THE POLK COUNTY ITEMIZER.
THURSDAY OSTOBER 30.1913

## 

## 'PHONES:

 and refers to the crow as its emblem. If we remember Oregon politics for the last 30 years, and we think we do, it is to the effect that where the democratio partyhas eaten crow once, the republican party has been ompelled to do so two or three times - and they are generally glad to get the chance. Ex-Senator Bourne sends us a draft of a measure cors of petitions. On the face of it such a measure ould seem commendable and as strictly in line with ur voting privileges provided for the safeguarding of ate in privileges. If proposed measure or candiulated without expense, he or it should be left in the discard.
The commission appointed to formulate hours of work and compensation for girls under 18 seems to be claries are objecting to the curtailed hours of labor and ecessarly reduction in the matter of ation of wages and hours of labor is one that no coll mission can ever handle satisfactorily. Different towns fferent hours an ifferent compensations. For instance, it would be fooish for a manicurist to sit idle a goodly portion o dhe day and at the rush time of an evening be conenled to quit work. Again there are many little busiady even as much as 85 a week to look to pay a young $r$ business while out at work 4 he $h$ his he simply closes up and the girl is out of a soft and eas way to earn some pin money. This last has iog went to effect . Dalias since the commission 's As a result of their recent meeting in Portland, the editors of the state had their editorial columns fille last week with accounts or a cip to the Feniss ny way pertaining to newspaperdom, praise of the
oregon hotel tor housing them rree, and similar junk Wnat we attended the meetuing for was to have an it ing our business, thus getting pointers trom othes tuat might assist us in getting out a better paper and
making more money in entirely lacking, and it was a hard matter o get any of the boys on the floor to give experiences. We hope
that this will not be the case at future meetings. This
one was well attended better than any tor many yoers. and the chance was there to gnin knowledge yet other of the were interjected until as a meeting for the goo
memselves it came nearly being farce. Let us next time have an experience meeting
good roads prevent disease
Few persons, on first thought, would see any poss, the State Board of Health of Kansas says that good roads can and will prevent disease. How? By 'ic
removal of weeds and trash. Weeds and trash preven ion of ground water. This makes ideal breeding spe for mosquitoes, flies and other insects, which are known pers and other insects which are crop damagers. Fir-
hermore, an undergrowth of weeds invites the dum; of of garbage and manure by offering conceatruit ect breeding and providing these insect cartity of inroper material for disease transmission. Good ma. also prevent disease by providing good drat age . . it in
(arms have no means of drainage except by ditche along roadways, Open ditches, clear of brush and
debris, with hardened suriace and proper fall, aftord hany a stagnant pool- The removal of wet oad grading, surface hardening and oiling, insure removing the possibility of insect breeders can multiply without moisture. Road oiling in itself is well known fact Dry roads oficer pedestrians, an
notably children who are compelled to walk to ad om school, ary shoes and feet. While colds are duo o specinc gerrus, yet it is a well known fact that cold
wet feet and chilled limbs lower the resistance of inNiduals and make them more favorable subjects for monia and tubercullosis. Good roads prevent disease y setting an example to adjoining farm premises armer who premises are bordered by them. The comparison of a well graded, clean highway with an oo stimulate every landowner to a clean-up. Pride compels him to offer to passers-by a neat appearing nd attractive hoos and barnyary. Results are on agencies, aside from their financial and commercia
value.

## DOING IT RICHT




WATCH CAREFULLY
THE CHILD'S DIET

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