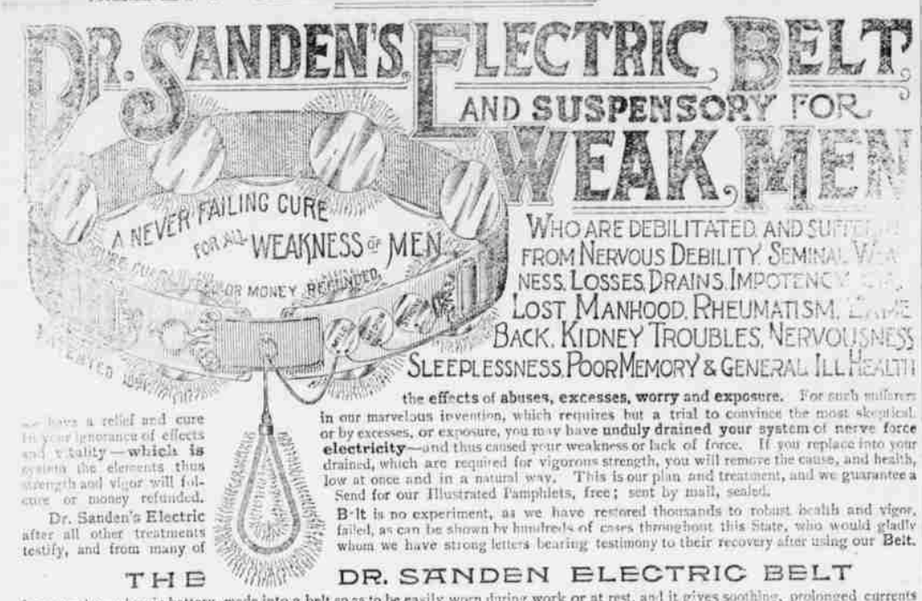
MEN! WHY ARE YOU WEAK?



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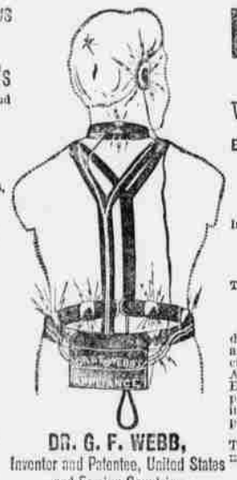

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Inventor and Patentee, United States and Foreign Countries.

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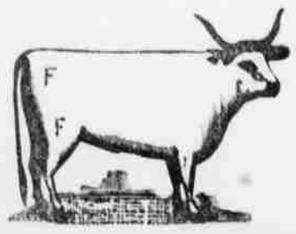

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HEPPNER, OREGON.
Cattle branded and ear marked as shown above. Horses F on right shoulder.
My cattle range in Morrow and Umatilla counties. I will pay $100.0 for the arrest and conviction of any person stealing my stock.

JAPANESE PILE CURE
A new and Complete Treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointment in Capsules, also in Box and Pills; a positive Cure for External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary Piles, and many other diseases and female weaknesses; it heals as a great benefit to the general health. The first discovery of a medical cure rendering an operation with the knife unnecessary is realized. This remedy has never been known to fail. $1 per box, 6 for $5; sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is given with 6 boxes, to refund the money if not cured. Send stamp for free sample. Guarantee issued by WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale & Retail Druggists Sole Agents, Portland, Or.

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A. KARPEN & CO., 122 Quincy street, Chicago, Ill.

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A salary of $75 to $90 per week to GOOD agents to represent us in every county, and sell our general line of Merchandise at manufacturers' prices. ONLY THOSE WHO WANT STEADY EMPLOYMENT NEED APPLY. Catalogue and particulars sent on receipt of 25 cents for expressage.
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WE HAVE FOR SALE ALL KINDS OF UN dressed Lumber, 16 miles of Heppner, at what is known as the
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PER 1,000 FEET, ROUGH, - - - $10 00
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REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS, AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.
A RELIABLE REMEDY FOR
Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Dizziness, Bad Complexion, Dysentery, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.
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Sold by druggists. A trial bottle sent by mail on receipt of 10 cents. Address
THE RIPANS CHEMICAL CO.
10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

FARM AND GARDEN

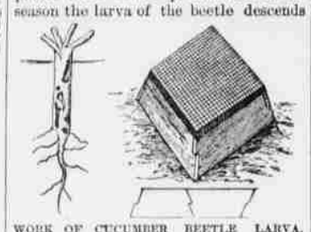
THE CUCUMBER BEETLE.

