

# SKIN TORTURES



And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by Baths with

## Cuticura SOAP

And gentle anointments with CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure and preserver of emollients, to be followed, in severe cases, by medicinal doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. This is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply humours, with loss of hair, ever compounded.

MILTONS USE CUTICURA SOAP, advised by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preventing, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and smoothing the face, for removing dandruff, for relieving itching, for softening the hands, for baby rashes and irritations, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

### CHURCH DIRECTORY

Preaching hours at 11 and 7.30.

M. E. CHURCH.

Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 9.45. Epworth league at 6.30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—H. N. Rounds, pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10. P. U. at 6.20. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.—J. R. G. Russell, pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6.30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—W. T. Wardle, pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Preaching Sunday morning and evening. Bible school at 10. Junior Christian Endeavor at 3.30. Senior Christian Endeavor at 6.30. Bible class and prayer meeting Thursday evening.—G. B. Kellen, pastor.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

Preaching Sunday morning and evening at the M. E. church, south. Sunday school at 10. Christian Endeavor at 6.30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.—A. A. Winter, pastor.

Why Teak Wood is Superior.

The teak wood is generally used in building, is superior to all other woods from the fact that it remains an essential oil which prevents rot and holds driven into it from rotting. This property is not possessed by any other wood in the world and furnishes an explanation of the fact that the hulls of teak are preserved for centuries.

For Over Sixty Years.

An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. 25 cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

### Administratrix Notice of Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an order and decree of the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Polk, duly made and entered of record in the matter of the estate of James L. Gwin, deceased, I will on and after the

6th day of December, 1907,

offer for sale and sell at private sale to the highest bidder the following described premises, situated in Polk county, Oregon, to-wit: Beginning 10.35 chains north of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of section 36, in township 34 north, range 4 west, of the Willamette meridian, and running thence north 40 chains, thence west 17.60 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 17.60 chains to the place of beginning, containing 70.64 acres. And also the following: Beginning 14.92 chains east and 20 chains south of the quarter section post between sections 29 and 36, in township 7 north, range 4 west, and running thence west 7.79 chains, thence north 10 chains, thence east 5 chains, thence south 10 chains to place of beginning. And also the following: Beginning 14.92 chains east and 20 chains south of the quarter section post between sections 36 and 39, in township 7 north, range 4 west, and running thence west 7.79 chains, thence north 10 chains, thence east 5 chains, thence south 10 chains to place of beginning, containing 5 acres more or less. Terms of sale, cash in hand. Bids thereof will be received by me at Myer & Co. in Polk county, Oregon, or at the law office of Myer & Co. in Dallas, Oregon.

MARY E. GWIN, Administratrix.

### USING OIL ON ROADS.

#### Experiments With Petroleum on the Highways in Georgia.

The experiments with oil on some of the roads in the vicinity of Augusta, Ga., are proving very satisfactory, and farmers coming into the city are highly pleased with the work. The first experiment, says the Augusta Herald, was made several weeks ago by Judge Ely at the stockade, but he thought the experiment had not been given a proper test when used under shelter and decided as soon as practicable to get on the road in the open with the oil.

The experiment at the stockade was such a success that the grand jury recommended the use of the oil on the roads, and the Wrightsboro thoroughfare was selected as the first to be given the treatment. Farmers coming into the city over that portion already covered say the travel has been greatly improved. They notice at once the absence of the dust usual on a dry, hot day and say their horses seem to really enjoy traveling over it.

Where the sun strikes the work the oil penetrates with surprising rapidity, and in a couple of days the road is in good condition for traveling. After the bath the surface is left with a kind of spongy covering, yet of a nature into which the tires of the vehicles do not sink or cut, as might be expected. The experiment period is practically over now, and the new material will be used on road improvement throughout the county this year.

### ERRORS IN ROADMAKING.

#### Time and Money Saved by Employment of Road Machines.

Vast waste of time, energy and money have been caused by errors in roadmaking. In many cases the loss results from running roads straight over hill and through dale, with little regard for steep grades or for soft ground; in others, from making narrow and badly placed detours; in yet other instances, from following lines far from materials fit for road purposes.

