The Oregon Scout.

B. CHANCEY, Publisher, Union, Or.

PACIFIC COAST.

The Chino Sugar-Beet Factory.

MORE TIN MINES DISCOVERED

A Roseburg Man Objects to a Marriage Ceremony Proceeding, and is Bounced.

Parties have been violating the Nevada fish laws by catching trout in the Humboldt.

The inquest on the body of Constable John Teeter, killed by James Reed at Truckee, finds the killing was done in self-defense.

A bitter fight between Los Angeles and the city water company has been inaugurated over the possessory rights to water sources.

An Oregon woman has invented a dish-washing machine, and she will exhibit it at the World's Fair. It is reported to work splendidly.

Annie Campbell has been indicted at Boise City for passing counterfeit money. She is believed to be one of a gang operating in the Northwestern States.

Southern California promises to have during the next few months the greatest planting of orange and lemon orchards ever known in the southern part of the State.

Tin ore that rivals the Temescal product has been found in abundance sixty-five miles east of San Diego in the Laguna Mountains. Nine locations have been made.

A Tucson jury has found George Reed, who killed James Farrell at Nogales one year ago, guilty of manslaughter. Reed is 60 years old, and his age called for sympathy from the jury.

President John A. Kemp of the defunct West Coast Insurance Company at Tacoma has skipped from town, and experts are at work on the books to see if there were any irregularities.

The Chino sugar-beet factory is shut down now until it can be ascertained from Washington whether it will be permitted to hold its syrups over until next season before they are run through machinery and reduced.

The inquest on the bodies of the men killed in the Anaconda mine in Montana resulted in finding that the cage was overloaded and the shaft was in good condition. The jury rendered a verdict exonerating the company from all blame.

S. A. Mallory, D. V. Diamond, R. H. Pryke and H. A. Lusty have been indicted by the United States grand jury at Portland for conspiracy to defraud the government by fraudulently locating parties on government land. They have operated extensively in Seattle and other cities of Washington.

The saw mills of Fresno county, Cal., located in the Sierra Nevada Mountains from the head waters of King's river to the head waters of the San Joaquin and its tributaries have all closed down for the season, winter weather having set in at that altitude. The output for the season is about 60,000,000 feet, valued at $1,000,000.

A. J. Glave, who has returned from an expedition into Alaska, reports that he located the source of the Alaska river about eleven miles northeast of Mount St. Elias, and found that the whole of the country east of Sewatka's field of exploration is available for pack horses. He himself took and brought back four horses in perfect condition. He will ask the government for an appropriation to open up trails.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church at Modesto, Cal., is trying Rev. H. C. Gillingham, who is accused of vulgar language, unchristian and unministerial conduct, visiting a place of amusement in San Francisco where liquors are dispensed, willful falsehood in claiming to be a graduate of Princeton College and the great wealth of his father, fraudulently obtaining a license to preach, false swearing, slandering brethren and claiming that his divorced wife was dead.

The trial of the three Yuma Indians who murdered their medicine man north of the reservation last year, which took place in the United States District Court at Los Angeles, was perhaps one of the quickest trials ending in a conviction on record. From the time of commencing to impanel the jury until the rendition of the verdict and discharge but three and one-half hours were consumed. These Indians will receive a death sentence, but it is possible the President will be petitioned to change the sentence to imprisonment.

During the marriage ceremony at Roseburg, Or., which was to unite Charles Minkler and Lottie Citizen, when the minister asked if any one had any reason why the ceremony should not proceed, a young dry-goods clerk named Mannis stepped forward, saying he had serious objections. He said he wanted to see and speak with the girl privately. He was put out of the house, and a pistol was found in his pocket. He said he had always wanted to marry the girl, but had never gathered courage to tell her of his feelings.

It is a singular fact that, while from twenty to thirty licenses for the sale of oleomargarine have been issued by Internal Revenue Collector Weidler to Washington parties during the past few months, not a license has been issued for the sale of it in Oregon during the same period of time. This is accounted for by the stringency of the Oregon laws and comparative laxity of the Washington laws regulating the manufacture and sale of adulterated articles of foods. The Oregon law requires all adulterated articles of food to be so labeled that the consumer shall know what he is buying. This requirement applies to retail quantities as well as wholesale packages. In Washington no such labeling is required.

