

# The Oregon Scout.

B. CHANCEY, Publisher, Union, Or.

## "THE SWELLING SEA."

The birds of the north flew onward,  
The lichen its odor shed;  
The crescent moon was pale  
As a water lily—dead—  
Torn from its parent stem and floating  
For weeks on its watery bed.

The northern light burned brightly,  
The circle was broad and low;  
The rays were like whirling pillars of fire,  
With green and crimson glow.

The dying man lay in his bed—  
"Oh! where shall we bury thee?  
Shall we bury thee on the mountain  
Or under the swelling sea?"

"Shall we bury thee on the mountain,  
In the eternal snow,  
Where the spirits of the mist shall dance  
While thou liest still below?"

"Or wilt thou be sunk in the sea—  
The blue and swelling sea?  
The birds of the tempest shall whirl above,  
And the seals play merrily."  
He mournfully smiled and whispered low,  
"In the sea, the swelling sea."  
—From the Danish.

## Never Saw a Railroad Train.

"Do you see that long, lank girl with the pink calico dress and blue knit jacket, standing over there?" said a station agent in a country town not far from Pittsburg the other day.

"Pretty tall? Yes, she's about 23, and this is the first time she ever saw a train of cars. Talk about enlightenment; how's that?"

"I know the whole family. They live over here in the country, about seven miles. I went over there to get some butter the other day, and I swear I thought I had been transferred back to colonial times. Bare floors, rafters all bare, home made linen on the table, home made towels, home made dresses on the girls, home made cheese and ham and eggs for dinner; everything home made; even the old gentleman wore a vest of homespun.

"One of the girls, nearly 23, has never seen the cars nearer than a mile, and never was in a city. And yet they are intelligent and contented to live within their gates, utterly oblivious to the great world outside, and eat, work and sleep in the same way that their father and father's father had before them. Great world, isn't it?"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

## How a King Used to Go to Bed.

First, a page took a torch and went to the wardrobe where the bedding was kept. The articles were brought out by the keeper to four yeomen, who made the bed, while the page held the torch at the foot. One of the yeomen searched the straw with his dagger, and when he found there was no evil thing hidden there he laid a bed of down on the straw and threw himself upon it. Then the bed of down was well beaten and a bolster laid in its proper place. Then the sheets were spread in due order, and over these was laid a fustian. Then came a "pane sheet," which we now call a counterpane. Finally the sheets were turned down and some pillows laid on the bolster, after which the yeomen made a cross and kissed the bed where their hands were. And then an angel carved in wood was placed beside the bed, and the curtains let down. After this a gentleman usher brought the king's sword and placed it at the bed's head, and the whole was then delivered into the custody of a groom or page, who watched it with a light burning until the king retired to rest.—Cleveland American Union.

## He Was Not Even the Devil.

The small boy is a terror when he has an inquiring mind. Such a boy strolled into an editor's room the other day, and at once proceeded to down the patient man at the desk.

"Are you on the paper?" asked the boy.

"Yes."

"What do you do?"

"Write for it."

"Write all the time?"

"Yes."

"Don't do anything else?"

"No."

"Just wait for somebody else to do something, and then write about it?"

"Yes."

"Um!" ejaculated the small boy, with a look of deep disgust, as he walked off. The toiler at the desk did not laugh. Never before had he felt so small and mean. He had been made to see himself from a new and original point of view.—Atlanta Constitution.

## Offending an Angel Unwares.

Mabel—Mother, I have broken my engagement with Arthur. No woman could be happy with such a brute.

Mother—Horror! What have you learned?

"Last night I asked him to tuck the cover on my workbox and he hit his finger with the hammer, and, mother, he said—damn."

"I see. He danced around the room and swore a blue streak a yard long, and threw the hammer out the window, and kicked the workbox to pieces, and called you a gibbering idiot, and—"

"Why, no, he didn't; he only said 'damn,' and went on tacking."

"What? Is that all? Oh, you foolish child! You have lost an angel."—Philadelphia Record.

