

# THE POLK COUNTY ITEMIZER.

Adapted to the second class of mail matter.

THURSDAY, OCT. 13, 1910.

V. P. FISKE.

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Patronize One Another for the Uplifting of Town and County.

Six drunks is McMinville's record for last week. We opine that was hard to equal in the days when they had four saloons running full blast.

Talk about Bryan's facility for running around the country and shooting off his mouth. Roosevelt could give him a city block and distance him in a mile.

The Oregonian served the Itemizer a very dirty trick Saturday when it credited that assembly editorial to our pen. The assembly cannot expect to win out in Polk county by adopting such methods as that.

To our notion the state republican committee played bad politics, as Timothy Geer would say, when it refused to adopt that report favoring the abolition of the assembly. They could have adopted it, even if it did go against their policies, the same as Bowerman came around to favoring the primary law, after having made and created the assembly idea of nullifying its provisos.

The assembly candidates are now all doing their best to hedge on Statement No. 1, and are trying their best to make the voters believe that they were for it all along. Such thin work will hardly go down with the intelligent voter, who has already made up his mind as to what candidates are sincerely in favor of that method of electing a United States senator and the other laws that give the people a chance to rule.

Such men as Hofer, Dimick, McGinn, Laferty, et al, who claim to be supporting a great principle, and after they have secured or been defeated for what they desire, continue to boost into office the men whom they know are against said principle, are no more to be trusted, nor as much, as the men who have fought it from the start. It conclusively proves that all they wanted was an office, and that they did not have the people's interests at heart in any way.

Push things! See how much you can crowd into a day—without crowding yourself. Be cool, but make it warm for your neighbors. Attack the difficult propositions. Get a reputation for doing the necessary work which other people are prone to avoid. As Emerson has said: "Do the things you are afraid to do." Push things. Execution is better than a bundle of poor excuses. Franklin said that the man who could make an excuse could hardly make anything else worthy of a man. So push things! Work, as a rule, will not worry you, if you work at your work—and worry it through.

Friend Elliott came back at us last week, but still with the same old cry regarding the evils of the saloon. This we frankly admitted on the start, our contention being that prohibition does not prohibit in any shape or from the misuse of liquor drinking. Up to date we are patiently waiting for our prohibition brethren to show us what good the local option law has been to Polk county, either individually or as a whole. We have asked to be shown that it has not been easier of access to the young man and minor than ever before. We have asked for one instance of a drunkard reformed. Surely after these two years of dryness something has been done in that direction, and the good result should be blazoned forth to the people of the county, that they may know that their votes at the last election were not wholly in vain. Do not be bashful, gentlemen, but speak up.

## PROSPEROUS OREGON.

The apple crop of Oregon for 1910 is estimated to be 1600 carloads or approximately 1,000,000 boxes. The value of the crop is \$2,000,000. Oregon has 93 per cent of a full crop. Oregon orchards yielded prunes this year estimated at 15,000,000 pounds. Quantity and quality are superior to the 1909 crop. Prunes will bring the state about \$1,250,000 this season. The peach crop has been the largest in the history of the state. Grapes of the Rogue River Valley, the Willamette Valley, The Dalles and Eastern Oregon are excellent in quality and appearance, while the yield is large. The largest fruit and vegetable evaporator in the United States is located at Dayton, Yamhill County. The Willamette Valley produced 100,000 bales of first grade hops this season, as compared with a yield of 82,000 bales last season. Oregon's cranberry harvest has been heavy. Four hundred bushels an acre, with a clear profit of \$2 a bushel, is not an unusual yield for Western Oregon marshes. An industrial bureau has been established by the Portland Commercial Club, with R. W. Raymond at its head. The new adjunct to the Club work will aid in the establishment of factories in the state at large and at Portland. During the past five years, statistics show that Oregon has increased 50 per cent in manufacturing. It is expected that 20,000 wool-growers will visit Portland during January next, when the National Association of Wool Growers will hold its annual convention in that city. Oregon's public lands comprise 18,225,694 acres. Eastern Oregon has 500,000 acres of school lands. Because of attractive colonist rates in effect this Fall, the immigration to Oregon has been greater than ever before in a like period. The total value of agricultural products of the state for the current season is given at \$115,000,000. Oregon harvested 17,000,000 bushels of wheat this season, 11,000,000 bushels of oats, 6,000,000 bushels of potatoes, 2,000,000 pounds of wool and 100,

