

A BOUNDARY MUDDLE.

Wrong Location of a State Line.

BETWEEN OHIO AND INDIANA.

The First State Lays Claim to a Large Tract of the Latter, and Indiana May in Turn Claim Chicago—The Work of Elected Surveyors.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—The Indiana and Ohio boundary line question is assuming startling aspects. The survey which is now being made under the direction of the national government will probably establish the fact that the true line, as declared when it was organized into a State, begins 12 miles west of the present boundary line, at the north, and runs directly south to the present line between Ohio and Indiana, thus making a strip 200 miles long and of an average width of six miles, to which the State of Ohio lays claim.

The strip described includes the cities of Fort Wayne, Richmond and Union City, a population of about 200,000. State Senator Shookery, of Union City, who has access to trustworthy sources of information, is authority for this assertion regarding the discoveries of the survey. Their report, he says, will be ready for submission to the government in about three weeks.

An inquiry into the cause that led to the juggling of these boundary lines, disclosed the fact that at the time Ohio was made a State there were post traders located at Richmond and Fort Wayne, whose main business was the sale of land, and the Indiana and Fort Wayne posts were left to the Indiana side.

The question is an important and complicated one, for should Ohio's claim on Indiana be enforced, Indiana on the same ground would have cause of action against Illinois. If Indiana loses on it she would by the same ruling be entitled to a slice of Illinois and this would give the Hoosiers Chicago and the World's Fair.

Professional Diver Drowned.

ATHENS, Mich., Nov. 6.—The wrecking tug Emerald recently located near here at the wreck of the *Powhatan*, which sank several years ago. Tuesday Oliver Polkey, a professional diver, went down to the wreck to recover her treasure. In 20 minutes his signal stopped and it was discovered that he was lost in the wreckage. Six men were sent to pull him up. The tug was started and he was at last pulled to the surface. Water had rushed into his armor through a hole in the hips and strangled him. He gasped several times after reaching the tug and died. He left a widow and child, who live at West Superior, Wis.

Loss of a Collier Sailed.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A boat belonging to the collier *Kathlene* has been washed ashore at Clacton Sea, Essex. It is feared the collier, which carried a crew of seven men, has foundered with all on board.

La Blanche and Greggans to Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—The Occidental Athletic Club has matched George La Blanche and Alex. Greggans, middle weights, to fight on December 12th for a purse of \$200.

An Artist Expelled From Russia.

VIENNA, Nov. 6.—A dispatch from Vienna to the Times says: A telegram has been received in that city from Pennell, the artist, stating that he was arrested at Berdichev, Russia Poland, and was confined for 30 hours. He was subsequently released and expelled from Russia.

Boys Check on a Seattle Bank.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—P. L. Bates, as agent for the State of Oregon, arrested John Davidson, a machinist, at Vallejo yesterday. The prisoner will be taken to Oregon. Davidson cashed at Ladd & Tilton's bank, in Seattle, and checked on a Seattle bank for \$175, and Ladd & Tilton's bank afterward discovered that Davidson had no funds in the Seattle bank. Coming to San Francisco Davidson enlisted in the navy and was which ship he cruised in San Diego harbor.

Fatal Train Collision in Spain.

MADRID, Nov. 6.—Two passenger trains collided at Famalesas this morning and a number of passengers were killed. The exact number is not known.

Brazil Still a Republic.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—A dispatch from Rio Janeiro states that elections for members of the new chamber of representatives is expected to take place in January. Congress will revise the constitution and will retain its republican and federalized character. The dispatch further states that a commission has been appointed for the summary treatment of persons charged with being enemies of the republic. Upon conviction of that charge they will be banished from the country.

The Car Was Warned.

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—It transpires that the Car altered his route in traveling to Livadia, because of his having received a warning from the police of a plot against his life.

A Jockey Among the Dead.

TEMPLE, Tex., Nov. 6.—Only one of the four men killed in the railroad accident Wednesday was identified. He was W. E. Green, jockey, from Louisville.

