Emil Frese's HAMBURG TEA.

Purifies the BLOOD, Cures CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE, COLDS, PIMPLES, all SKIN AFFECTIONS, and DISEASES ARISING from a DISORDERED STOMACH.

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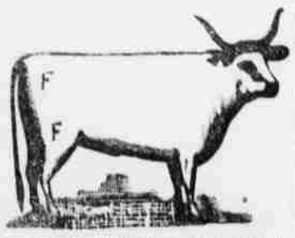

STOCKRAISER!

HEPPNER, OREGON.

Cattle branded and ear marked as shown above. Horses F on right shoulder.

My cattle range in Morrow and Umatilla counties. I will pay $100.00 for the arrest and conviction of any person stealing my stock.

"Hardware" did you say? Why, yes, at P. C. Thompson & Co.'s stand, and the place for bargains. a

JAPANESE **PILE CURE**

A new and Complete Treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointment in Capsules, also in Box and Pills; a positive Cure for External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary Piles, and many other diseases and female weaknesses. It is always a great benefit to the general health. The first discovery of a medical cure rendering an operation with the knife unnecessary is realized. This remedy has never been known to fail. $1 per box, 6 for $5; sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is given with 6 boxes, to refund the money if not cured. Send stamp for free sample. Guarantee issued by WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale & Retail Druggists. Sole Agents, Portland, Or.

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WE HAVE FOR SALE ALL KINDS OF UNdressed Lumber, 16 miles of Heppner, at what is known as the

SCOTT SAWMILL.

PER 1,000 FEET, ROUGH, - - - $10 00
" " " CLEAR, - - - 17 50

IF DELIVERED IN HEPPNER, WILL ADD $2.50 per 1,000 feet, additional.

L. HAMILTON, Prop.

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A Family Affair

Health for the Baby, Pleasure for the Parents, New Life for the Old Folks.

Hires Root Beer

THE GREAT TEMPERANCE DRINK

is a family affair—a requisite of the home. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of a delicious, strengthening, effervescent beverage.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

STRAYED.

Two sorrel horses. One of them branded "8" on the right shoulder, likewise on the right stifle.

The other was branded "8" on the right shoulder, also "R." The weight of each was about 1050 pounds

Anyone returning the same to my ranch at Eight Mile will receive a reward of $15. sw tf SYLVANUS WRIGHT

Before Starting on a Journey

A person usually desires to gain some information as to the most desirable route to take, and will purchase tickets via the one that will afford him the quickest and best service. Before starting on a trip to Chicago or any point East, you should provide yourself with a map and time table of the Wisconsin Central lines. The trains run on this route are vestibuled and equipped with Pullman's latest drawing room sleepers, elegant day coaches and dining cars of latest design, built expressly for this service, and are exquisite in furnishings and convenient and comfortable in arrangement and so complete in every detail that they have no superior in comfort and elegance. The dining car service is pronounced by all the most elegant ever inaugurated, and is operated in the interest of its patrons.

Fast trains via the Wisconsin Central lines leave Minneapolis daily at 12:45 p. m. and 6:25 p. m., and St. Paul at 1:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m., making favorable connection with all trains from the West and Southwest.

For tickets, time tables, berth reservations, etc., apply to G. F. McNeill, C. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn., or to Jas. C. Pond, general passenger and ticket agent Chicago Ill. 489tf

FOR SALE.

A five-year-old registered Clydesdale stallion for sale, or will exchange for mares or cattle. For further particulars call at my place on Willow creek, three miles from the mouth, or address me at Arlington, Oregon.

9 17 JAMES SQUIRES.

NEW DRESSMAKER.—Miss Letha Parker, just from the East, has opened dressmaking parlors over Mrs. W. A. Johnston's, where she is prepared to do all kinds of dressmaking in latest styles and at reasonable rates. 4-tf

FARM·FIELD AND GARDEN

THE SEEDBED FOR WHEAT.

A Sensible Talk by a Farmer on a Subject of General Interest.

