

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Preaching hours at 11 and 7:30.
M. E. CHURCH.
Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 9:45. Epworth League at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—Jas. Moore, pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10. B. Y. P. U. at 6:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.—J. R. G. Russell, pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—W. T. Ward, pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.
Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Bible school at 10. Senior Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Bible class and prayer meeting Thursday evening.—L. Gray, pastor.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Preaching Sunday morning and evening at the Dallas college chapel. Sunday school at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—A. A. Winter, pastor.

WORTH REMEMBERING.

How to Save Your Life If Caught in Fire.
"What persons should do if cut off from escape is to shut the door of the room in which they are and make for the nearest window," said Chief Swingley of the St. Louis fire department to a New York World reporter.

"The best way is to crawl. There is always a space next the floor where the air is good. Smoke always rises. I don't care if a building is filled with dense smoke—a window can be reached by crawling and keeping the head close to the floor.

"Persons should get on the outside of the window. The room may be filled with fire, but it will take some time before the fire reaches them. Persons should wait until their clothes catch on fire before jumping. It is almost sure death to jump.

"Burning buildings do not fall immediately. They are generally burned at least half an hour before they begin to fall. Even if the building does begin to fall the portion where one is may not fall.

"Of course when persons are placed in great danger minutes seem like hours. The engines get to fires in the majority of cases within a few minutes after the alarm has been given.

"Another thing that I am reminded of is the fact of how few persons know the location of fire alarm boxes nearest to their residences and how to give an alarm. Every one should familiarize himself with the location of the box and how to turn in an alarm."

How to Mend Children's Stockings.
Huge holes in the stockings of children can be mended neatly and save the labor of darning or the actual throwing away of the otherwise good stockings. Cut the hole right out and join the two pieces left with an over and under stitch on the wrong side. This will make a seam, to be sure, but not unsightly, and they can then be utilized for second best.

How to Split Paper.
Paper can be split into two or even three parts, however thin the sheets, says Household. It may be convenient to know how to do this sometimes, as, for instance, when one wishes to paste in a scrapbook at an angle on both sides of the paper. Get a piece of plate glass and place it on a sheet of paper. Then let the paper be thoroughly soaked. With care and a little skill the sheet can be split by the top surface being removed. The best plan, however, is to paste a piece of cloth or strong paper on each side of the sheet to be split. When dry, quickly and without hesitation pull the two pieces asunder, when one part of the sheet will be found to have adhered to one part and to the other. Soften the paste in water, and the pieces can be easily removed from the cloth.

How to Clean a Plaster Cast.
It is said that the safest and, indeed, the only way to clean a plaster cast is to cover it with fuller's earth, obtainable at any drug store, and the dry whitening. Wrap in a cloth and allow it to remain several days. Then brush the powder carefully away, and much, if not all, of the dirt will be found to disappear.

How to Renovate Chairs.
To renovate wicker or rattan chairs that have become soiled with age and use wash off every bit of dirt in all the interstices and with a soft, long-haired brush that the entire surface with oak green stain, sienna or sienna and van-dyke brown. This must be done with great care so as to cover every particle of the surface. This treatment is suitable for wicker because it will take stain, but rattan, which is less porous, requires to be painted or enameled. Whether stain or paint is used, varnish heightens the luster.

How to Make the Lips Red.
To make your lips red set the finger with scent and rub it on the lips. This makes them a lovely red. After the perfume has dried touch them with cold cream. Don't do this except for very special occasions. If done often, it makes the lips hard and dry.

How to Make a Rose Jar.
Spread the rose leaves on a tray and expose them to the sun or warm air until dry; then lightly crumble them.

For Over Sixty Years. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. 25 cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

up small "between the hands" Add other dry odorous ingredients to suit the taste, such as gum benzoin, root of calamus, cassia bark, musk seed, orris root, vanilla and sandalwood. Add a little of the essential oil of roses. The continental perfumer usually makes a basis of rose water. This powder will give out a delightful odor for a long time in a jar and is also delicious for sachets.

