THE POLK COUNTY ITEMIZER.

DALLAS, SATURDAY, FEB. 25, 1882.

BETTER MAKE THE BEST OF IT.

If some pleasure come your way,
Though 'tis but a holiday,
Just an hour or two of play,
  Better make the best of it.
Drop your work, it's care and strife,
Take your child, and take your wife,
Taste a moment's freer life,
  And just make the best of it.

Oft ungrateful you have been;
Though your home was sweet and clean,
Thought it only small and mean,
  Better make the best of it.
Think upon your table spread,
With enough of daily bread,
Bless your baby's curly head,
  And just make the best of it.

Perhaps you have gone with weary feet,
Through the corn, and hay and wheat;
When the harvest is complete
  Make the very best of it.
Though you've grumbled off before
At the smallness of your store,
Do not grumble any more,
  But just make the best of it.

Two things since the world began
No one frets for, if a man—
What he can't help—what he can—
  But he makes the best of it.
What you can't help is God's will;
(Do you not know what's good or ill?)
Cheerfully submit, and still
  Try to make the best of it.

What you can help, help, if you
Would unto yourself be true;
A mistake has still its due—
  'Tis to make the best of it.
Sorrow's only good for sin;
From each error you may win
Gain or wisdom:—so begin
  To make the very best of it.

There's no grief that can betide,
Loss, or wrong, wounded pride,
But will have a brighter side;
  Find it; make the best of it.
Make the worst—you only place
Shame and anger to your case;
Better keep a cheerful face
  And make the very best of it.

STONE THE WOMAN.

Yes, stone the woman—let the man go free!
Draw back your skirts, lest they perchance
May touch her garments as she passes;
But to him put forth a willing hand
To clasp with his that led her to destruction
And disgrace. Shut up from her the sacred
Ways of toil, that she may no more win an
Honest meal, but ope to him all honorable
Paths where he may win distinction.
Give him fair, pressed-down measures
Of life's sweetest joys. Pass her.
Oh, maiden, with a pure, proud face,
If she puts out a poor, polluted palm,
But lay thy hand in his on bridal day,
And swear to cling to him
With wifely love and tender reverence;
Trust him who led a sister woman
To a fearful fate.

Yes, stone the woman—let the man go free
Let one soul suffer for the guilt of two—
Is the doctrine of a hurried world;
Too out of breath for holding balances
Where nice distinctions and injustices
Are calmly weighed. But ah how will it be
On that strange day of final fire and flame,
When men shall stand before the one
True Judge? Shall sex make then
A difference in sin? Shall He,
The searcher of the hidden heart,
In his eternal and divine decree,
Condemn the woman and forgive the man?
—Anonymous.

CO-EDUCATION OF THE SEXES.

The time is not long gone by when the co-education of the sexes was looked upon as a very improper and unfeasible plan. Great walls used to be constructed around female seminaries, and the strictest surveillance exercised in the attendants. The girls were caged up or rather imprisoned, like so many felons, and, stately, hard-visaged matrons were put as guards. When two institutions were in the same town, the students were permitted to see each other only at rare intervals, and then only on state occasions. The young men were held, to all intents and purposes, to be a bad lot, with only a desire of evil in their heart, and the young ladies were treated like a lot of weaklings that were too apt to fall an easy prey. But thanks to the progress of the age, those things are in a great measure changed now. To the Oberlin College in Ohio, belongs the honor of demonstrating to the world that co-education was not only feasible, but was advantageous, and within the last quarter of a century the plan has been adopted in almost all the States in the Union. The advantages of co-education are very many, and new features are being developed every year. It causes a woman to feel the responsibility of her womanhood, and she is educated into that grand idea of self-protection. It brings her into contact with the opposite sex and she becomes familiar with mankind. The young men and women now leave the college halls not bashful people who know nothing of the opposite sex, but gentlemen and ladies well prepared to enter society. But a grander thing than all is that it has placed the brother and sister on equal footing as far as education goes. The latter has no advantages which are not accorded the sister, and the result has been that all those fields of mental labor which were only open to the young men alone have now been opened to the young lady as well. She has pursued the same course of study, has stood as high in her classes, and graduated with as much distinction, then why is she not as well qualified for any position? Again, it begets the species of rivalry which is advantageous to both sexes. The boy, no matter how great a sluggard, will not suffer himself to be beaten by a girl, and the girl knows she is considered to be possessed with less talents than her brother, and she puts forth her strongest efforts to prove to the world that she is not. Altogether the co-education of the sexes works advantageously, and it is an achievement of the nineteenth century of which we can all be proud.

