

MASS OF SORES

Awful Suffering of Little Boy from an Itching Humour

CURED BY CUTICURA

Not One Square Inch of Skin on His Whole Body Unaffected

"My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not keep him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura because he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was a mass of sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heart-breaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and a stronger and healthier boy you never saw than he is today."

SIX YEARS LATER

Mr. Wattam writes

"Your letter of the 21st in regard to the case of my little boy at hand, I can truly thank you for the cure effected by the Cuticura Remedies has been a most thorough and successful cure to date." Chicago, Feb. 23, 1903.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

- PREBYTERIAN CHURCH.** Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 9:45. Epworth league at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—Jas. Moore, pastor.
- BAPTIST CHURCH.** Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10. B. Y. P. U. at 6:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.—W. T. Wardle, pastor.
- PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.** Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—W. T. Wardle, pastor.
- CHRISTIAN CHURCH.** Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Bible school at 10. Senior Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Bible class and prayer meeting Thursday evening.—A. A. Winter, pastor.
- EVANGELICAL CHURCH.** Preaching Sunday morning and evening at the Dallas college chapel. Sunday school at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—A. A. Winter, pastor.

BENEFIT THE FARMERS.

Good Roads Save Time and Money and Benefit the Country.

While the nation is engaged in the west and improving the adverse conditions in the tropics and midlands are looking to developing homes in the frigid regions of the north it is our duty to improve as far as we can the conditions here, which are even now immeasurably better than in most parts of the world.

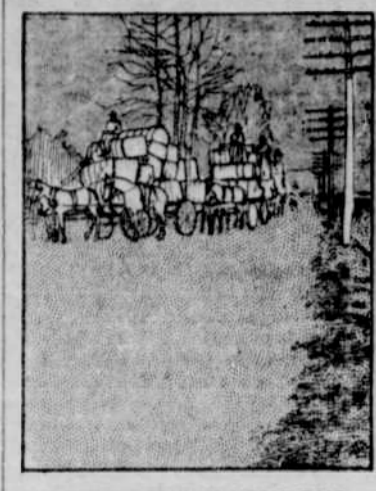
Corvallis and Eastern Railroad.

TIME CARD NO. 24.

No. 2 for Yaquina	Leaves Albany	12:45 p.m.
Leaves Albany	Corvallis	1:48 p.m.
Arrives Yaquina	Corvallis	6:20 p.m.
No. 1 returning	Leaves Yaquina	6:45 a.m.
Leaves Corvallis	Albany	11:30 a.m.
Arrives Albany	Corvallis	12:15 p.m.
No. 3 for Albany-Detroit	Leaves Corvallis	6:00 a.m.
Leaves Albany	Corvallis	6:40 a.m.
Leaves Albany for Detroit	Corvallis	6:30 a.m.
Arrives Detroit	Corvallis	12:02 p.m.
No. 4 from Detroit	Leaves Detroit	12:35 p.m.
Leaves Albany	Corvallis	5:15 p.m.
Leaves Albany for Corvallis	Albany	7:15 p.m.
Arrives Corvallis	Albany	7:55 p.m.
Train No. 1 arrives in Albany in time to connect with the S. P. southbound train, as well as giving two or three hours in Albany before departure of S. P. Northbound train.		
Train No. 2 connects with the S. P. trains at Corvallis and Albany giving direct service to Newport and adjacent beaches.		
Train No. 3 for Detroit via Albany, leaves Corvallis at 6 a.m. and connects with the S. P. Albany-Portland local train leaving Albany at 7 a.m. Train No. 3 leaves Albany for Detroit at 7:30 a.m., arriving there at noon, giving ample time to reach the Breitenbush hot springs the same day.		
Train No. 4 connects at Albany with the Portland-Albany local, which arrives here at 7:10 and runs to Corvallis, leaving Albany at 7:45 and arriving in Corvallis at 7:55 p.m.		

For further information apply to
General Passenger Agent,
J. P. MAYO,
Corvallis, Oregon.

of the state, says County Engineer McClintock of New York. A general improvement of the highways will benefit the largest number in many ways, but to none will it be of more direct benefit than to the farmer.



