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PACIFIC COAST.

Wages at the Carson Mint Will Be Reduced.

IMPORTANT RAILWAY DEAL.

Los Angeles' Sunday Saloon-Closing Ordinance Does Not Decrease Drunkenness.

A strike at Gallup, N. M., threatens to shut down the mines at that place.

The Eastern Oregon Co-operative Association, which lately embarked in business, has increased its stock to \$20,000.

It is said the crew of the Charleston is much dissatisfied at their treatment, and that many will desert the first opportunity.

An important railroad deal has been perfected at Los Angeles, which gives the Southern Pacific railroad an entry into San Bernardino.

Prof. Henderson of Olympia, Wash., has been appointed assistant in charge of the forestry department at the World's Fair by Ezra Meeker.

The last of Pomona's orange crop has been shipped, making a total since New Year's of 127 carloads, valued at \$58,000, an increase of \$50,000 in five years.

The Oakland (Cal.) Common Council has failed to pass an ordinance licensing the pool rooms. The measure lacked one vote of the necessary two-thirds.

A railroad company has been organized at Spokane to open a line of transportation to the rich mines recently discovered near the summit of the Cascade Mountains.

A small red insect is said to be camping on the trail of devastating grasshopper in some sections of California, and under the enemies' attacks the hopper is being worsted.

Major Handbury of the United States engineers expects to have the jetty at the mouth of the Columbia river run out as far as necessary—four and a half miles—by the end of August.

A contract has been let to the San Francisco Bridge Company for grading and bridging fifty miles of the Great Northern railway from Sand Point, Idaho, westward down the Pend d'Oreille river.

It is reported at Los Angeles that some ingenious persons are manufacturing three coyote scalps out of one hide in such a manner as to defy detection. The \$5 a scalp bounty is likely to prove expensive.

The Bradstreet mercantile agency reports ten failures in the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the past week, as compared with fifteen for the previous week and seven for the corresponding week of 1890.

Word has been received from Washington at Carson that the entire force at the mint will be retained at a reduction of 10 per cent. in wages, to be replaced at the old standard when the coinage of silver dollars is resumed.

W. H. Bartlett, who is well known in Los Angeles and was married there in 1880, has mysteriously disappeared from Tacoma, Wash. He dressed and went to a ball on the evening of June 13 last, and has not been seen since.

The belief that the water flowing into the Colorado desert is from the Gulf is taking strong hold in the minds of many people, who have been watching with interest the phenomenon. The latest reports say the waters are receding rapidly.

It is now believed that a house-to-house search for arms in the coal-mining districts in Kings county, Wash., where there are strikers, will have to be enforced to secure the arms held by the men. The voluntary disarmament is not a success.

The vicinity of Bellevue, Idaho, was visited by a hail storm one day last week, which lasted for thirty minutes, and the hailstones came with unusual force. The streets were full of clear ice that measured four and one-half inches in circumference. The grass was beaten to the ground, the fruit stripped from the trees and the crop of berries destroyed.

Fish Commissioner James Crawford has gone to Okanagan country to put a fish rack across the Methow. This rack is in the form of a picket fence stretched across the river to prevent the salmon going up. The Commissioner will make an approximate estimate of the number of salmon in the river for the purpose of deciding whether or not it will pay to put in a hatchery.

The salmon fisheries in Alaska have not been successful this year, as was anticipated. The catches, especially during the last month, have been very light, and Captain Huard, who arrived at San Francisco the other night on the schooner Frances Alice, says that unless the fish increase in large numbers before the season ends the profits of the fishermen will not trouble them much.

Judge Ross of the United States Circuit Court at Los Angeles has dismissed the libel of the schooner Robert and Minnie seized in connection with the Itata episode. Judge Ross says that, while the facts alleged may be a good reason for confiscating the steamer Itata, there is nothing to show that the schooner was fitted out for the purposes of war, and hence the libel was dismissed.

The Pomona Valley Horticultural Society has received reports from all fruit districts south of Tehachapi, Cal., and every one of these is to the effect that the prune crop in that part of the State will be about one-third of the full crop and fully 70 per cent. less than that of last year. Many prune orchards that yielded a crop worth \$500 an acre will not yield over \$100 an acre this year. The damp and cool spring weather caused the failure of the crop.