Gov. Newell of Washington Territory has a question to decide. Some time ago he pardoned a convict named McAllister, on condition that he leave the Territory. He did leave, but he came back again. Then Gov. Newell, sent the county sheriff an order for his arrest on the alleged ground that he had broken the conditions of his pardon. The sheriff submitted the order to the county judge who is of the opinion that the pardon is absolute. The moral to this little matter is obvious; indeed it adorns the whole business and stands right out in bold relief.

THE SCHOOLMASTER.

The curiosity I have to show you to-day, children, is perhaps the most wonderful in the collection. He beats all.

The schoolmaster, it is said, trains the young ideas how to shoot. He is not himself given to shooting. He takes more delight in the rod than the gun.

The schoolmaster is supposed to know everything. This is a mistake. There is one thing that he does not know. He does not know how soon the school committee will find a man who controls more votes to take his place.

The schoolmaster is not a military man, but his principal assistant is. The name of this assistant is Corporal Punishment. It is to be hoped the corporal will soon be remanded to private life.

The schoolmaster is some times called a tutor, but occasionally he is called an ass. On the whole, an astuter man is seldom found.

The schoolmaster thoroughly understands the rule of three, but always insists upon the rule of one. So you see his understanding is out of all proportion to his rule.

Although the schoolmaster is a ruler of the boys, he has his own ruler. If he be no stick himself, his ruler always is.

The schoolmaster is a very inquisitive person. He is always asking questions. His is a questionable calling.

The schoolmaster can be found in all classes. He also is given to classifying knowledge. I sometimes think I would be in his classify could.

The schoolmaster is good at figures. He would cut a pretty figure if he were not. He is the figure-head of the school, or should be, but sometimes a boy gets ahead of him.

He is also good at spelling. He can stand along spell in a good situation without flinching.

He is always correcting the errors of his pupils, and consequently has but little time to attend to his own.

The schoolmaster is not a man of war, but he often employs a monitor. He gets a monitor to see in his place.

O Shun misbehaving, children, or the see of the monitor shall overwhelm you.

A schoolmaster teaches the A B C, but he cannot make a bee see.

Every sort of ology is taught by the schoolmaster, but tautology is no better coming from him than from anybody else.

In a school of young rascals the schoolmaster is always the principal.

Some schoolmasters are actuated entirely by the law of love—love for their situations. Some entirely by hate—hate to give them up.

The schoolmaster loves to have callers at his school; but habit has so possessed him, that he not only collars his scholars, but he also scholars his callers.

I used to wonder at the schoolmaster during my school days, but my school days will never return.—Boston Transcript.

HIGHLY ENERGETIC.

The rapid worker has no time to get disgusted with his work—it is out of his hands long before it becomes wearisome. Disgust is the product of dawdling effort. If the work be somewhat varied, the pleasure in connection with its completion is varied too. Hence, perhaps, the reason why the total and sudden giving up of work is often attended with evil results. The transition from a life full of activity and rich in the enjoyment of successful labor, to a life of utter idleness, with no such vivid enjoyment, has often proved fatal. There is too little activity in the new life and too little of the pleasure of activity. Idleness without the excitement and pleasure of work, becomes depressing. The vital forces droop and decay. On the other hand, to the busy worker rest and recreation have a double relish. No holiday is so refreshing as that in which he runs away from his labors, and enjoys himself in quite a different sense. If his life were a succession of holidays, it would soon grow burdensome.