It used to be the practice to plow the ground as soon as possible after harvest, skimming the ground, that is, plowing as shallow as possible, so the stubble and weeds were turned under. Later on, or just before seeding, a second plowing would be given deeper and more thorough than the first, and then sufficient harrowing or dragging would be given to fine the soil, it being considered an item to have the soil fine and mellow and as deep as possible. Gradually a change was made, and only one plowing was given early, but deeper, and then the surface, to the depth of three or four inches, put in as fine tilth as possible, leaving the under soil firm, it being considered better to do this than to have the soil loose and mellow as deep as plowed. A Missouri farmer, in The Farm, Field and Stockman, says:

In my vicinity the practice usually followed is to plow but once, and that late, pasturing the field after the crop is taken off, until ready to plow. One reason for this is that many farmers consider it an injury to the soil to plow and let lie exposed to the hot sun of summer. Because this is the plan largely followed is not conclusive proof that it is the best. One of the most profitable crops of wheat I ever raised was on land that had been in corn. The corn was cut off close to the ground and hauled off and shocked up in a lot. The cultivation had been continued late and the soil was clean. After the corn was taken off a thorough harrowing was given and the wheat sown with the drill. This left the surface of the soil in a good condition.

The condition and character of the soil will make a difference. In a dry season the soil must be worked to a sufficient depth to secure sufficient moisture to induce a good germination of the seed, while with the same soil in a favorable season a shallower working of the soil would give better results. The deeper and more thoroughly the soil is worked in the fall the more liable it is to freeze deep in the winter, and while it is the freezing up and thawing out that in many seasons injures the wheat the most, it is quite an item to avoid this as much as possible. To make a rule best to follow under all conditions is impossible, for with a large proportion of farm work the season and the soil must be considered, and what will be best at one time will fail at others; hence the farmer must rely to a considerable extent upon his judgment as to the best preparations to be given under the conditions he is working, rather than following some one else working under entirely different circumstances.

The Plow in the West.

It looks as if the plow would have to fall to the rear as a farm implement, says the Peoria Transcript. From all parts of the west comes the advice. Don't plow your ground for oats. Plowing is slow, hard on horses, and when done is not as good as surface cultivation with cultivator and disk harrow. More than half the oats sown in this part of Illinois are covered with a pulverizer or corn cultivator. This means of putting in oats is much more rapid, and the crops as a rule are better than those from the slower way of plowing the land and then covering with a harrow. During the past four seasons, says the authority quoted, our farmers have been experimenting with the pulverizer as a tool to prepare the seabed for a corn crop. They first clear the land of stalks, then put four horses on the pulverizer, turn the disks to an angle where they will dig and throw, and dig up the surface of twelve or fourteen acres a day. By going over this twice or three times the surface is thoroughly pulverized to the depth of three or four inches, and in the best possible condition to put on the planter. Those who have tried this are enthusiastic in praise of this plan, and say they have no further use for the old plow outside of doing a little fall plowing. One of the great advantages of pulverizing instead of plowing is found in not having to harrow, plank or roll in order to reduce the clods that so often turn up in spring plowing.

Bee Notes.

A New York World correspondent says: "If shadeboards are used on beehives during the summer I would prefer to paint the hive a dark color. Dark colored hives absorb more heat from the sun's rays than light colored ones, which hastens early brood rearing in the spring. If I wished one color and did not use shadeboards, it would be marine blue, mixed with lead and oil. I prefer several colors, however, on account of less loss of queens.

"After many years' experience and study of both wild and domestic bees and of many different styles of hives in use, I prefer a single walled hive, with two thicknesses of cloth on the frames, covered with buckwheat chaff four inches deep for outdoor wintering. A super will answer to hold the chaff, but a special frame is better if the cap is larger than the body of the hive. If the cloths are clean or nearly so they will allow moisture to pass off better. One thickness of cloth will do, but the bees are apt to gnaw through before spring. This is better than the expense of making and housing old moldy cushions."

Feeding Pigs.

Professor Henry, of Wisconsin, says that in a pig fed upon a mixed ration the thigh bone will stand 200 pounds greater pressure than one fed upon corn, and the constitution will be affected in the same manner. If the farmer wants more bone feed oats. If he wants muscle and good constitution feed oats. If your brood sows are getting too fat and you have trouble at farrowing time feed oats. If you want your pigs to grow and develop into nice, large, thrifty shoats let them run to oats at pleasure.