The Commissioners Appointed to Settle the Behring Sea Matter.

The Department of Justice at Washington has employed special legal talent to assist in the prosecution of the case against the Itata and her crew. The vessel will be libeled, her crew indicted and the case brought into court to determine whether there has been a violation of the neutrality laws.

Attorney-General Miller has given an opinion to the Secretary of the Treasury that the Chinese restriction laws require that Chinese convicted of illegal entry into the United States shall be returned to China regardless of the fact that they may have actually entered the United States from contiguous territory, such as Canada or Mexico.

A census bulletin issued at Washington, D. C., shows that during the last ten years the population of California increased 39.72 per cent. and the school enrollment 37.33 per cent.; Washington's population 365.13 per cent., school enrollment 373.05 per cent.; Oregon's population 79.53 per cent., school enrollment 69.25 per cent.

Assistant Secretary Nettleton has instructed the acting Superintendent of Immigration at New York, in view of the published fact in foreign newspapers that destitute Russian Jews are being sent to the United States at the instance of officials of foreign governments, to exercise especial care in their examination. The matter, he intimates, may become a subject of diplomatic correspondence.

The American Commissioners to examine the condition of the seal fisheries in the Behring Sea have been named, and will soon be on their way to Alaska. The names are Prof. T. C. Mendenhall and Prof. Charles Merriam. Prof. Mendenhall is superintendent of coast survey, and is a scientist of the highest attainments. Prof. Merriam is an ornithologist of the Agricultural Department, and while a young man has commended himself strongly to Secretary Rusk for his rough scientific knowledge.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the acceptance of the offer of the master of the Chilean steamer Itata to pay \$500 for a violation of the navigation laws in having cleared from San Diego, Cal., without the necessary papers. The settlement has no bearing on the other charges against the officers of this vessel, to-wit: Kidnaping a Federal officer and violating the neutrality law. The Attorney-General believes an action may be still brought against the individual officers of the Itata and Robert and Minnie for violation of this law. Although the officers of the Itata have compromised their offense of the navigation law, they may still be amenable to legal prosecution on the charge of kidnaping and also for violation of the navigation laws.

CABLEGRAMS.

The Berlin Press Highly Gratified With the Kaiser's Reception in England.

The gross income of the Church of England is \$5,500,000.

Prices of grain and rice are going up in India for lack of rain.

Locusts in Morocco devoured two children, and are devastating the green crops.

There is little hope that the Sultan will consent to the Jews settling in Palestine.

The production of coal in India during the year 1890 shows a large increase over the output of 1889.

The potato crop in Prussia is doubtful, but the yield of winter wheat will be 83 per cent. of the average and the rye 75 per cent.

Patti demands higher terms than ever to go to America with Abbey next winter. She wants \$5,000 each night to sing in opera.

It is believed that France must import some \$100,000,000 of wheat, to make up for crop deficiencies, and pay for half of it in gold.

Dispatches from the Cameroons, West Africa, say Zintgroff, the explorer, is meeting with repeated checks by the warlike natives.

Twenty of the members of the Salvation Army, who lately caused a disturbance at Eastbourne, have been sent to jail for a month.

The German government continues to diminish the working force at the Spandau arsenal factory. Notice has been given of 1,500 more dismissals.

The finest wine crop known in years in Alsace-Lorraine and Rhenish Prussia has been almost totally destroyed by the overflow of the Saar river.

Another trial will be made with the kola nut as an article of food during the next French maneuvers. The experiment last year was highly satisfactory.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says that the budget estimates the revenue at \$29,000,000 gold and \$26,000,000 paper and expenses at \$14,000,000 gold and \$35,000,000 paper.

Monsignor Felchi, the Administrator at the Vatican, has been forced to resign, owing to the fact that he speculated in the Peter's pence fund, which is found to be \$1,000,000 short.

Liberia is reported to be in a prosperous condition, making good headway in civilization and wealth, but the constant fear that the Republic will be swallowed up by some European power greatly checks its progress.

The police authorities of Berlin are trying to arrange with those of other Prussian towns concurrent action for the suppression of the Salvation Army, alleging its immorality, turbulence and travesty on religion.

The latest advices from Constantinople represent that the Sultan is in a fair way to lose all Arabia. The Wahabees, who had been dormant for a number of years, have joined the insurgents, and threaten to drive the Turks into the sea.

