RUSH TO MONTE CARLO.

Caused by Report of Big Winnings.

USED AS AN ADVERTISEMENT.

Russia Failing to Negotiate a Loan With France Now Looks to Germany—Russian Minister Working For the Peace of Europe.

LONDON, Nov. 20—A dispatch from Monte Carlo says there is a growing belief that the Englishman, Wells, who had another great run of luck at the bank this month, has an understanding with the bank, which permits him to win. The stories of big winnings by Wells and a few others are useful to the Monte Carlo people in drawing visitors, who hope to have equal good fortune. After the story of Wells' big winnings in July there was a rush to Monte Carlo from all parts of the continent, and the bank profited far more than the sum of the reported winnings.

RUSSIA LOOKS TO GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 20—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Cologne Gazette says, whilst considering with a number of bankers recently, M. Vishnegradsky, the Russian minister of finance, said that as France had left him in the lurch he must again look to Germany for financial assistance, and that he had already brought the matter to the attention of the council of the empire.

The Gazette adds that Baron de Mohrenheim, the Russian Ambassador at Paris, had a long interview with the secretary of foreign affairs in Berlin, Wednesday.

WANTS PEACE MAINTAINED.

WIESBADEN, Nov. 20—It is semi-officially announced that the report that M. De Giers, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, goes to Paris for the purpose of concluding a treaty of alliance between Russia and France, is baseless. It is stated that after M. De Giers visits Paris he will go to Berlin, whither his family, who are at present at Wiesbaden, will proceed and await him. He had no intention of visiting Paris or Berlin when he left St. Petersburg to enjoy a holiday.

It is further said that M. DeGiers is now inspired with the single motive to maintain peace. He asked for nothing at the Monza interview with King Humbert, and the Marquis De Rudini and he does not contemplate obtaining anything in Paris or Berlin. His only object in visiting Monza was the hope of exchanging views that would tend to consolidate the peace of Europe and that also is the only object he has in visiting Paris and Berlin.

A Family Prostrated and One Member Dead When Found.

ANDOVER, Ind., Nov. 20—An entire family was suffocated by gas at Lapelle Wednesday night. Mrs. Mary Huffman and her two sons left the gas burning at high pressure in the stove. Somehow the draught was imperfect and the blaze was extinguished. The gas escaped and asphyxiated the whole family. The doors were broken open yesterday morning and Mrs. Huffman and the elder son were taken out into the air. They cannot live. The younger son, Newton, was dead when discovered.

One That Everything is Fonseca's Way, the Other That Revolution is Rife.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20—Brazilian advices by way of Valparaiso are to the effect that from official sources the statement is made that Dictator Fonseca has heard by wire from all of the governors of the States in the republic, and that every message announces adherence to the new form of government.

On the other hand, it is asserted that Fonseca has imprisoned all of the deputies from the State of Rio Grande de Sul, with the exception of four who fled in time to avoid arrest. Admiral Waudenkolk, it is also said, has joined the Insurgents. The latter have named General Ossorio as the chief of the military forces.

A government gunboat and a torpedo boat have reached the mouth of the Rio Grande river, but the insurgents successfully defended the passage. The vessels engaged the land batteries, but at last accounts had failed to force the passage.

Uruguay has officially announced that it will remain neutral in the present difficulty.

Baron Lucerna, president of Fonseca's council of ministers, has proposed to the insurgents that they state their grievances and also on what conditions they will disperse their forces and bring the insurrection to an end.

Drassiz Brazil and Baras Casal, two of the most prominent members of the Junta, have resigned all connection with the revolutionary movement in consequence of differences of opinion in that body.

Fonseca's overturn and humiliation appears to be the sole idea that possesses the minds of the insurgents. The revolutionary troops remain in the barracks inactive. The leaders of the Junta are anxiously awaiting the arrival o fSenator Bacello.

Passengers on a ship that has just reached Montevedio state the northern states of the republic are discontented and on the verge of revolt. Preparations are already being made for an outbreak against the dictator.