How to Make Gasoline Soft Soap.
Into eight gallons of boiling water shave half a pound of white soap, stir until this is dissolved, then remove from the fire and add a pint of gasoline. Use hot, but do not take the gasoline near the fire.

How to Clean Hairs.
Cover a soiled white felt hat with a cake of unguinea and let it remain in that condition over night. Unless the case is an extreme one, the grime will go with the unguinea when it is brushed off. Pulverized French chalk left for several hours over a bluish made by milk on a wool fabric will usually restore the cloth to its original color. If the stain is not a stubborn one, it will yield to a sponging in diluted alcohol.

How to Keep Bath Tubs Bright.
Zinc bath tubs may be kept bright by periodical scrubbing with hot vinegar in which coarse salt has been dissolved.

To Fight Moths.
The common clothes moth is not always recognized when he is found a worm shape. When in this condition it is a brown creature that may lurk in the crevices of the floor (under the carpet and paper are removed). Brush the crevices over with a paint brush dipped in turpentine before cleaning the floor with hot water and soda. Remember that the buffalo moth is a very different creature. When he first appears in grub state he is a fuzzy little worm.

A Dish of Cauliflower.
An attractive and delicious dish of cauliflower is prepared by boiling a solid head and afterward placing it on a buttered baking dish, one of the French or German fireproof ware now common in the house furnishing shops. Sprinkle with parmesan cheese and buttered crumbs, moisten with white sauce and bake until brown. A border of green peas may be added.

Scotch Bread.
For Scotch bread roast four ounces of almonds, and when cold pound them with half a pound of sugar to reduce to a powder and sift through a sieve. Arrange on the table in a circle half a pound of flour; in the center put the almond powder, four ounces of butter, one egg, one separate yolk and the peel of a lemon; mix well to obtain a smooth paste. Form this with the hands into small spindles two inches long; range them an inch and a half apart on a buttered and floured baking sheet, brush over twice with beaten egg yolks and leave standing for a minute in a cool place. When ready to bake split them in two lengthwise and bake in hot oven.

Ribbons For Table Decorations.
Ribbons are in high favor for dinner decorations. A striking centerpiece is secured by combining white and green liberty tulle ribbon, four inches wide, in rosettes clustered around colonial candlesticks, the streamers running to the four corners, or if flowers are used for a centerpiece the ribbon is employed at the four corners in big bows with flowing ends. Flat cut glass dishes for olives, radishes, salted nuts, bon-bons or candied fruits give the table a festive air not usual with the more formal dinner, and toothsome sandwiches may be served with certain courses, particularly the salad course, instead of plain bread or dinner rolls.

Had Him There.
The Father—What! You want to marry that puppy? I never heard of such a thing.
The Dear Girl—Well, you know, father, dogs are very fashionable just now.

THE FIRST ONE
A picture of MISSION SAN DIEGO de ALCALA will be given with the SUNDAY CHRONICLE, July 5th, and on each consecutive Sunday thereafter, one will be given until the series is complete.

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ENTIRELY FREE with the "CHRONICLE'S" GREAT SUNDAY EDITION, 5 cents a copy at your newsdealer.

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Scientific American.
A handily illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$1 a year in advance, \$1.50 by mail. Single copies, 5 cents. Published by MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

ALL OVER THE HOUSE.

What May Be Eaten With the Fingers According to Rules of Etiquette.

There are a number of things that the most fastidious and well behaved persons now eat at the dinner table without the aid of either knife, fork or spoon. The following are a few examples:

Olives, to which a fork should never be applied.
Asparagus, whether hot or cold, when served whole, as it should be.
Lettuce, which should be dipped in the dressing or a little salt.
Celery, which may properly be placed on the tablecloth beside the plate.
Strawberries when served with the stems on, as they usually are.
Bread, toast, tarts, small cakes, etc.

