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PACIFIC COAST.

The Carson River Overflows Its Banks.

TRIAL OF THE DAVIS CASE.

The Southern California Horticultural Society Indorses Maxwell as Chief of Bureau.

A general strike in the Gallup (N.M.) coal mines is anticipated.

The Deep Creek mines in Utah are proving to be wonderfully rich.

The Carson river is over its banks. All the streams and rivulets in Nevada are booming.

Sacramento's citizens have made a provision for a series of open-air concerts this summer.

The San Diego Chamber of Commerce indorses J. de Barth Shorb for Chief of the Horticultural Bureau at the World's Fair.

The experimental tobacco crop of three acres that was planted in Los Angeles county this season is said to be doing very well.

The courts have decided that San Diego must pay the Coronado school teachers their salaries from October 24, 1880, up to the date of the incorporation of Coronado City.

Owing to overproduction and high freight rates, forty-eight shingle mills between Portland and British Columbia have been shut down, throwing 500 men out of employment.

A cloudburst near Boise City, Idaho, destroyed a flume that diverted the water of Cottonwood creek, which formerly ran through the city, and the streets were flooded with several feet of water.

The members of the Newspaper Press Association of Nevada have combined to make the Republican and Democratic State Committees pay the advertising bills they incurred during the last canvass.

Returned prospectors to Hawthorne, Nev., from the Bryofogles mines say desert turtles are plentiful along the road. They are exact counterparts of the salt-water turtles, and exist in the scorching sands of the desert.

J. P. M. Phillips of San Francisco will probably be given the contract to build the Sacramento public building. He is the lowest bidder for granite, while Krenzeberger & Harvie of Sacramento are the lowest bidders for sandstone.

The Commissioners to the Colville reservation have succeeded in making an arrangement with the Indians by which 1,500,000 acres, or a little more than half of the reservation, are to be sold to the government for \$1 per acre and thrown open to settlement.

About 500 Indians of the Mojave, Maricopa, Cocopah, Yuma and Hualapai tribes are now assembled on the California banks of the Colorado river, indulging in their annual cry for the dead, and up to date more than a dozen horses have been killed and eaten by these savage brutes, who are keeping up their howling exercises day and night.

At a convention of swamp-land owners at Sacramento the reclamation of 560,000 acres of tule land in the Yolo basin opposite Sacramento was considered. It is proposed to cut a drainage canal from a few miles above Sacramento, on the west side of the river, to Suisun Bay. It is a revival of the project suggested by the State Board of Engineers under the act of 1878.

The two rival Presidents and Boards of Directors of the San Diego Land and Town Company have fallen out to such an extent that a receivership has been asked for by the opponents of the Kimball management. The great Sweetwater dam and irrigation system, together with the National City and Otay railway and thousands of acres of the finest land in the country, are owned by this company.

The Carson Appeal says: Ranchers in Carson Valley say that they find it hard to sell their butter here. They accordingly send it to California, where it finds a ready sale or is shipped back here, when Nevada consumers pay extra freight and smack their lips over "California butter." There are more short-sighted fools to the acre in this State than in any other State in the American Union.

The Horticultural Society of Southern California met at Los Angeles and by a vote of 13 to 5 withdrew the indorsement of General Chipman, heretofore given, and indorsed Maxwell as Chief of the Bureau of Horticulture and Viticulture of the World's Fair. The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce adopted resolutions claiming that Maxwell's appointment would be detrimental to California.

A jury at Spokane after being out twenty-four hours could not agree, when the Judge ordered them back into the jury room to remain until they reached a verdict. He also instructed the jurist not to give them anything to eat until they had found a verdict of guilty or not guilty in a highway robbery case. In ten minutes thereafter the jury returned a verdict finding the prisoner guilty as charged.

In his testimony before the court of inquiry into the lynching of Hunt by soldiers at Walla Walla Colonel Compton said: "I have known the army for thirty years, and the system upon which its former workings were based seems to be changing. Within the last four years a new code of military ethics has been produced. This code has had a tendency to separate a soldier from his officer to a very wide degree. This new mode of government has produced results more and more apparent every day. The old unwavering loyalty of the soldier for his officer is fast disappearing, discipline is becoming lax, and restraint is being considered an affliction, and proper respect has in some instances been deemed an insult and aroused anger."