Mails Are Irregular.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 21—There is great complaint here of bad service in regard to the mails from the United States and delay attending their distribution. Letters also are very frequently lost.

Mounted Mail Carrier Robbed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 21—Mail rider Robinson was held up Thursday by three masked men at a lonely place on his route and compelled to give up not only the mail pouch but his horse. He walked 15 miles to Guntersville and reported the robbery to the sheriff, who organized a posse and started in pursuit.

Quay Thinks He is Libelled.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 21—Major Monteith, counsel for Senator Quay, has entered a civil suit for libel against the Pittsburgh Post for publishing the Bardsley certificate of deposit and commenting editorially thereon. Damages are laid at $100,000.

The Story Was Untrue.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 20—The story published here yesterday that wolves had killed and eaten three children near this city has been proved to be untrue.

The Subject of Discussion.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20—The general subject of discussion at this morning's session of the Episcopal congress was "The true policy of diocesan missions."

DONN PIATT.

The death of Donn Piatt, at Mac-o-Chee, Ohio, on November 12th, was a complete surprise to his friends, as the indisposition from which he had been suffering was not regarded as dangerous.

DONN PIATT.

Donn Piatt was born in Cincinnati June 19, 1819. He prepared for the law and was elevated to the Common Pleas bench at a very early age. From the bench he passed to the place of Secretary of Legation at Paris, where, for nearly a year subsequently, he was Charge d'Affaires. He made the legation headquarters for the Red Republicans. Pierre Soule, Louis Blanc and many other prominent Radicals were his fast friends. When the civil war broke out he volunteered as a private. He was elected captain and at night studied over the drill which he gave next day. General Schenck offered him choice of positions on his staff and he served under that gentleman until near the close of the war. He was in the first and second battles of Bull Run, at Cross Keys and McDowell's. Secretary Stanton put him on the court that investigated the loss of Harper's Ferry, and he wrote the finding of the court. He was then made Judge-Advocate of the commission that investigated General Buell. As chief of staff under General Schenck, he freed the slaves in Maryland. This brought his military career to an abrupt conclusion and he returned to the law. As a journalist and editor he gained a reputation that is world wide. He was a fluent, ready and witty writer, and his contributions to the Cincinnati Commercial and Washington Capital commanded the earnest attention of the public. After Colonel Piatt's retirement from active journalistic work he resided quietly at his country home, the same house in which he died. He was called from this retirement in 1888 to found Belford's Magazine in New York. After one year at that work he returned to Ohio and engaged upon an extensive biographical history of General George H. Thomas, which was almost completed at the time of his death. His latest work for the press was a series of letters on the issues and candidates of the campaign of 1888. Colonel Piatt belonged to a Kentucky family, but lived mostly in Ohio, where he was for a time a member of the Legislature. He was twice married, and his second wife, for many years an invalid, survives him.

The Son of a Murdered Man Kills a Suspected Party.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 21—W. D. Bracewell was killed yesterday by D. W. Smith at the latter's sawmill in Lawrence county. Bracewell had gone to the mill on business. Smith called him to one side and the men had an earnest conversation in which Smith was heard to accuse Bracewell of complicity in the murder of Smith's father, who mysteriously disappeared some time ago.

All knowledge of the elder Smith's fate was denied by Bracewell, who then started to walk away. Smith seized a piece of scantling and struck Bracewell a violent blow on the head. Smith then walked to his home a short distance away and has not been seen since. Bracewell died within two hours.

A Woman Horsewhips Her Slanderer in the Public Street.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 21—Mrs. Steit, wife of William Steit, a grocer, horsewhipped Edwin S. Willard on the street yesterday. Willard was formerly a clerk employed by her husband, but is now in business for himself. Mrs. Steit says that Willard had been talking about her. She lay in wait for him on Dixwell avenue, and when Willard came along she stepped from her place of concealment, saying, "You will slander me, will you?" and began plying her whip.

Willard started to run, but as he is only 5 feet high and weighs 270 pounds she easily kept up with him. Bystanders finally seized Mrs. Steit and allowed him to escape. Mrs. Steit says that if he persists in slandering her she will shoot him, and her friends say she will keep her word.

