ITCHING LIMBS

And All Forms of Itching, Scaly Humors Are Instantly Relieved and Speedily Cured by CUTICURA.

Speedy Cure Treatment $1.25

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply CUTICURA OINTMENT freely, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation and soothe and heal, and lastly take CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood and expel humor germs. This sweet and wholesome treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning and scaly humors of the skin, scalp and blood, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure when all else fails. Price, THE SET, $1.25; or, Soap, 25c.; Ointment, 50c., and Resolvent, 50c. Sold throughout the world.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crust, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for body rashes, itchings and irritations in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic *to let* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Fine Home For the Courts—Rodenberg's Constituent—A Joke on Ex-Speaker Reed.

[Special Correspondence.]

A comprehensive bill for a temple of justice, to be located on the square bounded by First and Second streets northeast and B street northeast and East Capitol street, has been prepared by Chairman Mercer of the house committee on public buildings and grounds. It provides that a grand building, to cost $7,000,000, including site, shall be erected as a companion to the new library of congress and in a style of architecture to correspond with that building and the capitol as a home for the department of justice, the supreme court of the United States, the court of claims, the court of appeals of the District of Columbia and the National Law library. The ground, which Mr. Mercer's bill would acquire by condemnation or purchase under the direction of a commission, consisting of the secretary of the treasury, the secretary of the interior and the chief justice, consists of 226,157 square feet.

Provision is made for a repeal of the bill authorizing the erection of a department of justice building at a cost of $1,000,000 approved March 3, 1899, and the attorney general is directed to return to the treasury any part of the $25,000 appropriated by congress and to render an accounting. The bill also provides for invitations to ten prominent architects, or firms of architects, to prepare plans for the temple of justice and for their compensation.

Rodenberg's Constituent.

Valuable educational results often attend a visit to Washington. The other day a substantial German constituent of Representative Rodenberg came on. He was well up in the business and politics and general information of the Twenty-first Illinois district, but he had never before visited the national capital and mingled with the men who make and administer the government. The congressman and the constituent went to the White House. The president greeted the old German so pleasantly that he put him at his ease immediately. "When did you come to this country?" the president inquired after some other preliminary conversation. "I vas imported in 1876," replied the visitor. From the White House the congressman and the constituent walked over to the treasury, the constituent expressing heartily his good impression of the president. Mr. Rodenberg led the way into the office of the secretary and presented the constituent to Mr. Gage. "Vot is your name?" asked the constituent. "My name is Gage," answered the urbane head of the money business of the government. "Vot yob do you hold here?" asked the constituent. This was almost too much for the secretary, but he recovered himself from the shock and explained courteously.

A Joke on Tom Reed.

Stanley W. Davenport, from Pennsylvania, loves a joke, and when, the other day, he saw ex-Speaker Reed ambling through Statuary hall, where echoes play so many strange tricks, he grasped an opportunity. Mr. Davenport stood on the threshold of the corridor leading to the house, just where the capitol guides speak in low voices to the never ending stream of visitors who are placed far out facing the clock in the marble ear of time. A bashful wedding couple was listening to the long distance story at that particular moment, and Mr. Reed was just passing them on the way toward the supreme court.

"Tell them Tom Reed is passing," said Mr. Davenport to the guide. Mr. Reed himself heard the Pennsylvanian through the medium of the wonderful echo, although he was many yards away.

"Look toward the clock, and you will see the Hon. Thomas B. Reed of Maine, ex-speaker of the house, passing at your left," droned the guide immediately.

The bridal couple, of course, "rubbered" intently, and Mr. Reed, startled out of a deep brown study, smiled at the strange proceeding.

Extra Session of Senate.

President McKinley the other day explained to a committee from the Illinois State Manufacturers' association, who invited him to attend a dinner in Chicago on March 26, that he would probably not be able to accept, because there would likely be an extra session of the senate to confirm nominations. This is the first intimation that an extra session of the senate would be necessary or that the president expected to make any appointments other than to fill places caused by the expiration of terms. The president also said to his callers that he expected to go as far as the Pacific coast late in the spring via New Orleans and the Southern Pacific road. His visit is for the purpose of attending the launching of the battleship Ohio at the yards of the Union Iron company.

