BAD COMPLEXIONS

Dry Thin and Falling Hair and Red Rough Hands Prevented by

CUTICURA SOAP

MILLIONS Use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weaknesses and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially to mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odor. No other *medicated* soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., 25c., the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, $1.25,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation and irritation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET, costing but $1.25, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp and blood humors, with loss of hair when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

FARM AND GARDEN

THE BIG TREES.

The California Groves of Sequoia Fast Falling Before the Ax.

As we know it now the redwood (Sequoia sempervirens) lives only in a narrow strip of the coast ranges 10 to 30 miles wide, extending from just within the southern border of Oregon to the bay of Monterey, while the big tree (Sequoia washingtoniana) is found only in small groves scattered along the west slope of the Sierra Nevada mountains, from the middle fork of the American river to the head of Deer creek, a distance of 260 miles. The utmost search reveals but ten main groups, and the total number of sizable trees in these groups must be limited to figures in the thousands. It is, moreover, the plain truth that all the specimens which are remarkable for their size do not exceed 500.

The big trees are unique in the world—the grandest, the largest, the oldest, the most majestically graceful of trees—and, if it were not enough to be all this, they are among the scarcest of known tree species and have the extreme scientific value of being the best living representatives of a former geologic age. It is a tree which has come down to us through the vicissitudes of many centuries solely because of its superb qualifications. Its bark is often two feet thick and almost noncombustible. The oldest specimens felled are still sound at the heart, and fungus is an enemy unknown to it. Yet with all

BIG TREE "SWAWONA" IN MARIPOSA GROVE.

these means of maintenance the big trees have apparently not increased their range since the glacial epoch. They have only just managed to hold their own on the little strip of country where the climate is locally favorable.

At the present time the only grove thoroughly safe from destruction is the Mariposa, and this is far from being the most interesting. Most of the other groves are either in process of or in danger of being logged. The very finest of all, the Calaveras grove, with the biggest and tallest trees, the most uncontaminated surroundings and practically all the literary and scientific associations of the species connected with it, has been purchased recently by a lumberman who came into full possession on the 1st of April, 1900. The Sequoia and General Grant national parks, which are supposed to embrace and give security to a large part of the remaining big trees, are eaten into by a sawmill each and by private timber claims amounting to a total of 1,172.87 acres. The rest of the scanty patches of big trees are in a fair way to disappear—in Calaveras, Tuolumne, Fresno and Tulare counties they are now disappearing—by the ax.

Spinach and Rhubarb.

Coverings of litter sufficient to shade the spinach plants from the sun should be put on when frequent freezings are likely and before much damage is done to the leaves, as they are of very little use when yellow blotches are burned in them. The coverings may be heavier on late plantings intended for spring use. If the plants are weak and have not a good hold of the soil, much loss will occur from the disturbance of the ground through the action of frost. Protection by cover will carry them through safely.

Those intending to have supplies of forced rhubarb, asparagus and seakale should see to preparing the roots by taking the number required for the season out of the ground before it becomes frozen hard and placing them together in some convenient place. The roots may get a light covering of soil—just enough to protect them from the drying effects of the air—afterward allowing them to get the benefit of several sharp frosts to finish ripening, when enough cover may be put on with a view of making it possible to get a supply for forcing during winter, says American Gardening.

The General Purpose Farmer.

The general purpose farmer who is a good gardener gets a better living for himself and family than the special crop farmer, affirms American Agriculturist. He raises his own dairy products, beef, pork and mutton, eggs and fowls, fruit and vegetables, and if he wants to eat them he is not obliged to stop and count the cost. He has no fear of starvation through stoppage of railroads or strikes. He is not as badly affected by a poor season, for he has several crops to depend upon, and, as he usually sells more than he buys, it is an easy matter to keep out of debt.

More bees are lost in wintering than by disease.

Keep bees to make your own honey, but begin on a small scale.

Lack of ventilation is the cause of dampness in many hives.