How to Destroy Ragweed.

Everywhere along roadsides may be seen the coarse, dusty foliage and dull green spikes laden with pollen of the unsightly ragweed plant. To destroy this undesirable plant run the mower along the infested roadsides in August, before the flowers are enough advanced to perfect their seeds. Being annuals, this method, if thorough, will destroy the crop for another year. Sheep will eradicate the weed if pastured on the infested ground.—Prairie Farmer.

For General Purpose Fowls (winter layers)—Langshans-Leghorns, Langshans-Minorcas, Plymouth Rocks-Langshans, Plymouth Rocks-Wyandottes.

PROFITS OF CORN GROWING.

The Experience of Different Cultivators Gives Widely Different Results.

Some cultivators find that growing corn scarcely pays expenses, while others regard it as one of the most profitable farm crops. Those who are the most successful and who make the most money by it are not satisfied with less than sixty shelled bushels to the acre, while more frequently seventy-five is the standard quantity. Thirty bushels to the acre would give rather scant returns for much profit. As manure is an essential for success, the wide variation in the price and quality would make a material difference in the cost of the crop. A well drained, mellow soil would be more cheaply worked than a hard and stony one, and the best labor saving implements would reduce the hard work done by hand. A vast difference would occur between timely horse hoeing and neglecting cultivation a few days, or long enough to give a dense growth of weeds, increasing the work tenfold and smothering the young plants. The greatest contrast would occur between such neglected treatment and the timely use of the smoothing harrow, which by passing broadcast and rapidly over the whole field every five days, would keep the land continually clean and mellow, and impart great vigor to the young crop. Estimates of the value and profits of a good crop will greatly vary, but the following may be taken as a fair one, says Country Gentleman, authority for the foregoing:

As manure is all essential, 20 good loads would be necessary, costing, when delivered and spread, 50 cents each	$10
Plowing and harrowing till well mellowed, varying with teams, tools, laborers	5
Marking and planting, with one horse	1
Horse cultivation, at least three times	3
Cutting up, husking and delivering	6
Rent of land, say	8
	$37
60 bushels of shelled corn, $30; fodder, $5	35
Profit	$8

Nearly the same expenses would be required for only thirty bushels, unless in entirely omitting the manure, in which case the cost would be only seventeen dollars; and the crop, worth fifteen dollars, would leave a negative profit of two dollars. Hence it will be seen that good or heavy crops are the only profitable ones. But every farmer will make an unlike estimate.

Buckwheat.

Buckwheat is a crop that more attention might profitably be given to. In many regions where it was once cultivated to considerable extent a field of it has now become quite a rarity, but there are some decided advantages in its cultivation, among which, says The Southern Farm, is the fact that it will make a paying yield on rather poor land. It is also a good crop for green manuring, and can be used as a starter for improving exhausted lands where it would be difficult to procure a catch of clover. One or two crops turned under would make a good foundation for a stronger crop, such as rye or clover. As it may be sown late it may often be used as a second crop, or to fill the gap where something else has failed. Seed should be sown at the rate of about three pecks an acre, and a fair crop is in the neighborhood of forty bushels. Besides being used for flour, buckwheat makes one of the very best foods for fowls. It is a good cleaning crop and is never attacked by insects.

An Eastern Dairyman's Way.

The record of the best thirty cows shows that they made 10,170 pounds of butter in one year, an average of 339 pounds. This is not a breeding herd of pure bloods, but is kept exclusively for making butter. The sales of pork were $745.18 and beef $156, and to produce the meat he fed, in addition to skimmilk and forage, about $150 worth of purchased grain. For winter forage he grows about forty acres of corn for silage and several acres of turnips and Hubbard squashes, besides hay; feeds no grain in summer and is not a heavy feeder of grain in winter; uses sawdust for bedding and as an absorbent in his stables, so he loses no element of the manure voided by his stock, and in the absence of sawdust uses straw that has been chaffed by the cutter—"the boys cut enough in half a day to last a week."—Cor. Breeder's Gazette.

The Beech Tree.

