The Oregon Scout.

B. CHANCEY, Publisher, Union, Or.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

A Chinese Exclusion Bill Before the California Legislature.

The Contract Let for the Building of the Soldiers' Home at Orting—Other Coast News.

San Diego is talking about building a railroad to Yuma.

New Mexico is to establish an insane asylum at Las Vegas.

The capital stock of the Spokane Street Railway Company has been increased from $50,000 to $500,000.

The North Yakima City Council has sold $30,000 worth of city bonds to a firm of Chicago bankers for $27,000.

The Puyallup opera house, costing $10,000, has been completed and turned over to the owners by the contractors.

Tacoma acknowledges that it has a very corrupt police, and it is striving for a renovation of the police department.

The County Court of Baker county, Or., has discovered about 200,000 acres of land that escaped taxation because the deeds were not recorded.

The Seattle Board of Aldermen has defeated the proposition of the Board of Delegates to increase the liquor-license fee from $600 to $1,000 a year.

By arrangement completed a few days ago the San Francisco steamers will not call at Victoria, B. C., except when special freight is awaiting shipment.

A decision against M. Harris, a merchant of Garson, Nev., who tried to avoid paying his debts, is expected to have a beneficial effect throughout the State.

The contract has been let for the construction of the Soldiers' Home at Orting, Wash., and work will begin on it as soon as possible and be pushed to completion.

Hundreds of houses are going up on the government reservation near Port Angeles, Wash., in anticipation of Congress passing a lawing giving squatters prior rights.

The Seattle City Council has decided to discard the use of the name Whitechapel in that city. Police officers are not allowed to use the word, and newspapers are asked to discard it also.

The heirs of persons killed and whose property was swept away by the Walnut Grove dam disaster near Phœnix, A. T., sued the reservoir company for damages, but the company secured the verdict.

A Salem capitalist has a scheme to build a wooden railroad from that city to the timber, about twenty-five miles distant. He thinks a suitable road to bring logs to the city can be constructed for about $60,000.

The Los Angeles Council has ordered that the new City Hall be overhauled and put in a safe condition. The *Express* says: San Francisco is not the only place that has a white, raw-boned elephant on its hands.

Bradstreet's mercantile agency reports twenty-five failures in Pacific Coast States and Territories for the past week, as compared with twenty-six for the previous week and nineteen for the corresponding week of 1890.

The rains in the South and in Arizona are very heavy, and the streams are getting in a dangerous condition. In Arizona the suspension bridge at Clifton has been swept away, and people living near the river are fleeing.

A compromise has been effected between the San Diego Land and Town Company and George Neale, by which the company is enabled to take possession of all the Sweetwater reservoir and thereby avoid any future waste of water.

A number of squatters on unsurveyed lands on the Upper Skykomish, who located upon what has since been ascertained to be school and railroad indemnity lands, have abandoned their claims, thinking that they would be unable to obtain title to them.

The following is the population of Arizona by counties as officially published by the census department: Apache, 4,231; Cochise, 6,938; Gila, 2,021; Graham, 5,670; Maricopa, 10,986; Mojave, 1,444; Pima, 12,673; Pinal, 4,257; Yavapai, 8,685; Yuma, 2,671. Total for the Territory, 59,620.

Dan Remmerly, who was convicted of the murder of Matt Faighl in Yolo county, Cal., nearly two years ago, and who was sentenced to seventeen years in the State prison, has been admitted to bail in the sum of $25,000, pending an appeal, by Judge Buehler of Solano county. The people of Woodland are dissatisfied with the action of the Judge.

The Tacoma and Roche Harbor Lime Company of San Juan county, Wash., are shipping large quantities of lime to San Francisco and Hawaiian Islands. Heretofore the lime has been taken to Seattle and Tacoma for transshipment, but arrangements have now been made for steamers to come direct from San Francisco and load at Roche Harbor.

A bill has been introduced in both Houses of the Legislature to exclude Chinese from California and compel those who remain to register, so that it may be known what becomes of them. The bill is said to have sanction of the Federal officials at Washington, and has been passed upon as constitutional by the Attorney-General of the State. The bill will come up within a few days for action by the Legislature.