## From an Unhappy Mother.

Among the letters of condolence which Emperor Francis Joseph received on the death of his son was one signed by the "Mother of Oberdan." In 1882 Oberdan was arrested for having a shell in his possession when the emperor visited Trieste. He was tried and condemned to death. His mother sent an appeal to the emperor for his pardon. So did Victor Hugo. His majesty refused the pardon and Oberdan was executed. "Unhappy father!" says the mother in her letter to the emperor. "I regret that on account of the tragic death of your only son you are compelled to feel the same pangs that I, a poor abandoned mother, felt on the morning of Dec. 20, 1882."—Detroit Free Press.

# THE PACIFIC COAST.

## The Faculty of Stanford University Completed.

Traffic on the Oregon Pacific Railroad Assuming Proportions of Great Importance.

The Hall-Fitzsimmons fight at Astoria has been declared off.

The salmon fishing in the Columbia so far this season has proved unsatisfactory.

The United States coast-defense vessel Monterey in course of construction at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, will be launched soon.

James Hart, recently appointed Collector of Customs at Seward Point, Alaska, sailed for that point from San Francisco recently on the schooner Arago.

The deadlock between the Union Pacific and the contractor of its Puget Sound extension has at last been broken. Work will be resumed at an early date.

At the Spokane postoffice H. E. Kiddle, mailing clerk; Oscar Lawton, chief of carriers, and another carrier, whose name is withheld, have been arrested for thefts.

Suit has been instituted at San Diego to set aside and dissolve the incorporation known as the Elsinore Irrigation district on the ground that said district was illegally formed.

The fears of an outbreak of Indians in the vicinity of Blackfoot, Idaho, over the killing of the Indian who murdered the Hulla a few days ago has somewhat subsided, and business is being resumed.

A coroner's jury at Stockton, Cal., has strongly recommended that the Southern Pacific Company be compelled to run trains at the rate of eight miles an hour while within the limits of the city.

John R. Bulger of San Francisco has been appointed assistant inspector of boilers there, and will perform the duties of inspector until some one is designated by the Board to fill the place vacated by the death of L. Hillman.

It is reported that the South Bend Land Company has offered a reward of \$2,000 and Mrs. Rose a reward of \$10,000 for the arrest and identification of the parties in the mob concerned in the shooting of Rose and Edwards at Sealand, Wash.

The Junipero Serra monument, the gift of Mrs. Leland Stanford, is rapidly assuming a beautiful aspect. The statue has been somewhat changed from the original model, the old Mission Father holding an open Bible in the left hand instead of a cross, as was first intended.

The drift sand in the channel at Humboldt Bay is deposited by the tides, and mainly comes from erosion of the north spit or peninsula, but navigation has been so completely obstructed of late that incoming steamers have been unable to reach Eureka except at extreme-high tide. Passengers and mail are landed at South Bay and sent overland.

A Sacramento engineer has been engaged in Long Valley, Nev., for some months past making a survey for a dam and reservoir site, with the object of reclaiming a tract of 40,000 acres of land in the lower end of Honey Lake Valley. The survey is about completed, and it is expected that eighty men will be put to work on the construction of the dam in May.

Rumor is current in San Francisco that the American and California sugar refiners are to combine under the title of the Western Sugar Company, with J. D. Spreckels as President and Robert Oxnard as Vice President, and that Claus Spreckels is about to retire and go to Europe. J. D. Spreckels, when asked about the report, declined to make any statement.

The barkentine J. D. Spreckels left San Francisco about a month ago for Kahului with a general cargo. The Hawaiian customs authorities sent an inspector from Honolulu to search the cargo, and the result was the seizure of 700 pounds of opium. Had it been smuggled ashore the smugglers would have netted \$35,000. The supply of the drug in Honolulu is very small, and as much as \$70 a pound has been paid for small quantities.