EDUCATIONAL.

Japan Has Just Opened a New College Which is Called the Harris School of Science.

There are 487 schools in Irkutsk, Siberia. The population of Siberia is nearly 900,000.

Hereafter no girl can graduate from the public schools in Boston until she shall have successfully passed an examination in cookery.

Prof. Harper of the new Chicago University has found difficulty in securing a faculty abroad, owing to the operation of the alien contract labor law.

A new college has been opened in Japan, called the Harris School of Science. It was opened with elaborate ceremony. An American (Mr. Harris) contributed the money.

Religious instruction is an important part of the elementary schools of Prussia. It is compulsory in both public and private schools and a part of the qualifications of the teacher.

Dr. John Plente, the amateur telescope maker, is now finishing a 30½-inch silver-on-glass mirror for Alleghany College, which, when mounted, will give that institution the largest reflecting telescope in this country.

President Dwight of Yale, while not favoring the admission of women to study in the classes with men, does wish Yale had a woman's annex, and the only objection he finds to its establishment is that the university has not the money to put into it.

The older buildings of Harvard College have the following dates: Massachusetts Hall, 1720; Holden, 1734; Hollis, 1763; Harvard, 1766; Stoughton, 1804; University, 1812. The cornerstone of Gore Hall was laid in 1813, the books being moved into the library in the vacation of 1814. There were 41,000 volumes at that time.

All the children in school in Prussia, numbering 4,000,000, on a certain day were examined and the color of their eyes and hair carefully registered. It was found that 42.97 per cent. had blue eyes and 24.31 per cent. brown, while no less than 72 cent. had blonde hair, 26 per cent. brown and only 1.21 per cent. black hair. Only 6.53 per cent. again are of brunette complexion.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Mrs. Palmer Highly Approves an Idea Originated by Mrs. Price of North Carolina.

Paraguay has decided to participate in the exposition. Barbadoes, French Guiana, Ceylon and Corea have also joined the list.

The State of Idaho has applied for 10,000 square feet of space in the mines and mining building for a display of minerals.

The Agricultural Society of France has decided to offer a number of premiums for the best French horses shown at the fair.

The District of Columbia has decided to ask Congress for an appropriation of $50,000 to enable it to make a creditable exhibit at the fair.

Wisconsin's building at the exposition will be 80x90 feet, three stories high and of the Queen Anne style of architecture. Its cost is estimated at $29,000.

The upholsterers of Philadelphia have applied for 50,000 square feet of space in the manufactures building for a collective exhibit from their several establishments.

The buildings of the World's Columbian Exposition according to Section 9 of the act of Congress providing for the fair are to be dedicated October 12, 1892; the exposition is to be open to visitors not later than May 1, 1893.

Hassan Ben Ali of Morocco is seeking a concession to make a Morocco exhibit at the exposition. He says he will spend $50,000 in showing the people, manners, customs, amusements, etc., of his country and in bringing to Chicago a tribe of Berbers.

The number of intending exhibitors who have applied for space at the exposition reached 1,623 on October 24. This is a much larger number than the Centennial had at a correspondingly early date. The number does not include any foreign applications, all of which are made to their respective national commissions.

Seventy-four cases of relics of the Indians and mound builders have been received by the department of ethnology of the exposition from Chillicothe, O. They contain a great variety of prehistoric implements and utensils, such as axes, arrow heads, pipes, bowls, jars, etc. They were exhumed by a party acting under the direction of Chief Putnam.

Ample restaurant accommodations are to be provided at the exposition grounds. The locations for restaurants thus far decided upon are four in the mines and mining building, sixteen in the manufactures building and six on the espianade in front, four in the electricity building and two in the women's building. Some are on the ground floor and some in the galleries.

Mrs. Charles Price of Salisbury, N. C., Third Vice-President of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair, has just received a letter from Mrs. Potter Palmer hightly approving an idea, originated by Mrs. Price, of employing for guides at the fair a number of Southern women, who will thus be given an opportunity of paying their expenses during the exposition and perhaps earning a handsome sum.