Willard applied for a warrant for her arrest, but by the advice of counsel he concluded to let the matter drop.

He Recovers Property Taken From Him By the German Authorities.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 21—W. F. Burns, of San Francisco, formerly secretary and agent of Balmaceda, yesterday received notice from the Department of State at Washington that the property taken from him by the German authorities had been recovered. He will therefore start for Europe immediately.

Speaking yesterday of his mission to Europe he said: "What my mission was has never been known, but I can say that it was for the purpose of procuring arms in European countries. At Plymouth I was cabled to proceed to a certain city on the continent were I could get smokeless powder.

"At Berlin the Balmacedans had placed to my credit the sum of $80,000, but when I first had occasion to draw against it I was thrown into prison charged with being a suspicious character. Detectives of the Congressionalists were on my track and had caused my arrest to get the money, but I was quickly released and proceeded to Frankfort-on-the-Main, where again I was arrested and released on the ground of insufficient evidence.

"Every private paper I possessed and all my money and jewelry were taken from me and I have never seen any of the valuables nor been recompensed in any manner for my loss. I could not speak German and consequently spent five days in a six by three foot cell. My only food consisted of small bits of black bread. Consul Hessenberouk finally secured my release and I hastened home."

Theatre Burned in Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 21—The Dime Museum, Standard theatre, and a number of stores in the Bastable block, were burned last night. Loss about $200,000.

Heavy Snow in St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 21—Over half a foot of snow fell in this city and vicinity this morning.

Petitions Being Quietly Circulated Urging Him for the Cabinet.

FRESNO, Cal., Nov. 20—On Tuesday night a petition praying the President to appoint M. M. Estee to the vacant cabinet position was forwarded from here to San Francisco. The petition had been stealthily circulated among Republicans known not to be unfriendly to Estee and was largely signed. It is understood that a petition is being circulated in a similar manner in every county in the State.

A Blow at Stockbrokers.

BERLIN, Nov. 20—A motion supported by the Conservative party, was presented to the reichstag today demanding that the government introduce a bill placing bourses under the control of the State and rendering persons who gamble on time bargains, especially in articles of consumption, liable to criminal prosecution.

State of Affairs Demand It.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20—The department of imperial control reports that the present state of affairs in Europe fully warrants the large extra credits asked by the minister of marine.

The Secretary's Cold Not Serious.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20—Secretary Foster was at the Treasury department this morning and appears entirely recovered from the slight cold which is reported to have caused his hurried departure from New York yesterday.

NEGROES IN BONDAGE.

The Sad State of Black Miners.

ILL-TREATED AND ILL-FED.

Prevented from Escaping and Cowed by Detectives—They Took the Place of Striking White Men in Pennsylvania Under False Representations.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 20—Complaint was made to the Humane society at Washington, Pa., several days ago that 11 negroes recently brought to the Snowden mines of the Pittsburg & Chicago Gas Coal company were being ill treated. An investigation disclosed a condition of affairs bordering on slavery.

The men were brought from Roanoke, Va., by a Pittsburg employment agency, who represented that they were to have good situations as coachmen and waiters. Only three of the lot were miners. The real purpose was to put them to work in place of the white miners who had been or some weeks on a strike.

They rebelled at the idea of going into the mines, but as the company had been to an expense of $5000 for transportation, supplies, tools and shanties for the new men and there was a charge against each man for car fare and personal supplies and utensils, they were told they would have to work this out.

Meanwhile 10 men from a Pittsburg detective agency had been hired by the company, ostensibly to guard the black men from assault at the hands of the striking whites. The real purpose seems to have been that the detectives should see that no black man escaped. The second day the men were at work one of them was killed by an explosion. The others stampeded but were ordered back as soon as the body had been removed. Eight of them have since escaped.

The testimony of whites and blacks is that the others are kept on the ground by fear. The detectives handcuffed the refractory ones, discharged their revolvers over their heads and threatened them with work-house sentence until they consented to enter the mines. They are fed on bologna sausage, cheese and bread.