PERSONAL MENTION.

Prof. Eisenweller Discovers the Bacteria Which Produces Baldness.

The King of Greece is the most economical of European monarchs. No fewer than seven portraits of the German Emperor are now being painted by three artists in Berlin.

The Prince of Wales has not bothered his royal mother greatly about money. He simply waited, and his creditors did it for him.

Prof. Eisenweller of Geissen claims to have discovered the bacteria which produces baldness by destroying the roots of the hair.

Mustapha Gwamner of Damar, Arabia, is said to have arranged to make a European tour that will cost not less than \$150,000. Mustapha snap.

To make it easy for Dr. Lorimer the Tremont Baptists of Boston will give him an assistant and not call on the Doctor for any work before September.

Charles Fechter left the jewelry worn by him as Hamlet to Lester Wallack. Wallack left it to Mme. Ponisi, and she in turn left it to Frederick Paulding.

In England Artemus Ward has scarcely lost an iota of his popularity as a humorist. English popular opinion has placed him on a level with Mark Twain.

Bierstadt will paint for the World's Fair a picture of Watling's Island, which many geographers believe to be the one on which Columbus first landed after crossing the Atlantic.

Wilbur W. Smith, a Connecticut veteran, now postmaster of Seymour in that State, has just recovered the sword that he lost at Chancellorsville in 1863, where he was captured.

David B. Hill will have to take a back seat literally, if not figuratively, next winter if he goes to the United States Senate. The only desk obtainable by him is in the last row in the chamber.

John Bullough, the Scottish millionaire, who died recently, was the husband of Sheila, the heroine of William Black's novel, "A Princess of Thule." She was the daughter of a Stormywater broker.

Giovanni Phillips is said to be the real name of the leader of the Marine band, but when he entered the government service he added U. S. A. to his cognomen, and now he is called John Phillip Sousa for short.

Amelie Rives-Chanler has returned from the South of Europe to Paris in better health. She says the title of her new novel as given by the papers is inaccurate. Her husband is delighted with the reception that artists and the press have given to his art scholarship project.

Dom Pedro would doubtless like to end his days as the returned Emperor of Brazil; but, like the rugged old patriot that he is, he declares that the experiment of Brazilian self government will prove a success. "They will hold their place among nations," is the terse comment upon his countrymen.

Edward McPherson has filed his final account as the executor of Thaddeus Stevens, showing the present market value of the securities belonging to the estate to be \$4,426. One unsettled claim is that of Mrs. Stevens, who alleges that she is the wife of a relative and entitled to a part of the property.

Edmund Yates has incurred the displeasure of the Prince of Wales for having stated in his newspaper that the Queen was going to pay the Prince's debts. Mr. Yates has accordingly apologized for his conduct, and retracts his assertion. Nevertheless the original statement is understood to be substantially correct.

Ex-Senator Blair is likely to have a poor Fourth of July. He has too much patriotic fire in him to patronize Italy by buying Roman candles, and he has been too deeply insulted to enjoy Chinese firecrackers. And sputtering rockets that go up with a bang and come down with a stick are too painfully reminiscent of his own diplomatic experience.

CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

Two Sacramento Saloonmen Charged With Attempt to Murder and Rob.

Burglars opened the safe of C. S. Taylor at Tucson, and got away with \$2,500.

Two Sacramento saloonmen are under arrest, charged with attempting to kill and rob Robert Allen.

Peter Greenwood, Treasurer of Wood River township at Alton, Pa., has disappeared. He is short in his accounts \$10,000.

Mennier, ex-officer of customs, arrested May 14 at Landres, France, charged with a number of crimes, has been sentenced to death.

The body of Mary Grundler, an heiress, was found in the river below Spokane, and theories of murder and suicide are both advanced.

At Sioux Falls, S. D., Plenty Horses has been acquitted of the murder of Lieutenant Casey, the Judge charging the jury to that effect.

At Halifax, N. S., the application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Piggott, the Texas embezzler, was dismissed by Judge Ritchie.

F. W. Kennedy, President, and H. W. Kennedy, cashier of the suspended Spring Garden National Bank of Philadelphia, have been arrested.