Charles Bronson informed a police officer at San Jose, Cal., that he had been appointed to fire the building of a person who wanted the insurance on it. The officer told him to go ahead and do so, so that positive proof could be obtained. Bronson made an arrangement with the owner of the property and fired it, but the work was so well done that adjoining property was destroyed. Bronson was tried for arson, and a jury has just acquitted him.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company it was decided to commence improvements on the property of the company at South San Francisco at once. The stock, abattoir, packing houses and other important buildings will be pushed forward to completion as rapidly as possible. A contract has already been closed with Von Schmidt & Co. for the construction of a ship canal, which will be made of sufficient capacity to accommodate any class of vessels sailing on the Pacific Ocean.

At a recent meeting of the California Board of Horticulture Edward Cooper of Santa Barbara was re-elected President. Reports of Secretary De Long and Quarantine Officer Crow showed that the spread of the peach "yellow" has been checked by prompt action and efforts to check the ravages of the red scale had proved fairly successful, owing to the discovery of the internal parasite. Reference was made to the appropriation of the last Legislature, which included one of \$5,000 to send Agent Koebele to Australia to search for predaceous insects.

Dr. Jordan has completed arrangements for the appointment of the faculty of the Stanford University at Palo Alto, Cal., and has made the following names public: Dr. Andrew White, ex-President of Cornell University, to be non-resident professor of history; F. Stanford Lake, Forest University, associate professor of physics; Horace B. Gale, Washington University, St. Louis, professor of mechanical engineering; Prof. Joseph Swain, Indiana University, associate professor of mathematics; Douglass H. Campbell, Indiana University, associate professor of botany.

# EASTERN ITEMS.

## The Nebraska Legislature Closes in Bacchanal Orgies.

The Public Schools of Council Bluffs, Ia., to be Closed on Account of the Sickness Prevailing.

The Massachusetts Legislature says the car stove must go.

The Scotch-Irish Congress will be held at Louisville, Ky., on May 16 and 17.

Eleven women physicians are on the medical staff of the Philadelphia hospital.

The Philadelphia postoffice turns into the United States treasury about \$8,000 a day.

A lawsuit involving a lottery contract is now before the Kansas City Court of Appeals.

Rich discoveries of gold in the Black Hills, S. D., have attracted considerable attention.

The gold quartz found in the Cherokee Strip is said to be causing excitement in the vicinity.

Of 7,867 Italians who arrived at New York in the month of March over 850 were women.

Drunken orgies of a disgraceful nature characterized the closing scenes of the Nebraska Legislature.

Ex-Minister to England Phelps justifies the action of the New Orleans people in killing the Italians.

It appears now to be ascertained that only two of the eleven Italians killed in New Orleans were Italian subjects.

The Senate of Arkansas has passed a bill to prohibit the giving of a mortgage on crops, either planted or prospective.

The agitation over trolley wires has delayed the completion of the German-town street-railway extension over five months.

A new World's Fair bill was introduced in the Illinois House. It makes an appropriation of \$500,000 instead of \$1,000,000.

The people of Vicksburg, Miss., are endeavoring to persuade James Hill, the newly-appointed postmaster, to resign. Hill is colored.

The Pennsylvania railroad people will hereafter spell Pittsburg without a final "h." The proper spelling of the word has long been in dispute.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker's order has cut the lottery business down one-half. The express companies will be proceeded against next.

Eighty thousand Texas cattle, which have been sold to Chicago packers, cannot be shipped, owing to a recent quarantine order of the government.

The St. Louis Refining Company's property in St. Louis has been sold to the American Refining Company. This brings the St. Louis into the trust.

In the first year of high license in Baltimore, drawing to a close, the law has been effectual in breaking up nearly all of the dives and lower-grade gin mills.

The East German Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, recently in session in Baltimore, voted 41 to 1 against admitting women as delegates to the General Conference.

The bitter war which has been waged by the Union stock yards throughout the West against the American Live-Stock Commission Company for the past month has been settled.

Some members of the New York Presidency are seeking to have Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs, professor of Biblical Theology in the Union Theological Seminary, brought to trial for heresy.

The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce has memorialized Secretary Blaine, requesting him to institute efforts for reciprocal trade relations with Germany and France in behalf of American salted meats.