HAULING COTTON ON A GOOD ROAD.

portation, but he enjoys as well as anybody having things look well, and if improved roads make the country more beautiful and encourage the sociability of church, school, entertainments and friendly intercourse, and thereby make himself and wife and girls more contented and attract the boys to stay in independence on the farm, he can afford to pay well for the good roads. It needs no argument today to prove that these results do follow.

It is a common observation that when a street is improved in the city one immediate result is to arouse the residents on that street to fix up their lots and so raise the character of the neighborhood, and it is the same on a country road. The strongest force in our social system is public opinion, and the public opinion which impels us is not that of distant regions, but the commendation or condemnation of our neighbors and townsmen.

Cost of Rural Transportation.
The roads of the country are the avenues of the prosperity of the whole country. They are to a large body of the people the connecting link between them and civilization. They are of vital importance. The present condition should be a source of mortification to the nation. Nearly every other civilized nation has taken hold of the question and established magnificent systems of roads. It was only when the general government took hold of the matter that the roads of foreign countries were made permanent. They are languishing in the mud still. The cost of rural transportation is double in this country as compared to Canada, England or Europe. While we have outstripped the earth in nearly every other direction, we are in this respect on a par with Asia and Africa and the semi-civilized nations of Europe. As a matter of national pride this question should appeal to the consideration of every patriotic citizen.—United States Senator Lattimer.

To Avoid Making Ruts.
Serious damage soon results from the common practice of driving in the track made by preceding vehicles, especially with heavy loads on narrow tires. Ruts would scarcely if ever appear on a well constructed road if drivers would vary their track even only a few inches. It would be noticed that, no matter how deep the rut it will disappear when a sharp turn occurs as the horses vary their course around a corner and traffic spreads out over the full width of the road. This is one of the principal

GOLDEN GATE COFFEE

Pleases every member of the family, and the cook.

Aroma-tight tins. Never in bulk.

J. A. Folger & Co. Established in 1850 San Francisco

Parcels Post.
Strong resolutions in favor of the parcels post were adopted by the national grange. The committee laid emphasis on the fact that the rural mail service now has the machinery for an efficient parcels post system, and while it did not advocate a rate that would drive the express companies out of business, nevertheless they thought the people had a right to demand of congress an extension of the usefulness of this system.

Eligibility.
Any man or woman or child over fourteen years old if living on a farm or owning or managing a farm, whether or not he or she is a farmer, or living on it or not; any person whose interests are rural, like a minister in a country community, a county school teacher, etc., is eligible to membership.

A Good Idea.
The California state grange in recent session passed the following resolution: "Resolved, That in choosing our representatives to congress we will vote for those who will promise to legislate for the establishment of an adequate up to date parcels post."

A Business Organization.
"I thought it was a business organization," said one.
"It is a business organization," a granger replied, "in that it makes it a business to help the farmer to help himself and his family to the very largest life possible."

Observe Neighbors' night occasionally in your grange. The visiting grange furnishes the entertainment.

The Troy (Pa.) Mutual Fire Insurance company carries about \$2,500,000 insurance for its members.

The national grange wants Indian corn to be the national floral emblem.

Rural Delivery Notes

Taking 450 people as the average number served on each route (a moderate estimate), the rural service in operation Oct. 1, 1904, was bringing the mails within easy reach of the homes of 122,137,750 residents of rural districts.

Petitions for rural free delivery routes are being received at the post-office department at the rate of nearly 1,000 per month.

Since 1897, when the rural free delivery service was started with forty-four routes, it has grown so rapidly that by the end of the current fiscal year in June next there will probably be 22,500 routes in operation.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y. Free Correspondent New York State Grange

MAINE STATE GRANGE.

There is \$73,300 invested in Grange Halls in the Pine Tree State.