Seedling beeches are tender and often suffer by frost in the spring, writes an English authority, but beyond that the tree is as hardy as any in the forest, except on one point, namely, the bark. The beech is essentially a thin and tender barked tree, and the bark never, even in extreme old age, assumes that rough, corky condition common in most other trees, but on the contrary always remains smooth, glossy and very tender. The bark is very liable to contract a certain disease, which begins at first in minute dark spots, presenting sometimes the appearance of having received the contents of a fowling piece. The spots multiply and spread all over the surface, at times very slowly and at others rapidly. Excesses of cold, wet weather during the season of growth appear to be most productive of the disease.

Agricultural Brevities.

The Texas Farm and Ranch says that under present conditions 200 pounds is the best average weight to market hogs.

Good shorts, with bran and a little corn, make a good milking ration for sows that are suckling pigs.

The best ensilage corn can be grown only by planting in such manner as will permit thorough cultivation and a good development of each stalk.

Queen bees may now be sent by mail in America, Australia and Europe.

The white pearl cucumber, it is claimed, is entirely distinct in its habit of growth, setting the cucumbers very close around the stem and maturing these early; then afterward the vines continue to run and bear freely throughout the season.

It has been demonstrated that electricity, as a means of imbedding wires into comb foundation, is both practicable and economical.

Here and There.

The Wyoming experiment station has six experiment farms in different sections.

France requires of primary teachers a certificate of ability to teach agriculture.

Washington's new experiment station has issued two bulletins especially devoted to the interests of Pacific coast horticulturists.

Dogs kill $1,000,000 worth of sheep in the United States each year.

How to Cure Toothache.

Try oil of sassafras and apply it frequently, if necessary.

Meteorological Item.

It was in the smoking room of an Atlantic steamer that a worthy Teuton was talking about weather forecasts.

"Look here," he said, "I tell you vat it is. You better don'd take no stock in dem vetter predictions. Dey can't tell no better as I can."

"But, my dear sir," said a person near by, "they foretold the storm which we have just encountered."

"Vell, dat ish so," said the Teuton, "but I tell you vat it is, dat storm vould haf come yust de same if it had not been predicted."—Texas Siftings.

A Pleasant Residence.

"I understand you rented another house in Harlem," said a New York gentleman to an acquaintance. "Do you like the location?"

"Yes, the location is all righ

"Many conveniences?"

"Yes, quite a number of conveniences. There's a livery stable on one side, a lager beer saloon next door, and a lard factory across the street. Everything seems handy enough so far as I can see."—Texas Siftings.

Revised Motto.

"That's a neat motto," said Briny Billins to a real estate man who asks: "Why pay rent when you can own your own home?"

"Yes," was the reply, "but I have just had a tenant who revised it in a way that make me dislike it. He says why pay for a home when you can owe the rent money?"—Washington Star.

Two O'clock Tragedy.

Wife (to husband just in from the club)—What, sir; are you going out again?

Husband—Yesh. C'mit shuicide. It was bad 'nough (hic) when there was one of you, but now theres two of you I won't shtan' it any longer. (Sinks down, with his head in the work-basket, and slumbers.)—Brooklyn Life.

No Thirsty Fishes.

Bertie was visiting the sea-shore for the first time. Once, while watching the fish that would occasionally swim near the rocks on which she stood, she said: "I don't b'lieve the fishes will ever go thirsty. God is so good to make a whole ocean of water just for them to drink."—Harper's Young People

ILLUSTRATED POLITICS.

A large bill for river appropriations.—Life.

Painful Reminder.

"You have promised to love me always, Reginald," she murmured, "but can I trust you, Reginald? Can I trust——What is the matter, dear?"

"Nothing, Gwendolen, nothing!" he replied, mastering himself with an effort. "A momentary spasm—nothing more. It is gone!"

The question was the same that his tailor had asked him in a loud, harsh, sarcastic voice only an hour before.—Chicago Tribune.

A Chip of the Old Block.

"How old are you, sonny?"

"Twelve years old, sir."

"You are very small for your age. What is your name?"

"Johnny Smith. My father is a baker on Manhattan avenue."