Henry W. Beecher's pictures of Judge Cox's course in the Gaitteau case shows the dangerous weakness of anticipating public sentiment. Beecher has been giving way to the clamor of popular sentiment till the inconsistencies of popular sentiment have given him away and dragged him down from that pedestal of usefulness to which his inborn talents so eminently befitted him. Beecher has fallen. The brilliancy of his intellectual genius has fallen a prey to the mad fervor of trying to lead the popular will. Twenty years ago he stood on the eminences of orthodoxy, and hurled the thunderbolts of naked truth on the world below. But the world, the flesh, and the devil, dwelt in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, and Beecher, year by year, and year by year, kept selling truth to the devil, in order to hold the censorship of popular favor over his wicked, worldly congregation. He has fritted away his religion, piecemeal, to the devil, and has finally been obliged to mortgage his belief in a future state to the old boy to keep him quiet.—Ex.

And now comes the next puzzle for the anatomist. Some time since it was a negro who could cause his heart to travel about from side to side, move his ribbs and stop pulsation at pleasure. The next was a man who could dislocate his joints, and now we have the "India-rubber man," who is said to be in Vienna. He seizes the skin of his chest with both hands and stretches it forward eighteen inches or raises it to the level of his head. The skin of his nose he stretches six inches, and that of his fingers, two inches. He hauls away at the calf of his leg and the elongated skin leaves his limb transparent, a network of muscles, arteries and veins. Loosening his grasp the skin flies back to its normal position. The medical fraternity are highly exercised and want to cut him into strips for examination; but as he is married and has children he protests. It is said his skin feels like velvet on a plucked fowl; but it is not a "sweet" sensation to touch him.—Ex.

JUDGE TOURGEE ON AMERICAN LIFE.

A hundred, or even fifty years ago a tale of horror died of old age before it crossed another State line. Now the blood on a murderer's knife is not dry before the people all over the world have their opinion of the criminal's guilt. The whole life of the whole world comes into every life to-day, and we bear its pain, its knowledge. A man to-day at twenty must know more facts than his grandfather at eighty. If he doesn't, he is pretty sure of coming up at the poorhouse. We get out of our cradle in a hurry. Well, I read of a baby in Cincinnati who at the age of five months started on a heel and-toe race through life. Only think of the way our youth are treated. We stand them on end and stuff them like a sausage, and expect to make men and women out of them. Perhaps you think I am too severe. I remember a few weeks ago I attended a school exhibition, and a little girl, who looked too small to be a saint and not big enough for an angel, recited the names of all the kings and queens of England. Wouldn't it have been better if the girl had spent her time firing paper wads at her teacher? I have a friend in Philadelphia whose daughter used to go crazy every Tuesday. She had recurrent insanity—not temporary. Her mother investigated the cause and discovered that every Wednesday that girl of ten had to have an original design for a plaque ready! Now, it is all right for us to know how to draw. It may be all right for a man to draw as well as a mule, but I bet my right ear there is not a bald-headed man in the house who would draw an original design in three weeks. When a man takes his boy from the play-ground and sets him to study his next day's lesson he is putting a nail in that boy's coffin.

We have got to have the whole world at our finger's end if we live to-day. The young lady who graduates at eighteen has read more outside of her regular studies than Lady Jane Grey did in her whole life. We take a sup of newspaper before a sup of coffee. When I was a boy we used to hear of "nervous women." Now the men are so nervous that a woman has a hard time to present a good case of nerves. The greatest cause of intoxication is the overworking of young lives. Our life is of a terrible earnest type.

I don't often laugh at what I see in an English comic paper, for I think of all the solemn reading, that is the most solemn. But I did laugh at a cartoon recently printed in one of them. It represented a ferry boat incident in New York. The boat had pulled out, and a man was pictured jumping from the wharf, while he called back, "Come on, Jim; there won't be another boat for nineteen seconds!" That is American life as it is. Always on the jump.

A SMALL LOT ON TOBACCO.

Tobacco grows something like cabbage, but I never saw none boiled, although I have eaten boiled cabbage and vinegar on it, and have heard men say that cigars given to them on election day for nothing was cabbage leaves.

Tobacco stores are mostly kept by wooden Injuns, who stand at the door and try to fool little boys by offering them a bunch of cigars which is made of wood also.

Hogs don't like tobacco; neither do I. I tried to smoke a cigar once, and it made me reel like epsom salts.