A Yellow Striped Insect That Injures Cucumber, Melon and Pumpkin Vines.

Changing location is a plan practiced by some for circumventing the gardeners' enemy, the striped cucumber beetle, but in home gardens this cannot be done, and some protection placed over the hill before the plants appear above ground will prove most satisfactory in the long run. The fact that such protection often aids materially in preventing injury from frost is an important point in its favor.

Professor Goff advises the protector illustrated in the accompanying sketch from Garden and Forest as being strong, light, durable and economical of storage, as well as being entirely efficient and cheap. It is made of ⅝-inch undressed pine lumber, covered over the top with ordinary wire mosquito netting. The frame may be made sixteen inches square at the top, and the sections are cut so that the bottom is slightly larger, giving flare enough to admit of nesting the boxes together for convenient storage. By cutting the boards in the manner shown in the drawing they may be "double nailed," which greatly adds to the strength of the frame without increasing the weight or cost.

The cucumber beetle first eats the young leaves a few days after the plants have come up, and later in the season the larva of the beetle descends



WORK OF CUCUMBER BEETLE LARVA. PLANT PROTECTOR.

and attacks the root, causing the plant to wither and die. In the cut already referred to is shown the root of a plant irregularly eaten in spots, and where these spots occur the larva will be found hidden within it. The female deposits her eggs on the stem near the surface of the ground, and from this egg the young larva when hatched eats its way down to the center of the stem. When full grown the larva is nearly half an inch long, and almost as slender as a common pin.

One of the simplest methods is to cover the hills with a piece of thin cheese cloth two or three feet square and held up in the center by means of a half barrel hoop or bent wire in form of a croquet arch, fastening the edges down with loose earth. Another method is to protect the plants by keeping them well covered with plaster or bone dust. Treatment must begin in advance of the insects' first appearance, or from the day that the plant appears above ground. The period of danger is while the plants are young.

Transferring Bees.

The best time to transfer bees from box hives to movable frame hives, says The American Bee Journal, is just before the fruit blooms, when there is little honey in them. The drumming method, as advised by Mr. James Hedden, is as follows:

After getting the new hives ready and every frame nicely fitted up with foundation, proceed to the box hive and give the bees a little smoke. Next turn the box hive upside down and place an empty box on the top of it, large enough to hold a good sized swarm of bees. With a stick or a hammer drum on the hive for fifteen or twenty minutes, when the greater portion of the bees, including the queen, will be in the upper box. Take off the upper box and dump the bees at the entrance of the new hive and they will all rush in. The old hive should be removed a short distance away and the new hive placed where the old one stood.

In a few days the comb foundation in the new hive will all be drawn out, and a good sized colony of bees will be started. Leave the box hive where it is for twenty-one days (generally enough bees remain at home after the others are taken out to take care of the brood).

After twenty-one days every bee is hatched, including all the queen cells, and as no laying queen is in the hive, it is entirely destitute of brood. To remove the remaining bees proceed as before, and then split up the box hive and melt or save the combs, whichever you choose.

One experienced live stock breeder says he considers a good crop of clover worth more than a crop of corn for feeding any kind of stock, particularly hogs.

A first class pair of draft horses sells for from $600 to $800 in the New York horse market. There is always good demand for them, but stylish carriage horses sell still better.

POTATOES AND CORN.

An Important Point in the Cultivation of These Two Crops.