"So your father is a baker. I might have guessed it by your size. You remind me of one of his loaves."—Texas Siftings.

A Misapprehension.

Mr. Bingo (feebly)—I wish you would look out on the corner, dear, and see if the lamp-post is still there?

Mrs. Bingo—Yes, it is, dear.

Mr. Bingo—That's strange. I thought I brought it up with me last night.—Judge.

A Dark Mystery.

Good Little Boy—Does majority rule in this country?

Father—Indeed it does.

Good Little Boy—Then how does it happen that one bad little boy can get all us good little boys into so much mischief?—Good News.

He Used Hair-Oil.

Jennie—But, pa, why do you object to my receiving calls from Mr. Sleekhair?

Her Father—Because I can't afford to have the parlor papered every three months.—Brooklyn Eagle

Punished Enough.

She—What punishment are they going to give him?

He—What has he done?

She—Married seven women.

He—Hasn't he had enough?—Brooklyn Life.

A Thoughtful Husband.

First Club Man—What on earth have you got in your pockets?

Second Club Man—The striking gongs from the clocks at home. I was afraid they'd keep my wife awake.—N. Y. Weekly.

The Hideous Doubt.

She—You have been calling on Miss Plankington quite often of late, haven't you? Has she always been at home?

He—That's just what I have been wondering.—Life.

Profits.

Young Lady—I read your last poem, Mr. Spacerayt, but I couldn't make anything out of it.

Mr. S.—Well, I could. I made ten dollars out of it.—Truth.

DRUNKENNESS, or the LIQUOR HABIT, Cured at Home in Ten Days by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address the GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

NOTICE—TIMBER CULTURE.

U. S. Land Office, The Dalles, Or., June 7, 1892.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Theron E. Fell, contestant, heirs of Joshua R. Fell, for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 2562, dated Nov. 17, 1887, upon the W½ SW¼ and W½ SW¼ Sec. 24, Tp 2, S R 26 E, in Morrow county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said Joshua R. Fell, and his heirs, have failed to comply with the Timber Culture law, that he failed to break or cause to be broken, five acres of said tract within one year after entry, or in fact has done nothing to comply with the requirements of the Timber Culture laws, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 16th day of September, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. Attis Patterson, Notary Public, is authorized to take testimony in this case, at his office in Heppner, Or., at 10 a. m., August 27, 1892.

51-124 JOHN W. LEWIS, Register.

Plenty of flour, bran, mill feed and chop always on hand at the Heppner Flouring Mills. a

STOCK BRANDS.

While you keep your subscription paid up you can keep your brand in free of charge.

Allen, T. J., Ione, Or., Horses GG on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip, under bit on right ear, and upper bit on the left; range, Morrow county.

Armstrong, J. C., Alpine, Or.—T with bar under it on left shoulder of horses; cattle same on left hip.

Allison, O. D., Eight Mile, Or.—Cattle brand OD on left hip and horses same brand on right shoulder. Range Eight Mile.

Adkins, I. C., Dayville, Or.—Straight mark across the thigh and two crops and a slit in the right ear; horses, J upside down on the right shoulder; range in Grant county and Bear valley. P O address also at Hardman.

Adkins, J. J., Heppner, Or.—Horses, JA connected on left thigh; cattle, same on left hip.

Ayers, Johnny, Lena, Or.—Horses branded triangle on left hip; cattle same on right hip; also crop off right ear and upper bit on same.

Blyth, Percy H., Heppner, Or.—Horses Roman cross on right shoulder. Range in Morrow county.

Blackman, Geo., Hardman, Or.—Horses, a fine on left shoulder; cattle same on right shoulder.

Bannister, J. W., Hardman, Or.—Cattle branded B on left hip and thigh; split in each ear.

Brenner, Peter, Gooseberry, Oregon—Horses branded P B on left shoulder. Cattle same on right side.

Burke, M St C, Long Creek, Or—On cattle, MAY connected on left hip, crop off left ear, under half crop off right. Horses, same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant and Morrow county.

Bowman, A., Mount Vernon and Burns, Or.—Cattle, A B on right hip, two crops in each ear; same on horses, on right shoulder. Range in Grant and Harney counties.