Tobacco was invented by a man named Walter Raleigh. When the people first saw him smoking they thought he was a steamboat; they were frightened.

My sister Nancy is a girl. I don't know whether she likes tobacco or not. There is a young man named Leroy who comes to see her. I guess she likes Leroy. He was standing on the steps one night, and had a cigar in his mouth and he said he didn't know as she would like it, and she said, "Leroy the perfume is agreeable."

But next morning when my big brother Tom lighted his pipe, Nancy said, "Get out of the house you horrid creature, the smell of tobacco makes me sick."

Snuff is Indian meal made out of tobacco. I took a little snuff once and then I sneezed.

A COLORADO CURIOSITY.

In Colorado is a ten-acre field, which is no more nor less than a subterranean lake covered with soil about eighteen inches deep. On the soil is cultivated a field of corn, which produces thirty bushels to the acre. If any one will take the trouble to dig a hole the depth of a spade handle, he will find it to fill with water, and by using a hook and line, fish four or five inches long may be caught. The fish have neither scales nor eyes, and are perch-like in shape. The ground is a black marl in nature, and in all probability was at one time an open body of water, on which accumulated vegetable matter, which has been increased from time to time, until now it has a crust sufficiently strong and rich to produce fine corn, although it has to be cultivated by hand, as it is not strong enough to bear the weight of a horse. While harvesting, the hands catch great strings of fish by making a hole through the earth. A person rising on his heel and coming down suddenly, can see the growing corn shake all round him. Any one having sufficient strength to drive a rail through the crust, will find, on releasing it, that it will disappear altogether.

We do not wish to interfere with anybody's religious prejudices. We rarely go to church ourself. But we will relate a little story to our female readers. Mary McGinnis never has been in church. She was an infidel. On Sunday she entered a church at the invitation of a young man, and Mary McGinnis was never seen again. When she came out she was Mrs. Mrs. John Eugene Mulcahy.

A well-fed pig rose up in his sty
And dropped a regretful tear;
"The beautiful snow has come," he said,
"And slaying will soon be here."

WHY IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

A reporter dropped into one of our largest retail establishments Wednesday, and held a conversation with the proprietor.

"You have a great rush," remarked the reporter.

"Yes," replied the proprietor, "partly because it is holiday season, but mainly on account of advertising."

"How can you tell whether advertising pays, and what papers are good mediums?"

"I can tell that advertising pays by stopping my advertisements. I've tried it. Trade drops, not at once, but the tide of purchasers flows some other way. The cash receipts tell the story."

"Is there any difference in the sharpness of the buyers—I mean, do they haggle much over prices?"

"Oh, no. We sell at one price, and all the best stores in Boston do the same. They will sometimes say they can buy such and such an article cheaper elsewhere. When they mention the place we send and see if it is true, and if so we mark our stock down."

"Suppose you should give up advertising?"

"Well, I should save a big pile of money the first year, but I should lose a bigger pile the next two years. You must keep the boiler heated if you want steam. If you bank your fires too long it takes time to start up. Advertising is the steam which keeps business moving. I've studied the matter."—Boston Journal.

THE EAR.

Few realize what a wonderfully delicate structure the human ear really is. That which we ordinarily designate so is, after all, only the more outer porch of a series of winding passages, which, like the lobbies of a great building, lead from the outer air into the inner chambers. Certain of these passages are full of liquid, and their membranes are stretched, like parchment curtains, across the corridors at different places, and can be thrown into vibration or made to tremble as the head of a drum or as the surface of the tambourine when struck with a stick or the fingers. Between two of these parchment-like curtains, a chain of very small bones extends, which serve to tighten or relax these membranes, and to communicate vibrations to them. In the innermost place of all, rows of fine thread, called nerves, stretch, like the strings of a piano, to the last point to which the tremblings or thrillings, reach and pass inward to the brain. If these nerves are destroyed, the power of hearing certainly departs, as the power to give out sounds is lost by a piano or violin when the strings are broken.—Philadelphia Times.

PAY THE PRINTER.