Fruits of all kinds, except preserves and melons, which are eaten with a spoon.
Cheese, which is almost invariably eaten with the fingers by the most particular.

Either the leg or other small pieces of a bird. Ladies at most of the fashionable luncheons pick small pieces of chicken without using knife or fork.
Chipped potatoes are generally eaten with the fingers by epicures. There must be no particle of fat adhering to the chipped potatoes, and they must be crisp.—Delineator.

Onions For Cold.
It is claimed that a bad cold can be broken up by the patient remaining indoors and indulging in a liberal diet of onions. It need not be an exclusive diet, but it must be liberal one. An onion cure breakfast includes a poached egg on toast, three tablespoons of fried onions and coffee.

Luncheon of sandwiches made of brown bread buttered and filled with finely chopped raw onions, seasoned with salt and pepper, makes the second meal on the schedule. For dinner the onions may be fried and eaten with a chop and baked potatoes.
Onion sirup is claimed by some to be unequalled as a cure for a bad cold in the head.

To remove oil stains from wall paper apply pipeclay mixed to the thickness of cream with water and let it remain for four hours before removing, says the New York American.
To remove oil stains from varnished paper with flannel dipped in cold weak tea and rub dry with a soft cloth.
To remove paint stains from doors and windows put a handful of soda and a piece of fine size of the top of a cup into a pan of hot water, as it not only removes the dirt, but leaves a beautiful gloss without polishing.
To remove grease spots from a stove use paraffin, and then clean it all off with soap.

To remove medicine stains from silverware dip the article in sulphuric acid, repeat until the stain has disappeared, then wash in very hot water.
Painted woodwork or fine enameled furniture can be cleaned with whiting much more satisfactorily than by the usual process of scrubbing with soap and water. Take some of the powder upon a plate, dip a piece of flannel into clear water, wring it as nearly dry as possible, fold into a small pad and take up as much of the whiting as will adhere to it. Apply to the painted surface, and a very little rubbing will remove any grease or dirt. Wash well with clean water and wipe dry with a clean cloth.
Matting may be freshened by washing it with a weak solution of salt and water and carefully drying each portion as it is washed. This method of cleaning keeps the matting from turning yellow.

Carpet mats thoroughly sprinkle thick with coarse salt, let lay half an hour and sweep well with a stiff broom until you have all the salt off. This will not only clean the carpet, but will be a sure preventive against moths.
For white spots made on oak dining table caused by a hot dish hold a hot iron in a little above the marks, but not near enough to affect the varnish. Withdraw the iron for a moment to allow the wood to cool; then place it over the spot again and continue until the white spots disappear.

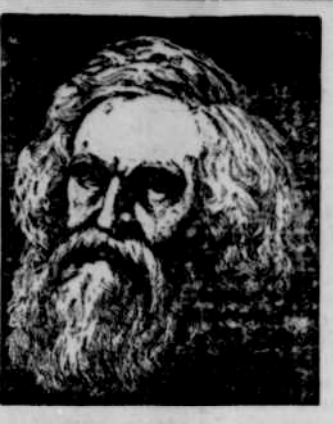
To remove Red Iron Rust. Cover the spots with salt, moisten with lemon juice, let stand a time, add more salt and lemon. If not successful with these, use fast colors muriatic acid. Spread the cloth over a large bowl of hot water, touch the dry spots with a drop or two of the acid. When the rust disappears, rinse several times in clear water and then in water in which there is a little ammonia.

It is the right of every child to be well born, and to the parents it must look for health and happiness. No incoherently great responsibility is left in the blood to be transmitted to the helpless child, entailing the most pitiable suffering, and marking its little body with offensive sores and eruptions, catarrh of the nose and throat, weak eyes, glandular swellings, brittle bones, white swelling and deformity.
How can parents look upon such little sufferers and not reproach themselves for bringing so much misery into the world? If you have any disease lurking in your system, how can you expect well developed, healthy children? Cleanse your own blood and build up your health, and you have not only enlarged your capacity for the enjoyment of the pleasures of life, but have discharged a duty all parents owe to posterity, and made mankind healthier and happier.