Lieutenant Charles A. L. Totten, military instructor at Yale University and author of notable publications on the identity of our race with the Hebrew, finds the end of the world will come in March, 1899.

The public schools at Council Bluffs, Ia., will probably be closed on account of sickness prevailing. The complaints mostly are grip and measles, although there are some cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria.

The electric light which shines from the torch of the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor has the power of 8,000 candles, but it fails to supply the desired illumination. The statue itself is mostly in complete darkness.

Judge Wakefield of Lyons county, Ia., has just decided that freight originating and ending in the State, but which passes out of the State in course of transit, is to be considered as governed by the interstate commerce law.

Secretary Noble on April 8 rejected applications to perfect about forty-three entries under the timber and stone acts, made by members of the Kaweah cooperative colony in California, now within the Sequoia National Park reservation, created by the acts of Congress approved September 25 and October 1, 1890.

It appears by the report of an agent of the Treasury Department in Vermont that heavy masses of immigrants are still coming to this country from Europe by way of Canada; that as many as 8,000 of them came last month, and that they are not subjected to the inspection required by the new immigration law, which is now enforced at New York and at our other ports.

Still another attack is made on Henry M. Stanley. This time it comes from Colonel George W. Williams, author of "Colorado Troops in the Rebellion," who has been for some time in the employ of the Congo Free State. In an open letter to King Leopold he attacks the government of the Congo, and says Stanley grossly misrepresented the character of the country. Instead of being fertile and productive it is sterile and unproductive, nor will this condition of affairs change until the natives shall be taught by Europeans the dignity, utility and blessings of labor. Stanley's name, says Williams, produces a shudder among the simple folks. They remember his broken promises, heavy blows and vigorous measures, by which they were molested of their land.

# FOREIGN NEWS.

## Paris Monks Will Endeavor to Stop the Slave Trade.

Lady Dentists in Dresden Become Very Popular for Their Delicacy of Manipulation.

Paris monks will leave for Algeria to fight the slave trade.

The present British Parliament is called a Parliament of scandals.

Italy thinks the conversation and tone of the American press most execrable.

Italy is on the verge of a financial crisis. Heavy failures are causing panics.

Russian peasants will be prohibited by law shortly from selling or mortgaging their lands.

Many Irish tenants are accepting the offers of the landlords and returning to their farms.

Dresden has many practicing lady dentists, whose delicacy of manipulation makes them popular.

The police at Buenos Ayres have closed the Salvation Army halls, claiming that the army was not recognized by the church.

Premier di Rudini does not think the dissolution of the dreibund is probable in view of the prevailing temper in France.

Officials engaged in the revision of the population report the existence of 72,000 pagans in the government of Irkutsk, Siberia.

Count Schonvaloff, the Russian Ambassador in Berlin, reports to the Czar that his post is untenable and begs to be recalled.

Great excitement is reported on the Berlin Bourse, owing to a corner in corn. The members of the ring, it is thought, will be expelled.

The German empire by the last census has 49,500,000 population, Prussia having of these 20,000,000 and the next division, Bavaria, 5,500,000.

General Booth's shelter fund has reached \$550,000, and that large class in Darkest England who have no roofs begin to be encouraged.

The municipal election, which was held at Vienna the other day, resulted in all the Liberal and anti-Semitic candidates being returned.

Victor Drumont has published another anti-Semitic volume, which caused M. Vonoven to challenge him and get wounded at the meeting.

A new Russian 3 per cent. loan of £20,000,000 has been negotiated. The proceeds will be devoted to the purchase and extension of railways.

The London cabmen fear "that it may be necessary to have a cab strike all over England. The feeling is expressed that the cabbies are harshly treated."

The bodies of the British officers who were killed at Manipur were horribly hacked and thrown outside the city walls, where they were devoured by dogs.

A company has been formed in London to purchase and develop the petroleum wells of Manora, extending along the coast of Peru from Talara to Tumbes.