New York has a Chinese highbinder's society. A gambling den was raided, and the society notified the complainant that his head would be cut off if he gave evidence against the fan-tan dealers.

The trial at Bari, Italy, of 179 members of the Mala Vita Society has ended, fourteen being acquitted, while 165 were sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from six months to fifteen years.

Three masked men broke into the station house at Santa Onafre, on the California Southern road, north of Ocean-side, the other day. They got \$20, and tore a gold ring from the hand of the wife of the boss of the section hands.

In the case of Albert Blakeman, the soldier who killed Gottlieb Wannemann in San Francisco, the jury returned a verdict finding Blakeman guilty of murder in the second degree, and recommended him to the mercy of the Court.

Four men attempted to stop a railroad train at Enfield, Mo., and fired upon the engineer and into the cars. The engineer pulled out before any one was hurt by their shots. The board will open fifty shops in place of 400, and will run them for the benefit of the present dealers.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Corruption in Municipal Affairs at Denver.

COLONEL GIBSON IS RETIRED.

The Big New York and New Jersey Bridge and Terminals to be Begun Next Fall.

A proposed Niagara bridge is to cost \$2,000,000.

A New York law fixes the price of gas at \$1.25 per 1,000.

A Boston Italian society advocates loyalty to Uncle Sam.

Colonel Gibson of the Third Artillery has been placed on the retired list.

The Galena cannot be repaired within the statutory limits, and therefore is to be sold.

Chinch bugs have made their appearance in the central agricultural section of Nebraska.

New York is congratulating itself upon the prospect of having an abundance of fruit this season.

The American Baptist Publication Society has decided to discontinue appropriations for work in Armenia.

It is estimated that 100,000 Italians are coming to the United States this year in spite of the New Orleans affair.

Europe always, as now, comes to the United States for gold when in a pinch, and as now, has its wants supplied.

Frank Hurd is thought to have some chance of being nominated for Governor of Ohio this year in place of Campbell.

The saloon element at St. Louis threaten the officials if they continue to secure indictments against the saloonmen.

The Standard Oil Company has purchased 1,500 acres of land from the Mountain State Oil Company of West Virginia.

Negotiations between the State Department and the government of San Domingo looking to reciprocity are well advanced.

The appointment of Circuit Judges authorized by the last Congress will not be announced until Congress meets in December.

American doctors will not attend the International Medical Congress at Rome in 1893 unless cordial relations are restored with Italy.

Philadelphia will lose about \$250,000 by the defalcation of its Treasurer, John Barsley. He is sick in bed, but is guarded by the police.

It is now very certain that the tax rate at Philadelphia will have to be raised this fall from \$1.85 to \$2 per \$100 to cover stealings of its Treasurer.

One hundred and twelve representative business men of Philadelphia have organized a bureau for general exchanges, with a capital of \$1,000,000.

The corruption in municipal affairs at Denver is now being unearthed. It is thought at least \$500,000 has been stolen from the city in one direction alone.

The different blood-horse associations of the country are to confer with the view of securing a harmonious system for advancing the interests of the turf.

The big New York and New Jersey bridge and terminals to cost \$100,000,000 are to be begun next fall, the capital to commence with having been subscribed.

The Pennsylvania House of Representatives has passed the bill to transfer the direct-tax gift of \$1,654,711 to the sinking fund in accordance with the suggestion of Governor Pattison.

An Arab peddler is in jail in Newark, N. J., for failing to pay a fine for doing business without a license. The man has no money, and the authorities are in a quandary as to the proper procedure required for his release.

The Union Stock Yards Company of Chicago has filed a lengthy answer to the suits brought by Armour, Swift and Morris to compel the company to allow them access to their new yards with their live stock over its tracks.

In the libel suit of John Culver against the Chicago Herald for \$25,000 damages for the publication of an article reflecting on his integrity as a grand juror in the Cronon case the jury returned a verdict in favor of the Herald.

To James K. Keene is accredited a boom in particular stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. It is recalled that Keene once made two millions by buying St. Paul, and gossips say that he is trying to repeat the profitable operation.

John Barsley, City Treasurer of Philadelphia, whose method of depositing the city's funds in the Keystone and other national banks is the subject of investigation by a committee, has tendered his resignation, but gave no explanation thereof.