Anti-Sub-Treasury Convention to be Called.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 20—The Alliance this morning gave a final coup to the anti-subtreasury people by barring Gates, of Missouri, from the meetings of the Alliance. This was done by a resolution excluding "all Alliance men who are not vouched for by the chairman of their respective State delegations." Leonard refused to vouch for Gates, and although the latter bore credentials from his State Alliance, he was forced to retire. The anti-subtreasury people made a prompt response by issuing a call for a convention of the anti-subtreasury alliance men at Memphis on the 16th day of December next. The call declares that as the supreme council declined to hear the protest against the subtreasury and land loan schemes and the government control of railroads and telegraph lines, they have decided to issue a call for a national convention of all the anti-subtreasury Alliance men in the United States to hear and consider this protest and take such final action in the premises as may seem proper and best for the general welfare.

The Favorite Boxer is in a Precarious Condition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19—When it was learned last evening that Jack Dempsey had been unable to fill his afternoon engagement at the Brooklyn theatre, everybody who knew Jack declared that he must be a very sick man. Dr. Hughes, who has been in attendance upon Dempsey since yesterday morning would permit no callers to see the favorite boxer, not even Martin Dempsey, Jack's half brother.

Tom Flaherty, regular correspondent with Jack ever since Dempsey has been on the Pacific slope, says that he had been ordered out of Dempsey's room by Dr. Hughes. It is said that Dempsey took a chill on Tuesday. Sleeping potions were administered to the great boxer and fighter at about 6 o'clock last evening by Dr. Hughes and Dempsey's condition was considered serious at that hour.

Traffic Manager Elected.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19—J. S. Leeds has been unanimously chosen by the executive committee of the traffic association to act as its traffic manager.

Oklahoma Wants Statehood.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., Nov. 19—The Commercial Club, of this city, has issued a call for a convention to be held in Oklahoma December 15th, to be composed of delegates chosen from each political division of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory to discuss the advisability of Statehood and boundary lines for the proposed State.

Two Butchers Killed.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 19—Early this morning a train on the Pennsylvania railroad killed two Polish butchers who were crossing the tracks, in this city, in a wagon. One man was horribly mangled, the wagon was smashed and the horse killed. Both men leave families.

Resolves Regarding Silver and Mineral Lands.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 20—The committee on resolutions appointed by the mining congress agreed upon their report declaring that the certificates of the government backed dollar for dollar by gold or silver coin on deposit in the treasury of the United States is a safe and sound currency and has been approved by the people; that the first national mining congress is unalterably in favor of the principle of bi-metalism; that gold and silver, not one to the exclusion of the other, are the money metals of the constitution; that gold and silver should have by law equal rights, uses and money purposes, and to that end demands of the Congress of the United States the enactment of laws by which silver shall be coined free in all mints equally with gold, and to have with it full and unrestricted monetary power and that they be in the ratio of 16 to one and when coinage is represented by treasury notes each dollar shall represent 412½ grains of standard silver or 25.8 grains of gold.

Whereas, The supreme court of the United States has declared "That the exemption of mineral lands from grants in acts of Congress should be considered to apply only to such lands as were at the time of the grant known to be so valuable for their minerals as to justify expenditure for their extraction," and

Whereas, This dictum of the supreme court, if it should become a law, would invest the Pacific railway companies holding grants of land from the government with a vast number of the best mines discovered within the limits of said grants by prospectors and miners, who have located thereon in good faith and developed and sold therein in the honest belief that said grants were limited to agricultural lands only as declared in the act of Congress making them.

Resolved, That this congress protests against any construction of the statutes of the United States which will result in such a system of wholesale confiscation and consequent enrichment of the great combinations already enjoying the bounty of the government and calls on the representatives of the people in Congress assembled to take such prompt and immediate action as may be within the constitutional prerogative to destroy the threatened danger.

Resolved, That the alien act so far as it operates to exclude foreign capital from investment in mining lands in the Territories is false in principle and pernicious in effect, and demands its immediate repeal.