Thomas A. Edison, the famous electrician, has applied for 35,000 feet of space, or about one-seventh of all the electricity building contains. "I have it from Mr. Edison himself," said Chief John P. Barrett, "that his display at the fair is to be the greatest achievement of his life. In talking of his application for space Mr. Edison admitted that he was asking for a large section of the building; 'but every inch will be put to good purpose,' he added. 'I shall not waste a foot of the area assigned to me, but will present a series of the most interesting electrical inventions ever produced.' I happen to know," Prof. Barrett added, "that Mr. Edison is doing just as he says. He is making an almost innumerable list of novel and spectacular exhibits. Other electricians are not idle. We are already crowded for space in our building, and if the demand continues as it has begun, I don't know how we will accommodate all the exhibitors."

EASTERN [illegible]

All the Coal Miners in Indiana Strike

THE KENTUCKY ALLIANCE.

A New Haven Tobacco Dealer Says the Sale of Cigarettes to Yale Boys is Falling Off.

The uniform export bill of lading is to go into effect December 1.

Over 52,700 immigrants arrived in this country during September.

The Baron Hirsch trustees have purchased 5,000 acres at Woodbine, N. J.

Day and night shifts of men are now worked on all the exposition building.

The remains of Jefferson Davis are to be placed in Hollywood cemetery, Richmond, Va.

The Baltimore *American* says: Baltimore has not had a bank failure for fifty-seven years.

Heavy losses are being sustained by stockmen in Texas, owing to the the severe drought.

About fifty of the released Tennessee convicts have been captured in Kentucky and returned.

Arrangements are being made to lay a cable from Nassau to Jupiter Inlet on the coast of Florida.

Out of respect to State laws the Federal government will not sell customs liquors by auction in Maine.

Pennsylvania's loss by the dishonesty of Bardsley & Co. was $685,072 instead of $1,366 378, as first reported.

The earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande for October are $847,000, a decrease of $24,189 from last year.

The designs for the new fractional currency of the country have been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

A tobacco dealer in New Haven, whose trade in the main is with Yale boys, says that the sale of cigarettes is falling off.

Steps have been taken by the Chamber of Commerce in St. Paul to start an immigration movement in that city and State.

Heirs of George W. Morse of Louisiana will sue the government for $4,500,000 for infringing his breech-loading rifle patents.

A column of masonry in Kansas marks the exact geographical center of the United States, evidently without counting Alaska.

The success of the Brooklyn bridge has suggested to capitalists to form a company with a capital of $24,000,000 for the purpose of building two more bridges across the East river.

The new Hebrew Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn cost about $125,000. It is to be five stories high and to have a frontage of 130 feet. It will accommodate several hundred orphans.

The retired commander of the Seventeenth Infantry, General Mizner, has been placed in a private asylum under treatment for softening of the brain.

The annual report of the Board of General Appraisers of New York recommends that the right of appeal be vested in the Secretary of the Treasury only.

Two men have been arrested by United States troops in the Indian Territory, accused of selling thousands of lots in the alleged future capital of the Cherokee Strip.

The Chicago City Council has granted a right of way to the Chicago Elevated Terminal Railway Company. This is the much-discussed line projected by General Torrence.

This season no less 414 horses have made records of a mile in the teens, to say nothing of the records that have been made in the tens by Sunol, Nancy Hanks, Palo Alto, Allerton, Nelson and Arion.

The Farmers' Alliance in Kentucky has opened a store in Louisville and taken options on thirty-five others throughout the State, with the avowed intention of revolutionizing the farm-supply business.

The new Board of Directors of the Denver and Rio Grande road has elected George Coppell Chairman of the board; Edward T. Jeffrey, President and General Manager; J. G. Gilluly, Treasurer, and W. Wagner, Secretary.

The allotment of land in severalty among Arapahoe and Chevenne Indians on the Milk River reservation is going steadily forward, and by next spring it is expected the remainder of their reservation will be opened to settlement.