Early planted crops, or ground that was early worked, may have become more or less crusted on the surface. With a good steel rake pulverize this surface and change it to a finely mellowed top soil. This will hasten growth, and any foul seeds just starting will be destroyed, according to Country Gentleman, which illustrates as follows another important point in the cultivation of potatoes and corn:

In cultivating potatoes, avoid the common practice of drawing the earth in hills around the plants, because in doing so you scrape the earth away from the roots between the rows, and pile it up needlessly high against the plants. The hill, with the natural level and the mass of soil piled above it, is shown by one of the figures of the cut. The effects of the two methods may be easily tested by experiment. Cultivate ten rows level and ten in heaps, and the level hills, when the crop is measured, will have from 10 to 20 per cent. more potatoes. There will be a difference between slight hills and steep hills, and there will be a difference in soils. Try both ways and compare the results.

ERROR IN HILLING POTATOES AND CORN.

Take the same care in cultivating corn, the roots of which are nearer the surface than potato roots and more easily injured. Both corn and potatoes send out roots from the young plants two or three times as long as the height of the plants. Avoid cutting the corn roots, therefore, near the plants. In the cut is also represented a hilled young corn plant, the dotted lines showing how the roots are cut off when working deep and near.

Kentucky Blue Grass.

The most noted and most widely distributed of American pasture grasses is the Kentucky blue grass or June grass (poa pratipses). Very few of the many who own and have been reared amid blue grass pastures are aware of the wide difference in quality between such pastures. They know that some pastures are richer than others—that is, grow more luxuriant grass—but not that many pastures produce a grass that yields more and better flavored butter than others that bear heavier crops of ranker grass. In other words, it is not the rankest crop that makes the most butter, or butter of the highest quality. There is another grass (poa compressa) which is really more entitled to be called blue grass than the Kentucky grass. It will grow anywhere that the Kentucky grass will and flourishes on some soils where the other will scarcely live. On favorable soils it makes a butter grass equal to the best Kentucky and is highly deserving of more general cultivation.—Jersey Bulletin.

Coop for Young Turkeys.

A farmer's daughter, writing to The Country Gentleman, says: "The most satisfactory coops I have ever had for young turkeys was box shaped, 2 by 3 feet, tall enough for the hen to stand upright, and while sufficiently close near the bottom to confine the young poults, yet well ventilated under the eaves, over which the inclined board roof projects on every side to keep the rain from beating in. In the front and rear two of the slats extend out as handles, for the coop is light enough to be easily lifted to a clean spot every day. Short, thick grass makes the best of floors, but care must be taken to select ground that drains itself naturally, lest water should collect after a hard shower. Turkey hens give the keeper less trouble if they come off in pairs, for being company for one another they are less restless and wandering, and therefore take better care of their little ones."

Water for Bees.

When bees have formed the habit of going to any place for water it is a difficult matter to prevent their continuing to go to the same place, and hence they should be provided with water at home early in the spring, and be "enticed" there for their regular supply. The editor of The American Bee Journal suggests that a little salt in the water at the home trough will make it inviting to the bees, and at the same time to give the sides of your neighbor's trough a coat of kerosene oil would help to cultivate a liking for the home trough, which should be placed in a sunny spot.

Treatment of Celery Plants.

Celery plants should be transplanted in beds two or three inches apart as soon as they are large enough to handle. Orchard and Garden says that a good place to put them is a cold frame from which the sashes have been removed. Screens made of laths tacked an inch apart will give shade needed. This transplanting will cause the development of fibrous roots and make them more easy to transplant to their final quarters in late summer.

Here and There.

Sixty pounds of potatoes are a legal bushel in New York state.

Many of New Jersey's muck meadows are being reclaimed and devoted to onion and celery growing.

There will be at the World's fair not only a live stock exhibit, but in connection with the same a fat stock show.

California, Florida and Texas threaten to make it unnecessary soon to purchase Mediterranean fruits and nuts.

A dairy club of deaf mutes has been organized in South Dakota, with Charles H. Loucks as president and H. McP. Hofsteater, secretary.

Increasing favor is shown by British stockmen for cotton oil as a fattening ingredient in stock rations.

The Clover Hay Worm.