Heavy snow should be allowed to remain about the hives just as it fell, even if it covers the hives entirely.

It is important to have an alighting place convenient for the bees to enter the hives; an east or south front is desirable.

The entrance to the hives should be contracted during the winter. Three inches long and three-eighths wide is sufficient.

Bees seldom, if ever, take a fly while there is much snow on the ground. If they are in a proper condition, they will not fly at all.

One result of disturbing the bees in winter is that it causes them instinctively to fill themselves with honey, and, as a consequence, they become unhealthy.

If bees are wintered in ordinary, thin, unprotected hives, the moisture arising from them will condense and freeze to the hive, thereby encircling the bees with ice.—St. Louis Republic.

SORES AND ULCERS.

Sores and Ulcers never become chronic unless the blood is in poor condition—is sluggish, weak and unable to throw off the poisons that accumulate in it. The system must be relieved of the unhealthy matter through the sore, and great danger to life would follow should it heal before the blood has been made pure and healthy and all impurities eliminated from the system. S.S.S. begins the cure by first cleansing and invigorating the blood, building up the general health and removing from the system all morbid, effete matter. **A CONSTANT DRAIN UPON THE SYSTEM.** When this has been accomplished the discharge gradually ceases, and the sore or ulcer heals. It is the tendency of these old indolent sores to grow worse and worse, and eventually to destroy the bones. Local applications, while soothing and to some extent alleviate pain, cannot reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does, and no matter how apparently hopeless your condition, even though your constitution has broken down, it will bring relief when nothing else can. It supplies the rich, pure blood necessary to heal the sore and nourish the debilitated, diseased body.

Mr. J. B. Talbert, Lock Box 245, Winona, Miss., says: "Six years ago my leg from the knee to the foot was one solid sore. Several physicians treated me and I made two trips to Hot Springs, but found no relief. I was induced to try S. S. S., and it made a complete cure. I have been a perfectly well man ever since."

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known—contains no poisonous minerals to ruin the digestion and add to, rather than relieve your sufferings. If your flesh does not heal readily when scratched, bruised or cut, your blood is in bad condition, and any ordinary sore is apt to become chronic.

Send for our free book and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for this service.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

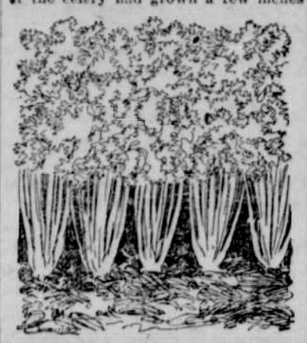
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

MARKET GARDENING.

Profit In Growing Celery With a Mulch and Irrigation.

One of my main money crops is celery. This I grow by a method very similar to the one which has been called the "newest celery culture," says W. H. Jenkins in Farm and Fireside. The celery was planted on very rich ground in rows, with alternate spaces between them of 12 and 18 inches. After the celery had grown a few inches



CELERY NEARLY THREE FEET HIGH.

high a mulch of manure was placed in the 18 inch space, and the blanching boards were set up when the celery was about one foot high, so that the rows that were 12 inches apart were between the boards, thus boarding two rows together, but keeping the boards apart, so they would not cover the plants until they had grown above the boards, which were about 18 inches wide. The field of celery was irrigated by pouring the water on the mulch of manure between the rows with the hose. The plants on a part of the field have grown more than three feet high, and some of them with roots on weighed eight pounds.

I grow the White Plume and Golden Self Blanching by this method, and the large, well balanced bunches sell very readily for 50 to 60 cents a dozen. My salesman, who goes on the road for me, tells me that there is no competition on such goods, and the price is not questioned. Because of lack of help to do the work a small portion of the field was not mulched and irrigated, and, the season being very dry, the celery made so small a growth that it was hardly marketable at any price. The only difference in the culture was in the mulching and irrigation. This cost about $35 an acre, and by expending this additional amount a field of celery was made to pay a good profit that would not have paid the expense of growing without the mulching and irrigation.