One of the big Florida hotels has the great orchestrion which was exhibited at the Paris exhibition. Telephones are placed in each room, and are connected with the orchestrion so that each guest may hear the music when he wishes.

A New York jury has awarded Thomas Fortune, the colored editor of the New York *Age*, $825 damages in an action brought against the proprietor of a Sixth-avenue hotel for being assaulted and refused a drink because of his color.

W. W. Long, a member of the North Carolina House of Representatives, and a number of other large planters in the Roanoke bottoms are completing arrangements to bring to their plantations some 500 of the expatriated Russian-Jewish farmers.

Not for years has the supply of drinking water been so low at New York, nor has the danger of genuine water famine been greater than at the present. Commissioner Gilroy says unless there is rain the water will last only fifteen or twenty days more.

The Cherokees since Judge Green's decision that they do not own the Strip are now ready to renew the negotiations, which were broken off last year, for the sale of the land to the government. Chief Mayes, it is said, favors the disposition of the outlet.

The miners of bituminous coal in Indiana have decided to strike for advance of 5 cents per ton. The block-coal miners have already struck for 10 cents' advance. The operators refuse to pay the increase. All the miners in the State of Indiana are now out, and a long and desperate battle is looked for.

[illegible] MENTION.

Mrs. Carse, a Chicago Woman, Has a Genius for Collecting Funds—Grand Duchess' Fad

Louis Kossuth is now in his 90th year.

Bishop Phillips Brooks speaks 312 words a minute.

Lawyer McCurdy, who won the case for the Tilden heirs, receives $400,000 for his fee.

Tolstoi's lean and cadaverous look attracted much attention while he was in Paris recently.

Baron Arthur Rothschild, a nephew of the head of the great financial house, is serving his twelve months in the French army as a private soldier.

Colonel L. L. Denning of New York enjoys the honor of being the child of parents wedded by the poet, William Cullen Bryant, when the latter was a Justice of the Peace in a Long Island village.

Cardinal Lavigerie was once a *beau sabreur*, Cardinal Howard formerly held a commission in the Life Guards, and the Cardinal Archbishop of Perth was in his youth the smartest of Austrian Hussars.

H. P. Cheatham of North Carolina, the only colored member of the next Congress, is a college graduate, and is said to be the best educated negro, with a single exception, that has yet sat in the House.

Mr. Gladstone is almost the only member of the House of Commons who sits uncovered in Parliament. Thus his face is more readily scanned by visitors, who look at Britain's legislators at a distance through a grating.

Senator Hale's family is moving into his new mansion in Washington at Sixteenth and K streets. It is hardly habitable, and the approaches are incomplete, but work is being vigorously pushed to completion.

Alphonse Daudet is growing very feeble, and is now almost blind. His intelligent wife is his constant companion, and to her he is dictating a novel by the title of "La Doulou," which in all probability will be his last.

Dr. Dumesnil is the name of a physician of St. Louis, who declares that he has discovered peculiar microscopical insects in cigarettes. Now and then by the naked vision a peculiar form can be observed pulling on one.

General C. W. Field of Washington denies that he recently made a speech in Richmond in favor of unfurling the Confederate flag at the Chicago Fair. The General was not at the meeting, and does not sympathize with the sentiments of the speech.

Jenny Lind Goldschmidt's memory will be kept alive among other ways by a musical scholarship, to establish which a large number of eminent artists have agreed to take part in a concert, which will be given in London early in the coming spring.

Colonel George W. Hooker of Vermont declares that General Proctor, the Green Mountain statesman, who was in President Harrison's Cabinet, possesses more of the qualities and characteristics of Abraham Lincoln than any other public man of this generation.

The Grand Duchess Sergius, who is reported to be one of the best dressed women in Russia, gets but few of her gowns from Paris. She learned scientific dressmaking in London, and with the assistance of a couple of clever women of her bed chamber makes nearly all the dresses intended for home use. Only her gala costumes come from the artistes of Paris.

Chicago has a woman, Mrs. Carse, who has a genius for collecting funds. To this task she devotes, when having an object on hand, about three hours a day. Part of her success seems to consist in so timing her calls as to catch the persons she solicits from just after they have comfortably dined or lunched. Mrs. Carse, it is stated, raised the greater part of $1,000,000 for the Temperance Temple now building in Chicago.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Full Text of the President's Thanksgiving Proclamation—Puyallup Indian Reservation.