The Berlin press is highly gratified with the British reception to the Kaiser, and put emphasis on its political importance. The Post considers it an homage to the greatness of Germany and a proof of England's desire to preserve Germany's good will.

Eva Booth, daughter of General Booth, called on the Mayor of Eastbourne, England, recently to expostulate against her scouting the Salvation Army for disturbing the peace. Her arguments being of no avail, she dropped on her knees and began to pray to the Lord to give the Mayor a new heart. The Mayor then knelt and prayed that law-breakers might have new hearts, and Miss Booth left him master of the situation.

The Total Coinage of the Mints During June.

ILLINOIS MINES SHUT DOWN.

A United States Judge Renders a Decision Adverse to the Cherokee Title to the Strip.

All pool rooms have been ordered closed in New York.

Boston policemen now carry their clubs in their pockets.

A pearl-button factory has begun operations at Muscatine, Ia.

The total coinage of the mints during June amounted to \$4,969,975.00.

Prof. Le Baron Russell Briggs has assumed his duties at Harvard College.

Illinois has passed a law prohibiting the employment of children under 13.

Chicago talks of erecting a theater into which only people in full dress can go.

Sidewalk obstructions promise to be made the subject of a vigorous fight at Chicago.

A company to establish labyrinths as a form of amusement is to be formed in the East.

The constitutionality of Missouri's new anti-pool-room law is to be tested at St. Louis.

A new association in Kansas is arranging to fight foreclosures of farm mortgages.

Allotment of lands to the Iowa Indians in Oklahoma Territory has been completed.

There is no truth in the rumor that yellow fever has made its appearance at Brunswick, Ga.

Chicago is to have another electric railway, and one of its present suburban lines is to be extended.

Railroad building for the first half of 1891 falls slightly short of that for the corresponding period of 1890.

According to the last census Alabama has taken Pennsylvania's place as leader in the annual output of iron ore.

Hurray for the new flag with forty-four stars, each star the symbol of peace, prosperity and liberty among a self-governing people.

The opposition papers in Canada say that President Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific is practically the ruler of the Dominion.

The officials of the World's Fair have given the Illinois Central railroad a monopoly of carrying people to the Exposition grounds.

By a decision of the Supreme Court of Texas the State will recover title to over 6,000,000 acres of land improperly patented to railroad companies.

The gas company of Cincinnati has constructed the second largest gas holder in the United States. It has a capacity of 1,700,000 cubic feet of gas.

The annual report of the Eastern Penitentiary of Pennsylvania shows that last year sixty-eight criminals sent to that institution had relatives there.

The consolidated coal mines in the Collinsville coal district of Illinois have closed down, and between 300 and 400 miners are thrown out of employment.

The finding of a lump of metal supposed to be gold on the farm of John A. Wright near Bunsville, Ind., has caused considerable excitement in the neighborhood.

In deference to the prohibitionists of Maine the government has ordered that liquor seized in the State for violation of the revenue laws shall be taken to Boston for sale.

It will cost \$9,478,517 to run the city of Brooklyn during 1892. This is at the rate of \$11 for every man, woman and child in the city. The rate in San Francisco is over \$25.

Extensive deposits of onyx have been discovered near Marion, Onyx county, Va. Four openings are reported to have been made so far. The stone is said to be of excellent quality.

United States District Judge Seay has rendered a decision adverse to the Cherokee title of the Strip, which, if eventually sustained, virtually extinguishes all rights of the Cherokees to those lands.

Negro exhibitors are to have 25,000 square feet of space at the Southern Exposition soon to open at Raleigh, N. C., in which to make manifest somewhat of the race's progress during the last twenty-five years.

It is stated upon good authority, and it is currently believed in naval circles at Washington, that Secretary Tracy will soon apply civil-service rules also to the mechanics; in short, to all persons employed in the navy yards.

The big dam on the Housatonic river in Connecticut, which was swept away by a freshet in January last, is being replaced by a new structure 680 feet long, 22 feet high and slightly curved in plan. The cost will be about \$300,000.

The Bank of Commerce of Sheffield, Ala., has closed its doors, having assigned. The failure was caused by that of Moses Bros.' bank in Montgomery, the two institutions being closely allied. Assets and liabilities are unknown.