The clover hay worm is frequently reported from Ohio, Illinois, Missouri and the more southern states. The eggs are laid by a small moth in stacks of hay. These worms hatch from the eggs and feed upon the dry hay, transforming to moths again in June or July. New hay ought never to be stacked in contact with old, and the worst infected stacks are those which have been placed upon the same sites for successive years. When practicable it is well to build the stack on good rail ventilators with an air passage underneath. It is also well to salt the hay two or three feet from the bottom.

And He Kept on Walking the Floor.

"What did you name your baby?"

"Well, at first she was as good as gold—never whimpered—hair all worn off the back of her head with lying on it—and we called her Serena."

"Well?"

"Well, since she began crying all night with teething we changed her name to Tuscarora."—Chicago Tribune.

A Slight Difference.

Miss Elder—Did you hear Mr. Hunker pay me that nice compliment when he looked at my new photograph? He called me beautiful.

Miss Flypp—I heard him, but I was under the impression it was the photograph he called beautiful. Photographers are so smart nowadays.—Truth.

A Sure Plan.

Lonely Walker—I'd like to have my life insured.

Agent—Well, there's the tontine ten-year plan, endowment plan, mutual benefit, old-time life, and—

Lonely Walker—Well, isn't there a plan by which I could get fifteen cents to-day in advance—on account?—Judge.

An Anxious Husband.

Day—Mrs. Enpec has had the doctor every day this week; she has lost her voice.

Weeks—Isn't her husband anxious about it?

Day—I should say he was; working night and day to throw the doctor off the scent.—N. Y. Herald.

Go to Father, and Fare Worse.

It almost spoils my digestion
That just here I cannot stop,
But now, as I've popped the question,
I'm obliged to question pop.
—Truth

Making a Purchase.

Mrs. Shoppell (after the entire contents of the store have been shown her)—Well, you don't appear to have exactly what I want; but as you have gone to so much trouble, I feel that I should buy something—give me three one-cent stamps.—Puck.

Why She Didn't Bow.

Rowne de Bout—Miss Bonde didn't bow to you. Perhaps she didn't recognize you.

Tom Vanderastor—Oh, yes; she did. She recognized both of us. That's the reason.—Puck.

Lost All Confidence.

"You believe all men are sneaks or rascals, do you? What are you—a manhater, a pessimist, or a soured politician?"

"None of the three. I'm a railroad conductor."—Chicago Tribune.

An Unwarranted Assumption.

Editor (to humorist)—Do you expect pay for this joke?

Humorist—Certainly. You didn't think I was in the funny business for fun, did you?—Brooklyn Life.

At Old Point.

She—How thoughtful he is of his wife.

He—Yes; he never takes a drink without eating a clove on her account.—Jury.

A Happy Time.

"I'm glad we're going to move," remarked Louis, "because mamma will be so busy packing that she won't have time to know what I do."—Harper's Young People.

Or the Guyers.

Dalle—Granger looks disappointed.

De Witt—He is; nothing has happened to ruin the fruit crop in his section.—N. Y. Truth.

AN INCONVENIENT LUXURY.

Mr. Calhoun—Whadjer fall yo' pipe hang down fallk dat for?

Mr. Clay—De stem's a trifle short, en when I gits it 'tween mah teef I done burns mah lips agin d' bowl.—Judge.

As It Is Observed.

Justice Flynn—What's the charge, officer?

O'Rourke—Breakin' the Sunday law, yer 'anner.

Justice Flynn—How's that?

O'Rourke—Sure, he wuz tryin' to git into Cassidy's saloon by de front door instead of de family entrance.—Puck.

Making Acquaintance.

Marvin (to strange boy)—Are you the new boy who lives next door?

Strange Boy—No; the new boy's only three months old. I'm the old one.—Harper's Young People.

A Vain Attempt.

Father—That cat made an awful noise on the back fence last night.

Arnold—Yes, sir. I guess that since he ate the canary he thinks he can sing.—Harper's Young People.

The Boom Was Over.

Capitalist—How is that town you spoke to me about a few months ago? Is it laid out yet?

The Boomer—Yes, indeed; stiffer than a mackerel.—Life.

Young America.

He (about to graduate)—In the bright lexicon of youth there's no such word as fail.

She (a little older)—No. It isn't a slang word.—Life.