Tax on Private Deposits Repealed.

BREXON AVES, Nov. 6.—The Senate today passed a bill repealing the tax levied upon private bank deposits.

Turning Out Beet Sugar.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 6.—B. S. Weir, chief United States sugar inspector at China, is at present in this city. The sugar factory concluded its running on a week ago. It has consumed 11,117 tons of beets, turning out 1,500,000 pounds of sugar. The factory is shut down now, until it can be ascertained from Washington whether it will be permitted to hold its crops over until next season, before they will be run through the machinery and reduced.

Trouble at the Tennessee Mines.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 6.—Up to last night 127 of the released convicts returned to Nashville. Miners in the Coal Creek district are still in a ferment as the releasing of the convicts does not seem to have satisfied them and unless some 200 convicts continue to be released but it is lessened in degree. President Evans says the run is about over. Some who withdrew have today returned their deposits again. Less than 1 per cent of the deposits were withdrawn on the heaviest day of the run.

THE BLYTHE WILL CASE.

The Contest Will Be Compromised When Miss Florence Becomes of Age.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—There is a strong likelihood that the Blythe case, involving its millions of property, will be brought to an abrupt conclusion within the next 60 days. On December 10th, Miss Florence Blythe, the legally recognized heir to the vast property, will attain her majority. Within a week, perhaps on the following day, a compromise with the other claimants will be made, and so the litigation will be brought to a close. It is said that Miss Blythe will go as far as \$1,250,000 to end the case. It is now on appeal to the supreme court, but the compromise will quash all proceeding as far as the more important claimants are concerned.

Three of the Victims Dead.

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.—Three of the soldiers injured in the railroad accident yesterday have died.

Veteran French Actor Dead.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—Charles Jean Joseph Thiron, a veteran French actor and member of the Societe Comedie Francaise, died today.

Took Arsenic for Baking Powder.

AMHERST, N. S., Nov. 6.—The daughter of George McKay last night put arsenic in pancakes by mistaking it for baking powder. All of the family partook of the cakes. The daughter is dead, but the remainder of the family are slowly recovering.

More Than 1400 Miles in the Great Bicycle Race.

The international bicycle race in New York resulted in the triumph of William Martin, who broke the record and made more than 1400 miles in 142 hours. His success is that of an Irish-American, and the green flag and the stars and stripes are the proper emblems of his riding supremacy.

HARMONY PREDICTED.

As Result of Election in Chili.

MONTT IS HIGHLY PRAISED.

It Is Believed He Will Cause Ample Reparation to Be Made for the Killing of Sailors of the American Cruiser.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A dispatch from Valparaiso today says: Admiral George Montt has been unanimously elected President of the republic of Chili. RICARDO TRUMBULL, who came to San Francisco some months ago as a representative of the insurgent party in Chili, and who was arrested while here for his connection with the Itata affair, returned from the East last night, and expresses himself as entirely satisfied with the outcome of the Chilean case. "I heard," said he, "that Admiral Montt has been chosen president, and while I have no official knowledge, I am confident of its accuracy and wired him my congratulations. I have known Jorge Montt personally for a long time and have the greatest regard for his ability and integrity. He is recognized by all classes as a conservative man who never allied himself with radicals or extremists, and is, in my opinion, just the man to heal breaches and harmonize various factions."

Peace Reigns in Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, Nov. 6.—The situation of affairs here today is reassuring. Troops which have been guarding the telegraph offices since the disturbance commenced here, prevail and the usual amount of business is being transacted. The government has ceased to interfere with any telegrams and the general impression is that a revolution is not likely to occur. The printing of the country has been unimpaired by the recent occurrences.

Appointment of Receiver Approved.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Thomas P. Beal has had his bond as receiver of the Merchants Bank approved by the court. The assets of the bank cannot be handed over to him by the examiner until an inventory has been made of them by the examiner. This will require a delay of several days.