There are many persons indebted to this office for subscription, advertising and job printing, and just at this time we are in need of the money due us and must have it. We have waited long enough for what is our own, and as we must have money we trust those who are indebted will come and settle up.

NEW THIS WEEK.

Notice of Settlement.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE that she is acting as the Estate of J. E. Witten, deceased, and requests all who are indebted to the same, to make speedy payment. Those having claims against said Estate will present them without delay, properly verified, to her at Lincoln, Oregon.

MRS. NANCY WITTEN.

LINCOLN, Oregon, February 21, 1882.

MONTHLY SEED ANNUAL FOR 1882 — Illustrated and Descriptive Handbook of Choicest Seeds. Sent free to all applicants, and to customers without ordering it. It contains five colored plates, 6 to engravings, about 100 pages, and full descriptions, prices, and directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all. Perkins' grown seeds will be found more reliable, giving greater yields than those from other hands. We make a specialty of supplying Market Gardeners. Address,

D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

F. M. COLLINS,

Main Street, Dallas, Oregon,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal,

Hams, Lard, Chickens, Etc.,

Of the best quality, at the lowest possible prices.

Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Stock.

Also for Chickens and Wild Game.

DALLAS, December 27, 1881.

D. N. BURNS'

LIVERY STABLE,

Main Street, Dallas, Oregon,

HAVING RECENTLY BOUGHT THE STOCK Buggies and Carriages in the New Stable in the north end of town, and added thereto two Fine New Buggies and Teams, we are prepared to furnish the public with

Good Teams at Low Rates.

Our stables are first-class in every respect, and competent and obliging hostlers are on hand always ready to serve the public.

GIVE THE NEW STABLE A TRIAL

ROWELL

Is ready to do all kinds of

BLACKSMITHING.

MENDING MACHINERY AND SHOEING A SPECIALTY. Farmers will find it to their advantage to get their machinery repaired as early as possible. Remember that he will be at the command of his customers at all times in harvest, and to customers only. I am in the hands of my friends. C. G. ROWELL.

DALLAS, February 16, 1882.

GEORGE FAIRGRAVES,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CALLS ATTENTION TO THE FACT THAT HE has on hand a Large Stock of Goods, at his store in the northern portion of Polk County, which he will sell cheaper than any store in the county. Everybody knows where Fairgraves keeps, and all are invited to give him a call.

A GOOD BARGAIN.

THE DALLAS TROMBONE BAND HAS FOR Sale

One B Flat Cornet, for $12 50
One B Flat, piston valve Cornet 50 00
One B Flat, Baritone 15 00
One B Flat Contra-bass 20 00
One B Flat Cornet, sidemotion keys 22 00

ALL IN GOOD ORDER. ALSO,

16 Second-hand Uniforms,

Consisting of Pants, Shirts, Caps, Pompons, Torches and Belts, almost as good as new.

For particulars, enquire of Dallas Trombone Band.

WILLIAM GRANT, Secretary.

DALLAS, February 10, 1882.

Final Settlement.

In re Estate of Solomon Tellerow, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE HAVE filed the final account of our doings in the Estate of Solomon Tellerow, deceased, with the County Court of Polk County, Oregon, and that Hon. Ira F. M. Butler, Judge of said Court, has set Monday, April 3, 1882, for hearing the same, at which time all persons having objections thereto will attend and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be allowed and said administrators discharged from their trust.

S. H. & J. P. TETHEROW, Administrators.

DALY & BUTLER, Attorneys.
Dated February 6, 1882.

C. HUGHES. T. H. GUY

HUGHES & GUY,

Manufacturers of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Mill Street, Dallas, Oregon.

WE USE NONE BUT THE BEST OF MATERIAL and guarantee satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage. We keep on hand a good supply of Ready Made Work. Give us a call.

HUGHES & GUY.