Cauliflowers I have always found in good demand and at remunerative prices. The market is not generally overstocked because few people undertake to grow them for market, thinking their culture is too difficult. I have found nothing very difficult in their culture. I give them almost the same treatment as cabbages, except when the plants are about half grown I place a mulch of manure between the rows and then irrigate them in the same way as the celery, and this generally insures the crop. If a drought should come when the plants are heading, the crop would be uncertain, but the mulching and irrigation prevent their suffering for lack of moisture at this time and make the crop a profitable one.

A Labor Lightener.

Barrels of apples or potatoes are unhandy things to carry, but with a device like that shown in the cut, from The Farm Journal, they can be moved with ease. Three-eighths inch round

HANDY BARREL CARRIER.

iron is bent by a blacksmith into the form shown. Two men can thus carry full barrels of fruit or vegetables with ease and safety. If the iron, being small, cuts the hand, it can be wrapped with a piece of cloth where the hand comes.

News and Notes.

The California Cured Fruit association has secured control of all the unsold prunes in the state and is thus in position to fix rates. This also insures the shipment of only the best grades to the east.

The immense wine crop of France has brought prices very far down. Such abundance has not been known for half a century. But some growers attribute the extraordinary excess in part to the mixing of heavy Spanish wines with the wines of France. Much of the so called French wine used abroad is said to be of this sort.

Results secured in a number of experiments in different parts of the country are quite uniform in showing the good effects of early plowing for fall wheat.

It appears that, while many of the cases of sickness in stock which are attributed to eating moldy corn are due to other causes, the continued use of such food may result in intestinal and nervous disorders of a serious nature.

The litchi, or leechee, nut is a native of China. It is chiefly eaten in this country by the Chinese population, although it possesses an agreeable flavor and is becoming more generally known.

Deforesting operations on a huge scale are noted by The New England Homestead as an impending peril to that section. Especially in New Hampshire are towns in the lumber regions becoming depopulated.

Among other elegant creations of French dressmakers are long coats in empire style, formed of the leading shades of finest kid finished cloth, lined with white or very delicate mauve, blue or old rose satin, with standing and cape collars of ermine, edged variously with sable, ermine, otter, mink or chinchilla fur.—New York Post.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Importance of Good Rams.

The ram is the head of the flock in every sense of the word. In choosing a ram the head should be the chief object of study, for the head is the most prominent part of the animal.—Sheep Breeder.

BAD COLDS.

Quinine is ten years behind. Colds do not now have to be endured. Mendel's Dynamic Tabules (called dynamic from their energy) crowd a week's ordinary treatment into 12 hours, and abort the worst of colds over night.

"It was the worst case of grip I ever had. A half dozen friends had sure cures. Still it hung on. Heard of the Dynamic Tabules. To my amazement they stopped both cough and cold the first night. I endorse and recommend them to the people."—Barclay Henley, ex-member congress and attorney, 101 Sansome street, San Francisco. July 7, 1900.

"Winter colds have always been serious things to me. They are hard and stay for months. But the last was stopped suddenly by Mendel's Dynamic Tabules. Both cough and cold disappeared in a couple of days. Nothing else does this for me."—Mrs. Emma L. Hollin, 14 Moss street, San Francisco. August 6, 1900.

"I live across the street from where Mendel's Dynamic Tabules are made. That is how I first took them. They stop colds without notice. I took a dozen boxes with me for self and friends when I went to Nome."—H. L. Van Winkle, capitallist, 3,017 Washington street, San Francisco. August 10, 1900.