Brosman, Jerry, Lena, Or.—Horses branded 7 on right shoulder; cattle B on the left side. Left ear half crop and right ear upper slope.

Barton, Wm., Heppner, Or.—Horses, J B on right thigh; cattle same on right hip; split in each ear.

Brown, Ira, Lexington, Or. Horses HB on the right stifle, cattle same on right hip; range, Morrow county.

Brown, J. P., Heppner, Or.—Horses and cattle branded S with ox-yoke above on left shoulder.

Brown, J. C., Heppner, Or.—Horses, circle C with bar on left hip; cattle, same.

Brown, W. J., Lena, Oregon. Horses W bar over it, on the left shoulder. Cattle same on left hip.

Boyer, W. G., Heppner, Or.—Horses, box brand on left hip; cattle, same, with split in each ear.

Borg, P. O., Heppner, Or.—Horses, P B on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip.

Brownlee, W. J., Fox, Or.—Cattle, J B connected on left side; crop on left ear and two splits and middle piece cut out on right ear; on horses same brand on the left thigh; Range in Fox valley, Grant county.

Caine, Caleb, Or.—Y D on horses on left stifle; U with quarter circle over it, on left shoulder, and on left stifle on all colts under 5 years; on left shoulder only on all horses over 5 years. All range in Grant county.

Clark, Wm. H., Lena, Or.—Horses WHC connected, on left shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Cate, Chas. R., Vinson or Lena, Or. Horses H C on right shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Range Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Cochran, Chas., Ione, Or.—Horses, HP connected on left shoulder; cattle, C on both left hip and stifle. Range in Morrow county.

Cannon, T. B., Long Creek, Or.—T on cattle on right side, crop off right ear and slit in left ear. Our horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Cecil, Wm., Douglas, Or.; horses J C on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip, waddles on each jaw and two bits in the right ear.

Curl, T. R., John Day, Or.—Double cross on each hip on cattle, swallow fork and under bit in right ear, split in left ear. Range in Grant county. On sheep, inverted A and spear point on shoulder. Ear marked ewes, crop on left ear, punched upper bit in right. Wethers, crop in right and under half crop in left ear. All range in Grant county.

Crosby, A. A., Heppner, Or.—Cattle branded ⊤ (or H L connected) on the right shoulder.

Cook, A. J., Lena, Or.—Horses, 90 on right shoulder. Cattle, same on right hip; ear mark square crop off left and split in right.

Currin, R. Y., Currinsville, Or. Horses, ∞ on left stifle.

Cochran, J H Monument, Or—Horses branded C I & A on left shoulder. Cattle, same on right hip; swallow fork in right ear and crop off left.

Cox & English, Hardman, Or.—Cattle, C with tie center; horses, C E on left hip.

Cupper, H. A., Monument, Or.—Horses H C on left shoulder cattle H C on left side, swallow fork on right ear.

Cochran, R. E., Monument, Grant Co., Or.—Horses branded circle with bar beneath, on left shoulder; cattle same brand on both hips, mark under slope both ears and dewlap.

Chapin, H., Hardman, Or.—Horses branded ⊂ on right hip. Cattle branded the same.

Cross, S L, Dayville, Or—Cattle branded + two crops and a split in left ear; on horses a reversed Z on left stifle. Also have the following brands on cattle: 72 on left hip, 7 on right hip, 72 on left shoulder, two parallel bars on left shoulder. Ear marks, two crops.

Doonan, Wm., Heppner, Or.—Horses branded OO with bar over them, on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

Douglass, W. M., Galloway, Or.—Cattle, R D on right side, swallow-fork in each ear; horses, R D on left hip.

Douglas, O. T., Douglas, Or—Horses TD on the right stifle; cattle same on right hip.

Duncan, W. P., John Day, Or.—Quarter circle W on right shoulder, both on horses and cattle. Range Grant county.

Driskell, W. E., Heppner, Or.—Horses branded K inside of U on left shoulder. Cattle same on left side of neck.

Ely, J. B. & Sons, Douglas, Or.—Horses branded ELY on left shoulder, cattle same on left hip, hole in right ear.