The long-pending litigation between the Bellingham Bay and Nooksack boom companies has been settled. All suits pro and con. pending in the Superior Court of Whatcom county and the Supreme Court of the State of Washington have been withdrawn, and the entire stock and franchise of the Nooksack boom company has passed to the ownership of the individual stockholders of the Bellingham Bay boom company.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Chicago's Mayor Points Out a Law to President Gage.

New York City Troubled With Highway Robbers—St. Louis Capitalists Oppose Free Coinage.

Illinois railway employes will organize against Granger legislation.

Real estate nine miles from the center of Chicago sells for $4,000 an acre.

Highway robbery is quite common in frequented streets of New York of late.

Minneapolis has received 2,000,000 bushels of wheat from Washington this year.

The deposits in the savings bank of the Dominion declined $3,200,000 last year.

The Alabama State Senate has appropriated $30,000 to represent Alabama at the World's Fair.

Out of forty-three roads reporting January earnings thirty-eight show substantial gains over last year.

It is stated that the Vanderbilts have given $5,000,000 for iron mines in the Marquette (Mich.) region.

The Chamber of Commerce of Atlanta, Ga., has unanimously indorsed Secretary Blaine's reciprocity with Brazil.

The Texas Senate has under consideration a bill to teach history in the schools from the Confederate standpoint.

Generals Meade and Hancock will have monuments on the Gettysburg battle field, to be erected by the State.

Merchants and other business men of St. Louis, representing $100,000,000 capital, have protested against free coinage.

The appeal of Cardinal Gibbons for funds to relieve distress in the famine-stricken district of Ireland has brought to him $5,000.

Albuquerque, N. M., has a large surplus of unmarried young men, and an influx of New England girls would be gladly welcomed.

During the month of January the poll tax on Chinese arriving at Victoria, B. C., was $3,817, an increase of $801 over January last year.

Buffalo is threatened with a water famine because "porridge" ice in the Niagara river has nearly stopped the water-works pumps.

All the saloons in Bismarck, N. D., are closed on an account of an original-package decision by the State Supreme Court, and not a drink of liquor is said to be obtainable.

Chicago will soon have the largest 10-cent lodging-house in the world. The building will be seven stories high, will cost $85,000 and be heated by steam and lighted by electricity.

The revised estimates show that the deficiency for the pension office is $28,678,332. The estimate first presented to Congress was for $40,000,000. The present estimate is a reduction of $5,321,668.

Bowdoin College will send a scientific and collecting expedition to Labrador and Iceland next summer. It will be in charge of Prof. L. A. Lee, and about fifteen students will make up the party.

The Georgia Legislature is considering a bill to punish doctors and druggists who become drunk. For first conviction a fine of $200 is proposed, and for the second the license to practice is revoked.

It is reported to the Land Department at Washington that some of the timber lands in the Coast States are being invaded by lumbermen, and the department has decided to investigate the matter.

An Alliance Representative has introduced a bill in the Kansas House which provides that any person who will file a petition in the District Court stating that he or she is of good moral character shall be permitted to practice law.

There is a strong belief that Brazil will not ratify the agreement that Blaine has made with representatives of that country. English commercial representatives in Brazil are doing their utmost to prevent the agreement holding good.

The Connecticut Railroad Commissioners pronounce the grade-crossing law in that State a virtual failure. At the close of the last year there were 1,193 grade crossings in the State, and of these only twenty-nine were abolished during the year.

The South Dakota House has passed the Senate bill for a fence law to the effect that stock may range in all unorganized counties. It also passed a bill that no counties are to be organized in the future until a majority of voters decide otherwise.

The will of the late J. N. McCullough, Vice-President of the Pennsylvania, has been filed for probate. The estate is valued from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000. The will gives his wife and daughter each one-fourth of the estate, the remainder being left in trust.

The following nominations have been made by the President: Major John A. Wilcox of the Eighth Cavalry, to be a Lieutenant-Colonel; Captain Camillo C. Carr of the First Cavalry, to be a Major; First Lieutenant George S. Hoyle of the First Cavalry, to be a Captain.