A Suit For Ten Thousand Dollars Brings It Up Again.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20—Russell J. Wilson, chairman of the Democratic State central committee, has sued Irwin C. Stump, chairman of the Republican State committee, to recover $10,000. The action is based on the famous "old pard" letter which Governor H. H. Markham is alleged to have written to E. G. Hallock. The letter was industriously circulated during the last campaign. The Republican State central committee, through Stump as chairman, offered $10,000 for the genuine letter written by Markham, claiming the one published to be a forgery. Wilson produced an "old pard" letter, but failed to convince Stump of its authenticity and was therefore unable to collect the money, for which he now sues.

They Meet and Tell Each Other What They Will Do.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20—The meeting of the Republican National League was continued this morning. The morning was taken up by delegates making a detailed report of the work done in their States and the work proposed to be done by their respective organizations.

Frederick Schwatka Gives a Description of His Travels.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 20—Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka, the Alaskan explorer, has returned from his recent trip into the interior of that country, and is spending a few days with his friends in Des Moines. His party left Juneau, Alaska, June 25, and they proceeded up the Nakon river 60 miles, consuming two weeks on account of the swiftness of the current, thence across the country 80 miles to a lake of which the natives told. The lake is nearly 100 miles long, 15 in width, and was named by the party "Ahklain" (Big Lake). They then descended Newberry river for 150 miles, game being plentiful in this region.

From Fort Selkirk they went southwest 225 miles to what is supposed to be a region in which copper abounds, but none was found. Several weeks were spent in exploring Copper river, described by the lieutenant as one of the most turbulent streams he had ever seen in his travels. After ascending the mountain peaks in the interior and taking a number of observations of peaks never before seen by white men, the descent of the Copper river was made in canvas boats for nearly 100 miles.

The lieutenant was more than pleased with his discoveries and thinks them of great geographical as well as geological value. After visiting Iowa a short time he will go to New York city.

An Ex-Consul Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20—Isaac R. Diller, ex-consul of the United States at Florence, has died here from a complication of diseases, at the age of 72.

A Number of Launches to Be Built For Lake Washington.

SEATTLE, Nov. 20—Leo Daft, the electrical expert, is fitting up a number of launches for Lake Washington with storage batteries by which they will be propelled. The storage batteries are to be charged from the trolley wires of the electric railways to the lake. These will be the first electrically propelled water craft on the Pacific coast. The boats will run for eight hours without recharging. They will be constructed on Herreshoff' model and are designed to have a speed of from eight to 10 miles per hour and will be used as pleasure boats on the lake. Launches of the same pattern are said to be in common use on the river Thames. It will require four hours to charge one of the batteries but the added weight ater recharging is inappreciable so that t is carrying a power that is of no burden to the boat.

Says Secretary Foster Admits There Is Too Much Silver in the Treasury.

LONDON, Nov. 19—The News in its financial article this morning, referring to the speech of Secretary Foster at the Chamber of Commerce banquet in New York Tuesday night, says:

"Secretary Foster's speech is a confession that America has gone too far to draw back. The United States treasury is in the same position as the Bank of France. It has to face the probability of being saddled with an immense stock of useless silver, while taking measures to hold so large a reserve of gold that it might be just as well not to keep silver at all. America seems so occupied with crop and trade prospects that they neglect currency matters so long as their material progress is not violently interrupted."

SAN FRANCISCO BACK.

Return From Chili of the Cruiser.

THE ADMIRAL INTERVIEWED.

Minister Egan's Conduct Declared to Have Been Dignified and Impartial—Many Statements Derogatory to the United States Contradicted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19—The United States cruiser San Francisco, flagship of the Pacific squadron, which left here April 8th for Iquique, Chili, returned here this morning. The vessel was present at the closing scenes of the Chilian revolution, and Admiral Brown, in an interview with an Associated Press representative, stated that the fall of Valparaiso, after the defeat of Balmaceda's forces at Vina del Mar by the Congressionalist forces under General Canto, was attended with scenes of carnage and rapine.