000 bales of hops. Portland building statistics show a decided increase. September 1910, 606 permits, value \$1,391,290; September, 1909, 509 permits, value \$1,288,300. Oregon banks have increased in number since 1909 from 204 to 232. Total deposits for September this year were \$142,670,514, an increase over 1909 of \$20,698,666. The surplus this year is \$4,798,663. Portland banks show an increase of \$9,712,506 over the same period of last year. Lane County has 38 lumber mills with an annual cut of 200,000,000 feet. An energetic campaign will be carried on throughout the Northwest for more hog raisers. Following a conference at Spokane during the past week, it was decided to get the railroads, agricultural colleges and newspapers to work in co-operation to arouse interest among the farmers. An information bureau on the hog question will be maintained by the Portland Union Stockyards company and a systematic effort made to turn the attention of the farm population toward this profitable industry.

REV. J. W. WEBER, OF INDEPENDENCE.

We have never had the pleasure of meeting the gentleman named above, and did not know before that there was a man by such a name residing in our fair county, until we noticed a letter of his in a recent issue of the Oregonian, in which he endeavors to prove that we were not exactly truthful in a recent article in which we stated the effect of prohibition in Polk county for the last two years. With all due respect to the cloth, and to the gentleman himself, we must again say that what assertions we made are to be substantiated by facts, while in all probability the minister's knowledge comes from hearsay, as is too often the case in the argument given forth by prohibitionists.

The gentleman goes to the records and finds that there were not as many government licenses issued for Polk county as there were when the county was wet. Well, we would hardly expect there to be, but that does not prove us wrong when we asserted that there was more liquor consumed in Polk now than under the old regime. One has only to keep his eyes open and notice the shipment into the county, by barrel, by box, by suit case, by hip pocket, and in numerous other ways to know that our contention is correct, and has nothing to do with the issuing of licenses to sell by the United States government. As far as this contention is concerned, we have only to cite the statement of a brother worker for the gospel in this same town of Independence, who in the same week stated publicly that Independence was in a worse condition right now as far as traffic in liquor was concerned and the demoralization of the young man than it ever was under the wet way of doing.

This minister likens us to an anarchist, because after seeing drunkenness going on and the law violated, we do not step in, and assist in giving evidence for the conviction of guilty parties. As a general thing a newspaper man has enough to do of sticking his nose into other peoples' business in his daily quest for something to entertain his readers, without making a private detective of himself and recklessly squandering his hardly earned few hours of sleep in the running down of men who are having a good time on booze. If a man wants to have a good time of an evening by the imbibing of a limited amount of liquor, we consider that his privilege and none of our business. If he carries such to an extreme, we have officers of the law whose duty it is to look out for him. And right here we want to say a word about this same officer of the law that the gentleman from Independence takes to task for what he alleges is a gross violation or non-performance of his duty. Take for instance the sheriff of the county, a man who with one assistant is supposed to collect the taxes (which is really for most months in the year a pretty good job for about three men) take care of all the civil and criminal business that comes in the justice, county and circuit courts, and which means riding over the county day after day and night after night to keep up with it. Yet he is expected by some to stop the ordinary work of his office, which generally keeps him busy from 12 to 14 hours a day, and go to snooping around, no matter what other important work is on hand, to catch and gather up evidence to convict some person whom it is believed has been violating the local option law. Only last week the sheriff told a party who came to him with a tale of alleged violation that he was perfectly willing to make the arrest if the evidence was forthcoming, but that it would have to be secured before he could act in the matter. All of which was perfectly right and proper, as Polk county has already had to expend many hundred dollars since the local option law was put in effect on cases where the evidence was insufficient. Never yet has any officer of the law refused to serve a warrant, nor will they do so, but most of them have other duties of government to perform—there are more laws than one to be looked after.

That both Dallas and Independence have prospered during the last two years, we are free to admit. They could not help it with the influx of new people that have constantly been coming in, and the continued new discoveries of what our county is worth and ways to utilize such worth, and it is also true that thousands of dollars more would be in the county today, had it not been sent away to other counties to purchase liquor with.