DALLAS, February 2, 1882.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Polk, and to me directed, upon a judgment rendered in said Court on the 15th day of May, 1879, in an action wherein Ah Lee is plaintiff and John S. Kaya, defendant, for the sum of Three Hundred and Thirty-two and 55-100 Dollars, damages and costs, which judgment was enrolled and docketed in the Clerk's office of said county, on the said 15th day of May, 1879 and thereafter on July 11th, 1881, there was paid One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars ($125.00), I have levied upon and will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1882,

At the front door of the Court House, in said Polk County, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of said day, all the interest, right and title of the said John S. Kaya in and to the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot No. 8, in Block No. 1, North of Main Street, and No. 3 East of Meridian Street, situated in the Town of Buena Vista, Polk County, Oregon.

Terms of Sale—United States Gold Coin. Cash in hand.

L. M. HALL,
Sheriff of Polk County, Oregon.

Dated this 24 day of February, A. D., 1882.

H. C. GENTRY,

Perrydale, Oregon,

Has just received the best stock of Fine

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Ever brought to Perrydale.

Give me call. All are welcome and will be handsomely treated.

H. C. GENTRY.

ALEX. PATTERSON,

Ballston, Polk Co.,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

Boots, Shoes, Hats,

GROCERIES, ETC.

A full supply of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Constantly on hand.

A competent druggist always in readiness to fill physicians' prescriptions.

Give me a Call.

A. PATTERSON,

Ballston, Polk County, Oregon.

F. A. BROWN,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKER,

East Side of Main Street, Dallas, Oregon.

TO ALL OF MY OLD FRIENDS AND THE PUBlic in general, I would announce that I am ready to do all kinds of wagon and carriage wood work in a workmanlike manner and at the most reasonable prices. I have on hand a good stock of thoroughly

Seasoned Lumber.

REPAIRING MADE A SPECIALTY.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Give me a trial.

DALLAS, January 2, 1882. F. A. BROWN.

H. W. LYONS,

SALOON AND BILLIARD HALL,

DALLAS, OREGON.

HAVING RECENTLY PURCHASED THE SAloon business of G. W. Fose, I have now on hand a fine stock of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Shall keep an orderly place and furnish my patrons with the best to be had. H. W. LYONS.

DALLAS, November 18, 1881.

F. D. McDOWELL,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER

And Jeweler.

DEALER IN

Clocks, Watches & Jewelry.

Commercial St., Salem, Ogn.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the matter of the Estate of Fred Williams, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned, administrator of the estate of Fred Williams, deceased, has filed his account for final settlement with the County Court of Polk County, Oregon, and that Monday, the 3d day of April, 1882, has been set for hearing the same by Hon. I. F. M. Butler, County Judge. All persons interested are hereby notified to be present at the Court House in Dallas, at said time, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and said administrator discharged from his trust.

JAMES F. SHOW, Attorney.
Dated February 8, 1882.

Money! Money!

I AM NOW PREPARED TO LOAN money in any amount, on real estate security, at ten per cent. per annum. No commission charged the borrower.

M. M. ELLIS.

DALLAS, August 1, 1881.

Wm. GRANT. B. DeLASHMUTT.

Grant & DeLashmutt,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Mill Street, Dallas, Polk County, Oregon.

BRANCH AGENCIES,

BELT & PIPES, Independence, Polk County, Oregon.

CHAS. LAFOLLETT, Sheridan, Yamhill Co., Oregon.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE VERY CHEAP!

Also, Flouring Mills, Saw Mills, Etc., Etc.

At rates that defy competition.

ALL KINDS OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

We can show parties the most desirable locations in the country. Information pertaining to the country cheerfully and gratis. Address all communications to

GRANT & DeLASHMUTT,

Dallas, Polk County, Oregon.

Or, BELT & PIPES, Independence; or, C. LAFOLLETT, Sheridan.

FRANK A. STILES,

Dallas, Oregon,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Harness and Saddles,

BRIDLES, HALTERS, COLLARS,

BITS, SPURS, CURRY COMBS, BRUSHES, LAP ROBES,

Horse Blankets and Whips of all kinds.

In the line of Harness, I have a full assortment of Team, Double and Single Buggy Harness, all made of the best California Leather to be had. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I am confident I can please you, both in price and quality of goods. Shop on corner of Main and Oak streets, one door north of D. N. Burns' stable.

NEW STORE! The Best!