The Welsh tinplaters will close their works for one month from July 1, being forced to restrict the output in consequence of the new American tariff law.

Mary Ann Macdonald, aged 60 years, a spinster, who died three weeks ago in Westminster, had been in the habit for some years of using half a pound of tea a day.

An international Red Cross exhibition is to be held in Leipzig. It will include among other things all appliances for cooking and preparing food for armies in the field.

Captain Boileau, the senior survivor of the Manipur disaster, denies that the British provoked the outbreak by any ill usage. He says the Manipuris fired the first shot.

The North China News says the Chinese write most insulting remarks about foreigners on the backs of notes circulated by foreign bankers which come into their possession.

A number of capitalists in Paris have decided to build an immense theater for the purpose of producing Oberammergau Passion Play next year. The stage is to be large enough for 1,500 people.

The first result of the Miners' Congress at Paris has been a declaration by the Belgian miners in favor of a general strike if the government refuses to assent to a revision of the Constitution.

Before the summer opens, work on the Transiberian railroad will be begun. The total length of the line from Miask to Vladivostok is 4,785 miles. The cost of the road completed is estimated at \$183,825,000.

General Albedyll, commander of the Seventh army corps, who was decorated last week by the Kaiser with the order of the Black Eagle, is about to retire from the army and settle near Potsdam. He entered the army fifty years ago.

A semi-official statement has been made to the effect that the whole question of the disposition of the Guelph fund will be laid before the Landtag at its next session. He is desirous that the interest of the fund should go to the Duke of Cumberland.

American artists in Paris, who for the most part patronize Julian's academy, have a grievance. Only two works by Americans are hung at the salon. It is supposed that the slight is due to the disfavor in which the old salon management hold Julian, who was the principal cause of the recent split.

Europe's population on January 1 was 380,200,000. The population of each of the other continents was estimated to be as follows: Asia, 850,000,000; Africa, 127,000,000; Australia, 4,730,000; North America, 89,250,000; South America, 38,420,000; polar regions, 300,000. The total would then be 1,787,600,000.

The latest calculation of the African possessions of the European great powers is as follows: France, 7,400,000 square kilometers, with 24,000,000 inhabitants; England, including Egypt, 5,000,000 square kilometers, with 32,000,000 inhabitants; Germany, 2,300,000 square kilometers, with 7,800,000 inhabitants; Portugal, 2,200,000 square kilometers, with 10,000,000 inhabitants; Italy, 1,250,000 square kilometers, with 5,100,000 inhabitants.

# PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT—Quote: Nominally \$1.40@1.42 for Walla Walla and \$1.47 for Valley.

Flour—Quote: Standard, \$4.65; Walla Walla, \$4.30 per barrel.

OATS—Quote: 60@62 per bushel.

HAY—Quote: \$16@17 per ton.

MILKSTIFFS—Quote: Bran, \$18@20; Shorts, \$20@23; Ground Barley, \$30@31; Chop Feed, \$25 per ton; Barley, \$1.25@1.30 per cental.

Butter—Quote: Oregon fancy creamery, 50c; made dairy, 30c; fair to good, 20c; common, 20@22 1/2; California, 23@24 c per pound.

CHEESE—Quote: Oregon, 14@15c; California, 14@15c per pound.

EGGS—Quote: Oregon, 18@20c per dozen.

POULTRY—Quote: Chickens, \$6.00@6.50; Ducks, 5@12; Geese, nominal, \$12 per dozen; Turkeys, 14@16c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Quote: Cabbage, \$1.50@1.75 per cental; Cauliflower, \$1.25@1.50 per dozen; Celery, 90c per dozen; Onions, 4 1/2c per pound; Carrots, \$1.00 per sack; Beets, \$1.50 per sack; Turnips, \$1 per sack; Potatoes, 65@75c per cental; Tomatoes, \$2.50 per box; Sweet Potatoes, 4c per pound; Asparagus, 7@8c per pound; Parsnips, \$1 per sack; Lettuce, 20@25c per dozen; Squash, 2 1/2@2 3/4c per pound; Green Peas, 10c per pound; String Beans, 12 1/2c per pound; Rhubarb, \$2.00@2.25 per box.