It is understood the Senate Finance Committee's adverse report on Stanford's land bill was prepared by Morrill, the venerable Chairman of the committee, who is upward of 80 years of age, but who retains his mental vigor to a surprising degree. His report is regarded by the Senators as an extremely able production.

Mayor Creiger of Chicago in his reply to a letter from President Gage of the World's Fair asking for police protection for the men at work at Jackson Park makes the following point among others while declining to comply with the request: If the report is true that the Italians employed are aliens, they are not entitled to protection, as under an act passed by the State Legislature in 1889 it is made unlawful for any board, commission, officer or contractor, acting for or under any municipality, to employ aliens.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Emperor William Said to be Becoming More Cranky.

King Humbert to Arbitrate Between the United States and England on the Behring Sea Controversy.

Photographing in colors is the latest French invention.

The Paris Exhibition cleared over 9,000,000 francs net.

French railroads have reduced passenger and freight rates.

The Russian wheat crop is now estimated at 195,000,000 bushels.

Germany is said to contemplate the sale of Damaraland to Great Britain.

The bullion in the Bank of England decreased $8,000,000 week before last.

Medical men in Berlin have finally dubbed the Koch lymph "tuberculine."

Uruguay has reduced her standing army to one-fourth its former strength.

It is proposed to renew the charter of the Bank of France for twenty-three years.

Berlin is now almost empty of the foreign doctors who arrived in the early days of the Koch cure.

Distress is apparently widespread in Hamburg, and a relief committee is distributing 18,950 meals daily.

Gold veins rich enough to be worked at a profit by a new process have been discovered in the French Alps.

Queen Victoria will probably go for Easter to Hamburg, where Empress Frederick is to pass the spring.

Lord Salisbury's reply to Blaine's dispatch on the Behring Sea question has been forwarded to Washington.

Four-fifth of the German West Africa Company's territory has been acquired by the Anglo-German Company.

The South Australian wheat returns shows that 12,600,000 bushels were reaped and that 9,000,000 are available for export.

The development of smokeless coal mines in Tonquin shows much larger deposits than were at first believed to be possible.

The population of Tokio, the capital of Japan, is rapidly increasing, while that of other cities and towns in the empire is decreasing.

Terrible storms are reported on the coast of Greece. Several shipping disasters have been heard of, with loss of twenty or more lives.

In Great Britain during 1890, it is computed, the consumption of tea for each person averaged 5.08 pounds, "exceeding that of any previous year."

Emperor William's vagaries have become more and more marked, and his abrupt restlessness, excesses of irritability and uncertain moods occasion much solicitation.

The Sultan of Turkey has approved the project of the British embassy for providing homes for freed negroes, and will assist in the abolition of the Turkish slave trade.

The *Videmosti* of Moscow regards with apprehension the steady increase of the Roumanian army and navy. That little kingdom spent last year 47,000,000 francs on its military force.

The Berlin *Political Correspondence* publishes a rumor that the English and United States governments have agreed to submit the Behring Sea question to the arbitration of King Humbert of Italy.

Though every effort has been made to conceal the fact, it is now stated that O'Brien and Dillon are divided on the question of Parnell's position. O'Brien is in Parnell's favor, while Dillon is opposed to him.

Among the many world's fairs proposed for this year is a world's labor exhibition to be held in London. It is planned that at this exhibition operatives of every denomination might be seen actually at work.

The vegetarian fad seems to be spreading. A foreign note says the London Vegetarian Society reports a membership of 541, but the movement is said to have spread throughout England, Continental Europe and the colonies.

The London *World* says a battle between homeopathy and allopathy has raged over the sick bed of Princess Henrietta of Flanders similar to that which occurred at Disraeli's last illness. An eminent homeopathist was called in consultation, but the eminent orthodox doctors refused to meet him. A young military doctor was, therefore, summoned from the country.