The recent session of the Maine state grange was the largest in numbers ever held. Hon. Obadiah Gardner was master. His annual address was a careful resume of the work of the Order in the state during the past year. His arraignment of the game laws elicited applause on that no state master should ever accept political office of any kind while holding office in the grange. He said that seventeen new granges had been organized during the year and eleven reorganized, a gain in membership of 5,373. Eleven new grange halls had been dedicated during the past year, making \$73,300 invested in grange halls in Maine. Relative to the road question he said, "The mud tax levied on our people by the miserable condition of the common roads is the highest we have to pay." He advocated government aid in road building and the bringing to bear the influence of the grange upon congress. He had an earnest word for the establishment of a parcels post. The secretary's report showed the total membership in the state to be 45,498 in 375 granges. Penobscot county has forty-four granges, with a total membership of 5,831, and has gained 780 the past year. There are two other counties in the state that have a membership exceeding 4,000. One grange—Houlton, No. 10—has 124 members, and five others have over 400.

New Hampshire State Grange.
At a recent meeting of the New Hampshire state grange the condition of the Order in that state was reported to be very gratifying. The total membership at the close of the fiscal year, Sept. 1, was 27,466, and in view of the fact that the population of New Hampshire is only 500,000 and that 27,000 are members of the Order the Granite State can rightfully claim to be the leader in grange membership, the total population being taken as a basis of comparison. The net gain during the year was 822. The total membership of the Pomona granges is 8,256, a gain of 558. The grange has to its credit in cash \$224,037.88. The sixth degree was conferred on 318 candidates. The Oberon quartet of Laconia furnished music for the occasion.

Pomona Grange to Run County Fair.
Somerset county Pomona, Maine, has purchased the grounds of the Agricultural society of Skowhegan and will hereafter conduct the county fairs in Somerset. This will be a novelty that will be closely watched by the patrons all over the state. The grange assumes the indebtedness of the Agricultural society, which is \$1,100. The agreement further specifies that if at the end of twenty years the Pomona does not wish to renew the lease the property shall be closely watched by the patrons to the town or city of Skowhegan for a public park.

Salaries of National Officers.

The national grange committee on finances recommended the following

LOMBROSO ON DRINK

FAMOUS CRIMINOLOGIST PANTS AL COHOLO'S DIRTY EFF. CTS.

Proposed in the Third and Fourth Generation the Curse of the Drunkard's Family—Run Responsible For Three-Fourths of All Crimes.

The Italian professor, Lombroso, is perhaps the world's leading authority on crime and its causes. In his book on "Crimes—Its Causes and Remedies" he says:

"One of the most fatal effects of alcoholism is pauperism. The alcoholic father has blind, idiotic, paralytic children, and even though they be rich they must end in poverty, for they can neither think nor work. It is a fact that with the increase in wages drunkenness and its accompanying crimes also increase. In Lancashire, for instance, with the increase of the wages from 8 shillings to 11 shillings the mortality caused by drunkenness grew from 495 to 1,204 and the crimes from 1,335 to 3,578. During the famine in London in 1850-61 not a single one of the 7,000 members of the Temperance society applied for aid."

In regard to alcoholism and crime Lombroso he says: "Alcoholism is connected directly with crime, both from the social and the pathological point of view. We find a first proof in these statistics, which show a great increase in crime in civilized lands, explicable only by the excessive abuse of alcoholic drinking, the consumption of these liquors being in constant proportion to the increase in crime. Not only are habitual drunkards immoral, but their children are habitual criminals."

"Alcohol, in fine, is a cause of delinquency, because some use it to become intoxicated, and others are led to crime by drunkenness; sometimes nascals seek courage in it to commit their crimes and then try to use it as an excuse. It is certain that many young men are led to crime by drunkenness, and still more certain that the saloon is the place in which criminals meet to plan crimes as well as the place in which they spend their ill-gotten gains."

"According to Marenbach, of 3,000 convicts examined by him 78 per cent were drunkards, 79 per cent of these were vagabonds and beggars, 50 per cent of the assassins and 75 per cent of the incendiaries were drunkards. Marro found that drunkards stood in the first rank as highway robbers, 82 per cent."