The bill passed by Congress provides that the buildings erected at Chicago for the World's Columbian Exposition shall be formally dedicated October 12, 1892, and that the exposition itself shall be opened not later than May 1, 1893.

A New York paper figures out that the net result of naturalization in the last decade has been to add 108,000 to its voting population, made up of 42,433 Germans and German Poles, 25,266 Irish, 16,494 Russians and Austrians, 5,003 English and Scotch, 4,725 Italians, the balance being credited to other nations than those mentioned.

W. E. Sims, Consul at Colon, says he hopes the emigration of laborers from the United States to Central and South America can be checked, as there is no room for them and death alone awaits them. The wages per day are 50 cents in Columbian money (35 cents gold), and Americans cannot live on it; besides, not being acclimated, they cannot do the required labor.

A Woman Who Served Through the War Applies for a Pension.

Sardon, the French playwright, writes a hand so fine that it almost requires a magnifying glass to read it.

Lord Wolsey entered the British army thirty-five years ago at the modest pay of \$1.25 a day, and out of that he was compelled to pay for his mess and uniform.

George Kennon has consented to become editor of the paper called Free Russia, provided \$5,000 can be raised to remove the publication office from London to New York.

Bacon was not willing to trust the present. He wrote in his will: "For my name and memory I leave it to men's charitable speeches, to foreign nations and to the next ages."

The purchaser of the log cabin built by General Grant will move it only a short distance from its present site, the old Grant farm near St. Louis, but will not let it go to Chicago, he says.

Mary F. Dewey of Goshen, Ind., served through the civil war, disguised as a man, in the Twenty-sixth Ohio Regiment under the alias of Charles Dewey. She now applies for a pension under her real name.

Sarah Bernhardt bears her mother's name. Her first name was originally Rosine, which she changed of her own accord. She is a Catholic in religion, and until she was 16 she was educated in a convent.

Sir Henry Wotton, who lived and wrote in the seventeenth century, did not have much of an opinion of diplomats. He said: "An Ambassador is an honest man sent to lie abroad for the commonwealth."

Gordon Cumming will neither show his hand nor his teeth. The expected becalmed exposure has been suppressed. The reasons are supposed to be kept secret, but this will not be reliably known till Lady Brooke is heard from.

Ex-Senator Evert's hat is always worn on the back of his head, as if it wanted to hide from observation the fact of its being old enough to have heard the first gun at Sumter fired. Mr. Evert ages fast, and has a decided stoop, indicating increasing weakness and lack of vitality.

Edwin Arnold in the days when, even though an active newspaper man he was brimful of Hindu philosophy and literature and thoughts regarding them, was often known to say to people whom he met on the street, "My dear friend, I am glad to see you, but really you have taken me out of the Himalaya Mountains."

Rev. Melancthon W. Jacobs of Oxford, Pa., who has been called to the chair of New Testament theology in the Hartford Theological Seminary, preached for a number of years in the Central Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh. He is the author of several works on Biblical subjects, and is said to be a man of great learning.

Dr. W. H. Egle of Harrisburg has been elected President of the Pennsylvania German Society, an organization formed for the purpose of preserving the records of those hardy and worthy Germans who settled in the State in an early day—known to fame as "Pennsylvania Dutchmen." Dr. Egle is a historian of national fame.

Pance Bismarck doesn't write letters if he can help it, but when it is imperative he has them written, and then adds his signature, at the same time inclosing his photograph. His object in doing the latter probably is to inform his correspondent that the real Bismarck and the Bismarck he may know from the cuts in the papers are two different persons.

Emma Abbott's ashes are to be surrounded by an \$85,000 Gothic monument of Western granite, which is to be erected in Oak Grove cemetery at Gloucester, Mass. It will also serve as a tomb for the body of her husband, Eugene Wetherell. The monument will be fifty-seven feet high, and will resemble the Prince Albert memorial at London.

Dr. Thomas Francis Gallor, newly elected Episcopal Bishop of Georgia, although now only 35 years, has declined a \$10,000 offer to become pastor of Trinity Church, Chicago, the chair of dogmatic theology in the General Seminary of New York and the bishopric of Michigan, to which last, however, he was not elected. His name was on the list of candidates, and he begged to have it withdrawn.