The Sorrow of It.

He—Farewell.

She—Farewell. Will you *ever* call again?

He—To-morrow night.—Jury.

An Epitaph.

A martyr to duty beneath this stone lies.
A loving young husband who ate his wife's pies.
—Jury.

"Hardware" did you say? Why, yes, at P. C. Thompson & Co.'s stand, and the place for bargains. a

Why go hungry when the City hotel furnishes you a good meal at living rates. a

SHOEMAKER.—Ed Bilbeck, a shoemaker and repairer of many years' experience, has just located in the Alushousick building on Main street, where he is prepared to do everything in his line. Mr. Bilbeck is a strictly a first-class workman and warrants all work. Give him a call. 14 tf

NOTICE—TIMBER CULTURE.

U. S. Land Office, The Dalles, Or., June 7, 1892.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Theron E. Fell, against heirs of Joshua R. Fell, for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 2762, dated Nov. 17, 1887, upon the W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼ Sec. 29, Tp 2, S R 25 E, in Morrow county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said Joshua R. Fell, and his heirs, have failed to comply with the Timber Culture law, that he failed to break or cause to be broken, five acres of said tract within one year after entry, or in fact has done nothing to comply with the requirements of the Timber Culture laws, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 10th day of September, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. Curtis Patterson, Notary Public, is authorized to take testimony in this case, at his office in Heppner, Or., at 10 a. m., August 27, 1892.

M1-121 JOHN W. LEWIS, Register.

Plenty of flour, bran, mill feed and chop always on hand at the Heppner Flouring Mills. a

DRUNKENNESS or the LIQUOR HABIT. Cured at Home in Ten Days by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address the GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STOCK BRANDS.

While you keep your subscription paid up you can keep your brand in free of charge.

Allen, T. J., Ione, Or. Horses G6 on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip, under bit on right ear, and upper bit on the left; range, Morrow county.

Armstrong, J. C., Alpine, Or.—T with bar under, on left shoulder of horses; cattle same on left hip.

Allison, O. D., Eight Mile, Or.—Cattle brand, O D on left hip and horses same brand on right shoulder. Range Eight Mile.

Adkins, T C, Dayville, Or.—Straight mark across the thigh and two crops and a slit in the right ear; horses, J upside down on the right shoulder. Range in Grant county and Bear valley. P O address also at Hardman.

Adkins, J. J., Heppner, Or.—Horses, JA connected on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip.

Ayers, Johnny, Lena, Or.—Horses branded triangle on left hip; cattle same on right hip; also crop off right ear and upper bit on same.

Blyth, Percy H., Heppner, Or.—Horses Roman cross on right shoulder. Range in Morrow county.

Brenkman, Geo., Hardman, Or.—Horses, a flag on left shoulder; cattle same on right shoulder.

Bannister, J. W., Hardman, Or.—Cattle branded B on left hip and thigh; split in each ear.

Brenner, Peter, Gooseberry, Oregon—Horses branded P B on left shoulder. Cattle same on right ear.

Burke, M St C, Long Creek, Or—On cattle, MAY connected on left hip, crop off left ear, under half crop off right. Horses, same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant and Morrow county.

Bateman, A., Mount Vernon and Burns, Or.—Cattle, A B on right hip; two crops in each ear; same on horses on right shoulder. Range in Grant and Harney counties.

Brosman, Jerry, Lena, Or.—Horses branded 7 on right shoulder; cattle B on the left side. Left ear half crop and right ear upper slope.

Barton, Wm., Heppner, Or.—Horses, J B on right thigh; cattle same on right hip; split in each ear.

Brown, Isa, Lexington, Or. Horses IB on the right stifle; cattle same on right hip; range, Morrow county.

Brown, J. P., Heppner, Or.—Horses and cattle branded S with ox-yoke above on left shoulder.

Brown, J. C., Heppner, Or.—Horses, circle T with bar under it, on left hip; cattle, same.

Brown, W. J., Lena, Oregon. Horses W bar over it, on the left shoulder. Cattle same on left hip.