Parents' Responsibility Great
There is no remedy that so surely reaches deep-seated, stubborn blood troubles as S. S. S. It searches out even hereditary poisons, and removes every taint from the blood, and builds up the general health. If weaklings are growing up around you, right the wrong by putting them on a course of S. S. S. at once. It is a purely vegetable medicine, harmless in its effects, and can be taken by both old and young without fear of any bad result.
Write us about your case, and let our physicians advise and help you. This will cost you nothing, and we will also send our book on blood and skin diseases.

How to Make Sealing Wax.
Six ounces of resin, four of red lead, two of vermilion and two of powdered shellac melted together will make the best red sealing wax. For black wax the best ivory black is substituted for the red lead and vermilion, for green verdigris is used, for blue the coloring matter is verditer or smalt, for yellow chrome and for purple a mixture of vermilion and smalt. Sealing wax is often scented with a little balsam of Peru.

How to Clean Silk.
It is little known that silk may be cleaned by sponging the soiled parts in the water that potatoes have been boiled in.



Vigorous Old Age

Faine's Celery Compound makes the old feel young, and cures the ills. It has added years of health and enjoyment to many a life. Use this great medicine regularly, and its invigorating powers will fill your declining years with health, strength, and happiness. Read what George F. Morse, 67 years old, writes:—
WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.,
Gentlemen:—Just a word in favor of Faine's Celery Compound, hoping it may catch the eye of some afflicted person, and they may receive the same satisfactory benefit. Some 15 years ago I had a combination of malaria, chills and fever, and grip, which continued for a year or more; meantime I lost in weight about 60 pounds, trying different medicines and doctors with unsatisfactory results. Faine's Celery Compound was recommended, and after using a little I began to improve, gaining about a pound a week. In a year I had regained 50 pounds of the lost weight and good health, and have been a well man ever since. Yours truly, GEORGE F. MORSE.
LEOMINSTER, MASS., Oct. 27, 1903.

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COLOR ANYTHING ANY COLOR.
Dresses, cloaks, suits, ribbons, coats, fashions, stockings, — everything washable. Diamond Dyes make to look like new.
Direction book and 43 trial samples free. **DIAMOND DYES**, Burlington, Vt.

W. J. STOW, TRUCKMAN.
Dallas, Oregon
A fair share of patronage solicited and all orders promptly filled.

HOUSE CLEANING HINTS.

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DAMES AND DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. Edwin Arden was chosen president of the Professional Women's League at its annual meeting which has just been held in New York.

As a child Clara Barton, founder of the Red Cross society, died of diphtheria, and the only playthings that appealed to her more than pet animals were wooden soldiers.

Mrs. Lorriland Ronalds, who has added the management of a licensed public house to her other activities in the interests of the working people about her Essex country house. The countess will sell only soft drinks.

Mrs. Nellie Clapp of Wisconsin has received a letter of thanks from the post office department for covering her husband's twenty-five mile rural delivery route in a blinding blizzard. She made the difficult journey without injury, although the trip nearly killed her horse.

Mrs. Elizabeth Budd Gallaudet, whose husband, the late Dr. Gallaudet, was a distinguished teacher of the deaf and dumb, lately died in New York city, aged seventy-nine. She was a deaf mute. She married Dr. Gallaudet fifty-seven years ago and aided her husband in his great life work for deaf mutes.
Boston's oldest resident, Mrs. Hannah Newell Barrett, has just celebrated the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of her birth. With Mrs. Barrett was her sister, Mrs. Lovisa Barrett of Cambridge, who is ninety-two. Mrs. Barrett is very proud of the fact that she is an honorary member of Boston Tea Party chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

GLEANNINGS.
Scarlet fever is unknown in the tropics. There are now between 3,500 and 3,500 lightbulbs in the world. Spitzbergen is one of the few countries as yet unclaimed by any nation. Any one may dig the coal found in the cliffs there.