On a single trip of one team the waste may not equal the cost of a perceptible improvement in the way, but that waste, multiplied by the number of trips that team will make and the product multiplied by the whole number of teams which will use the road, will give a surprisingly large aggregate, says Good Roads Magazine. In many cases it will equal the cost of relocating, regrading or relining the whole of the defective highway.

Maurice O. Eldridge says truly, "The right course is to call in the engineer and throw the road around the end or along the side of the steep hills instead of continuing to go over them or to pull the road up to dry, solid ground."

### RAIN CAN'T TOUCH SAWYER'S Oiled Suits and Stickers

Warranted Waterproof. No matter how long it rains, your suit will stay dry. Sawyer's Oiled Suits and Stickers are made of the finest material and are guaranteed to keep you dry in any weather. They are also made in a variety of colors and styles to suit your taste. Visit our store today to see the quality for yourself.

### NOT RELIEF BUT A CURE

Dr. C. A. Perrin, Helena, Mont., October 4, '02. I wish to thank you for my relief. I was suffering agonies from rheumatism and was taking morphine to relieve me, when, on the advice of a friend, I procured a bottle of your Ferrin Pile Specific and took a tablet several times a day and after a few days I was completely cured. In two days I was able to attend to my regular business and I feel as well as ever. My wife also took your medicine and she is cured. Yours truly, C. A. Perrin.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Lincoln Co., bearing date the 7th of October, 1902, upon a judgment rendered in said circuit court on the 25th day of Feb., 1900, in a certain suit therein pending, wherein A. F. Galtner, plaintiff, recovered judgment against E. F. Jones and C. B. Cronin, defendants, for the sum of \$200.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the said 25th day of February, 1900, until paid; and the sum of \$20.00 as costs and disbursements in said suit, which judgment was entered and docketed in the office of the clerk of said court on the 6th day of March, 1900, and which execution and order of sale is directed to me, the sheriff of Polk county, Oregon, commanding me that out of the personal property of said defendants, or if sufficient thereof cannot be found, then out of real property belonging to said defendants, either of them, within my said county, that I satisfy the amount remaining unpaid on said judgment, to-wit: The sum of \$220.00 with interest thereon from the 25th day of April, 1900, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and for further sum of \$20.00, the costs and disbursements of said suit, together with accruing costs; and being unable to find any personal property belonging to said defendants, or sufficient thereof to satisfy said judgment, I have duly levied upon all the right, title and interest of said defendants, to-wit: E. F. Jones and C. B. Cronin, and each of them, in and to the following described real property, to-wit: A one-fourth (1/4) undivided interest in the north one-half of the southeast one-fourth and south one-half of the northwest one-fourth of section 29, 39, T. 8 N., R. 4 W., of the Willamette meridian, in Polk county, Oregon, containing 100 acres. And to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, I will on and after the

### Sheriff's Sale.

Saturday, November 16, 1902, at the front door of the court house in Dallas in said Polk county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on day of sale, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendants, and each of them, in and to the above described premises, or of said defendant thereto to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

Dated at Dallas, Oregon, this 10th day of Oct., 1902. J. T. FORD, Sheriff of Polk county, Oregon.

### DEMAND GOOD ROADS

#### GREATER CALL FOR THEM TODAY THAN EVER BEFORE.

Wages of Agricultural Classes Ascribed to the Deplorable Condition of Our Highways—The Advantages of Good Roads.

The demand for better highways is more earnest and widespread today than it has been at any other stage of our national development. Interest in the subject pervades every vocation of life, and the newspapers of the country now devote more space to the subject than ever before. It is no less cheering to observe the formation everywhere of associations devoted to this Civic-Life interest, while an active propaganda is being carried on by government experts and various railways, and Professor Ramage in a speech before the Tennessee good roads convention.

When freeholders will establish a uniform system for the care and repair of the roads, when freeholders will not wait until cars or not carriages are broken down, and when the subject is carried on by government experts and various railways, and Professor Ramage in a speech before the Tennessee good roads convention.

When freeholders will appoint a supervisor for each county, whose whole time by constant inspection shall be devoted to watching every break in order to remedy it as soon as it occurs in season when personal business is disposed of.