Mrs. Wanamaker's chief object in visiting Europe this season is said to be to see her grandchildren, the little son and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Wanamaker, who make their home in Paris. The little four-year-old granddaughter is an especial favorite, and there is hardly a steamer leaving New York for the French ports during the season but carries among the mail a letter or present for the little maid from her grandmother.

CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

Dalton, One of the Allia Train Robbers, Acquitted at Visalia, Cal.

James McCarger, adjuster of the Flour City Life Insurance Company, has been arrested at Rochester, N. Y., on a charge of forgery.

Phil Green (colored) shot and killed Policeman Clayton, and was in turn killed by Policeman Niedlinger in a saloon fight in Savannah, Ga.

An attempt was made to burn the Flat block, the largest brick block in Vacaville, Cal. The fire was extinguished before any damage was done.

News was received at Vicksburg, Miss., of the lynching on the Palmyre plantation of Henry Gentry, a negro. He was hanged for the murder of a colored companion.

A negro entered the store of an old man named Whitaker at Whitaker station, Miss., clutched the old man, robbed him and took to flight. He was captured and hanged.

Secelman, who runs a restaurant in New York, quarreled with a woman servant. He stabbed her in the back of the neck with a carving knife, and then stabbed himself.

The jury in the case of Gratton Dalton at Visalia, Cal., after twenty-hours of deliberation returned a verdict of not guilty. Dalton was concerned in the Allia train robbery.

Ex-City Treasurer John Bardsley of Philadelphia has been conveyed from the county prison to the penitentiary, and began to serve his fifteen-year term for a misappropriation of public funds.

The Slave Trade Revived in Morocco.

FANATICISM AMONG TURKS.

Count Von Munster Denies the Report That the Late Emperor Intended to Fire Prince Bismarck.

The Socialists of Hamburg, Germany, and vicinity are building an enormous co-operative bakery.

The French Chamber of Deputies will be asked for \$600,000 to provide for France's exhibit at Chicago.

Germany is considering the abandonment of her possessions in New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago.

An exciting discussion in the French Chambers is anticipated over the proposed statue to Danton at Paris.

An ingenious American proposes to build an elevator at Mount Blanc, which will be able to carry 216 persons at once.

The law passed in the House of Commons prohibiting the employment of children under 11 years affects 200,000 little workers.

Much anxiety has been caused in India by the discovery that Russian merchants have succeeded in getting a foothold in Afghanistan.

The British Parliament has been prorogued to July 31 in order to give the Commons a holiday and let everybody join in the welcome to the German Emperor.

On account of the disorganization of labor in Brazil it is said the coffee crop has been so seriously affected as to cause a reduction of several million bags in the yield.

Count von Munster has caused a demand to be published of the report that the late Emperor William had ever intended to dispense with the presence of Bismarck.

Germany's new income tax law, just published, compels foreigners engaged in business in Germany for a year or more to pay the same tax as is imposed on Germans.

The Berlin Social Democrats are so well pleased with their schools for working people that efforts are being made to extend the system both in Berlin and other large cities in Germany.

The Pope has decided to create in Mexico three archbishoprics to be called Linares, Oaxaca and Durango and five bishoprics—Cuernavaca, Hattillo, Tepico, Tehuantepec and Chihuahua.

The right of felling trees over no fewer than 665,000 square miles of the Kerasand forests and 497,000 square miles of the Firebolic forests near Trebizond has been granted by the Turkish government to private speculators.

A clever Frenchman has just been taking the statistics of the charities of Paris, which are immense in volume, and he finds that three-fourths of colossal sum which they represent is absorbed by professional beggars.

A steamer which arrived in London from Auckland recently brought a cargo consisting of 40,000 sheep and 2,000 hives, all dressed and frozen. This is the largest single cargo of dressed meat that has ever been brought to England.

The societies for the protection of animals in Sweden, Norway and Denmark have petitioned the Queen of Italy to exert her influence in protecting the northern birds which migrate to Italy in winter and are killed there in vast numbers.

Advices from Morocco report the revival of the slave trade in the interior of that empire, where caravans from the Sahara are frequently bringing slaves of both sexes and young lads to slave dealers in cities like Fez, Mequinez and Morocco.

Writing by telegraph, now so much talked about, was tried in France twenty years ago. Signatures were sent from Paris to London, and the experiment was considered entirely successful. After that the whole matter was suffered to fall into abeyance.