Boyer, W. G., Heppner, Or.—Horses, box brand on the right hip; cattle, same, with split in each ear.

Borg, P. O., Heppner, Or.—Horses, P B on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip.

Brownlee, W. J., Fox, Or.—Cattle, J B connected on left side; crop on left ear and two splits and middle piece cut out on right ear; on horses same brand on the left thigh. Range in Fox valley, Grant county.

Cain, E., Caleb, Or.—Y D on horses on left stifle; U with quarter circle over it, on left shoulder, and on left stifle on all colts under 5 years; on left shoulder only on all horses over 5 years. All range in Grant county.

Clark, Wm. B., Lena, Or.—Horses WB connected, on left shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Cate, Chas. R., Vinson or Lena, Or. Horses H C on right shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Cochran, Chas., Ione, Or.—Horses, HP connected on left shoulder; cattle, C on both left hip and stifle. Range in Morrow county.

Cannon, T. B., Long Creek, Or.—T on cattle on right side, crop off right ear and slit in left ear. Our horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Cecil, Wm., Douglas, Or.; horses J C on left shoulder; on the same on left hip, waddles on each jaw and two bobs in the right ear.

Carl, T. H., John Day, Or.—Double cross on each hip on cattle, swallow fork and under bit in right ear, split in left ear. Range in Grant county. On sheep, a curled A and spear point on shoulder. Ear marked ewes, crop on left ear, pauched upper bit in right. Wethers, crop in right and under half crop in left ear. All range in Grant county.

Cook, A. J., Lena, Or.—Horses, 9 on right shoulder. Cattle, same on right hip; ear mark square crop off left and split in right.

Currin, R. Y., Curriansville, Or.—Horses, 99 on left stifle.

Cochran, J H Monument, Or—Horses branded C I & A on left shoulder. Cattle, same on right hip; swallow fork in right ear and crop off left.

Cox Ed S., Hardman, Or.—Cattle, C with a center; horses, C2 on left hip.

Cochran, R. E., Monument, Grant Co., Or.—Horses branded circle with bar beneath, on left shoulder; cattle same brand on both hips; mark under slope both ears and dewlap.

Chapin, H., Hardman, Or.—Horses branded 7 on right hip. Cattle branded the same.

Cress, S L, Dayville, Or—Cattle branded + two crops and a split in left ear; on horses a reversed Z on left stifle. Also have the following brands on cattle: 72 on left hip, 7 on right hip, 72 on left shoulder, two parallel bars on left shoulder. Ear marks, two crops.

Doman, Wm., Heppner, Or.—Horses branded OO with bar over them, on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

Douglass, W. M., Galloway, Or.—Cattle, R D on right side, swallow-fork in each ear; horses, R D on left hip.

Douglas, O. T., Douglas, Or—Horses TD on the right stifle; cattle same on right hip.

Duncan, W. P., John Day, Or.—Quarter circle W on right shoulder, both on horses and cattle. Range Grant county.

Driskell, W. E., Heppner, Or.—Horses branded R inside of O on left shoulder. Cattle same on left side of neck.

Ely, J. B. & Sons, Douglas, Or.—Horses branded ELY on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip; hole in right ear.

Elliot, Wash., Heppner, Or. Diamond on right shoulder.

Fleck, Jackson, Heppner, Or.—Horses, JF connected on right shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Ear mark, hole in right and crop off left.

Florence, L. A., Heppner, Or.—Cattle, LF on right hip; horses F with bar under on right shoulder.

Florence, S. P. Heppner, Or—Horses, F on right shoulder; cattle, F on right hip or thigh.

Ong, Henry, Heppner, Or.—OAI on left shoulder.

Gilman-French, Land and Live Stock Co., Fossil, Or.—Horses, anchor S on left shoulder; vent, same on left stifle. Cattle, same on both hips; ear marks, crop off right ear and underbit in left. Range in Gilliam, Grant, Crook and Morrow counties.

Gentry, Elmer, Echo, Or.—Horses branded H, S, with a quarter circle over it, on left stifle. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Giltwater, J. C., Prairie City, Or.—On horses, O-A on left shoulder and stifle; cattle, on right side. Range in Grant county.