The reports of the bombardment of Iquique, the admiral stated, had been much exaggerated, comparatively little damage having been done to the city, owing to the fact that Insurgent vessels blazed away at the town from a distance of about 5 miles off shore. After the decisive battle of Vina del Mar, near Valparaiso, the family of Admiral Viel, intendente of Valparaiso, and other refugees were taken on board the cruiser Baltimore and were landed at Moltendo, Peru.

A number of minor offenders, who went aboard the vessels, afterwards went ashore again at Valparaiso. Admiral Brown stated that despite charges against United States Minister Egan, the latter's conduct has been dignified and impartial. Concerning reports that the cruiser San Francisco has acted as a spy at Quinteros bay, the Admiral said that he had denied these charges, both in a letter to Minister Egan and in his report to the navy department and that he did not care to discuss them further.

The fact of the landing of the revolutionists at Quinteros, said Admiral Brown, was known in Valparaiso long before Minister Egan or any of my officers knew the fact. I took with me on the San Francisco only one person not belonging to my own crew; that one was the flag officer of the German war ship Leipsic.

On returning to Valparaiso I sent Lieutenant George Dyer, flag-lieutenant of the San Francisco, ashore with a cipher cable dispatch. He, as was neccessary, went to the office of the intendente. That official was very busy and merely glancing at the dispatch, which was entirely in cipher, wrote on it the words, "Buena Vista," and affixed his signature. This dispatch was then cabled to Washington, not a soul in Valparaiso knowing its contents. It was then after 5 p. m.

The insurgents began landing at sunrise only 18 miles distant. Is it creditable to say that they had to wait for information as to the landing for all those hours. The statement that papers got out extras through the kindness of the San Francisco's officers, who gave particulars of the landing at Quinteros, is altogether false. The papers did not publish anything of the kind.

We left Valparaiso, continued the admiral, on September 14th, two days before the attack on the Baltimore sailors in Valparaiso. We had on board Colonel Vedume, president of the court-martial that convicted and sentenced to be shot 42 men for a plot to blow up the government railroad and store houses, and Oville Vicuna, cousin of the president elect. These officials were landed at Callao.

"On arriving there we were detained three days and expected to be ordered back to Valparaiso, but were finally ordered north. We came up to this city, running at a most economical speed, according to general department orders. During the trip we never used more than 1400 horse power."

"How about the Baltimore's cutting the cable at Iquique?" was asked.

"The Baltimore did not cut the cable at all," replied the Admiral. The cable company, which is an American corporation, had a contract with Chili to have the cable working between Lima and Valparaiso by a given time. The war made it difficult to carry this out but they finally succeeded. The cable ran from Lima and Iquique and then from Iquique to Valparaiso. The insurgents had possession of Iquique and refused to allow any messages from Valparaiso to pass through to Lima.

Balmaceda, the only government of Chili recognized by the United States, warned the cable company that unless they opened communications with Lima according to contract he would forfeit their charter and all their privileges. The company explained the facts to the insurgents and made every possible offer to induce them to let Balmaceda's messages pass through. All was in vain and the company decided to cut the cable.

They had a regular cable boat to do the work, but had no accurate means of measuring the distance from Peru. If cut within a marine league of shore the insurgents would have a right to splice it again. So they asked the Baltimore to accompany them and find the distance. This she did by means of her improved range finders and at a distance of five and a quvrter miles out the cable was cut in two places, loop inserted connecting the end from Valparaiso and the end from Lima, thus leaving Iquique out entirely.

This, from being done on the high seas over a marine league from shore for the Congressionalists to tamper it, would have been piracy. But they were not cut off from the world by any means. An English company owns a cable there that reaches from Lima to Valparaiso; touching at six or eight intermediate points, one of which is Iquique. The first thing the Insurgents did on seizing Iquique was to cut the cable south of that place, but it remained intact to the north giving them uninterrupted communication with Lima throughout the war."

The San Francisco received a dispatch at noon today instructing her to proceed to Mare island at 12 o'clock tomorrow to go into the dry dock there.