Representative Denny of Maryland having been defeated at the last election and, being destrous of getting rid of a quantity of garden seed which he had to his credit before vacating office, sent a number of packages to persons in his district unsolicited. One morning he received the following communication:

My Dear Mr. Denny—The sample peas you sent me made splendid soup. If you can let me have some more, you will greatly oblige.

Representative Brosius of Pennsylvania introduced a bill to create a board of ten persons to act in an advisory capacity and to report to the next congress a plan for beautifying the city of Washington. A similar bill was recently introduced in the senate by Mr. Hoar. CARL SCHOFIELD.

Dues Based on Earnings.

"We believe in an income tax," says General Secretary John Phillips of the Hatters' National union. "We do not think it is right to make the hatter who earns only $5 or $10 a week pay as much as the man who makes $20 or $25. And so we place the burdens on the backs of those members best able to bear them."

Union hatters' dues are 1 per cent of their weekly earnings. Half of this amount is used for the running expenses of the national association, and the other half is reserved as a defense fund to be drawn upon in case of strikes and lockouts.

"There was great opposition at first to the percentage system," continued Secretary Phillips, "but now our people would not go back to the old monthly dues system. The journeyman pays his few pennies every Saturday night, and he keeps clear on the books and never is in arrears."

The Oldest and Best.

S. S. S. is a combination of roots and herbs of great curative powers, and when taken into the circulation searches out and removes all manner of poisons from the blood, without the least shock or harm to the system. On the contrary, the general health begins to improve from the first dose, for S. S. S. is not only a blood purifier, but an excellent tonic, and strengthens and builds up the constitution while purging the blood of impurities. S. S. S. cures all diseases of a blood poison origin, Cancer, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Herpes and similar troubles, and is an infallible cure and the only antidote for that most horrible disease, Contagious Blood Poison.

A record of nearly fifty years of successful cures is a record to be proud of. S. S. S. is more popular today than ever. It numbers its friends by the thousands. Our medical correspondence is larger than ever in the history of the medicine. Many write to thank us for the great good S. S. S. has done them, while others are seeking advice about their cases. All letters receive prompt and careful attention. Our physicians have made a life-long study of Blood and Skin Diseases, and better understand such cases than the ordinary practitioner who makes a specialty of no one disease.

SSS

We are doing great good to suffering humanity through our consulting department, and invite you to write us if you have any blood or skin trouble. We make no charge whatever for this service.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

PEMBROKE POULTRY FARM.

Brooding House and Laying House That Have Proved Successes.

There is an extensive poultry plant at Pembroke, Genesee county, N. Y., that has been in successful operation for some years, but of which nothing has been written, probably because it is devoted to the production of eggs and poultry for market only. The buildings of this plant are three in number. The principal one is the brooding house, which is 110 feet long by 16 feet wide. In front it is 4 feet to the eaves, while at the rear the roof rises to the height of 8 feet. The roof is of tin. At one end of this house a pit 16 by 14 feet is excavated to a depth of four feet. In this is placed the boiler which heats the pipes of the brooder system, as it is necessary to have the top of the heater on a level with the pipes. Four 1½ inch pipes run through the building three feet from the rear wall. These pipes are laid at a height of one foot from the floor and furnish heat for the brooders. Six inches from the pipe nearest the wall the back of the brooder is built. At intervals of four feet along this back boards are nailed reaching to the front of the brooder house and dividing it into 14 pens, 4 by 13 feet.

To every dividing board at distances of six inches from the front pipes are nailed timbers reaching to the ceiling. To these are hinged the covers to each section of the brooder. The covers are one inch above the pipes. A heavy cloth with slits to allow the passage of chicks into the pen covers the front of

BROODING HOUSE AT PEMBROKE.

each brooder. A false bottom is in each compartment, and by adjusting this at different distances from the steam pipes the heat is easily regulated. Fences three feet high made of wire screen of one inch mesh separate the pens. The space above the brooder is closed with a gate of wire netting to enable the attendant to enter the pen with ease.