Democrats Claim the New York Legislature.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—An Albany special to the Post says: The Republican estimate of the composition of the Legislature, as announced by the Albany Senate Republicans 18, Democrats 14; Assembly, Republicans 65, Democrats 63. The Democratic estimates made at the capital today are vague. Their claim is that both branches of the Legislature are Democratic.

WHAT THE REPUBLICANS CLAIM.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—The latest figures with nine counties estimated and a few others unofficially made by the Republican State executive committee, place McKinley's plurality at 29,840. The Republicans now claim from 48 to 50 on the joint ballot in the Legislature.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—Major McKinley, in the course of an interview today, said: "Ohio has gone Republican and I accept the result as indicating that this State stands by the Republican party with full faith in its protective principles as embodied in the tariff law, and more than that, Ohio stands as she always has in favor of a full dollar and sound currency."

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 5.—Official returns received from 29 of the counties in the State showing the total vote 35,828 for Post and 35,977 for Edgerton. Partial returns received from other counties of the State furnish the basis for a careful estimate of the result. This shows Judge Post's election over Edgerton by a majority of over 6000.

The Treaty With Germany to Be Signed.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—A Washington special after an afternoon paper says: The new reciprocity treaty with Germany will probably be announced at the coming meeting of the German reichstag. The details are perfected and the treaty made, but the German minister asked the privilege of making an arrest of all merchandise and liabilities will be assumed by him.

A Brother to the Rescue.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Charles Raymond, of Chicago, brother of William Raymond, of Thomas Dana & Co., it is said will put \$100,000 into the new firm and all merchandise and liabilities will be assumed by him.

TACOMA'S CHANCES GOOD.

Of Securing the Democratic National Convention.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Franklin K. Lane, of Tacoma, who has been here for several weeks agitating the holding of the next Democratic convention in Tacoma, left last night for the West. When asked in regard to the prospects of getting the convention, he said Tacoma was the only city so far which had made a bid, and the bid was handsomer than any ever made before.

The city of San Francisco's bid for the Republican convention, being a duplicate of that previously made by Tacoma, was calculated to strengthen Tacoma's chances. The chief objection to holding the convention in Tacoma was the distance, but if the convention should be held in the summer and all the expenses not considered strong, especially since the trip to the Pacific coast will take the form of a pleasure trip, which one to St. Louis, Chicago or Cincinnati at that time could not.

WILLIAM MARTIN.

More Than 1400 Miles in the Great Bicycle Race.

The international bicycle race in New York resulted in the triumph of William Martin, who broke the record and made more than 1400 miles in 142 hours. His success is that of an Irish-American, and the green flag and the stars and stripes are the proper emblems of his riding supremacy.

Arch-Duke Johann's royal relatives at the time of the trial. She was a member of the Court Opera Company and was very pretty. The insurance on the Arch-Duke's ship, the *Marguerite*, was paid recently by his relatives by a check for \$100,000.

ROYAL CELEBRATIONS.

By Prince of Wales and Czar of Russia.

BIRTH AND MARRIAGE DAYS.

One a Golden, the Other a Silver Anniversary—Irish Election in Progress—Today—Horrible Instance of Superstition and Barbarity.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—It is said to be with the entire consent of the Prince of Wales that the Prince of Wales will be with the Czar and Czarina at the celebration of their silver wedding on Monday next, instead of helping to celebrate her husband's fiftieth birthday.

Peace Reigns in Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, Nov. 6.—The situation of affairs here today is reassuring. Troops which have been guarding the telegraph offices since the disturbance commenced here, prevail and the usual amount of business is being transacted. The government has ceased to interfere with any telegrams and the general impression is that a revolution is not likely to occur. The printing of the country has been unimpaired by the recent occurrences.

Appointment of Receiver Approved.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Thomas P. Beal has had his bond as receiver of the Merchants Bank approved by the court. The assets of the bank cannot be handed over to him by the examiner until an inventory has been made of them by the examiner. This will require a delay of several days.