He Robbed a Building Association and Was Captured in England.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 19—Joseph J. Ashforth, whose arrest in London is reported by cable, was secretary and for a time treasurer of the Royal Arcanum building and loan association, of this city. He absconded in May last, and was charged by the association as being a defaulter to the extent of $12,000. He was a very prominent man in the Royal Arcanum and started a building and loan branch of that organization which was a great success, and paid large returns to its members. Its reports still show a prosperous condition of its affairs.

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"QUEEN HAIRINE" to restore and promote the Hair has no equal. It is a pomade (vaseline form). Four applications will stop the hair falling and prevent dandruff. It cures scalp diseases, and will positively grow a luxuriant growth of hair unless hereditarily bald. Baldness is not an indication that the roots are dead. Nature did not provide that we should wear a covering for the head. When the epiderm is (skin) is alive, so are the roots, and "Queen Hairine" applied to the surface opens the follicles, and gives nourishment and vitality to the roots. One bottle will convince the most skeptical of its merits. Try it. Price, $1.00 per Bottle.

"QUEEN ANTI-ODOR" (powdered form) applied to the parts allays excessive perspiration, and permanently cures offensive feet, armpits, etc. A most delightful and harmless remedy. Price 50c.

Our "ONDOLINE" (liquid, pure and harmless), when applied to the skin restores and beautifies the Complexion; removes and prevents Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples and Blackheads. This renowned preparation cannot be excelled. A single application has a marvelous effect, and each additional one improves the complexion. Try it; if not delighted with it, return the bottle, and we will refund your money. One Bottle will restore the complexion. Price, $1.00

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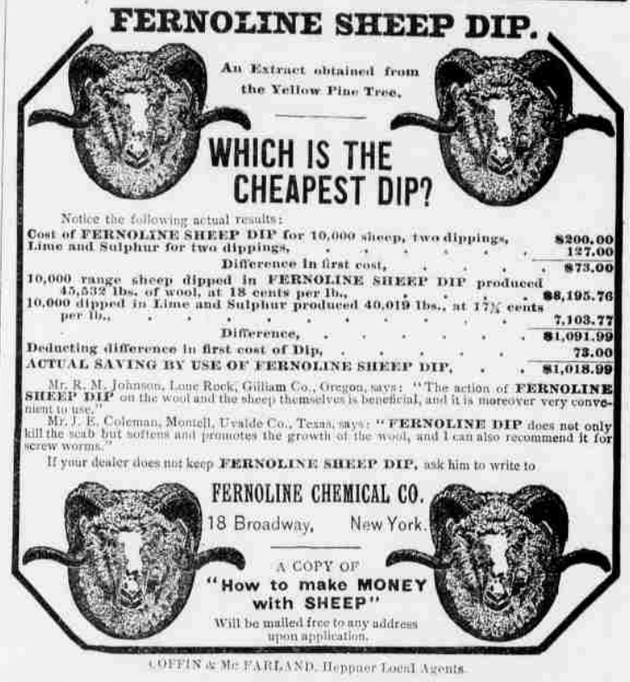

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Cost of FERNOLINE SHEEP DIP for 10,000 sheep, two dippings,	$200.00
Lime and Sulphur for two dippings,	127.00
Difference in first cost,	$73.00
10,000 range sheep dipped in FERNOLINE SHEEP DIP produced 45,532 lbs. of wool, at 18 cents per lb.,	$8,195.76
10,000 dipped in Lime and Sulphur produced 40,019 lbs., at 17½ cents per lb.,	7,103.77
Difference,	$1,091.99
Deducting difference in first cost of Dip,	73.00
ACTUAL SAVING BY USE OF FERNOLINE SHEEP DIP,	$1,018.99

Mr. R. M. Johnson, Lone Rock, Gilliam Co., Oregon, says: "The action of FERNOLINE SHEEP DIP on the wool and the sheep themselves is beneficial, and it is moreover very convenient to use."

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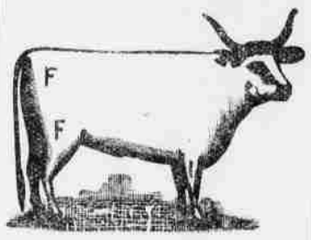
Purifies the BLOOD, Cures CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE, COLDS, PIMPLES, all SKIN AFFECTIONS, and DISEASES ARISING from a DISORDERED STOMACH.