In the front of the house there are 24 windows 2 by 3 feet, one for each pen. For each section there is a small yard in which on pleasant days the chicks are allowed to run. Cut straw or hay is scattered on the floors of the pens and in the brooders. Sawdust was tried, but the chicks ate it, with disastrous results. In each section is a feeding rack in which is also a watering basin. This device not only saves feed, but keeps the chicks from overturning the water basin or being drowned in it. Attached to this house is a wing 14 by 40 feet divided into killing and feed rooms and a house occupied by the overflow from the brooders in summer and by laying stock during the remainder of the year. In the killing room is a two barrel kettle for hot water with which to scald the birds, as the Buffalo market demands.

The cost of material for the brooder house and wing was $85. The style of construction, with low front and roof, not only materially reduces the cost, but makes the house much warmer. The cost of the hot water pipes, boiler, etc., installed ready for operation was $75, while the expense for wire and lumber in the pens brought the whole cost up to $175. After using the house for several years the owner, Mr. E. H. Hall, says that he can think of no improvement which might be made upon it and says that when he builds another house for laying stock he will construct it on the same lines as the brooder house, except that he will have the roof one foot higher both in front and rear.

The house for laying stock is 100 by 10 feet and is divided into six parts, each with a yard attached. To secure eggs in winter it is necessary that the house be warm; hence this house was built with double walls having tarred paper between and was provided with a boiler and steam pipes. These pipes run the whole length of the building and are laid close to the wall about two feet from the floor. The floor is of gravel covered with leaves and straw. A board floor was first used, but was soon discarded. There is a row of movable nest boxes below the pipes, while just above them are the roost boards. When the weather becomes quite cold, heat is supplied. Contrary to what would be expected, this mild artificial heat does not seem to weaken the fowls or render them liable to disease. Heating the poultry house has proved to be a very profitable investment. This house cost slightly more than did the other, the double wall bringing the cost up to $110.—S. F. Hoxton in Reliable Poultry Journal.

The American Hen.

R. G. F. Candage, the president of the farmers' national congress, recognized in his opening speech that a large portion of American prosperity is due to the industrious American hen. He demonstrated by statistical proofs that the energetic biddies of the United States, through habits of early rising and by attending strictly to business seven days in the week, annually lay $100,000,000 worth of eggs. But this is not all. They rear families that eventually go on the markets as roasters and broilers, and this increase, Mr. Candage says, has in addition a total value of $40,000,000.

Grit For Ducks.

Grit is absolutely necessary. It should not only be kept, together with cracked oyster shells, in boxes constantly by them, but mixed also in their food. They must have something during confinement in bad weather to enable them to assimilate their food.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BAD COLDS.

Quinine is ten years behind. Colds do not now have to be endured. Mendel's Dynamic Tabules (called dynamic from their energy) crowd a week's ordinary treatment into 12 hours, and abort the worst of colds over night.

"It was the worst case of grip I ever had. A half dozen friends had sure cures. Still it hung on. Heard of the Dynamic Tabules. To my amazement they stopped both cough and cold the first night. I endorse and recommend them to the people."—Barclay Henley, ex-member congress and attorney, 101 Sansome street, San Francisco. July 7, 1900.

"Winter colds have always been serious things to me. They are hard and stay for months. But the last was stopped suddenly by Mendel's Dynamic Tabules. Both cough and cold disappeared in a couple of days. Nothing else does this for me."—Mrs. Emma L. Hollin, 14 Moss street, San Francisco. August 6, 1900.

"I live across the street from where Mendel's Dynamic Tabules are made. That is how I first took them. They stop colds without notice. I took a dozen boxes with me for self and friends when I went to Nome."—H. L. Van Winkle, capitalist, 3,017 Washington street, San Francisco. August 10, 1900.