The Italian government has already rounded the leading Berlin bankers on the subject of a loan to redress that country from its present almost hopeless financial condition. The response, it is said, has been favorable. The imperial government is earnestly desirous to see Italy put on a sound basis financially in order that Italy may remain free from French temptation.

It is stated that the Pope has written to Cardinal Gibbons that he will never concede the demands made by Herr Cahensley on behalf of St. Raphael Societies for the protection of Catholic emigrants in so far as the appointment of national Bishops is concerned, and that the Pope has also refused the petition of the Poles in the United States for the appointment of a Polish Bishop.

Foreign Minister Ribot, speaking in the French Chambers regarding the killing of Rigaud in Hayti, said: "Rigaud's enrollment as a French citizen was an error, and he was a Haytian subject, but the striking of his name off the list had not been communicated to the Haytian government. France had demanded reparation, and Hayti had entertained the demand, knowing that France would insist upon it."

Claims for damages amounting in all to 2,000,000 francs have been filed against the railway company on account of the recent terrible disaster caused by the collapse of Moenchstein bridge. The company hopes to make Eiffel jointly answerable by showing that he did not follow the terms of the contract in constructing the bridge. The plans of the bridge are strangely missing from the archives of the company.

Dr. Leibig has raised a sensation by accusing Profs. Bergmann and Hahn of experimenting with cancer inoculation since 1887 on hospital patients without their knowledge or consent. Drs. Bergmann and Hahn admit the truth of the charge, but claim in every case patients have been past recovery. They add as an excuse that it is necessary to select human beings for experiment, as the lower animals are unsuitable.

A Resume of the Condition of the Different Departments.

The markets continue fairly active with the groceries and commission men, while the fruit dealers transact a heavy business. Fruit of every description is coming in in large quantities, both from California and local points. Several carloads of assorted fruits were received over the Southern Pacific, consisting of peaches, oranges, plums, apricots, tomatoes and lemons, and the market is now in better condition than it has been for the past two weeks. Vegetables of every description are plentiful, Oregon supplying the market in every line. Eggs are scarce, and the market is steady. The butter market is firm, as receipts are somewhat light. Poultry is not as plentiful as it was last week.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

WHEAT—Wallis Walla, \$1.45; Valley, \$1.55 per cental.

FLOUR—Quote: Standard, \$4.60@4.85; Wallis Walla, \$4.25@4.50 per barrel.

OATS—Quote: 53@55c per bushel.

RYE—Quote: \$1.50 per ton.

MILLSTUFFS—Quote: Bran, \$22@23; Shorts, \$25@26; Ground Barley, \$30@32; Chop Feed, \$25@26 per ton; Barley, \$1.20@1.25 per cental.

BUTTER—Quote: Oregon fancy creamery, 27½c; fancy dairy, 25c; fair to good, 20@22½c; common, 15½@17½c; California, 22½@24c per pound.

CHEESE—Quote: Oregon, 12@12½c; California, 12c per pound.

EGGS—Quote: Oregon, 22½@25c per dozen; Eastern, 22½c.

POULTRY—Quote: Old Chickens, \$3.00@3.50; young chickens, \$2.50@3; Ducks, \$5.00@7.00; Geese, nominal; \$10 per dozen; Turkeys, 16c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Quote: Cabbage, \$1.50 per cental; Cauliflower, \$1.25 per dozen; Onions, 1½c per pound; Beets, \$1.50 per sack; Turnips, \$1.75 per sack; Potatoes, 70@80c per cental; New Potatoes, \$1.00@1.10 per cental; Tomatoes, \$1.25 per box; Asparagus, Oregon, 10@15c per pound; Lettuce, 12½c per dozen; Green Peas, 30@4c per pound; String Beans, 7@7½c per pound; Rhubarb, 4c per pound; Artichokes, 40c per dozen; Radishes, 10c per dozen bunches; Young Onions, 10c per dozen bunches; Cactinners, \$1.50 per dozen; Carrots, \$1.25 per sack; Corn, 15c per dozen.

FRUITS—Quote: Riverside, \$4.50; Steilly Lemons, \$7@7.50; California, \$4.50@5 per box; Apples, \$2.50 per box; Bananas, \$3.50@4 per bunch; Pineapples, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; Strawberries, 10c per