The Genuine HAMBURG TEA is put up in YELLOW WRAPPERS with Facsimile Signature of EMIL FRESE.

REDINGTON & CO. AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

S. P. FLORENCE



STOCKRAISER

HEPPNER, ORE.

Cattle branded and ear-marked as shown above; horses F on right shoulder

Our cattle range in Morrow and Umatilla counties. I will pay $100.00 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person stealing my stock.

MRS. GRAHAM'S

Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream

Is not a cosmetic in the sense in which that term is popularly used, but permanently beautifies. It creates a soft, smooth, clear, velvety skin, and by daily use gradually makes the complexion several shades whiter. It is a constant protection from the effects of sun and wind, and prevents sunburn and freckles, and blackheads will never come while you use it. It cleanses the face far better than soap and water, nourishes and builds up the skin tissues and thus prevents the formation of wrinkles. It gives the freshness, clearness and smoothness of skin that you had when a little girl. Every lady, young or old, ought to use it, as it gives a more youthful appearance to any lady, and that permanently. It contains no acid, powder or alkali, and is as harmless as dew, and as nourishing to the skin as dew is to the flower. Price $1.00 at all druggists and hair dressers, or at Mrs. Gervaise Graham's establishment, 103 Post street, San Francisco, where she treats ladies for all blemishes of the face or figure. Ladies at a distance treated by letter. Send stamp for her little book, "How to be Beautiful."

SAMPLE BOTTLE sent free to any lady on receipt of 10 cents in stamps to pay for postage and packing. Lady agents wanted.

MRS GRAHAM'S

Face Bleach.

Cures the worst cases of Freckles, Sunburn, Sallowness, Moth-patches, Pimples and all skin blemishes. Price $1.50. Harmless and effective. No sample can be sent. Lady agents wanted.

The Druggist in this town who first orders bill of my preparation will have his name added to this advertisement.

My preparations are for sale, by wholesale druggists in Chicago and every city west of it.

Claims it Was Second Degree.

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 19—Counsel for Almy, on trial for murder, began his argument before the court when it opened today. He admitted the murder, but only in the second degree. A strong effort was made to secure a sentence for murder in that degree.

Episcopalians in Session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 19—The third day's session of the Episcopal congress began this morning with Bishop Dudley, of Kentucky, presiding. A number of essays were read on the general subject of new and old parochial methods.

A NEW TYPEWRITER

THE INTERNATIONAL.

A strictly first-class machine. Fully warranted. Made from the very best material, by skilled workmen, and with the best tools that have ever been devised for the purpose. Warranted to be all that can be reasonably expected of the very best typewriter extant. Capable of writing 150 words per minute—or more—according to the ability of the operator. A machine that will manifold more than double the number of sheets than any other typewriter without affecting the alignment in any respect, as on this machine the alignment is indestructible.

PRICE, - - - $100.00

If there is no agent in your town, address us on the subject, as we are more liberal with our agents than any other company in our line.

International Typewriter Co.,
2 Park Square, Boston, Mass.
AGENTS WANTED.

PORTLAND Business COLLEGE

Portland, Oregon. A. P. Armstrong, Prin. Branch School: CAPITAL BUS. COLLEGE, Salem, Oregon. Same courses of study, same rates of tuition.

Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, and English Departments. In session throughout the year. Students admitted at any time. Catalogue from either school, free.

The Pittsburgh Lamp is one of those inventions that seems to be finished. It seems to reach the end as to goodness of light in every way, and ease of management. The only care it requires is filling and wiping.

Dirt falls out when the chimney is taken off, not into a pocket as in other central-draught lamps.

Putting in a new wick is a very easy matter indeed.

All this seems strange to one who knows how troublesome other good lamps are.

It is in all the good lamp-stores. Send for a primer.

Pittsburgh, Pa. PITTSBURGH BRASS CO.