Sent postpaid for 25 cents in stamps by INLAND DRUG CO., 2,934 Washington street, San Francisco. Also on sale by our local agent, A. S. Wilson.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of and under the hand and seal of the clerk of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Polk, in a certain suit therein pending, wherein the Dundee Mortgage & Trust Investment company, Limited, a corporation, is plaintiff, and John J. Daly, Phya Daly, his wife, R. H. McCarter, H. B. Stevens, D. W. Sears and H. L. Fenton are defendents, upon a judgement and decree duly made and entered in said suit on the 29th day of March, 1901, bearing date the 30th day of March, 1901, and to me directed, commanding me to sell the hereinafter described real premises, and out of the proceeds of said sale, to make the sums of money in said execution mentioned and specified, I will on

Saturday May 4, 1901,

at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, sell at public auction, at the front door of the county court house in Dallas, in said county, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand on day of sale, in the manner prescribed by law, the said real premises, which are situated in the county of Polk and state of Oregon, and described as follows, to wit: That tract commencing on the line between sections (one) 1, and twelve (12) in township nine (9) south of range four (4) west of the Willamette Meridian, at a point sixteen (16) chains east of the corner of section one (1) two (2), eleven (11) and twelve (12); thence east on line between one and twelve (1 and 12), twenty-four (24) chains to the quarter (¼) section corner; thence south ten (10) chains, and thence in a southwesterly direction on public road to a point twenty-six (26) chains south of starting corner; thence north to place of beginning, containing 53 acres more or less.

Dated Dallas, Oregon, this 5th day of April 1901.

J. G. VAN ORSDEL,
Sheriff of Polk county, Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Polk county, bearing date the 3rd of April, 1901, upon a decree duly made, enrolled and docketed in said court on the 12th day of March, 1901, in a certain suit therein pending, wherein the State Land Board is plaintiff and E. A. Frazer, Frank Robertson, T. R. Bewley, R. Jacobson, James K. Sears, Joshua McDaniel, Wm. Wisnor, J. L. Combs and Sophia Combs, Abel Uglow, P. C. Sears, F. S. Powell and J. B. V. Butler are defendants, and directed to me, commanding me to sell the hereinafter described premises to satisfy the amounts specified in said decree and execution, I will on

Saturday, May 4, 1901,

At the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day at the front door of the court house in Dallas in said Polk county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on day of sale, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendants, and each and every one of them, and of all persons claiming by, through or under them, or either of them, subsequent to the 18th day of November, 1890, the date of the mortgage foreclosed in said suit, of, in and to the said mortgaged premises, described in said decree and execution as follows, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter; and lots 1 and 2 of section 10, in township 6 south, range 4 west, of the Willamette meridian, in Polk county, Oregon; and a part of lot 3 in said section 10, beginning sixty-six and two-thirds rods west of the northeast corner of said lot 3, and running thence west 3.34 chains to the northwest corner of said lot; thence south 23.60 chains to the southwest corner of said lot; thence east 3.34 chains; thence north 23.60 chains to the place of beginning. Also a part of lot 3 in section 9: Beginning at the northwest corner of said section 10 and running thence west 7.79 chains; thence south 23.60 chains to the south line of said lot; thence east 7.79 chains; thence north 23.60 chains to the place of beginning. And also: Beginning at the northeast corner of the donation land claim, number 42, notification number 256, of John R. Pigg, in said township and range, running thence south 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 21.50 chains to the northwest corner of the Glenn O. Burnett donation land claim, number 43, notification number 258; thence north 30 chains, thence east 40 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence east 71.50 chains to the place of beginning, containing 326.66 acres, more or less. This tract I will sell first, and if it be not sufficient to satisfy the amount due plaintiff in said decree, then I will so sell the following tract of land, to-wit: Beginning at a point 30 chains north of the northwest corner of the donation land claim of G. O. Burnett, running thence north 10 chains, thence east 40 chains thence south 10 chains, thence west 40 chains to the place of beginning, being a part of the John R. Pigg donation land claim, in township 6 south, range 4 west, of the Willamette meridian, and containing 40 acres, more or less. All to be sold for gold coin.