It was expected that the vexed questions regarding the Puyallup Indian reservation at Tacoma would be settled by the commission which was sent out there by an act of the last Congress, but it seems that this commission has not done what they were expected to do, and the question at issue is as far from settlement as before. The Indians have bargained away some of their most valuable lands. Their lands are needed for the development of Tacoma as a city, and they are useless to the Indians, except for what they can get for them. The matter of the individual and tribal rights of the Indians was supposed to be determined by the commission, also the rights of the men who have bargained with the Indians for their lands, but the commission's report, now with the Secretary, is far from satisfactory, and will be little or no help in aiding him to make a recommendation to Congress. The Puyallup matter will have to be fought all over again this winter.

The full text of the President's thanksgiving proclamation is as follows: It is a very glad incident to the marvelous prosperity which has crowned the year now drawing to a close that its helpful and reassuring touch has been felt by all the people. It has been as wide as our country, and so special that every home has felt its influence. It is too great to be the work of man's power, and too particular to be the device of his mind. To God, the beneficent and allwise, who makes the labors of men to be fruitful, redeems their losses by his grace, and the measure of his giving is is as much beyond the thoughts of man as it is beyond his deserts, the praise and gratitude of the people of this favored nation are due. Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Thursday, the 26th day of November, to be a day of thanksgiving to God for the bounties of his providence, for the peace in which we are permitted to enjoy them, and for the preservation of these institutions of civil and religious liberty which he gave our fathers the wisdom to devise and establish, and us the courage to preserve. Among the appropriate observances of the day are rest from toil, the renewal of family ties about our American firesides, and thoughtfulness towards those who suffer lack of the body or of spirit.

FOREIGN LANDS.

The Peter's Pence From England Meager.

SERIOUS FLOODS IN SPAIN.

The Municipal Elections in England Forecast the Triumph of the Gladstonians.

London has 6,000 telephones.

England has 70,000 barmaids.

London has ten main railroad lines.

Switzerland has abolished national banks.

Serious floods are reported in Valencia, Spain; also at Cadiz.

The potato crop in Northern Hungary has failed, and a famine is feared.

Prince Bismarck opposes the law which reduces the army service in Germany to two years.

Catholic prelates in Italy have no doubt that Pope Leo's successor will be an Italian.

The Argentine Senate has passed a bill repealing the tax levied upon private bank deposits.

The Austrian police have confiscated the report of the Brussels International Labor Congress.

Lady Dilke has decided on continuing her trade-union campaign among the women workers.

Thirty thousand men are idle through the strike of the engineers of the Wearside Durham, England.

The municipal elections in England forecast a triumph for the Gladstonians in the coming Parliamentary elections.

The duty which France proposes to put on American pork is 25 francs per 100 kilos, equal to about 2¼ cents per pound.

It is daily becoming more clear that French financial houses are saddled with more Russian stocks than they are able to carry.

The people of Afghanistan, groaning under the heavy taxes their ruler imposes, are skipping over the border at a lively rate.

Rain has fallen in torrents in the province of Malaga. The lower-lying quarters of Golila and Perchel have been submerged.

Earl Dufferin's appointment as Warden of the Cinque Ports is viewed in England as a bribe to cause him to adhere to the Conservatives.

The height of fashion in Paris is to have everything Russian, the glamour of the French-Russian understanding emphasizing the fad.

A bill has been read the first time in the Brazilian Senate, the object of which is to close the coasting trade to ships under foreign flags.

Birmingham has beaten London in the struggle for the possession of a great water-shed in Wales as a permanent source of water supply.

There are rumors at St. Petersburg affecting the stability of ten banking houses, some of which are considered the soundest in that city.

Inquiry is being made into the unlawful extension of mining galleries at Lichtenau, endangering the safety of the Silesian Mountain railroad.

Emin Pasha has written a letter stating that he intends to enter the territory of the King of Ruhanda, which has never been visited by Europeans.