Sent postpaid for 25 cents in stamps by INLAND DRUG CO., 2,934 Washington street, San Francisco. Also on sale by our local agent, A. W. Wilson.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of and under the hand and seal of the clerk of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Polk, in a certain suit therein pending, wherein the Dundee Mortgage & Trust Investment company, Limited, a corporation, is plaintiff, and John J. Daly, Phya Daly, his wife, R. H. McCarter, H. B. Stevens, D. W. Sears and H. L. Fenton are defendents, upon a judgement and decree duly made and entered in said suit on the 29th day of March, 1901, bearing date the 30th day of March, 1901, and to me directed, commanding me to sell the hereinafter described real premises, and out of the proceeds of said sale, to make the sums of money in said execution mentioned and specified, I will on

Saturday May 4, 1901,

at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, sell at public auction, at the front door of the county court house in Dallas, in said county, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand on day of sale, in the manner prescribed by law, the said real premises, which are situated in the county of Polk and state of Oregon, and described as follows, to wit: That tract commencing on the line between sections (one) 1, and twelve (12) in township nine (9) south of range four (4) west of the Willamette Meridian, at a point sixteen (16) chains east of the corner of section one (1) two (2), eleven (11) and twelve (12); thence east on line between one and twelve (1 and 12), twenty-four (24) chains to the quarter (¼) section corner; thence south ten (10) chains, and thence in a southwesterly direction on public road to a point twenty-six (26) chains south of starting corner; thence north to place of beginning, containing 53 acres more or less.

Dated Dallas, Oregon, this 5th day of April 1901.

J. G. VAN ORSDEL,
Sheriff of Polk county, Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Polk county, bearing date the 3rd of April, 1901, upon a decree duly made, enrolled and docketed in said court on the 12th day of March, 1901, in a certain suit therein pending, wherein the State Land Board is plaintiff and E. A. Frazer, Frank Robertson, T. R. Bewley, R. Jacobson, James K. Sears, Joshua McDaniel, Wm. Wisnor, J. L. Combs and Sophia Combs, Abel Uglow, P. C. Sears, F. S. Powell and J. B. V. Butler are defendants, and directed to me, commanding me to sell the hereinafter described premises to satisfy the amounts specified in said decree and execution, I will on

Saturday, May 4, 1901,

At the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day at the front door of the court house in Dallas in said Polk county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on day of sale, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendants, and each and every one of them, and of all persons claiming by, through or under them, or either of them, subsequent to the 18th day of November, 1890, the date of the mortgage foreclosed in said suit, of, in and to the said mortgaged premises, described in said decree and execution as follows, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter; and lots 1 and 2 of section 10, in township 6 south, range 4 west, of the Willamette meridian, in Polk county, Oregon; and a part of lot 3 in said section 10, beginning sixty-six and two-thirds rods west of the northeast corner of said lot 3, and running thence west 3.34 chains to the northwest corner of said lot; thence south 23.60 chains to the southwest corner of said lot; thence east 3.34 chains; thence north 23.60 chains to the place of beginning. Also a part of lot 3 in section 9: Beginning at the northwest corner of said section 10 and running thence west 7.79 chains; thence south 23.60 chains to the south line of said lot; thence east 7.79 chains; thence north 23.60 chains to the place of beginning. And also: Beginning at the northeast corner of the donation land claim, number 42, notification number 256, of John R. Pigg, in said township and range, running thence south 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 91.50 chains to the northwest corner of the Glenn O. Burnett donation land claim, number 43, notification number 258; thence north 30 chains, thence east 40 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence east 71.50 chains to the place of beginning, containing 526.66 acres, more or less. This tract I will sell first, and if it be not sufficient to satisfy the amount due plaintiff in said decree, then I will so sell the following tract of land, to-wit: Beginning at a point 30 chains north of the northwest corner of the donation land claim of G. O. Burnett, running thence north 10 chains, thence east 40 chains thence south 10 chains, thence west 40 chains to the place of beginning, being a part of the John R. Pigg donation land claim, in township 6 south, range 4 west, of the Willamette meridian, and containing 40 acres, more or less. All to be sold for gold coin.

Dated at Dallas, Oregon, this 4th day of April, 1901.

J. G. VAN ORSDEL,
Sheriff of Polk county, Oregon.

Mysterious

Pain Cure

A

SCOTCH REMEDY

is the greatest absorbent in the world and does its work through the pores of the skin.