Dated at Dallas, Oregon, this 4th day of April, 1901.

J. G. VAN ORSDEL,
Sheriff of Polk county, Oregon.

Don't Rub It In.

— FOR —

Scotch Remedy

Sore Throat
Pneumonia
Rheumatism
Bronchitis
Headache
Bruises
Earache
Neuralgia
Toothache
Burns
Lumbago
Croup
Cuts

Physicians use this Mysterious Pain Cure in their families and prescribe it in their practice. At druggists, 50 cts.

Gentlemen: I never hesitate to acknowledge the worth of a good thing, consequently I do not hesitate to acknowledge that I have given your remedy a thorough test, and have found it to be all you claim. Respectfully,

J. H. PUTNAM, M. D., Rutland, Vt.

SCOTCH REMEDY COMPANY

Western Agency SAN FRANCISCO

Something New

Just published by the Southern Pacific company is a pamphlet upon the resources of Western Oregon, which includes an excellent map of the state, and contains information on climate, lands, education, etc., existing industries and their capabilities. Attention is also directed to such new fields for energy or capital as promise fair return. This publication fills a need long experienced by Oregonians in replying to inquiries of eastern friends. Copies may be had of local agents of the Southern Pacific company, or from C. H. Markham, general passenger agent, Portland, Oregon.

For Over Fifty Years.

An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. 25 cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Gap Closed.

The operation of through trains between San Francisco and Los Angeles by way of Surf and Santa Barbara over the new coast line has begun. Two through trains daily leaving each terminal in the morning, equipped with elegant cafe and parlor cars, will make daylight trips through the most picturesque, varied and entertaining scenes on the continent. Inquire of any Southern Pacific agent.

Every Movement Hurts

When you have rheumatism Muscles feel sore and stiff and joints are painful. It does not pay to suffer long from this disease when it may be cured so promptly and perfectly by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine goes right to the spot, neutralizes the acidity of the blood, which causes rheumatism, and puts an end to the pain and stiffness. Biliousness is cured by Hood's Pills.

KITCHEN HELPS.

To cleanse a frying pan pour in a little vinegar, heat it over the fire, and all odors will be removed.

If a saucepan after having milk boiled in it is filled with cold water and a small piece of soda and allowed to boil up the pan will clean quite easily.

Don't thrust dishes that have contained eggs, milk, flour or potato into hot water or turn hot water on them. Why? Because the hot water cooks any of them upon the dish, making it harder to wash off. Rinse off with cold water first.

Freemasonry in the Middle Ages.

The Freemasons were one of the innumerable trade guilds of the middle ages, each of which had its oaths, its passwords and its symbolic drama bearing on the theory and practice of the craft. The builders held the place of honor among these guilds because their work was the noblest. The nameless architects of those majestic cathedrals which shine out like jewels on the dark side of mediæval anarchy and ignorance were master Masons who had gone through precisely the same ordeal every Freemason goes through today.—Exchange.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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South and East

—VIA—

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.

SHASTA ROUTE

Trains leave Dallas for Portland and way stations at 6:10 a. m. except Sundays.
Leave Independence for Corvallis at 11.00 A. M.

Leave Portland 8:30 a m; 7:30 pm
Leave Albany 12:10 P. M.; 11:20 P. M.
Arrive Ashland 12:33 a m; 11:30 a m
Arrive Sacramento 5 p m; 4:35 a m
Arrive San Francisco 7:45 p m; 8:15 a m.

—o—

Arrive Ogden 5:45 a m; 11:45 a m.
Arrive Denver 9:00 a m; 9:00 a m.
Arrive Kansas City 7:25 a m; 7:25 a m.
Arrive Chicago 7:45 a m; 9:50 a m.