Elliot, Wash., Heppner, Or. Diamond on right shoulder.

Fisk, Ralph, Prairie City, Or—Horses, R F on right shoulder; cattle, on right hip. Range in Grant county.

Fleek, Jackson, Heppner, Or.—Horses, JF connected on right shoulder; cattle same on right hip. Ear mark, hole in right and crop off left.

Florence, L. A., Heppner, Or.—Cattle, LF on right hip; horses F with bar under on right shoulder.

Florence, S. P. Heppner, Or—Horses, F on right shoulder; cattle, F on right hip or thigh.

Gay, Henry, Heppner, Or.—GAY on left shoulder.

Goble, Frank, Heppner, Or.—Horses, 7 F on left stifle; cattle, same on right hip.

Gilman-French, Land and Live Stock Co., Fossil, Or.—Horses, anchor S on left shoulder; vent, same on left stifle. Cattle, same on both hips; ear marks, crop off right ear and underbit in left. Range in Gilliam, Grant, Crook and Morrow counties.

Gentry, Elmer, Echo, Or.—Horses branded H. S. with a quarter circle over it, on left stifle. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Giltwater, J. C., Prairie City, Or.—On horses, O—O on left shoulder and stifle; cattle, on right side. Range in Grant county.

Hams, James, Hardman Or.—Horses shaded 2 on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip. Range in and about Hardman.

Hayes, Geo., Lena, Or. Brand JH connected, with quarter circle over it, on left shoulder.

Hiatt A. B., Ridge, Or.—Cattle, round-top A with quarter circle under it on the right hip. Range in Morrow and Umatilla counties.

Hinton & Jenks, Hamilton, Or—Cattle, two bars on either hip; crop in right ear and split in left. Horses, J on right thigh. Range in Grant county.

Hughes, Samuel, Wagner, Or—I F L on right shoulder on horses; on cattle, on right hip and on left side, swallow fork in right ear and slit in left. Range in Haystack district, Morrow county.

Hall, Edwin, John Day, Or.—Cattle E H on right hip; horses same on right shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Hughes, Mat, Heppner, Or.—Horses, shaded heart on the left shoulder. Range Morrow Co.

Hunsaker, B. F., Wagner, Or. Horses, 9 on left shoulder; cattle, 9 on left hip.

Hardisty, Albert, Nye, Oregon—Horses, AH connected, on left shoulder; Cattle on the left hip, crop off left ear.

Humphreys, Jas., Hardman, Or.—Horses, H on left flank.

Hiatt, Wm. E., Ridge, Or.—Horses branded bar cross on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

Hayes, J. M., Heppner, Or.—Horses, wineglass on left shoulder; cattle, same on right hip.

Ivy, Alfred, Long Creek, Or—Cattle I D on right hip, crop off left ear and bit in right. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Huston, Luther, Eight Mile, Or.—Horse H on the left shoulder and heart on the left stifle. Cattle same on left hip. Range in Morrow county.

Jenkins, D. W., Mt. Vernon, Or.—J on horses on left shoulder; on cattle, J on left hip and two smooth crops on both ears. Range in Fox and Bear valley.

Junkin, S. M., Heppner, Or.—Horses, horseshoe J on left shoulder. Cattle, the same. Range on Eight Mile.

Johnson, Felix Lena, Or.—Horses, circle T on left stifle; cattle, same on right hip, under half crop in right and split in left ear.

Kenny, Mike, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded KNY on left hip; cattle same and crop off left ear; under slope on the right.

Kirk, J. T., Heppner, Or.—Horses 69 on left shoulder; cattle, 69 on left hip.

Keller, Richard, Blanton, Grant county, Or.—E K in square, cattle on left hip; horses same on left shoulder. Range Bear valley.

Kirk, J C, Heppner, Or.—Horses, 17 on either flank; cattle, 17 on right side.

Kirk Jesse, Heppner, Or.; horse 11 on left shoulder; cattle same on right side, underbit on right ear.

Kumberland, W. G., Mount Vernon, Or.—I L on cattle on right and left sides, swallow fork in left ear and under crop in right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range in Grant county.