Yes, I claim to be as good a prohibitionist as you or any others who labor under that appellation, but I believe in striking at the root of an evil and not tearing a little off the top of the stem, while the plant keeps on sturdily growing. Your attempt to make Oregon dry in 1910 will result in a most disastrous failure, be time, money and labor expended to no good end, and the liquor traffic will still go on in the state and union as heretofore, the only difference being that the temperance movement will have received a setback hard to recover from. Bent in the right direction, the misapplied energies of the many people who advocate either temperance or prohibition, might be of wonderful avail and work to the good of the nation and the people who reside therein.

# PROPOSED LICENSE LAW.

## NUMBER OF SALOONS LIMITED AND GAMBLING PROHIBITED.

### No Blinds or Screens Allowed and Business Is Limited to One Room.

Following is the complete text of the ordinance proposed to be passed by the city council of Dallas, Independence and Falls City in the event that Polk County votes wet in November. The officers of these cities say that if the ordinance is passed and the wet column, the people have a right to know what regulation and restrictions will be placed upon the saloons by the authorities of the incorporated towns.

This ordinance was drawn in accordance with suggestions offered by the National Model License League and is said to be an exact copy of the ordinance in force in Dallas, Independence and Falls City. It is more strictly regulated than in any other city in the United States, and where drunkenness and lawlessness have been reduced to the minimum. The ordinance reads:

### Ordinance No. 1.

An ordinance providing for licensing and regulating bar-rooms and liquor saloons within the corporate limits of Dallas, Independence and Falls City.

The City of Dallas Does Ordain as follows: Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell or offer for sale any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquors within the corporate limits of Dallas, Oregon, without having first obtained a license therefor, as in this ordinance provided.

### Section 2.

Every person, firm, company, or corporation applying for such license shall, before the same is granted, pay to the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Dallas, Oregon, the sum of \$1,000.00 per annum and such license shall be in force for a term of less than one year.

### Certificate of Character Required.

Section 3. No such license shall be issued or granted, except by order of the city council of Dallas, Oregon, evidenced by a motion for that purpose duly made and carried and entered in the journal of the proceedings of said city council. Any person, firm, company, or corporation desiring to obtain such license shall file with the Auditor and Police Judge of said city a written application therefor, which application shall be addressed to the Auditor and Police Judge of said city and shall be filed with the Auditor and Police Judge of said city at least five days before the meeting of the city council at which the same is acted upon. With such application there shall also be filed a certificate as to the good moral character of the person who is to conduct such business in said city if such license is issued, which certificate shall be signed by at least five reputable citizens of Polk County.

Section 4. Such application shall set forth the name of the person, firm, company, or corporation desiring such license, the time when the applicant proposes to engage in the business of selling or offering for sale any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquors in said city; the period of time for which license is desired; the location of the building in which it is proposed to conduct said business; the fact whether or not the person who is to conduct said business in said city has ever been convicted of a felony in the State of Oregon, or in any other state of the United States; the fact whether or not the person, firm, company, or corporation desiring such license has ever forfeited a license of a similar nature by reason of any breach of any regulation or State law; and, if the applicant be a firm or company, the names and addresses of the members or partners composing the same; and, if a corporation, the name of the President and Secretary, the location of the principal office of the corporation, the name of the state under which it is chartered, and the name of the person making such application or the person who is to conduct such business in said city, which certificate shall be signed by at least five reputable citizens of Polk County, State of Oregon; and further, the said city council shall have the power to accept or reject said application of said applicant or other person acquiring such license to do business under the provisions of this ordinance in reference to the application of the original applicant; provided, however, that if such applicant or other person acquiring such license lawfully, shall be a fit and proper person to conduct such business in said city, the City Council must grant him such permit to conduct said business under said license.

### Moral Character of Licensee.

No license shall be issued to any person who had or has ever been convicted of a felony in the State of Oregon, or in any other state of the United States of America; nor shall any license be issued to any person who has ever forfeited a license of a similar nature in any other city of the United States of America because of a violation of any of the laws of the State in which such city was located, or because of a violation of any of the ordinances of the city.

### Renewal of License.

When a license has been duly and legally issued under and by virtue of the terms of this ordinance, the same shall be subject to renewal at the end of the term therein named, by the giving of a new bond as herein provided for in reference to the first bond of the applicant, and by a written application therefor, made as herein provided for in regard to the original application, and by the payment of the license fee as herein provided for; and, it shall be the duty of the City Council of said city to grant such renewal of such license upon the filing of such bond and application, and the payment of such license fee, provided, the person holding such license has, at all times, complied with the terms and conditions of this ordinance, and has conducted his business in an honest, legitimate, and orderly manner. A conviction of any thing made an offense by the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed sufficient grounds for refusing to permit or order a renewal of such license. However, nothing contained in this ordinance shall be taken to mean that the right of the people is hereby abridged or infringed upon to prohibit the issuance of any license by a majority vote thereon, the object of this provision being to protect the holder of such license in his rights so long as he conducts himself as required by the ordinance of this city, and to make his continuation in business dependent upon his good behavior and upon the majority vote of the people.