Democrats Claim the New York Legislature.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—An Albany special to the Post says: The Republican estimate of the composition of the Legislature, as announced by the Albany Senate Republicans 18, Democrats 14; Assembly, Republicans 65, Democrats 63. The Democratic estimates made at the capital today are vague. Their claim is that both branches of the Legislature are Democratic.

WHAT THE REPUBLICANS CLAIM.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—The latest figures with nine counties estimated and a few others unofficially made by the Republican State executive committee, place McKinley's plurality at 29,840. The Republicans now claim from 48 to 50 on the joint ballot in the Legislature.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—Major McKinley, in the course of an interview today, said: "Ohio has gone Republican and I accept the result as indicating that this State stands by the Republican party with full faith in its protective principles as embodied in the tariff law, and more than that, Ohio stands as she always has in favor of a full dollar and sound currency."

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 5.—Official returns received from 29 of the counties in the State showing the total vote 35,828 for Post and 35,977 for Edgerton. Partial returns received from other counties of the State furnish the basis for a careful estimate of the result. This shows Judge Post's election over Edgerton by a majority of over 6000.

The Treaty With Germany to Be Signed.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—A Washington special after an afternoon paper says: The new reciprocity treaty with Germany will probably be announced at the coming meeting of the German reichstag. The details are perfected and the treaty made, but the German minister asked the privilege of making an arrest of all merchandise and liabilities will be assumed by him.

A Brother to the Rescue.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Charles Raymond, of Chicago, brother of William Raymond, of Thomas Dana & Co., it is said will put \$100,000 into the new firm and all merchandise and liabilities will be assumed by him.

A ROMANTIC DUKE.

John, of Austria, Not Dead, But Living With the Woman He Loves.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Johann, the arch-duke of Austria, a nephew of the Emperor, gave up his place in the army a year and a half ago and started on a sea voyage with his morganatic wife. Nothing was heard of them for over a year and they were supposed to have perished at sea. News has now been received in this city that the Arch Duke was safe and well and was living with his wife in Chili, where he is said to have served as a soldier in the recent Chilean revolution.

This news was received in a letter to Captain Stubel, a member of the Casino Company, and a brother of Jennie Stubel, the arch-duke's wife. She was an actress in Vienna when the arch-duke met her and fell in love with her. The letter was from actor and comedian Johann Orth and he had been wrecked off South America. He and his wife were picked up in the Chilean coast, where they are living comfortably. He said nothing of what he proposed to do next.

Arch-Duke Johann's royal relatives at the time of the trial. She was a member of the Court Opera Company and was very pretty. The insurance on the Arch-Duke's ship, the *Marguerite*, was paid recently by his relatives by a check for \$100,000.

ROYAL CELEBRATIONS.

By Prince of Wales and Czar of Russia.

BIRTH AND MARRIAGE DAYS.

One a Golden, the Other a Silver Anniversary—Irish Election in Progress—Today—Horrible Instance of Superstition and Barbarity.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—It is said to be with the entire consent of the Prince of Wales that the Prince of Wales will be with the Czar and Czarina at the celebration of their silver wedding on Monday next, instead of helping to celebrate her husband's fiftieth birthday.

The Princess of Edinburgh, the Czar's only sister, will also be present, but without the Duke, who is enjoying himself in London in the absence of his Russian wife. The Princess of Wales will remain with her sister, the Czarina, until about the close of November. The two sisters are strongly attached to each other, and have not remained so long together in years as on this occasion. There appears, however, to be no ground for rumors that there is any coolness between the Prince and Princess of Wales.

IRISH ELECTIONS IN PROGRESS.

CORK, Nov. 6.—The polling places are guarded by strong bodies of police. The polling has been going on actively since morning and both parties are determined to bring out their full strength. The candidates are said to be standing very generally by their candidate, Captain Sarsfield. Every precaution has been taken to prevent serious trouble. The priests are actively at work for the anti-Farrallite candidates, and Canon O'Mahony is completely out of the contest for Flavin, Redmond is directing his supporters in person.