The Women's Missionary Association of the United Brethren Church has decided to raise \$3,000 by voluntary subscription for a church building at Portland, Or., and the association has pledged itself to support the minister there for five years.

Secretary Foster has appointed a commission, composed of ex-Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio, Dr. Walter Kemper, a noted expert on insanity, and R. Powderly, brother of T. V. Powderly, to proceed to Europe and investigate the immigration problem.

The Denver Transmississippi Congress voted for the coinage of American silver, and adjourned to meet at Omaha next October. The extreme Western delegates carried the convention by storm, and the agricultural States had only a feeble hearing; hence the result.

Judge Field of the Circuit Court has made at Denver a permanent injunction restraining a saloonkeeper from conducting the dram-shop business and declaring his license void. If the decision is sustained, every saloon in Denver will be affected and every saloon license void.

The 400 Jewish butchers in New York are going to form a trust. They will turn over all their property and \$100 each to a board of directors and then close up their shops. The board will open fifty shops in place of 400, and will run them for the benefit of the present dealers.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Treasury Department Struggling to Prevent the Sale of Lottery Tickets.

It has been practically decided to extend the 4 1/2 per cent. loan at 2 per cent. and give the holders of these bonds the necessary ninety days' notice.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker has had a conference with the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the selection of a site for the public building at San Francisco. He is pushing this and other similar matters.

The Treasury Department has rescinded the circular of May 7, 1891, discontinuing the allowance of a drawback on sugars used in the manufacture of condensed milk, confectionery and other articles made wholly or in part from sugar on hand prior to March 1.

The Interior Department has approved three lists of indemnity school selections in Oregon. In the Dalles district, 8,280 acres, the Oregon district, 17,418 acres, and the Roseburg district, 1,374 acres. These are for lands lost in sections 18 and 36, granted as school lands to all States.

Attorney-General Miller has decided that the gain or seigniorage arising from the coinage of bullion under the Treasury act, when paid into the Treasury, becomes part of the general cash, and may be used like any other. The seigniorage fund now amounts to \$4,000,000, and under this decision the issue of silver certificates may be increased to that extent.

The report of the civil-service examination at the New York navy yard has been received in Washington, and the result is gratifying to Secretary Tracy, who is responsible for the introduction of this reform. The examinations will soon be made at the Mare Island navy yard, and if equally good results are obtained, the Secretary will feel much gratified and the administration be entitled to the praise of those who believe in civil-service reform.

The Treasury Department is still struggling to prevent the sale of lottery tickets in the United States. The law passed by Congress prevented the use of the United States mails in distributing them, and then the lottery people went to Mexico and sought under the custom law to import them into this country as reading matter at a light duty. Assistant Secretary Spaulding put a stop to this by assessing duty on the face value of the tickets, the duty being placed at \$2.50 on a ten-dollar ticket. This was thought to be a final stoppage on their importation. The lottery people, fertile in resource, have had the tickets printed in the United States, exported into Mexico and reimported into the United States, and now claim that they are exempt from duty as American manufacture returned without being advanced in value or improved in condition. Assistant Secretary Spaulding, however, has instructed Collectors of Customs along the Mexican border to assume that all lottery tickets entered are of foreign manufacture and to assess duty accordingly.

CABLEGRAMS.

Advices from Chili Say the Position of the Insurgents is Critical.

Fifteen thousand carpenters of London are idle, owing to a lockout.

The yellow fever is ravaging Santos and many other places in Brazil.

A panic prevails at Coronna, Spain, owing to the conflicts between the police and strikers.

The Omnibus strike at Paris has ended in a victory for the strikers. They demanded shorter hours.

The Prince of Wales has again been suffering from inflammation of the veins of his legs or varicose veins.

The Manipur murderers of Grimwood, the British commander, and his three companions have been hanged.

The Krupp deny the story that they have sold guns or samples of their manufactures to the French government.

It has been officially announced at Madrid that a commercial convention has been arranged with the United States.

The British House of Commons has refused to pass a bill legalizing the election of women as members of the County Councils.

It is rumored at Cape Town, that her Majesty's war ship the Magicienne has landed a force and occupied Beira on behalf of the British government.