FRUITS—Quote: Los Angeles Oranges, \$2@2.25; Riverside, \$2.25@2.75; Navels, \$4.50@4.75 per box; Sicily Lemons, \$6@5.50; California, \$4.50 per box; Apples, \$1.00@1.20 per bushel; Bananas, \$3.00@4.00 per bunch; Pineapples, \$5.00@8.00 per dozen.

NUTS—Quote: California Walnuts, 1 1/2c; Hickory, 8 1/2c; Brazil, 18c; Almonds, 16@17c; Filberts, 13@14c; Pine Nuts, 17@18c; Pecans, 17@18c; Coconuts, 8c; Hazel, 8c; Peanuts, 8c per pound.

HOPS—Quote: Nominally, 20@27c per pound.

WOOL—Quote: Willamette Valley, 18@20c; Eastern Oregon, 14@17c per pound.

HIDES—Quote: Dry Hides, selected prime, \$15@16, 9c less for culls; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; Sheep Pelts, short wool, \$3@5; medium, 60@80c; long, 90c@1.25; shearings, 10@20c; Tallow, good to choice, 3@3 1/2c per pound.

COAL—Quote: \$1.95 per cental.

RICE—Quote: \$6.00@6.75 per cental.

HONEY—Quote: 16@18.

CANBERRIES—Quote: Cape Cod, \$11 per 100 lbs.

SALES—Quote: Liverpool, \$16, \$16.50, \$17; stock, \$10.50 per ton in export lots.

COFFEE—Quote: Costa Rica, 22c; Rio, 23c; Mocha, 33c; Java, 25 1/2c; Arabica, roasted, 26 1/2c per pound.

BEANS—Quote: Small Whites, 33c; Pink, 3c; Bava, 4 1/2c; Butter, 4 1/2c; Lima, 4 1/2c per pound.

SUGARS—Quote: Golden C, 5 1/2c; extra C, 5 1/2c; dry granulated, 6 1/2c; cuberashed and powdered, 6 1/2c per pound.

DRIED FRUITS—The market is firm.

Quote: Italian Prunes, 12 1/2c; Petite and German Prunes, 10c per pound; Raisins, \$2.25 per sack; Plummer-dried Peas, 10@11c; sun-dried and factory Peas, 11@12c; evaporated Peaches, 18@20c; Smyrna Figs, 20c; California Figs 9c per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Market steady. Quote: Table fruits, \$2.25, 2 1/2c; Peaches, \$2.5, Bartlett Peaches, \$1.90; Plums, \$1.5; Strawberries, \$2.50; Cherries, \$2.00@2.50; Blackberries, \$2.50; Raspberries, 2.50; Pineapples, \$2.75; Apricots, \$2.00. Fruit: Assorted, \$1.50 per dozen; Peaches, \$1.50; Plums, \$1.25; Blackberries, \$1.00 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, \$1.25@1.50, according to quality; Tomatoes, \$1.10@1.50; Sugar Peas, \$1.00@1.50; String Beans, \$1.10 per dozen. Fish: Salmon, \$1.25@1.50; sardines, 75c@85c; lobsters, \$2@3; oysters, \$1.50@3.75 per dozen. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, 8@10; Crown, 8 1/2; Highland, 8@7.5; Champion, 8 1/2c per can.

NAMES—Base quotations: Iron, \$3.00; Steel, \$3.10; Wire, \$3.90 per keg.

SHOE—Quote: \$1.75 per sack.

THE MEAT MARKET.

Beef—Live, 4c; dressed, 7@8c.

Mutton—Live, 4 1/2@5c; dressed, 7@8c.

Pork—Live, 5 1/2@6c; dressed, 7@8c.

Veal—5@8c per pound.

SMOKED MEATS AND LARD.

Quote: Eastern Hams, 11@12 1/2c; Oregon, 10 1/2@12 1/2c; reared 6@8c; 10 1/2@12 1/2c; other varieties, 9@10 1/2c; Lard, 9@12c per pound.