H. J. BUTLER

CALLS THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC TO the fact that he has just opened a

First-Class Stock of

GROCERIES,

NOTIONS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

GLASSWARE,

QUEENSWARE, WOODEN WARE,

Lamps, Lamp Stock,

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

In the store formerly occupied by A. J. Langworthy,

DALLAS, OREGON.

My stock is new and complete, and as I buy and sell

Strictly for Cash,

I am enabled to offer superior inducements to the trading public.

CASH PAID FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Remember the place, and Save Money by buying your supplies at the

New Cash Grocery Store.

H. J. BUTLER.

DALLAS, Oregon, November 25, 1881.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

HAVING PURCHASED THE TIN dall Mill, twelve miles southwest of Dallas, we are prepared to furnish to order the Finest Quality of

LUMBER

Of every description.

Flooring, Ceiling, Rustic,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

Always on hand. We have a large supply of excellent logs and will guarantee to fill all orders satisfactorily.

HARRIS & RILEY,

DALLAS, Oregon, July 1, 1881.

Final Settlement.

In re Estate of John Holman, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE filed the final accounts of my doings with the Estate of John Holman, deceased, with the County Court of Polk County, Oregon, and Hon. Ira F. M. Butler, Judge of said Court, has set Monday, April 3, 1882, for hearing the same, at which time all persons having objections thereto will attend and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be allowed and the administrator discharged from his trust.

F. HOLMAN, Administrator.

DALY & BUTLER, Attorneys.
Dated February 7, 1882.

A. H. HOLMAN. NAT. HOLMAN.

HOLMAN BROS.,

(Successors to R. Ford),

PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLE,

Main Street, : : Dallas, Oregon.

HAVING PURCHASED THIS WELL-KNOWN establishment, we propose to conduct it in first-class shape. Always in readiness,

GOOD TEAMS,

At Low Rates.

Particular Attention Paid to Transient Stock.

Give us call. HOLMAN BROS.

BARBER SHOP!

One door north of J. D. Lee's, Dallas.

H. F. SMYTH, Prop'r,

(Late of Salem.)

A GOOD CLEAN SHAVE TO BE had at all times. Give me a call.

H. F. SMYTH.

DALLAS, July 1, 1881.

PROFESSIONAL.

J. R. SITES,

PHYSICIAN AND

DALLAS, O.

OFFICE ON MILL STREET, Drug Store.

J. N. SMITH,

PHYSICIAN AND

DALLAS, O.

OFFICE ON MILL STREET, House.

C. A. JO

ATTORNEY

DALLAS, O.

WILL GIVE PROMPT Business entrusted to his care. Office in the Court House.

WARREN

ATTORNEY

DALLAS, O.

OFFICE ON MILL STREET, Court House.

N. L. BUTLER.

DALY & B

Attorneys

WILL PROMPTLY attend to business entrusted to them. Office on Main Street, opposite Court House.

J. M. CONNO

PHYSICIAN AND

DALLAS, O.

OFFICE AT RIGGS' HOTEL. Residence south of town.

W. TRUITT.

TRUITT & T

Attorneys

DALLAS, O.

OFFICE ON MILL STREET, House.

E. J. DA

ATTORNEY

and Notary

SPECIAL ATTENTION Loaning and loaning money to loan from $100 to $5,000 on to take security. Office in the Court House, the hands, Salem, Oregon.

W. H. HU

DEN

HAS RETURNED TO Dallas and has prepared to attend to all Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Rubber work done as well and as cheap as in the Four rooms over Foley's Drug Store.

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Sylvester Miller, late of Polk County, Oregon, deceased, has filed his final account of his administration of said estate in the County Court of said County, and that said court has set Monday, the 3d day of April, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the court house in Dallas, Polk County, Oregon, for the hearing of said account and settlement, when and where all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be allowed and said administrator be discharged from his trust.

M. M. ELLIS,
Administrator of the Estate of Sylvester Miller, deceased.

DALY & BUTLER, Attorneys.
Dated February 7, 1882.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can devote your whole time to the business, or only your spare moments. No other business will pay you nearly so much at any time. Any person can do the work. Any person who is not blind or crippled should write to us for full particulars, which we send free. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.