German trade statistics already show the serious damage done to trade with Latin-American countries by the action of the Kaiser against Venezuela. Cassandra Southwick, the persecuted Quaker girl of early colonial days, who is the heroine of one of Whittier's poems, is to have a monument erected to her memory in Salem, Mass.
City building is being made a regular science in Germany. A magazine writer declares that any city there which should today lay out a new quarter on the easy and wearisome checker-board plan would be laughed at.

According to the director of the Statistical Institute at Stuttgart, H. Zeller, the present population of the earth is about 1,544,510,000. Of every 1,000 persons 346 are Christians, 114 Mohammedans, 7 Israelites and 523 belong to other religions.
Jonathan Hutchinson, who has made a special study of leprosy, has come to the conclusion that it is brought about exclusively by the contamination by leprosy hands of the food that is eaten by other members of the family of which the leper forms part.

ROYAL ROBES.
The czar has a single estate covering over 100,000,000 acres—that is, about three times the entire area of England.
The Kaiser has become a large landowner in Switzerland by means of a legacy. The property is situated in the canton of Berne.
Orders have been issued by the young ameer of Afghanistan forbidding the transparent or bright colored veils which were becoming fashionable among women in Kabul.

Queen Amelia of Portugal holds two medals for saving life. The first was awarded to her for saving unaided a boatman from drowning at Cascaes, and the second was sent to her by the Humane society for her courage in jumping into the Tagus to rescue her own child from drowning.

RAIN-CANT SAWYER'S EXCELSIOR BRAND Slickers.
Sawyer's Excelsior Brand Slickers is the best in the world. Will keep your clothes dry and clean. Look for trade mark—A man in a rain coat. See catalogue.

Regulator Line.
PORTLAND-THE DALLES ROUTE.
Steamers: Bailey Gatzert, Regulator, Dalles City, Metlako
Connecting at Lyle with the Columbia River and Northern Railway Company for Wahkiscus, Daly, Centerville, Coldendale and all other Willamette valley points.

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CARE OF PLANTS.

The Measure of Success in Wheat Growing is a complete fertilizer containing 6% actual Potash
A deficiency of Potash in fertilizers will result in small grains.
Our books on Wheat and Grain Culture are free to farmers.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau Street, New York.

How to Protect Them and Make Them Grow.
The first thing about the care of plants is good drainage at the right kind of soil. Says the New York Journal of Commerce, once a week in the water will act as a fertilizer and force the plants to bloom. Tin is much better than earthenware, because it keeps the plants moist longer. To kill red spiders sprinkle a little cinnamon over the plants.
To those who have little time and money to expend on outdoor plants there are three annuals that will give an abundance of bright, cheery bloom from a few weeks after the seed is sown until the frost comes—the petunia, sweet alyssum and nasturtium. They do well in a poor soil and require little watering. The tall nasturtium, with its bright blossoms, ranging from the darkest red to the lightest straw color, may be trained against the house or fence or be allowed to carpet a bed.

Grounds of coffee are excellent to mix with the earth used in flowerpots, as it keeps the earth moist and facilitates blossoming.
Old newspapers plied over plants will keep them from the frost and prolong their period of blossoming. It should be made sure that water plants before sunrise and after sundown, and in so doing care should be exercised to water them in such a way that the roots will get the benefit without wetting the leaves and flowers.
If you find that the leaves of your rosebush, or any large growing plant, are being eaten by caterpillars, wind around the woody portion a piece of cotton wadding, which will deter them from creeping upon it. This has been tried with excellent results on trees. At times there is also the annoyance of ants in the garden, but this can be readily done away with by pouring common lamp oil over them.
To remove worms from plants, take solution of soap or washing powder or the water from the boiler after a washing, let cool and pour in pot. The worms will come to the surface, and as they are stunned somewhat they can be removed easily.