### Auditor Shall Collect.

Section 4. The Auditor and Police Judge shall, within five days after the

issuance of such license, pay to the City Treasurer the amount of the charge collected therefor, and shall make due report thereof to the City Council in his regular reports; whenever an application for such license shall be denied (except in cases where the same is denied to an assignee or other person lawfully acquiring the same), the Auditor and Police Judge shall, within five days thereafter, return to the applicant, upon demand, the amount advanced for the license fee, as well as any bond given to secure such license. In case the application of an assignee or other person lawfully acquiring a license of the original applicant or of an assignee of the original applicant is denied, the Auditor and Police Judge shall, within five days, upon demand, return to such assignee or other person lawfully acquiring such license any bond given to secure such license by such assignee or other person.

### Building Regulations.

Section 5. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to engage in the business of selling or offering for sale any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquors within the corporate limits of Dallas, Oregon, in a building or room that does not comply with the following requirements, to-wit:

### Blinds or Screens Forbidden.

Section 6. All buildings or rooms in which such business is conducted shall be provided with an open front; the lower side of all windows in any such building or room in which such business is conducted shall not be higher than five feet from the sidewalk, and said windows shall not be covered with any blinds or screens or other device that will or would obstruct a view into such room or building from the sidewalk or from any other street into the interior of any such room or building at all times.

### Must Occupy Only One Room.

Section 7. Such business shall be conducted in a single room, and such room shall be without any partitions or other kind of nature whatsoever, and shall be so constructed and arranged that a person passing along the sidewalk upon the street can readily see the whole of the interior of any such room in which such business is being carried on.

### Sales Prohibited in Store Room.

Section 8. There shall be no back nor side rooms attached to any such building or room in which such business is conducted, except a single room to be used entirely and exclusively for the purpose of storing goods or articles used in such business, or necessary for the purpose of carrying on such business; and in no case, shall any person, firm, company, or corporation conducting such business be permitted to enter such room unless it be for the purpose of storing goods or articles into the same for storage purposes, or for the purpose of removing the same therefrom; and, in no case, shall there be any sale or gift of any intoxicating liquor in such store room.

### Out-house Regulations.

Section 9. Such room or building shall not be provided with any out-houses whatsoever, except as may be necessary for toilet purposes, or for the purpose of storing wood; and, in no case, shall there be any sale or gift of any intoxicating liquor in such out-house.

### House Must Inspect Building.

Section 10. Before any license is issued to any applicant therefor, the city council of Dallas shall appoint a committee of three persons, one of whom shall be a member of the City Council, to thoroughly inspect the room or building in which such business is proposed to be carried on by the applicant, and to report to the City Council as to whether or not the building or room in which such business is proposed to be carried on complies with the requirements of this ordinance; if it does, such committee shall so report to the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Dallas, and thereupon the Auditor and Police Judge shall have the power to issue such license, provided all other steps required to be made by this ordinance are complied with; and, if the applicant, and such application shall also be accompanied by a certificate as to the good moral character of the person who is to conduct such business in said city, which certificate shall be signed by at least five reputable citizens of Polk County, State of Oregon; and further, the said city council shall have the power to accept or reject said application of said applicant or other person acquiring such license to do business under the provisions of this ordinance in reference to the application of the original applicant; provided, however, that if such applicant or other person acquiring such license lawfully, shall be a fit and proper person to conduct such business in said city, the City Council must grant him such permit to conduct said business under said license.

### Moral Character of Licensee.

No license shall be issued to any person who had or has ever been convicted of a felony in the State of Oregon, or in any other state of the United States of America; nor shall any license be issued to any person who has ever forfeited a license of a similar nature in any other city of the United States of America because of a violation of any of the laws of the State in which such city was located, or because of a violation of any of the ordinances of the city.