—o—

Arrive Los Angeles 1:20 p m; 7:00 a m.
Arrive El Paso 6:00 p m; 6:00 p m.
Arrive Fort Worth 6:30 a m; 6:30 a m.
Arrive City of Mexico 9:35 a m; 9:55 a m.
Arrive Houston 4:00 a m; 4:00 a m.
Arrive New Orleans 6:25 p m; 6:25 p m.
Arrive Washington 6:42 a m; 6:42 a m.
Arrive New York 12:45 p m; 12:45 p m.

—o—

Pullman and Tourist cars on both trains. Chair cars Sacramento to Ogden and El Paso, and tourist cars to Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and Washington.

—o—

Connecting at San Francisco with several steamship lines for Honolulu, Japan, China, Philippines Central and South America.

—o—

CORVALLIS MAIL DAILY

(Except Sunday)

7.30 A M Lv	Portland	Ar. 5:50 P
11:05 A M Lv.	Derry	Lv. 2:14 P
11:55 P M Ar.	Corvallis	Lv. 1:20 P M

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Central and Eastern railroad.

DALLAS PASSENGER.

Daily, Except Sunday.

5 00 P M Lv.	Portland	Ar. 9:30 A M
8:55 P M Ar.	Dallas	Lv. 6:10 A M

YAMHILL DIVISION.

Passenger Depot, foot of Jefferson street.
AIRLIE FREIGHT—TRI-WEEKLY.

Leave 8:35 a. m.	Portland	Arrive 5:00 p. m
Leave 3:00 p. m.	Dallas	Arrive 8:30 a. m
Arrive 5:10 p. m.	Airlie	Leave 7:30 a. m

See I. N Woods, agent at Dallas station or address C. H. MARKHAM, G. P. A. Portland, Oregon.

POULTRY EXHIBITIONS.

What They Teach and How They Advance the Industry.

The purpose of poultry exhibitions is to educate those interested in blooded fowls, and apart from educating their chief concern is to let the people who are interested know where and of whom they may find excellent stock. The exhibition is an open advertisement, and every lover of standard bred fowls should aid in making it a success. The poultry exhibition awakens enthusiasm. Not taste nor skill nor knowledge can be a substitute for enthusiasm, earnestness and zeal. The earnest men and women are so few in the world that their very earnestness is a badge of their nobility. The zealous and earnest work of our leading fanciers has made the breeding of fancy or standard bred fowls a noble vocation and one of the leading industries, if not the leading industry, of the United States.

It is not easy to produce an ideal specimen, and a true fancier feels keenly the loss of his best birds, yet there are many ignorant or inexperienced people who seem to think we should be willing to part with such specimens for almost a song to give them something to win with in a big show. Such birds cannot be purchased at a price within the limited figure of a good breeding bird if the fancier knows his business and the bird has blood back of him that will reproduce itself. I am just beginning to realize how much I have lost by helping customers to win who did not understand the value of a blooded bird.

The zeal, earnestness and enthusiasm of a breeder may stir another to make the most use of the blood obtained, while a premium won in a big show may induce another to understand the value of one, but I find it is often the case that the premiums offered at our poultry shows will stir one to ambition and enthusiasm as nothing else can. For some fanciers the charm lies in heralding to the world the simple sum of money there is in the premium won. The true fancier finds poetry and song in the measure that brings his special and favorite to a point reaching near to perfection and near to his own ideal. The honor of having attained nearly perfection by his own handiwork is the premium he is seeking, and he wants the world to know it, because he believes the world will be better by knowing it. The exhibits of pure breeds in their most typical form can but win the hearts of the visitors, many of whom will become fanciers if for no other reason than the pleasure of having them in their own homes.

There are many who are timid in regard to putting birds on exhibition lest their entries should be found not what is desirable in all respects. To such let us kindly suggest the possibility of your birds being better than you may think. Again, they may be more defective than you are aware, and how are you to find out their qualities unless you show them in good company? Bring your birds and ascertain their comparative worth. It is well to remember there is always somebody who has just as fine as yours and maybe better. None of us have the "best." There should be no jealousy in these matters—rather a spirit of emulation to rival the best and still do better should prevail. Our shows should be for the encouragement and protection of the standard bred, the bird that is to supplant the mongrels, even by those who do not care to become fanciers and showmen, but by common poulterers. So in order "to be up to date" it is essential that every one who is breeding feathers attends some exhibition. Take the children and let them see what study and care will produce in the feathered realms.—Mrs. Ella Thomas in Reliable Poultry Journal.