How to Make Pineapple Sherbet.
Boil two cups of water and a cup of sugar to a sirup and add a teaspoonful of gelatin that has been dissolved in a little water. Remove from the fire and beat until cold, then add the juice of a lemon and a cup of pineapple juice. Freeze.
How to Ventilate Sick Rooms.
Sick rooms should be ventilated even more conscientiously than the rest of the house. Many an amateur nurse forgets that the sick require pure air quite as much as the well and so neglect to secure all the air spaces that is necessary or available. All draperies, hangings and stuffed pieces of furniture that are not absolutely necessary should be banished from the sick room. To air the room without giving the patient cold place an extra blanket or coverlet over the bed, draw the sheet up over the patient's head and face and let a strong draft blow through the room for a few minutes. This will effectually dislodge any layers of foul air that may have collected. Continuous ventilation should be maintained both day and night by means of an open window in an adjoining room, the door between being kept open.

How to Prevent Stoves Rusting.
By applying kerosene with a rag when you are about to put your stoves away for the winter, it will prevent them from rusting. Treat your farming implements in the same way before you lay them aside in the fall.
How to Utilize Old Stockings.
Stockings and socks that have seen their best days may be utilized in various ways by the careful housewife. Cut off the feet, then fold the leg part over several times and sew the ends and one has a soft holder for grasping kettles, the stove lifter, iron and other utensils of the kitchen. Waste history is capital when used as a window cleaner in place of the old duster or bit of discarded muslin which many women save for this purpose.

How to Repair Hat Feathers.
If your hat feathers become wet and straightened, hold them over the stove, being careful not to burn them. Remove them from the heat now and then and shake out the matted down. Keep this up until the feather is curled.

How to Make Soap Jelly.
Soap jelly to wash delicate fabrics with is easily and cheaply made from bits of toilet soap, the last of cakes left in the bathroom. Fill a wide mouthed glass jar three-fourths full of these odds and ends and pour boiling water over them. Add a tablespoonful of glycerin and the juice of half a lemon. Stir and allow to dissolve. This jelly is excellent not only for the laundering, but to soften and whiten the hands.
How to Take Medicine Easily.
To prepare the mouth for a nauseous dose of medicine chew a piece of orange peel or take a tiny bit of cayenne pepper. This will prepare the mouth for nearly anything you can imagine.
How to Make Call's Foot Jelly.
Take two call's feet, add one gallon of water, which reduce by boiling to one quart. Strain and when cold skim the fat entirely off. Add to this the whites of six or eight eggs well beaten, pin a wine, half a pint of loaf sugar and the juice of four lemons. Mix well, boil for a few minutes, strain and set aside to cool.
How to Seal Fish Quickly.
Fish may be sealed more quickly by first dipping them into boiling water for a minute.

A Russian Leather Portiere.
Among the new portieres is one of Russian leather, applied in a florid design full of graceful curves upon empire green velours. Another has a rich floral border in illuminated leather on a curtain of peacock tapestry. The blending of tints is fine, and the leather is so soft as not to interfere with the draping.

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Take two call's feet, add one gallon of water, which reduce by boiling to one quart. Strain and when cold skim the fat entirely off. Add to this the whites of six or eight eggs well beaten, pin a wine, half a pint of loaf sugar and the juice of four lemons. Mix well, boil for a few minutes, strain and set aside to cool.
How to Seal Fish Quickly.
Fish may be sealed more quickly by first dipping them into boiling water for a minute.

A Russian Leather Portiere.
Among the new portieres is one of Russian leather, applied in a florid design full of graceful curves upon empire green velours. Another has a rich floral border in illuminated leather on a curtain of peacock tapestry. The blending of tints is fine, and the leather is so soft as not to interfere with the draping.