INNOCENT INGRATITUDE.

A little 2-year-old boy went to the grocery store with his mother. While there the proprietor gave the little fellow an apple.

"What do you say to the gentleman when he gives you an apple?" asked the grateful mother. The little fellow hesitated a moment, then reaching the apple up to the giver, said, "Feed it."—West Shore.

MOST CRUEL.

Mr. Stopelock—Hello, Inswim, I've just seen proofs of my new photographs.

Inswim—Well, well, that's good. Do they flatter you?

"No, I guess not, why?"

"Nothing, only I should sort of—sort of think you'd want them to—that is—"

Mumsey's Weekly.

THE HARMONIES.

Inquiring Child—Mamma, why did they make Gen. Washington's statue of marble and Gen. Lafayette's statue of bronze?

Mamma (after some thought)—I presume Gen. Lafayette was a brunette.—New York Weekly.

OF COURSE.

Commercial Traveler, No. 1—Why are St. Louis girls so sweet?

Ditto, No. 2—Give it up.

No. 1—Because they're "Mo." lasses—so!

—Yeowine's News.

IN ENGLAND.

First—I hear that you're engaged.

Second—Isn't that really? Are you sure?

To whom? Oh, I must go and see mamma about it. (Rushes out).—Life.

No one doubts that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy really cures Catarrh, whether the disease be recent or of long standing, because the makers of it clinch their faith in it with a \$500 guarantee, which isn't a mere newspaper guarantee, but "on call" in a moment.

That moment is when you prove that its makers can't cure you.

The reason for their faith is this:

Dr. Sage's remedy has proved itself the right cure for ninety-nine out of one hundred cases of Catarrh in the Head, and the World's Dispensary Medical Association can afford to take the risk of your being the one hundredth.

The only question is—are you willing to make the test, if the makers are willing to take the risk?

If so, the rest is easy. You pay your druggist 50 cents and the trial begins.

If you're wanting the \$500 you'll get something better—a cure!

STEEN FACTS ARE EVER CONVINCING.

CARDONADO, Pierce Co., Wash., March 6, 1891.

Dr. Jordan—DEAR SIR: Please look over your records for my name, Benjamin Edwards, and send me the same kind of medicine that I used for the lump which was in my side. I remember that one of them was T.T. and I think the other was M. You have cured the lump, for which I am very thankful, and you can publish my name if you think it will be of any advantage to you. I want the medicines now to send back to my daughter in the State of Indiana, who has a lump in her side similar to the one I had, as near as I can judge by the letters that we receive from her. One doctor says it is a tumor, and another says it is caused from the spleen. Please send the medicines at once, for which I enclosed find money order. Yours respectfully, BENJAMIN EDWARDS.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 24, 1891.

Dr. J. Eugene Jordan: I am another one who can testify to the wonderful cures made by your Histogenetic Medicines. After taking treatment from several different physicians in the East for ten years, and receiving but little benefit, I gave up all hope of being any better. After coming West I heard of the Histogenetic system, and gave it a trial. I was restored to health, and hope many others may be benefited as I have been. Any one wishing to know more than the above statement can find me on Eaton street, between McClair and Wilfred. ELLA HULLSTON.

FRANKLIN, Wash., April 2, 1891.

Dr. Jordan—DEAR SIR: You have done my brother such wonderful good that I wish you would please send one of your books explaining the Histogenetic system to the enclosed address, marking scrupulously troubles. Very respectfully, TAYLOR ARMANTROUT.

DR. JORDAN'S office is at the residence of ex-Mayor Josiah, Third and James. Consultation and prescriptions absolutely FREE.

Send for free book explaining the Histogenetic system.

CAUTION.—The Histogenetic Medicines are sold, but one agency in each town. The label around the bottle bears the following inscription: "Dr. J. Eugene Jordan's Histogenetic Medicine." Every other device is a fraud.

It is the men who pay compliments; the women pay for them.

EVER since 1864 there have