### Renewal of License.

When a license has been duly and legally issued under and by virtue of the terms of this ordinance, the same shall be subject to renewal at the end of the term therein named, by the giving of a new bond as herein provided for in reference to the first bond of the applicant, and by a written application therefor, made as herein provided for in regard to the original application, and by the payment of the license fee as herein provided for; and, it shall be the duty of the City Council of said city to grant such renewal of such license upon the filing of such bond and application, and the payment of such license fee, provided, the person holding such license has, at all times, complied with the terms and conditions of this ordinance, and has conducted his business in an honest, legitimate, and orderly manner. A conviction of any thing made an offense by the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed sufficient grounds for refusing to permit or order a renewal of such license. However, nothing contained in this ordinance shall be taken to mean that the right of the people is hereby abridged or infringed upon to prohibit the issuance of any license by a majority vote thereon, the object of this provision being to protect the holder of such license in his rights so long as he conducts himself as required by the ordinance of this city, and to make his continuation in business dependent upon his good behavior and upon the majority vote of the people.

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### No Sale Without License.

Section 11. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or minor any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquor within the provisions of this ordinance. Proof of the sale, or offering for sale, or giving of any intoxicating liquor to an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### No Sale to Habitual Drunkards.

Section 12. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### No Sale to Minors.

Section 13. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### Penalty for Violation.

Section 13. If any person, firm, company, or corporation, taking out a license under and by virtue of the provisions of this ordinance shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance, then the clerk, manager, or person conducting or having charge of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### Forfeiture of License.

For a second conviction for a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, Oregon, besides the punishment by fine and imprisonment provided for in this section, it shall be the duty of the Auditor and Police Judge to declare forfeited the license of any person so convicted, and to further declare forfeited the bond of the owner or keeper of any such bar-room or liquor saloon, given to secure said license, as is provided for in section three of this ordinance, and to make report thereof to the City Council at the next regular meeting thereof. The conviction of any servant, or other person in the employment of the licensee in the management or running of any such bar-room or liquor saloon, shall have the same effect as the suspension of the license of the licensee for a period of thirty days, or the forfeiture of the license and bond as herein provided, inasmuch as the conviction were of the licensee himself.

### Minors Subject to Punishment.

Section 14. It shall be unlawful for any minor or other person under the age of legal majority to enter, remain in, or loiter about any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any place where intoxicating liquor of any kind whatsoever, any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### No Women Loiterers.

Section 15. It shall be unlawful for any woman, or other person, to loiter or solicit drinks in any bar-room or liquor saloon. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed fifteen days.

### No Sale to Habitual Drunkards.

Section 16. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquor within the provisions of this ordinance. Proof of the sale, or offering for sale, or giving of any intoxicating liquor to an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

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Section 16. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquor within the provisions of this ordinance. Proof of the sale, or offering for sale, or giving of any intoxicating liquor to an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed fifteen days.

### No Sale Without License.

Section 11. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor any vinous, spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquor within the provisions of this ordinance. Proof of the sale, or offering for sale, or giving of any intoxicating liquor to an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### No Sale to Minors.

Section 13. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, or corporation to sell, offer for sale, or give in an habitual drunkard, intoxicated person, or a minor in the vicinity of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this ordinance. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### Penalty for Violation.

Section 13. If any person, firm, company, or corporation, taking out a license under and by virtue of the provisions of this ordinance shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance, then the clerk, manager, or person conducting or having charge of any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any unsanitary or out-of-the-way place shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### Forfeiture of License.

For a second conviction for a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, Oregon, besides the punishment by fine and imprisonment provided for in this section, it shall be the duty of the Auditor and Police Judge to declare forfeited the license of any person so convicted, and to further declare forfeited the bond of the owner or keeper of any such bar-room or liquor saloon, given to secure said license, as is provided for in section three of this ordinance, and to make report thereof to the City Council at the next regular meeting thereof. The conviction of any servant, or other person in the employment of the licensee in the management or running of any such bar-room or liquor saloon, shall have the same effect as the suspension of the license of the licensee for a period of thirty days, or the forfeiture of the license and bond as herein provided, inasmuch as the conviction were of the licensee himself.

### Minors Subject to Punishment.

Section 14. It shall be unlawful for any minor or other person under the age of legal majority to enter, remain in, or loiter about any bar-room or liquor saloon, or in any place where intoxicating liquor of any kind whatsoever, any person violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in the Police Court of the City of Dallas, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the City Jail not to exceed forty days.

### No Women Loiterers.