Don't Rub It In

Simply wet the afflicted part freely with the remedy and in a few minutes the pain is gone.

The best physicians use it, prescribe it and unite with the general public in saying:

"Scotch Remedy is the best external remedy known."

Sold by all druggists at 50 cents

SCOTCH REMEDY CO.
Western Agency SAN FRANCISCO

Something New

Just published by the Southern Pacific company is a pamphlet upon the resources of Western Oregon, which includes an excellent map of the state, and contains information on climate, lands, education, etc., existing industries and their capabilities. Attention is also directed to such new fields for energy or capital as promise fair return. This publication fills a need lodg experienced by Oregonians in replying to inquiries of eastern friends. Copies may be had of local agents of the Southern Pacific company, or from C. H. Markham, general passenger agent, Portland, Oregon.

For Over Fifty Years.

An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. 25 cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Cap Closed.

The operation of through trains between San Francisco and Los Angeles by way of Surf and Santa Barbara over the new coast line has begun. Two through trains daily leaving each terminal in the morning, equipped with elegant cafe and parlor cars, will make daylight trips through the most picturesque, varied and entertaining scenes on the continent. Inquire of any Southern Pacific agent.

Sneeze and Blow.

That is what you must do when you have catarrh in the head. The way to cure this disease is to purify the blood whith Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine soothes and heals the inflamed surfaces, rebuilds the delicate tissues and permanently cures catarrh by expelling from the blood the scrofulous taints upon which it depends. Be sure to get Hood's. The non-irritating cathartic—Hood's Pills.

Finishing Hogs.

For finishing hogs for market no food substance known equals corn. Alfalfa, clover, Bermuda, sorghum, artichokes, sweet potatoes and peanuts are all good food to promote growth and make lean meat, but corn for adding the plumpness that makes porkers sell cannot be improved upon as far as is at present known. We can raise more corn than all the hogs in the world can eat and raise hogs enough to eat all the corn we can grow. This is a fact, not a paradox.—Texas Farm and Ranch.

THE COOKBOOK.

When boiling fish, add a bunch of sweet herbs and a piece of lemon rind tied in muslin to the water.

The best cakes for keeping are rich fruit cake, dried apple cake, English pound cake and old fashioned election or loaf cake.

Gingerbread made with oatmeal or barley flour makes a very good mild aperient medicine for children and as a rule is much liked by them.

To singe a turkey pour two spoonfuls of alcohol into a saucer, set fire to it, and singe the turk over the flame. It will not smoke and blacken it as paper will.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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South and East

—VIA—

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.

SHASTA ROUTE

Trains leave Dallas for Portland and way stations at 6:10 a. m. except Sundays.
Leave Independence for Corvallis at 11:00 A. M.

Leave Portland 8:30 a m, 7:30 pm
Leave Albany 12:10 P. M.; 11:20 P. M.
Arrive Ashland 12:33 a m; 11:30 a m
Arrive Sacramento 5 p m; 4:35 a m
Arrive San Francisco 7:45 p m; 8:15 a m.

—o—

Arrive Ogden 5:45 a m; 11:45 a m.
Arrive Denver 9:00 a m; 9:00 a m.
Arrive Kansas City 7:25 a m; 7:25 a m.
Arrive Chicago 7:45 a m; 9:30 a m.

—o—

Arrive Los Angeles 1:20 p m; 7:00 a m.
Arrive El Paso 6:00 p m; 6:00 p m.
Arrive Fort Worth 6:30 a m; 6:30 a m.
Arrive City of Mexico 9:55 a m; 9:55 a m.
Arrive Huston 4:00 a m; 4:00 a m.
Arrive New Orleans 6:15 p m; 6:25 p m
Arrive Washington 6:42 a m; 6:42 a m.
Arrive New York 12:43 p m; 12:43 p m.

—o—

Pullman and Tourist cars on both trains. Chair cars Sacramento to Ogden and El Paso, and tourist cars to Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and Washington.