It is reported that Prince Ferdinand, ruler of Bulgaria, is betrothed to the Archduchess Marie, eldest daughter of the Archduke Joseph of Austria.

The Brazilian Ministry has been modified as follows: Justice, Carvalho; Finance, Brazil; Interior, Ararape; Ports and Telegraph, Senior Cavalcante.

Advices received at Paris from Chili say the position of the insurgents is critical, recent government victories having had a thoroughly demoralizing effect.

Of the 200 Anarchists arrested at Rome for actual attempted disturbances on May day 150 have been sent on their own request and at the expense of the government to Brazil.

In the recent conflict between the British and Portuguese on the Pangue river in Africa the Portuguese were repulsed, and seven of them were killed and a large number wounded.

A Venezuelan decree has ordered the purchase at the nation's expense of the house in which Bolivar was born and the establishment in it of a museum of antiquities and of the relics of great men of Venezuela.

The Jewish financier, Herr Goldberger, Director of the International Bank at Berlin, recently arrived at Moscow to establish a branch of the Berlin house, but was ordered by the police to quit the city in twenty-four hours. The friends of the financier got the order rescinded, but Goldberger departed in disguise.

There is a current rumor afloat at London to the effect that James Gordon Bennett is about to start a hand-written journal at Kaffumbule on the Congo, to be known as the Congo Mirror. It is said to be his desire to reform the government of the Congo Free State, which is described as now a mere despotism.

Sir Evelyn Baring, the British agent in Egypt, in a report to his government on the condition of that country deprecates the idea of England abandoning Egypt for some time to come. He does not coincide with the guarantee of the British investment in Egyptian securities so satisfactory as to make it safe to withdraw the moral influence afforded by the presence of British troops.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Pope Refuses the Italian Subsidy.

FEMALE DOCTORS IN DEMAND.

Queen Victoria's Visit to Grasse Proves More Beneficial to Her Than to Members of Her Suite.

Shanghai's cotton mills are lighted by electricity.

The census of Paris gives a population of 2,422,000.

Great Britain's coal output in 1890 was 181,614,288 tons.

The Manchester ship canal is nearly completed, costing \$65,000,000.

Stanley has exceedingly small audiences to listen to him in Scotland.

The Kaiser has recognized Ezeza as President of the Republic of Salvador.

Emigrants leaving Sweden must have a letter of recommendation from the pastor of the parish.

The pug hat is said to be rapidly replacing the native headgear among the mandarins of China.

The German government is building a large dynamite factory at Ceswig, on the Elbe, near Dessau.

Two hundred men at the zinc works of L. Pine in Breslau have been dismissed for threatening to strike.

The London Times expresses doubt whether the gold to meet the early calls of Russia can be drawn from America.

A German-American petroleum company at Bremen is building a huge reservoir at Ries, Saxony. The reservoir will have a capacity of 200,000 casks.

The Pope has refused the Italian subsidy for his support, and the Clericals will, it is understood, abstain from any share in the Italian municipal elections.

It is reported from Vienna that at Pesth in Hungary hundreds of families of workmen are without shelter, having been turned into the street for non-payment of rent.

The great fall maneuvers of the German army this year will be concluded on September 21, so that the Emperor may be on his hunting grounds in Sweden on September 25.

Great indignation is felt in various circles of Germany over the unjust sentence of Herr Boshart, editor of one of the Gotha journals, for "malignment" of the Prince of Bulgaria.

Brigands have made the railroad lines of Batoum so unsafe that militia had to be placed, six men at every station and three men on every guard and brakeman's post between the stations.

At a meeting of the Central Branch of the National League in Dublin the other day one of the speakers described Mr. Gladstone as "grand old tyrant, a grand old hypocrite and a grand old fraud."

Ex-King Milan is in need of more money, and will try to acquire a new supply by marrying it. He is said to be engaged to marry a French lady, whose fortune is estimated at 5,000,000 francs.

The French crops are reported in a very critical condition. The home supply will fall short by 20,000,000 hectoliters, and if the present rainy weather continues, the result will be disastrous to the farmers.

Extensive preparations have been made by the Vatican for the coming celebration in honor of Pope Gregory the Great, Leo XIII. has offered three prizes for the best essays upon the phases of Gregory's career.