FEEDING THE FAMINE STRICKEN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 6.—Vast quantities of beet root refuse mixed with a small percentage of rye flour, is being utilized for bread and is said to be palatable and nourishing. The frequent occurrence of dishonesty in the management of funds entrusted to government officials for relief purposes, has caused some falling off in contributions and there is a growing demand that expenditure of money made by private charity be used by private hands.

THE CELEBRATION OF THE CZARS SILVER WEDDING.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The acceptance of a duty of 25 francs per 200 pounds on American salt meats by the customs committee of the chamber of deputies is regarded as a victory of the protectionist element over the advocates of 20 francs. The government also strove for the 20 franc duty, but was overwhelmed by the protest from pig breeders in all parts of France.

BLIND SUPERSTITION.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 6.—The British authorities of Madras have instituted an investigation relative to a case of horrible barbarity and superstition. Madras has been very much needed in that vicinity and the drouth was attributed by the superstitious natives to the malignity of an evil-minded female deity. To propitiate this deity they resorted to a course of torture known as "hook swinging."

A VICTIM WHO CONSENTED TO UNDERGO THE ORdeal.

A victim was found who consented to undergo the ordeal. The points of iron hooks were pushed into his back, a rope was fastened to the hooks and the poor wretch hoisted into the air. His shrieks of agony were regarded as evidence that the goddess was being made to hear and would answer with the long wail for rain. After the man had hung for some time he was taken down, apparently not fatally injured, although with two deep wounds in his back. Whether rains followed is not stated.

BUILDING A RUSSIAN NAVY.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 6.—The Russian government is pushing forward the building of a fleet with more energy than ever and several private ship yards will soon become the property of the government. The Czar is said to be anxious to make Russia a first class naval power, and he means to have a strong fleet of sea-going iron-clads and belted cruisers.

A Forger Arrested.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Nov. 6.—A railroad detective named Robinson today arrested B. S. Barrett, near Charles-town. The prisoner is alleged to have forged \$75,000 in notes and used them as collateral to secure money from the Cleveland Ohio bank. Barrett was until he ran away, a prominent church member and business man in Cleveland.

This Is What Does It.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—The forecast in Washington is rain in the western portion.

HENRY CLEWS' LETTER.

Stock Market is Still Feeble.

BUT PRICES REMAIN FIRM.

Surprising of a Freight War is Unfavorably Affecting Prices of Stocks—Grain Will Probably Soon Range Higher—A Revival Looked For.

NEW YORK, October 31, 1891.

Still and Wall Street the stagnant and feebly-oscillating condition of speculative business that has prevailed for six weeks past. The interest in the stock market is almost entirely confined to the "room traders" and the antecedent rise through listlessly waiting, the operators of large means and large transactions are waiting for prices to drop—although some think they are buying some specialties quietly; and London, though doing more than has been expected, does not seem to be so vacillating that it affords no real support to the market; the trouble there being that purchases are constantly made in expectation of a rise at New York, which hope being daily disappointed, selling quickly follows the buying. There is one fact, however, that deserves notice, viz., that the constant attacks of the "bears" fail to produce any general or important yielding in prices. This suggests that there is confidence in the long-run persistence in holding; and probably also means that margins are in good shape, which is the more probable from the fact that those now in the market have made handsome profits on the advance. The considerations mentioned make it probable that, if the "bears" are intent upon persisting in their efforts to break prices, they may find it to be a long undertaking and one that will need to be kept up until holders are willing to sell from sheer weariness of the process and a waste of time; and the question is whether the pessimists are not likely to conclude that it would be more prudent to change sides for the purpose of promoting a rise upon which they might resume their hostile tactics under better auspices. The capitalist leaders see nothing in the situation to induce present buying, however, may be their real views as to the future. Prices are certainly not temptingly low; some are high, all things considered. The great factors calculated to encourage a rise are as yet mostly unripe, and it is not wise to discount them too far in advance. Before the most active period of crop forwarding is due some adverse accident may arise that would damp the ardor of the market; and it is regarded as quite possible that such a contingency may originate in London, where the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs. Indeed, the protection of the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs. Indeed, the protection of the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs.