#### Repairs by Road Machines.

The travel-day should never be repaired by the use of plows or scoops. The plow breaks up the compact surface which age and traffic has made tolerable. Earth roads can be rapidly repaired by a judicious use of road machines and road rollers. The road machine places the material where it is most needed, and the roller compacts and keeps it there. The labor saving machinery now manufactured for roadbuilding is just as effective and necessary as the modern mower, self binder and thrasher. Road graders and rollers are the modern inventions necessary to permanent road building.

Two men with two teams can build more road in one day with a grader and roller than fifty men can with picks and shovels and do it more uniformly and more thoroughly.

#### Roadbuilding by Convicts.

Convict labor upon the public roads is coming into quite a general adoption throughout the United States, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. It has been facilitated by what is known as the prisoner on wheels, a vehicle in which the prisoners are restricted and taken from place to place as they work. Almost 900 counties in the country are working convict labor on the roads.

#### The Lost Chance.

Herr Saltzman of Bloemfontein, who died the other day at the age of eighty-two, used often to tell the following story to his old cronies: Some years ago he owned an estate in Griqualand, and adjoining it was a farm owned by W. De Beers. This farm was apparently worthless, for the soil was poor and there was no water, and therefore Herr Saltzman was not surprised when De Beers came to him one day and offered to let him have the entire farm in return for an ordinary waistcoat.

#### Peace in the Perpetual Borders.

A little while ago the subject is good for the flower garden as it is for a family of children, provided always that there is just enough of it, remarks a writer in an exchange. In the perpetual borders, if I may call them so, where the dear old favorites have their permanent home undisturbed from year to year, a kindly, permanent peace seems to take possession that favors the domestic gardener who has abundant love, but scant leisure.

#### Saxon State Dinners.

At Saxon dinners slices of bread were the substitutes for plates, and these generally went into the aims basket afterward. Grandees were seated at a silver platter placed beneath the bread, which last in course of time became discarded as people came to recognize the superior advantages of metal and pewter.

#### The Care of Roads.

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#### A Queer Clock.

One of the most curious clocks in the world is perhaps that which tells the time to the inhabitants of a little western backwoods town and which was constructed some time ago. The machinery, which is nothing but a face, hands and lever, is connected with a geyser, which shoots out an immense column of hot water every thirty-eight seconds. This spouting never varies to the tenth of a second. Every time the water spouts up it strikes the lever and moves the hands forward thirty-eight seconds.

#### The Chinese Way.

In a Chinese journal we come across this item: "A sum of 40,000 taels (about \$2,000) has been subscribed for the repair of the summer palace at Peking. The money has come wholly from officials who have been degraded." It would seem that these officials whose degradation does not extend to having their heads chopped off have to part with a very large portion of their tael.

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### FIGHT THE LICE.

#### Where Neglect Means Sure Failure in the Poultry Business.

The keeping of house, brooder and bird free from vermin is easier than exterminating them when they have begun breeding in earnest. When lice begin to multiply, profits lessen, and the time arrives when there is no money in keeping hens. Lice and profitable poultry do not coexist. Lice and little chicks seldom live long together in the same brooder.

One-half the death losses among brooder chicks are due to the various varieties of lice, especially to the remites. Little chicks are especially susceptible to the ravages of vermin.

The common body louse found on the chick is the same as appears on the adult bird. The usual mode of transmission is for the house to crawl from the brooding hen to the chick she mothers. Sifting hens are good breeding places for lice, and many a little chick gets its first experience of lice soon after it gets out of the shell. Lice also pass from chick to chick. A few lice-infested chicks added to a brooder soon furnish lice to the lot. It is also true that lice get on young chicks from hens in nearby yards. There must be some plan kept in mind to constantly control lice on the growing chicks.

#### FALL PLANTING.

##### For Strawberries It Gives Good Results With Intensive Culture.

Although it will be generally recommended, the fall planting of strawberries can sometimes be used with good results, say the horticulturists of the Michigan station, but in order to succeed special pains must be taken both with the soil and plants. In the states farther south, where the seasons of growth will be considerably longer, this method of growing strawberries is preferred to planting in the spring.

In seasons when the weather is moist during August and September very good results can be obtained in Michigan, but if drought prevails there is danger of a check to the plants, and this will result disastrously.

Upon soil that will not suffer seriously from drought or where water can be applied the fall setting will give good results. As the season of growth will be comparatively short at best, the soil should be thoroughly prepared and enriched. The plants should be of some strong growing variety that will furnish large crops and that are adapted to hill culture.