Hains, James Hardman, Or.—Horses shaded 2 on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip. Range in and about Hardman.

Hayes, Geo., Lena, Or. Brand JH connected, with quarter circle over it, on left shoulder.

Hunt, A. B., Ridge, Or.—Cattle, square-top A with quarter circle under it on the right hip. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Huston & Jenks, Hamilton, Or.—Cattle, two bars on either hip; crop in right ear and split in left. Horses, J on right thigh. Range in Grant county.

Hughes, Samuel, Wagner, Or.—T F L on right shoulder on horses; on cattle, on right hip and on left side, swallow fork in right ear and slit in left. Range in Haystack district, Morrow county.

Hall, Edwin, John Day, Or.—Cattle R H on right hip; horses same on right shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Hughes, Mat, Heppner, Or.—Horses, shaded heart on the left shoulder. Range Morrow Co.

Hunsaker, S. J., Weaver, Or. Horses, 9 on left shoulder, on the 9 on left hip.

Hardisty, Albert, Nye, Oregon—Horses, AH connected, on left shoulder; Cattle on the left hip, crop off left ear.

Humphreys, W. M. Hardman, Or.—Horses, H on hank.

Hiatt, Wm. E., Ridge, Or.—Horses, branded bar cross on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

Hayes, J. M., Heppner, Or.—Horses, smoothing iron, vent; cattle, same on right hip.

Ivy, Alfred, Long Creek, Or.—Cattle, J B on right hip, crop off left ear and bit in right. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Hixon, Luther, Eight Mile, Or.—Horse H on the left shoulder and heart on the left stifle. Cattle same on left hip. Range in Morrow county.

Jenkins, D. W., Mt. Vernon, Or.—J on horses on left shoulder; on cattle, J on left hip and two smooth crops on both ears. Range in Fox and Bear valley.

Junkin, S. M., Heppner, Or.—Horses, horseshoe J on left shoulder. Cattle, the same. Range on Eight Mile.

Johnson, Felix, Lena, Or.—Horses, circle T on left side; cattle, same on right hip, under half crop in right and split in left ear.

Kenny, Mike, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded KNY on left hip; cattle same and crop off left ear; under slope on the right.

Kirk, J T., Heppner, Or.—Horses 69 on left shoulder; cattle, 69 on left hip.

Kirk, J C., Heppner, Or.—Horses, 12 on either flank; cattle, 12 on right side.

Kirk, Jesse, Heppner, Or.; horses H on left shoulder; cattle same on right side, underbit on right ear.

Kinderland, W. G., Mount Vernon, Or.—I L on cattle on right and left sides, swallow fork in left ear and under crop in right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Keeney, Ed., Heppner, Or. Horses J L and ace of clubs on left stifle. Range in Umatilla and Morrow counties.

Lesieg, M C, Monument, Or—A triangle Z with all lines extending on left side of figure on horses on left shoulder; on cattle diamond on left shoulder, split in right ear, and slit in left ear. Range in Grant county and in parts of John Day.

Lesley, J W, Heppner Or.—Horses branded L and A on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip; wattle over right eye; three slits in right ear.

Loftus, Stephen, Lena, Or.—S L on left hip on cattle; crop and slit in right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range Grant county.

Lieballen, John W., Lena, Or.—Horses branded half-circle JL connected on left shoulder. Cattle, same on left hip. Range, near Lexington.

Lard, George, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded double B connected. Sometimes called a swing B, on left shoulder.

Maxwell, M S, Gooseberry, Or.—Horses branded long link on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip. Ear mark, under bit in left ear.

Minor, Oscar, Heppner, Or.—Cattle, M D on right hip; horses, M on left shoulder.

Morgan, S. N., Heppner, Or.—Horses, 93 on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

McCumber, Jas A, Echo, Or.—Horses, M with bar over on right shoulder.

Mann, B. F., Lena, Or.—Horses—old mares ZZ on right hip; young stock, small zz on left shoulder.

Morgan, Thos., Heppner, Or.—Horses, circle T on left shoulder and left thigh; cattle, Z on right thigh.