A company has been formed in Tiflis and Odessa to exploit the vast fields of natural cement of "New Russia" (West Siberia). That cement is of a quality which neither Western Europe or America can supply. It requires no artificial preparation but burning in a furnace. The new company is building shops in Novorossiysk, Anapa and other points, where the cement will be gathered for exportation.

The Imperial Cabinet has resolved to put the armies of all the vassal provinces of Central Asia under the command of Russian officers and sub-officers. The Russian military drill is used at present in the armies of the Afghan, Persian, Tartar and other provinces, and under the command of Russian officers they will form a strong opposition against the military forces of Bokhara, China and other Asiatic powers.

The lace factories of Kursk and Orlov are receiving more orders from France than they can fill. At the late exhibition in Paris the Russian lace was bought with avidity by the French ladies. Since then that lace has become fashionable throughout France.

Two physicians of Havana are successfully inoculating new arrivals in Cuba against yellow fever through mosquit es that have contaminated themselves by stinging yellow-fever patients. Fifty-two cases of mosquito inoculation have been followed up. Of them only about 5 per cent subsequently contracted the disease, with a mortality of less than 2 per cent.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Flour, millstuffs, oats and hay are plentiful, while the demand is fair Potatoes are very plentiful, and some are now being shipped to San Francisco. Other vegetables are in fair supply. Onions have advanced. Fruits are in good supply. Poultry is in fair supply. Receipts of Oregon eggs are liberal, while the demand is very good locally and from outside points, which keep prices steady. Butter and cheese are still scarce. Oregon cheese has advanced. Hops and hides are weak and dull, while the demand is slow. Wool is firm. In the merchandise markets dried fruits are in fair supply, while other commodities are in good supply and demand. Meats are in good supply.

WHEAT—Local trading is of fair proportions at steady prices. Quote: Valley, $1.25@1.27½; Walla Walla, $1.15@1.17½.

FLOUR—Quote: Standard, $3.80; Walla Walla, $3.70 per barrel.

OATS—Quote: 60@61c per bushel.

MILLSTUFFS — Quote: Bran, $20@21; Shorts, $21@22; Ground Barley, $30@32.50. Chop Feed, $25 per ton; Barley, $1.25@1.30 per cental.

HAY—Quote: $16@17 per ton.

VEGETABLES—Quote: Cabbage, $1.50@1.75 per cental; Cauliflower, $1@1 25 per dozen; Celery, 90c per dozen; Onions, 3@3½c per pound; Carrots, $1.00 per sack; Beets, $1.50 per sack; Turnips, $1 per sack; Potatoes, 75@80c per cental.

FRUITS—Quote: Los Angeles Oranges, $2@2.25; Riverside, $2.75@3.00; Navels, $4.50 per box; Sicily Lemons, $5.50@6.00 per case; Pears, 1½c per pound; Apples, 90c@$1.25 per box; Bananas, $3@4 per bunch.

NUTS — Quote: California Walnuts, 11½c; Hickory, 8½c; Brazils, 22c; Almonds, 16@17c; Filberts, 13@14c; Pine Nuts, 17@18c; Pecans, 17@18c; Cocoanuts, 8c per pound.

BUTTER—Quote: Oregon fancy creamery, 40@42½c; fancy dairy, 37½c; fair to good, 27½@30c; common, 20@25c; choice California, 37½@39c per pound.

CHEESE—Quote: Oregon, 14@15c; California, 15@16c per pound.

EGGS—Quote: Oregon, 25c per dozen.

POULTRY — Quote: Chickens, $5.00@5.50; Ducks, $9@10; Geese, $9@10 per dozen; Turkeys, 14@15c per pound.

HOPS—Quote: Nominally, 28c per pound.

WOOL—Quote: Willamette Valley, 16@20c; Walla Walla, 14@17c per pound.

HIDES—Quote: Dry Hides, selected prime, 8@8½c, ½c less for culls; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; Sheep Pelts, short wool, 30@50c; medium, 60@80c; long, 90c@$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; Tallow, good to choice, 3@3½c per pound.

The Merchandise Market.

COAL OIL—Quote: $2 20 per case.

RICE—Quote: $5.50@5.75 per cental.