Unless water for irrigation is at hand the planting should be delayed until the ground has been well moistened and rain falls, but if possible the planting should be done before the 1st of September. Good results, however, can be secured if the plants are set out in the middle of September. The rows should be from two to two and a half feet apart and the plants ten inches in the rows. Even though the ground has been enriched, it will be advisable to mulch the plants by spreading decomposed manure along each side of the rows.

The ground should be occasionally worked during the fall and up to the time of freezing weather so that it will be entirely free from weeds. The rows should be kept free from weeds in the spring receive a shallow cultivation. It will be desirable to replace the mulch before the blossoms have opened, and unless the winter mulch is sufficient to cover the ground so as to keep down the weeds and conserve the moisture an additional amount should be employed.

This method of strawberry culture is not recommended for the general planter, but for the amateur and for the home garden, especially where the starting of a new plantation was neglected in the spring.

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#### A Medicine Which Prolongs Life.

"I have used Ripans Tablets for a number of years and would not be without them. I was troubled with indigestion and constipation, and have been using them for some time. I had not had any sleep for some time, and I was very nervous. I had used many other medicines, but they did not do me any good. I had heard of Ripans Tablets, and I bought a box. I used them for a few days, and I felt much better. I had a good night's sleep, and I was able to eat my food. I had heard that Ripans Tablets were good for indigestion and constipation, and I was very glad to find that they were. I had used many other medicines, but they did not do me any good. I had heard of Ripans Tablets, and I bought a box. I used them for a few days, and I felt much better. I had a good night's sleep, and I was able to eat my food. I had heard that Ripans Tablets were good for indigestion and constipation, and I was very glad to find that they were.

#### GASTRIC TROUBLES.

"I had suffered three years at least from gastric troubles. I could not sleep at night. My head ached and my feet would be cold as ice. I had used many other medicines, but they did not do me any good. I had heard of Ripans Tablets, and I bought a box. I used them for a few days, and I felt much better. I had a good night's sleep, and I was able to eat my food. I had heard that Ripans Tablets were good for gastric troubles, and I was very glad to find that they were. I had used many other medicines, but they did not do me any good. I had heard of Ripans Tablets, and I bought a box. I used them for a few days, and I felt much better. I had a good night's sleep, and I was able to eat my food. I had heard that Ripans Tablets were good for gastric troubles, and I was very glad to find that they were.

#### One gives relief

### Enough Potash

#### in the fertilizer is as necessary as the use of the plow to insure a full crop.

Our books tell how much plant food each crop removes from the soil, and how best to replace it. They are free.

#### GERMAN KALI WORKS,

51 Nassau St., New York.

#### Bright's Disease.

The largest sum ever paid for a prescription, changed hands in San Francisco August 30th, 1901. The transaction involved coin and stock \$112,500 and was paid by a party of business men for a specific for Bright's disease and diabetes, hitherto incurable diseases. They commenced the serious investigation of the specific November 15th, 1900. They interviewed scores of the cured and tried it out on its merits by putting over three dozen cases on the treatment and watching their progress. They also got physicians to name chronic, incurable cases and administered it with the physicians for judges. Up to August 20th, eighty-seven per cent of the test cases were either well or progressing favorably. There being but thirteen per cent of failures, the parties were satisfied and closed the transaction. The proceedings of the investigating committee and the clinical reports of the test cases were published and will be mailed free on application. Address John I. Fulton Company, 420 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

#### THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC

##### TIME TABLE

###### CORVALLIS MAIL-DAILY

7:30 a. m. Leave Albany for Corvallis. 11:25 a. m. Arrive Corvallis. 1:30 p. m. Leave Corvallis for Albany. 5:45 p. m. Arrive Albany.

###### DALLAS PASSENGER-DAILY, EX. SUNDAY

6:00 p. m. Leave Dallas for Corvallis. 11:25 a. m. Arrive Corvallis. 1:30 p. m. Leave Corvallis for Dallas. 5:45 p. m. Arrive Dallas.

###### YAMHILL DIVISION

ALBANY-DETROIT-THE WEEKLY

Leave Albany for Detroit. 11:30 a. m. Arrive Detroit. 1:30 p. m. Leave Detroit for Albany. 5:45 p. m. Arrive Albany.

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