Those Alsatians of official prominence who attended a late Ferry banquet are being dismissed from office or forced to resign by the German government.

The House of Representatives of New Zealand has passed a bill granting residential suffrage to women and qualifying them for election to Parliament.

In a recent report of the municipal head of Moscow it is shown that the corruption of the Court of Probate and Public Administration is very great.

The Moscow *Gazette* demands the formation of a Ministry of Agriculture which, it sets forth, would prevent the conflicting policies leading to the famine.

The Empress of China has recently been endeavoring to give an impetus to the manufacture of silk in that country by starting a silk-weaving department of her own.

A new paper, *The Wandering People*, will be started in London next month. It will be published in the gypsy tongue and edited by George Smith, the king of the gypsies.

The Danes do not require the makers of oleomargarine to stamp the kegs in which it is packed, but they do require that it be nearly white in order to distinguish it from butter.

Much disappointment is reported to be felt in Vatican financial circles at the extremely meager results of the offerings for Peter's pence from England, the amount being only about £500.

It is said the Russian peasants are eating straw in their bread. The French peasants were eating grass by the roadside not long before the Revolution of 1793. History may repeat itself.

With a ready market for an enormous wine crop and with its crops of cereals considerably above the average, Italy ought during the coming year to enter upon a new period of prosperity.

The German government has decided to establish a ship-building yard on a small scale on the shores of Lake Victoria Nyanza, and measures are being taken to put the design into execution.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

WHEAT—Valley, $1.60@1.67½; Walla Walla, $1.52½@1.55 per cental.

FLOUR—Standard, $5.00; Walla Walla, $4.80; Graham, $4.00; Superfine, $3.00 per barrel.

OATS—New, 42@45c per bushel.

HAY—$11@13 per ton.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, $19; shorts, $2[illegible]; ground barley, $22.50@25; chop feed, $18@19 per ton; feed barley, $20; middlings, $23 per ton; brewing barley, $1.10@1.15 per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 35@37½c; fancy dairy, 30@32½c; fair to good, 25@27½c; common, 15@22½c; Eastern, 25@31½c per pound.

CHEESE—Oregon, 14@15c; Eastern, 14@15c per pound.

EGGS—Oregon, 30@32½c; Eastern, 27½c per dozen.

POULTRY—Old chickens, $3.50@4.00; young chickens, $2.00@3.50; ducks, $5.00@7.50; geese, $9.00@10.00 per dozen; turkeys, 14c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, nominal, 75c@$1 per cental; cauliflower, $1.25 per dozen; Onions, 75c@$1 per cental; potatoes, 40@60c per sack; sweet potatoes, 2c per pound; California celery, 75c per dozen bunches; fancy Oregon celery, 50c per dozen bunches; carrots, $1 per sack; beets, $1 per sack.

FRUITS—Sicily lemons, $8.50; California, $5.50@6.50 per box; apples, 50@80c per box; bananas, $3.50@4.00 a bunch; pineapples, $4@6 per dozen; grapes, Muscat and black, 50@80c per crate; pears, 75@$1 per box; quinces, $1@1.25 per box; cranberries, $9@11 per barrel; Oregon cranberries, $9.50 per barrel; Smyrna figs, 17@22½c per pound; citrons, 27c per pound.

NUTS—California walnuts, 11½@12½c; hickory, 8½c; Brazils, 10@11c; almonds, 16@18c; filberts, 13@14c; pine nuts, 17@18c; pecans, 17@18c; cocoa nuts, 8c; hazel, 8c; peanuts, 8c per pound.

Staple Groceries.

HONEY—17½@18c per pound.

SALT—Liverpool, $14.50, $15.50@16.50; stock, $11@12 per ton.

RICE—Japan, $5.00; Island, $5.75 per cental.

BEANS—Small white, 2¾c; pink, 2½c; bayos, 2¾c; butter, 3½c; limas, 5½c per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 20½@21c; Rio, 22c; Mocha, 30c; Java, 25c; Arbuckle's, 100-pound cases, 21¾c per pound.