—o—

Connecting at San Francisco with several steamship lines for Honolulu, Japan, China, Philippines Central and South America.

—o—

CORVALLIS MAIL DAILY

(Except Sunday)

7:30 A M Lv	Portland	Ar. 5:50 P
11:03 A M Lv.	Derry	Lv. 2:14 P
11:55 P M Ar.	Corvallis	Lv. 1:20 P M

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Central and Eastern railroad.

DALLAS PASSENGER.

Daily, Except Sunday.

5:00 P M Lv.	Portland	Ar. 9:30 A M
8:25 P M Ar.	Dallas	Lv. 6:10 A M

YAMHILL DIVISION.

Passenger depot, foot of Jefferson street.
AIRLIE FREIGHT—TRI-WEEKLY.

Leave 8:35 a. m.	Portland	Arrive 3:05 p. m
Leave 3:50 p. m.	Dallas	Arrive 8:50 a. m
Arrive 5:10 p. m.	Airlie	Leave 7:30 a. m

See I. N Woods, agent at Dallas station or address C. H. MARKHAM, G. P. A. Portland, Oregon.

Apples and Turnips.

Apples and turnips are both excellent and are much relished by the fowls. You can feed the apples raw or boil them soft and mix with mash food. Turnips should be chopped up and cooked as an addition to mash. Hens are almost as fond of cooked turnip and apple as they are of meat. At 15 to 50 cents a barrel the apples are cheap enough for hen food.—Dr. Woods.

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an order and decree heretofore made by the honorable county court, of Polk county, state of Oregon, on the 1st day of April, A. D., 1901, directing J. C. Adams as administrator of the estate of Margaret L. Tuttle, deceased to sell the following described real estate belonging to the estate of the said Margaret L. Tuttle, deceased, to-wit: Lot No. 5, in block No. 13, in Levens La Creole Homestead addition, and lot No. 9 in Ellis' addition, all being in said block No. 13 in Leven's La Creole Homestead addition to the city of Dallas, in Polk county, Oregon. That by virtue of said decree and order of sale, I, J. C. Adams, as such administrator, will on the

11th Day of May,

A. D., 1901, at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., on said day at the front door of the court house, in Dallas, Polk county, Oregon, sell at public sale said real estate above described to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand.

Dated at Dallas, this 9th day of April, A. D., 1901.

J. C. ADAMS,
Administrator of the estate of Margaret L. Tuttle, deceased.

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the county court of Polk county, Oregon, made and entered on the 5th day of March, 1900, in the matter of the estate of Charles A. Sawtelle, deceased, the undersigned will on

Saturday, May 11, 1901,

at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, sell at the front door of the court house in Dallas, in said county of Polk, to the highest bidder for cash in hand on day of sale, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit: Lots 1 and 2 of section 17, township 8 south, range 6 west, of the Willamette meridian, in Polk county, Oregon, containing 37.09 acres. Also beginning at a point 109½ feet west of the southwest corner of lot 6, block M, in Montgomery's Falls City, in Polk county, Oregon, running thence east 109½ feet, thence north 21 degrees west 163.68 feet, thence south 69 degrees, 20 minutes, west 103.60 feet, thence west 150 feet to place of beginning, all in said city. Also the two lots and barn thereon belonging to said estate in Falls City, Oregon. For information apply to the undersigned at Monmouth Oregon.

W. H. PARRISH,
Administrator, with will annexed, of the estate of Charles A. Sawtelle, deceased.

Dated April 6, 1901.

The Basis of Profits.

The basis of profits in poultry keeping does not consist of an ability to figure skillfully. It consists in the possession of a determination to do the best that can be done under the circumstances. We have a letter from a lady reader who tells us she has been doing the work of a farmer's wife, taking care of the babies and making more than $200 a year from her poultry. We feel sure this is a greater profit than could be shown by more extensive plants which are conducted more for show than profit. We know a farmer who looks upon his flock of Leghorn hens as one of his most money making possessions because they make him a profit of a dollar a head every year.