STOCK MARKET IS STILL FEEBLE.

Surprising of a Freight War is Unfavorably Affecting Prices of Stocks—Grain Will Probably Soon Range Higher—A Revival Looked For.

NEW YORK, October 31, 1891.

Still and Wall Street the stagnant and feebly-oscillating condition of speculative business that has prevailed for six weeks past. The interest in the stock market is almost entirely confined to the "room traders" and the antecedent rise through listlessly waiting, the operators of large means and large transactions are waiting for prices to drop—although some think they are buying some specialties quietly; and London, though doing more than has been expected, does not seem to be so vacillating that it affords no real support to the market; the trouble there being that purchases are constantly made in expectation of a rise at New York, which hope being daily disappointed, selling quickly follows the buying. There is one fact, however, that deserves notice, viz., that the constant attacks of the "bears" fail to produce any general or important yielding in prices. This suggests that there is confidence in the long-run persistence in holding; and probably also means that margins are in good shape, which is the more probable from the fact that those now in the market have made handsome profits on the advance. The considerations mentioned make it probable that, if the "bears" are intent upon persisting in their efforts to break prices, they may find it to be a long undertaking and one that will need to be kept up until holders are willing to sell from sheer weariness of the process and a waste of time; and the question is whether the pessimists are not likely to conclude that it would be more prudent to change sides for the purpose of promoting a rise upon which they might resume their hostile tactics under better auspices. The capitalist leaders see nothing in the situation to induce present buying, however, may be their real views as to the future. Prices are certainly not temptingly low; some are high, all things considered. The great factors calculated to encourage a rise are as yet mostly unripe, and it is not wise to discount them too far in advance. Before the most active period of crop forwarding is due some adverse accident may arise that would damp the ardor of the market; and it is regarded as quite possible that such a contingency may originate in London, where the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs. Indeed, the protection of the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs.

STOCK MARKET IS STILL FEEBLE.

Surprising of a Freight War is Unfavorably Affecting Prices of Stocks—Grain Will Probably Soon Range Higher—A Revival Looked For.

NEW YORK, October 31, 1891.

Still and Wall Street the stagnant and feebly-oscillating condition of speculative business that has prevailed for six weeks past. The interest in the stock market is almost entirely confined to the "room traders" and the antecedent rise through listlessly waiting, the operators of large means and large transactions are waiting for prices to drop—although some think they are buying some specialties quietly; and London, though doing more than has been expected, does not seem to be so vacillating that it affords no real support to the market; the trouble there being that purchases are constantly made in expectation of a rise at New York, which hope being daily disappointed, selling quickly follows the buying. There is one fact, however, that deserves notice, viz., that the constant attacks of the "bears" fail to produce any general or important yielding in prices. This suggests that there is confidence in the long-run persistence in holding; and probably also means that margins are in good shape, which is the more probable from the fact that those now in the market have made handsome profits on the advance. The considerations mentioned make it probable that, if the "bears" are intent upon persisting in their efforts to break prices, they may find it to be a long undertaking and one that will need to be kept up until holders are willing to sell from sheer weariness of the process and a waste of time; and the question is whether the pessimists are not likely to conclude that it would be more prudent to change sides for the purpose of promoting a rise upon which they might resume their hostile tactics under better auspices. The capitalist leaders see nothing in the situation to induce present buying, however, may be their real views as to the future. Prices are certainly not temptingly low; some are high, all things considered. The great factors calculated to encourage a rise are as yet mostly unripe, and it is not wise to discount them too far in advance. Before the most active period of crop forwarding is due some adverse accident may arise that would damp the ardor of the market; and it is regarded as quite possible that such a contingency may originate in London, where the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs. Indeed, the protection of the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs.