Of the pernicious effect of alcohol he says: "It is a well known fact that, far from rendering rigorous temperatures more tolerable, alcohol actually augments the dangers of extreme cold or extreme heat. In the polar regions as well as in the Indies the sailors and soldiers, thinking to gain greater power to resist fatigue, really aggravate their condition by drinking alcoholic liquors. In cholera epidemics the occasional drinkers were attacked far more severely than the total abstainers. The mortality among abstainers was only 19.9 per cent, among the drinkers, 91 per cent."

A Luxury.
The Troy (Pa.) Mutual Fire Insurance company carries about \$2,500,000 insurance for its members.



THE DRUNKEN THIRD.
Who Makes Way With Our Two Billion Gallons of Rum?

The latest report of the bureau of statistics of the department of labor and commerce shows that the present per capita consumption of alcoholic beverages in this country is 12.9 gallons a year, practically twenty gallons for every man, woman, child, white, black, yellow, native, foreign.

This pushes the total annual consumption up close to the two billion gallon mark, an enormous dose of poison for any nation to drink like to itself. In sixty-four years, since 1840, the quantity consumed per capita has increased from 4.17 gallons to 20. In the last ten years it has increased from 15.32 gallons to 20.

It would be a great mistake hastily to assume that this means that a larger proportion of our citizens than ever before are hard drinkers. Probably no thoughtful person will doubt that the proportion of total abstainers was never so large as at present. We are not a drunken people.

A Gentle Hint.
"Some men are just like automobiles," she said, with a yawn, as the clock struck 12.
"How is that?" he asked pleasantly, glancing in the direction of the clock.
"Why, they won't go when you want them to."—Yonkers Statesman.

THE LAST SALOON.
Disappearance of the Grogshop Foreshadowed by Current Events.

Business and moral sense is banishing alcohol. The truth that alcohol moderately used, instead of being a safe beverage, as formerly supposed, is a narcotic poison, with inherent power to enslave the will and destroy the drinker, is being instilled into the intelligence of the public school children of this entire country.

This means that we have in training an overwhelming majority against alcohol and that just as sure as light dispels darkness, as sure as truth is stronger than error, the child is born who will see the last legalized saloon, brewery and distillery of alcoholic drinks get from our land. It is now only a question of time.

The last decade, during which this study has been almost universal in the United States, has witnessed such growth of sentiment in business against alcohol that even the Wall Street Journal recognizes the increasing sobriety of our people as an essential cause of the "immense industrial progress of the past seven years."

The next decade will witness still greater progress in the business sense of the young men refuses to bear the financial burden of the consequences of the liquor traffic and the altruistic sense of the country to tolerate a trade in inevitable products of which are crime, poverty, misery and madness.

While washes, soaps, salves and powders relieve temporarily, they do not reach the real cause of the disease. The blood must be purified before the cure is permanent. S.S.S. contains no potash, arsenic or mineral of any description, but is guaranteed pure vegetable.

Send for our book on the skin and its diseases, which is mailed free. Our physician will cheerfully advise without charge, and we will write you about their case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

SKIN DISEASES

I was afflicted with Tetter in bad shape it would appear in blotches as large as a hand, a yellowish color, and scale off. You can imagine how offensive it was. For twelve years I was afflicted with the trouble. At night it was a case of scotch and many times no rest at all. Seeing the real cause of the disease, I determined I was taking it for Eczema. I commenced it, and as a result the eruption began to dry up and disappear, and to-day practically a new man. Only two tiny spots are left on the elbow and shin, where once the whole body was affected. I have every confidence in the medicine, I feel sure that in a short time these two remaining spots will disappear. S. S. S. is certainly a great blood purifier, and has done me a world of good. I am grateful for what it has accomplished, and trust that what I have said will lead others who are similarly afflicted to take the remedy and obtain the same good results that I have.

125 East Fifth Ave. JOHN F. LEAR.

REGULATOR LINE

Portland-The Dalles Route.

Steamers:
Bailey Gatzert
Regulator
Dalles City
Metlako

Connecting at Lyle with the Columbia River and Northern Railway Company for
Wahkaius, Dalles,
Centerville, Goldendale
and all other Klaskan valley points.