The czar is curtailing the liberties of the Mohammedan subjects. A holy see has been created for the purpose of spreading Russian doctrines among the followers of Islam and gradually compelling them to join the orthodox church.

There is very great misery among the working classes in Rome. Owing to the decline in values and stagnation of building interests, thousands are out of employment. The multitude of beggars have never been so great or importunate.

The Russian government has appropriated \$1,000,000 to the construction of a commercial harbor at Theodosia, which will hereafter be the port of the Crimea for merchantmen. Sebastopol will be transformed into a military and naval stronghold.

The tenant on the Currae and Mevlin estates, County Cork, have entered into an agreement with the landlord to purchase their farms. By this arrangement fifty families, who have participated in the plan of campaign, will be restored to their homes.

The Governor-General of the Amoor region in Siberia has planned to employ convicts at hard labor on the Transiberian railroad. For every year such convicts are employed on the road they will be credited with eighteen months of the term they have to serve.

Austria still adds to her revenue by the lottery business. According to the Consular report from Vienna the government realized \$8,500,000 from lottery transactions last year, of which \$5,000,000 were returned for prizes, leaving \$3,500,000 net profit to the State.

W. W. Story has finished the monument and medallion which are to be placed on Theodore Parker's grave at Florence. The ceremony will take place August 24. F. D. Sanborn of Concord, Mass., and Moncure D. Conway promise to contribute the literary ceremonial.

The highest elevated road in the world is about to be built at Naples. It is intended to connect the central part of Naples with the Corso Vittorio Emanuele. It will be suspended from towers 100 meters high, in which will be elevators to hoist passengers to the stations. The road will be operated by electricity, and the cost is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Captain Malogoli, the head of the Italian military carrier-pigeon depots, has after immense and unwearied trouble succeeded in getting his pigeons to fly backward and forward between Rome and Civita Vecchia, seventy-two kilometers. This practical success has shattered the theories of various ornithologists, such as Russ, who have affirmed that pigeons cannot be made to fly in two directions.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Local Trade of an Average Amount Transacted—Eggs Very High.

A fair amount of business was transacted. Trade opened up rather quietly, but picked up considerably. There was nothing of a special interest except that eggs were very high. Oats are very weak. Vegetables are in fair demand, and the supply is good. Oregon strawberries are weak. Cherries are scarce and not in great demand. Bananas and lemons are more plentiful than they have been for several weeks. There is a fair supply of oranges on hand, and the demand for them is good. Business in the line of staple groceries was good. The wool clip is on the move.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

The market presents no new features. Offerings are light, the demand is slow and trading of a desultory character.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

WHEAT—Walla Walla, \$1.50; Valley, \$1.60 per bushel.

FLOUR—Quote: Standard, \$5.25; Walla Walla, \$5.50 per barrel.

OATS—Quote: 60@62 1/2¢ per bushel.

HAY—Quote: \$16@17 per ton.

MILLET—Quote: Brant, \$19.00; Shorts, \$23.00; Ground Barley, \$33.00@34.00; Chop Feed, \$25@26 per ton; Barley, \$1.25@1.30 per cental.

BUTTER—Quote: Oregon fancy creamery, 25; fancy dairy, 22 1/2¢; fair to good, 17 1/2@20¢; common, 14¢; California, 22 1/2@24¢ per pound.

CHEESE—Quote: Oregon, 13@15¢; California, 11@12¢ per pound.

EGGS—Quote: Oregon, 25¢ per dozen.

POULTRY—Quote: Old Chickens, \$5.00; young chickens, \$4.00@4.50; Ducks, \$8.50@9.00; Geese, nominal; \$12 per dozen; Turkeys, 18¢ per pound.

VEGETABLES—Quote: Cabbage, \$1.75 per cental; Cauliflower, \$1.25 per dozen; Onions, 1 1/2@1 3/4¢ per pound; new California, 2¢; Beets, \$1.50 per sack; Turnips, \$2.00 per sack; Potatoes, 60@70¢ per cental; New Potatoes, 1 1/2¢ per sack; Asparagus, 4@5¢ per pound; Oregon, 10@15¢ per pound; Lettuce, 12¢ per dozen; Green Peas, 5¢ per pound; String Beans,