Hatching Brahma Eggs.

Brahma eggs, like all Asiatic eggs, require a somewhat different treatment than do eggs of our American varieties. It is very often the case, even under hens, that from two to four days more are required to hatch them than is the case with the American varieties. In hatching in the incubator, note the air cells carefully, especially after the second week. This will give you the best and most accurate knowledge on the wants of the egg. When hatched alone, there is very little extra attention required. We have made as good hatches in incubators with Brahma eggs as we have with Wyandottes or Plymouth Rocks, but after the second week we gave the condition of the air cell daily study.—A Few Hens.

Labor Men Must Go to Jail.

The Maryland court of appeals has affirmed the action of the lower court in the case of Organizer William Warner of the United Mine Workers and leader of the recent strike, who was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for unlawful assembly.

The spring of 1901 is coming fast, and so is the

Great Mammoth Stock

Coming into the store of

R. Jacobson & Co.,

McMINNVILLE, OREGON.

THE stock has been personally selected by Mr. Nayberger, one of the firm, and from the largest manufacturers in New York City for spot cash and all the newest styles out. Everyone in this community is well aware that we disposed of the biggest portion of our large stock last fall during our great sale. Therefore we will have all new and stylish goods for the spring and summer season's trade, and prices lower than anyone else in the state, quality considered. Our stock will consist of the following:

Dress goods and silks of all shades and qualities.

Ladies' tailor made suits, seperate skirts, jackets, capes.

The largest and best line of shirt waists ever shown in the state.

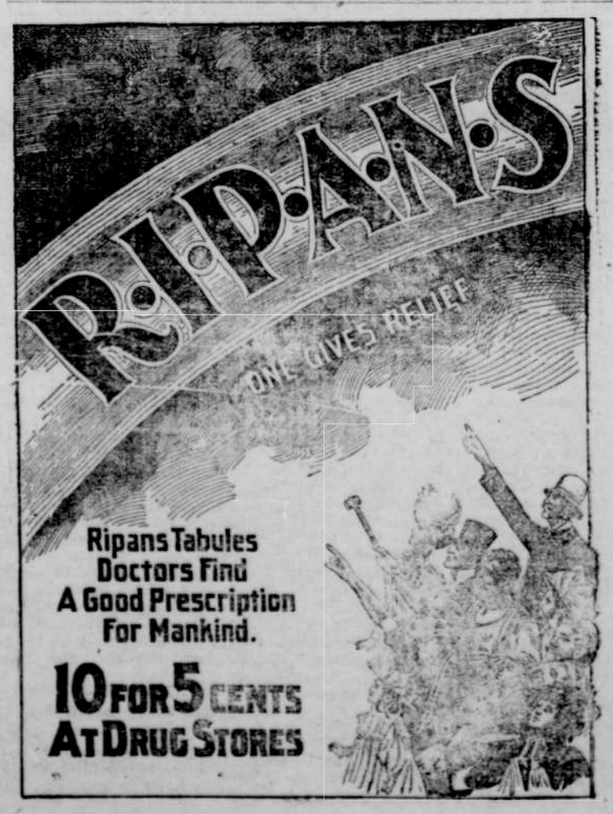
Over two thousand ladies, misses and childrens trimmed hats

Clothing to fit the smallest boy, the largest fat and slim man and prices which will surprise you all.

Mens' suits made to order in our fine tailoring department.

Our shoe line cannot be excelled in the state for prices, quality and quantity.

It is impossible to mention all we carry in stock.

Remember The Opening Saturday, March 23rd.

R. JACOBSON & CO.,
McMinnville's Greatest Store.