Steamers leave Portland daily, except Sunday, at 7 a.m., connecting at Lyle with C. E. & N. train for Goldendale at 2:30 p.m., train arriving at Goldendale at 7:30 a.m. Steamers arrive The Dalles at 9 p.m. Steamers leave The Dalles daily, except Sunday at 6:30 a.m. Steamers arrive at 2:30 p.m. Steamers leave at 6:15 a.m. connects with this steamer for Portland, arriving at Portland at 9 p.m.

HAIR'S Hair Renewer

A high-class preparation for the hair. Keeps the hair soft and glossy and prevents splitting at the ends. Cures dandruff and always restores color to gray hair.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

Of the 40,000,000 women in the country but a small proportion drink alcoholic liquors. There are 18,000,000 boys under fifteen, most of whom do not drink. There are a million railway employees to whom it is becoming increasingly hard to drink and retain their positions. All the prisoners, the insane, the Chinese, the paupers, must be counted out.

How Canada Treats Her Drunkards.
Habitual drunkards are considered in Montreal, Que., are now given the option of paying a fine, undergoing imprisonment or taking a certain cure. At present there are twenty-two under treatment, ten at their homes and twelve at the jail. Each patient is expected to take sixteen doses of the prescribed medicine each day and is warned not to drink any intoxicating liquors during the time of trial.

Looking After the Wolf.
Rev. Mark Guy Pearce, the great English preacher, was once reproved for making too many temperance speeches, and when told he ought to be taking care of his flock he answered: "The flock is all right just now. I am looking after the wolf."

BRICHT'S DISEASE.
The largest sum ever paid for a prescription changed hands in San Francisco, August 30, 1901. The transfer involved in coin and stock \$112,500, and was paid by a party of business men for a specific for Bright's disease and diabetes, hitherto incurable diseases.

They commenced the serious investigation of the specific November 15, 1890. They interviewed scores of the cured and tried it out on its merits by putting over three dozen cases on the treatments and watching them. They also got physicians to name chronic, incurable cases, and administered it with the physicians for judges. Up to August 26th \$7 per cent of the test cases were either well or progressing favorably.

There being but thirteen per cent of failures, the parties were satisfied and closed the transaction. The proceedings of the investigating committee and the clinical reports of the test cases were published and will be mailed free on application. Address John J. Fulton company, 409 Washington street, San Francisco, California.

Adaptability of the Grange.
The grange as an organization is adapted to the needs of every community, says Overseer Fuller of New York. For the locality where men make the accumulation of money the narrowness of the grange has a place, for it makes the accumulation of wealth easier in many ways. For the community where social and intellectual development is the primary motive our Order affords the best possible means to carry on educational work and promote social intercourse among farmers. For the community where a fraternal order is needed to draw men closer together and help them to carry each other's burdens the grange stands pre-eminently forth as the only organization affording fraternal benefits to men and women on the same basis of equality.

The Grange a Secret Order.
The grange is a secret order in that its meetings are usually for the benefit of members only, but occasionally open meetings are held. There are signs and salutations characteristic of secret orders. The ritual work of subordinate granges covers four degrees; of the country, called Pomona granges, one degree (the 4th); of state granges, the sixth degree; national grange, the seventh degree. The ritual work of all the degrees is very beautiful and instructive.

Grange Bulletins.
Pennsylvania and Massachusetts state granges are issuing monthly bulletins to patrons of their respective states. The former is edited by State Master Hill and the latter by State Secretary Howard. Both are well edited and capable of much good for the Order. New York, Ohio, Michigan and possibly two or three other states issue monthly lecturers' bulletins.

Easy Pennsylvania.
The office of master of Pennsylvania state grange has been changed from Montalto to Chambersburg, where competent office help can be had on short notice to help carry on the immense amount of work connected with the office.

Kill the Sick Hen.
Do not waste time with sick hens. Get rid of them at once, and bury them deep or burn their bodies. The loss of a few sick hens can be borne with greater satisfaction than to have disease attack all the members of the flock.—Poultry News.

For detailed information of tickets, berth reservations, etc., call or write to Alder street wharf, Portland, Or.
H. G. CAMPBELL, Manager.

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