Keeney, Eli, Heppner, Or.—Horses J L and see of clubs on left stifle. Range in Umatilla and Morrow counties.

Lesley, M C, Monument, Or—A triangle with all lines extending part body of figure on horses on left shoulder, on cattle diamond on left shoulder, split in right ear, slit in left ear. Range in Grant county and in parts of John Day.

Lesley, J W, Heppner Or.—Horses branded L N on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip; wattle over right eye, three slits in right ear.

Lofton, Stephen, Lex, Or.—S L on left hip on cattle, crop and split on right ear. Horses same brand on left shoulder. Range Grant county.

Macallen, John W., L[illegible] Or.—Horses branded half-circle JL connected on left shoulder. Cattle same on left hip. Range, near Lexington.

Lord, George, Heppner, Or.—Horses branded double H connected. Sometimes called a swing H, on left shoulder.

Maxwell, M. S., Gooseberry, Or.—Horses branded long link on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip. Ear mark, under bit in left ear.

Minor, Derar, Heppner Or.—Cattle, M D on right hip; horse, M on left shoulder.

Morgan, S. N., Heppner, Or.—Horses, MJ on left shoulder; cattle same on left hip.

McCumber, Jas A, Echo, Or.—Horses, M with bar over on right shoulder.

Mann, B. B., Lena, Or.—Horses—old mares ZZ on right hip; young stock, small zz on left shoulder.

Morgan, Thos., Heppner, Or.—Horses, circle T on left shoulder and left thigh; cattle, Z on right thigh.

Mitchell, Oscar, Ione, Or.—Horses, 77 on right hip; cattle, 77 on right side.

McLaren, D. G., Growsville, Or.—Horses, Figure 3 on each shoulder; cattle, M2 on hip.

McKern, W. J., Mount Vernon, Or.—X on cattle on right hip, crop in right ear, half crop in left same brand on horses on left hip. Range in Grant county.

McCarty, David H., Echo, Or. Horses branded D H connected, on the left shoulder; cattle same on hip and sides.

McCurr, Frank, Fox Valley, Or.—Male shoe with toe-calk on cattle on ribs and under in each ear; horses same brand on left stifle.

McIlsley, G. V., Hamilton, Or.—On Horses, S with half circle under on left shoulder; on Cattle, four bars connected on top on the right side. Range in Grant County.

Neal Andrew, Lone Rock, Or.—Horses A N connected on left shoulder; cattle same on both hips.

Newman, W. R., Heppner, Or.—Horses N with half circle over it on left shoulder.

Nordyke, E., Silverton, Or.—Horses, circle 7 on left thigh; cattle, same on left hip.

Oliver, Josephs, Canyon City, Or.—A 2 on cattle on left hip; on horses, same on left thigh. Range in Grant county.

Oiler, Perry, Lexington, Or.—P O on left shoulder.

Olp, Herman, Prairie City, Or.—On cattle, O LP connected on left hip; horses on left stifle and waves on nose. Range in Grant county.

Pearson, Olive, Eight Mile, Or.—Horses, quarter circle shoe on left shoulder and 24 on left hip. Cattle, fork in left ear, right cropped. 24 on left hip. Range on Eight Mile.

Parker & Gleason, Hardman, Or.—Horses IP on left shoulder.

Piper, J. H., Lexington, Or.—Horses, JE connected on left shoulder; cattle, same on left hip, under bit in each ear.

Patberg, Henry Lexington, Or.—Horses branded with a Roman cross on left shoulder; cattle branded with Roman cross, bar at bottom, on left hip.

Pettys, A. C., Ione, Or.; horses diamond P on [illegible] shoulder; cattle, J P J connected, on the left hip, upper slope in left ear and slip in the right.

Potter, Dan, Lexington—Horses branded MP connected on left shoulder; cattle same on right hip.

Powell, John T., Dayville, Or—Horses, JP connected on left shoulder. Cattle OK connected on left hip, two under half crops, one on each ear, wattle under throat. Range in Grant county.

Rickard, G. D., Canyon City, Or.—F C on left shoulder, on horses only. Range Canyon creek and Bear valley, Grant county.

Rood, Andrew, Hardman, Or.—Horses, square cross with qu