STOCK MARKET IS STILL FEEBLE.

Surprising of a Freight War is Unfavorably Affecting Prices of Stocks—Grain Will Probably Soon Range Higher—A Revival Looked For.

NEW YORK, October 31, 1891.

Still and Wall Street the stagnant and feebly-oscillating condition of speculative business that has prevailed for six weeks past. The interest in the stock market is almost entirely confined to the "room traders" and the antecedent rise through listlessly waiting, the operators of large means and large transactions are waiting for prices to drop—although some think they are buying some specialties quietly; and London, though doing more than has been expected, does not seem to be so vacillating that it affords no real support to the market; the trouble there being that purchases are constantly made in expectation of a rise at New York, which hope being daily disappointed, selling quickly follows the buying. There is one fact, however, that deserves notice, viz., that the constant attacks of the "bears" fail to produce any general or important yielding in prices. This suggests that there is confidence in the long-run persistence in holding; and probably also means that margins are in good shape, which is the more probable from the fact that those now in the market have made handsome profits on the advance. The considerations mentioned make it probable that, if the "bears" are intent upon persisting in their efforts to break prices, they may find it to be a long undertaking and one that will need to be kept up until holders are willing to sell from sheer weariness of the process and a waste of time; and the question is whether the pessimists are not likely to conclude that it would be more prudent to change sides for the purpose of promoting a rise upon which they might resume their hostile tactics under better auspices. The capitalist leaders see nothing in the situation to induce present buying, however, may be their real views as to the future. Prices are certainly not temptingly low; some are high, all things considered. The great factors calculated to encourage a rise are as yet mostly unripe, and it is not wise to discount them too far in advance. Before the most active period of crop forwarding is due some adverse accident may arise that would damp the ardor of the market; and it is regarded as quite possible that such a contingency may originate in London, where the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs. Indeed, the protection of the money market is likely to take an unfavorable turn and where further trouble may develop out of the increasingly demoralized condition of Argentine affairs.

STOCK MARKET IS STILL FEEBLE.

Surprising of a Freight War is Unfavorably Affecting Prices of Stocks—Grain Will Probably Soon Range Higher—A Revival Looked For.

NEW YORK, October 31, 1891.

Still and Wall Street the stagnant and feebly-oscillating condition of speculative business that has prevailed for six weeks past. The interest in the stock market is almost entirely confined to the "room traders" and the antecedent rise through listlessly waiting, the operators of large means and large transactions are waiting for prices to drop—although some think they are buying some specialties quietly; and London, though doing more than has been expected, does not seem to be so vacillating that it affords no real support to the market; the trouble there being that purchases are constantly made in expectation of a rise at New York, which hope being daily disappointed, selling quickly follows the buying. There is one fact, however, that deserves notice, viz., that the constant attacks of the "bears" fail to produce any general or important yielding in prices. This suggests that there is confidence in the long-run persistence in holding; and probably also means that margins are in good shape, which is the more probable from the fact that those now in the market have made handsome profits on the advance. The considerations mentioned make it probable that, if the "bears" are intent upon persisting in their efforts to break prices, they may find it to be a long undertaking and one that will need to be kept up until holders are willing to sell from sheer weariness of the process and a waste of time; and the question is whether the pessimists are not likely to conclude that it would be more prudent to change sides for the purpose of promoting a rise upon which they might resume their hostile tactics under better auspices. The capitalist leaders see nothing in the situation to induce present buying, however, may be their real views as to the future. Prices are certainly not temptingly low; some are high, all things considered. The great factors calculated to encourage a rise are as yet mostly unripe, and it is not wise to discount them too far in advance. Before the most active period of crop forwarding is due some adverse accident may arise that would damp the ardor of the market; and it is regarded as quite possible that such a contingency may originate in London, where the money market is likely to take an unfavorable