These two flocks are properly kept because their owners take a personal interest in their welfare, and upon this is success founded.

We write these words to encourage those who, having a love for poultry, think they have not the means to make a success of poultry keeping. There is no business where a little money can be invested and make such large returns as to invest it in a few hens. They may be kept on a small area, fed at little cost, and the market is always hungry for the products of the poultry yard.

No amount of reading books and papers will make a good poultryman unless one begins with a love for poultry. With that as a beginning and a desire to succeed one is in pretty bad circumstances who cannot manage to extract pleasure and profit from a flock of poultry, however cramped he may be for room.

Whoever has as much as a quarter of an acre of land at his disposal may, if he will, keep enough poultry to make it worth his while to take up poultry keeping provided he is interested in the business.—American Poultry Journal.

Every Day's a Harvest.

In the harvest season the jolly farmer perspires and smiles, and then for a change he smiles and perspires, but when it occurs to him that this happy season comes only once a year his countenance lengthens. Some day he will acknowledge that his wife "knows a thing or two" when she shows him the balance of accounts between the grain bin and the hen, and he will say with her, "Why, every day's a harvest!"—Poultry Keeper.

The spring of 1901 is coming fast, and so is the

Great Mammoth Stock

Coming into the store of

R. Jacobson & Co.,

McMINNVILLE, OREGON.

THE stock has been personally selected by Mr. Nayberger, one of the firm, and from the largest manufacturers in New York City for spot cash and all the newest styles out. Everyone in this community is well aware that we disposed of the biggest portion of our large stock last fall during our great sale. Therefore we will have all new and stylish goods for the spring and summer season's trade, and prices lower than anyone else in the state, quality considered. Our stock will consist of the following:

Dress goods and silks of all shades and qualities.

Ladies' tailor made suits, seperate skirts, jackets, capes.

The largest and best line of shirt waists ever shown in the state.

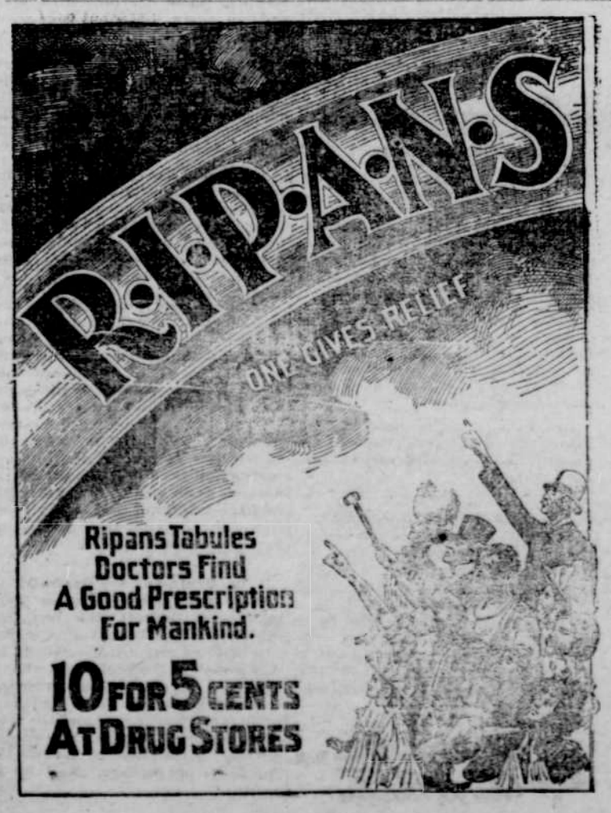
Over two thousand ladies, misses and childrens trimmed hats

Clothing to fit the smallest boy, the largest fat and slim man and prices which will surprise you all.

Mens' suits made to order in our fine tailoring department.

Our shoe line cannot be excelled in the state for prices, quality and quantity.

It is impossible to mention all we carry in stock.

Remember The Opening Saturday, March 23rd.

R. JACOBSON & CO.,
McMinnville's Greatest Store.