Mitchell, Oscar, Ione, Or.—Horses, 77 on right hip; cattle, 77 on right side.

McLaren, D. G., Brownsville, Or.—Horses, Figure 5 on each shoulder; cattle, M2 on hip.

McKeen, W. J., Mount Vernon, Or.—XI on cattle on right hip, crop in right ear, half crop in left same brand on horses on left hip. Range in Grant county.

McCarty, David H., Echo, Or. Horses branded D connected, on the left shoulder; cattle same on hip and side.

McCurr, Frank, Fox Valley, Or.—Mule shoe with toe-calk on cattle on ribs and under in each ear; horses same brand on left stifle.

McElfrey, G. V., Hamilton, Or.—On horses, S with half circle under on left shoulder; on Cattle, four bars connected on top on the right side. Range in Grant County.

Neal, Andrew, Lone Rock, Or.—Horses A N connected on left shoulder; cattle same on both hips.

Nordyke, E., Silverton, Or.—Horses, circle 7 on left thigh; on the same on left hip.

Oliver, Joseph, Canyon City, Or.—A 2 on cattle on left hip; on horses, same on left thigh. Range in Grant county.

Oiler, Perry, Lexington, Or.—P O on left shoulder.

Olp, Herman, Prairie City, Or.—On cattle, O LP connected on left hip; horses on left stifle and warble on nose. Range in Grant county.

Pearson, Oliver, Eight Mile, Or.—Horses, quarter circle shoe on left shoulder and 24 on left hip. Cattle, fork in left ear, right cropped, 24 on left hip. Range on Eight Mile.

Parker & Gleason, Hardman, Or.—Horses IP on left shoulder.

Piper, J. H., Lexington, Or. Horses, JE connected on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip, under bit in each ear.

Pallens, Henry Lexington, Or.—Horses branded within Roman cross on left shoulder; cattle branded with Roman cross bar at bottom, on left hip.

Pettis, A. C., Ione, Or.; horses diamond P on shoulder; cattle, J and P connected, on the left hip, upper slope in left ear and slip in the right.

Powell, John T., Dayville, Or—Horses, JP connected on left shoulder. Cattle OK connected on left hip, two under half crops, one on each ear, wattle under throat. Range in Grant county.

Rickard, G. D., Canyon City, Or.—F C on left shoulder, on horses only. Range Canyon creek and Bear valley, Grant county.

Read, Andrew, Hardman, Or.—Horses, square cross with quarter-circle over it on left stifle.

Reinnger, Chris, Heppner, Or.—Horses, C R on left shoulder.

Rice, Dan, Hardman, Or.; horses, three panel wire fence on left shoulder; cattle, D A N on right shoulder. Range near Hardman.

Ramp, Wm., Long Creek, Or.—Brands horses R on right shoulder. Range Grant and Morrow counties.

Rose, Aaron, Heppner, Or—Horses, plain V on left shoulder; cattle, same brand reversed on right hip and crop off right ear. Range in Morrow county.

Rusk Bros., Heppner, Or.—Horses branded X on the right shoulder; cattle, IX on the left hip crop off left ear and dewlap on neck. Range in Morrow and adjoining counties.

Rust, William, Pendleton, Or.—Horses R on left shoulder; cattle, R on left hip, crop off right ear, underbit on left ear. Sheep, R on wethers, round crop off right ear. Range Umatilla and Morrow counties.

Reaney, Andrew, Lexington, Or.—Horses branded A R on right shoulder, vent quarter circle over brand; cattle same on right hip. Range Morrow county.

Rogers, Wm. H, Dairyville, Or—HR connected with quarter circle over top on cattle on right hip and crop off right ear and split in left. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Morrow, Grant and Gilliam counties.

Ritter, J. F., Ritter, Or—Three parallel bars with bar over on horses on left hip; on cattle, left side. Two smooth crops, two splits in each ear. Range in Middle Fork of John Day.

Rector, J. W., Heppner, Or.—Horses, JC on left shoulder. Cattle, C on right hip.

Spickall, J. W., Gooseberry,