SUGAR—D, 4⅜c; Golden C, 4½c; extra C, 4⅝c; granulated, 5⅝c; cube crushed and powdered, 6c; confectioners' A, 5½c; maple sugar, 15@15c per pound.

SYRUP—Eastern, in barrels, 42@45c; half-barrels, 44@47c; in cases, 55@80c per gallon; $2.25 per keg. California, in barrels, 30c per gallon; $1.75 per keg.

DRIED FRUITS—Italian prunes, 7½@8c; Petite and German, 6½@7c per pound; raisins, $1.20@1.90 per box; plummer dried pears, 8@9c; sun-dried and factory plums, 9c; evaporated peaches, 9@11c; Smyrna figs, 17@22½c; California, figs, 7c per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, $1.65@1.80, 2½s; peaches, $1.80@2.00; Bartlett pears, $1.80@1.90; plums, $1.37½@1.50; strawberries, $2.25; cherries, $2.25@2.40; blackberries, $1.85@1.90; raspberries, $2.40; pineapples, $2.25@2.80; apricots, $1.60@1.70. Pie fruit: Assorted, $1.10@1.20; peaches, $1.25; plums, $1@1.10; blackberries, $1.25@1.40 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, $1.10@1.75; tomatoes, 90c@$3.00; sugar peas, $1.00@1.15; string beans, 90c@$1.00 per dozen. Fish: Sardines, 75c@1.65; lobsters, $2.30@3.50. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, $8.10; Crown, $7.00; Highland, $6.50; Champion, $5.50; Monroe, $6.75 per case. Meats: Corned beef, $1.90; chipped beef, $2.10; lunch tongue, $3.10 1s, $5.50 2s; deviled ham, $1.25@2.65 per dozen.

Miscellaneous.

NAILS—Base quotations: Iron, $3.00; steel, $3.00; wire, $3.50 per keg.

IRON—Bar, 3¼c per pound.

STEEL—10½c per pound.

TIN—I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime quality, $8.00@8.50 per box; for crosses, $2 extra per box; roofing, 14x20, prime quality, $6.75 per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, $7.75 per box.

LEAD—4⅝c per pound; bar, 6½c.

SOLDER—13½@16½c per pound, according to grade.

SHOT—$1.85 per sack.

HORSESHOES—$5.

NAVAL STORES—Oakum, $5 per bale; rosin, $4.80@5.00 per 280 pounds; tar, Stockholm, $12.50; Carolina, $7.00 per barrel; pitch, $6.00 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon in carload lots.

Hides, Wool and Hops.

HIDES—Dry hides, selected prime, 8½@9c; ½c less for culls; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; sheep pelts, short wool, 30@50c; medium, 60@80c; long, 90c@$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; tallow, good to choice, 3@3½c per pound.

WOOL—Willamette Valley, 17@19c; Eastern Oregon, 10@17c per pound, according to conditions and shrinkage.

HOPS—Nominal; 12@15c per pound.

The Meat Market.

BEEF—Live, 2½c; dressed, 5@6c.

MUTTON—Live, sheared, 3½c; dressed, 7@8c.

HOGS—Live, 5c; dressed, 7c.

VEAL—5@7c per pound.

SMOKED MEATS—Eastern ham, 12@13½c; other varieties, 12½c; breakfast bacon, 13@15c; smoked bacon, 11¼@11¾c per pound.

LARD—Compound, 10c; pure, 11@13c; Oregon, 10½@12½c per pound.

Bags and Bagging.

Burlaps, 8-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-oz., 40-inch, net cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-oz., 45-inch, net cash, 7½c; burlaps, 16-oz., 60-inch, 11c; burlaps, 20-oz., 76-inch, 13c. Wheat bags—Calcutta, 22x36, spot, 9c; three-bushel oat bags, 8c. Centals (second-hand wheat bags), 8c.

Emil Frese's
HAMBURG TEA

Purifies the BLOOD, Cures CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE, COLDS, PIMPLES, all SKIN AFFECTIONS, and DISEASES ARISING from a DISORDERED STOMACH.

The Genuine HAMBURG TEA is put up in YELLOW WRAPPERS with Facsimile Signature of EMIL FRESE.

REDINGTON & CO. AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.