PICKLES—Quote: $1.50 bs; $1.35 3-.

CRANBERRIES—Quote: Cape Cod, $11 per barrel.

SALT—Quote: Liverpool, $17, $18, $19; stock, $11@12 per ton in carload lots.

COFFEE—Quote: Costa Rica, 22½c; Rio, 25½c; Arbuckle's, roasted, 26¼c per pound.

BEANS—The market is firm. Quote: Small Whites, 3¾c; Pink, 3c; Bayos, 4¾c; Butter, 3½c; Limas, 4½c per pound.

SUGARS—Quote: Golden C, 4¾c; extra C, 5c; dry granulated, 6⅛c; cube crushed and powdered, 6⅜c per pound.

DRIED FRUITS—The market is firm. Quote: Italian Prunes, 12½c; Petite and German Prunes, 10c per pound; Raisins, $2.50 per box; Plummer-dried Pears, 10@11c; sun-dried and factory Plums, 11@12c; evaporated Peaches 18@20c; Smyrna Figs, 20c; California Figs, 9c per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Market steady. Quote: Table fruits, $2.00, 2⅛s; Peaches, $2.50; Bartlett Pears, $2.25; Plums, $1.65; Strawberries, $2.50; Cherries, $2@2.50; Blackberries, $2; Raspberries, $2.55; Pineapples, $2.75; Apricots, $2 00. Pie fruit: Assorted, $1.50 per dozen; Peaches, $1.50; Plums, $1.25; Blackberries, $1.65 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, $1.25@1.50, according to quality; Tomatoes, $1.15@3.50; Sugar Peas, $1.40@1.60; String Beans, $1.10 per dozen. Fish: Salmon, $1.25@1.50; sardines, 80c@$1.60; lobsters, $2@3; oysters, $1.50@3.25 per dozen. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, $8.25; Crown, $7; Highland, $6.75; Champion, $6 per case.

HONEY — Quote: One-pound frames, 17c.

NAILS—Base quotations: Iron, $3.00; Steel, $3.10; Wire, $3.90 per keg.

SHOT—Quote: $1.75 per sack.

The Meat Market.

The market is steady.

Beef—Live, 3½@4c; dressed, 7c.
Mutton—Live, 4¼@4½c; dressed, 8c.
Hogs—Live, 4½@4¾c; dressed, 6c.
Veal—5@8c per pound.

SMOKED MEATS AND LARD.

Quote: Hams, 10c; Breakfast Bacon 9@11c; Sides, 9@10c; Lard, 9¾c per pound.

Bismarck is said to have sent a large quantisy of his papers to England for safekeeping against any possible swoop upon them by the German government.

A law is before the French Chambers to levy a tax of 7 per cent. on the gross receipts of betting establishments at race courses. Four per cent. goes to racing societies, 2 per cent. to the poor and 1 per cent. to the encouragement of horse breeding in France. Bookmaking is not tolerated.

An eminently practical German scientist is said to have applied a mild current of electricity to a swarm of bees, quickly causing them to fall to the ground in a stupefied condition. The bees could be safely handled while in this condition, and if the electrical current was not too strong no injury was done them.

Prince Reuss, Ambassador of the German Emperor in Vienna, is spoken of as a probable successor of Prince Hohenlohe in the Governorship of Alsace-Lorraine. The Prince is related to the Emperor, his wife being a daughter of the reigning Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, who is the German Emperor's grand uncle.

The Syndicate or Association of the French Press has started a charity for the support of the victims in France of the severe winter weather lately experienced there. The subscription reached the amount of $60,000 during the first three days. Among the subscribers are the Baroness L. Nathaniel de Rothschild for $2,000; the Lazard Bros., who have banking branch offices in San Francisco and New York, for $800, and Baron Hirsch for $10,000. Besides this the Baron has given another $10,000 to the Administration of Public Assistance in Paris.

A Detective's Dilemma.

Cornelius Price, the Tacoma detective, whose work among the opium smugglers of Puget sound is well known, can stand on Market street in the rain longer, and tell longer, more probable and more interesting stories than any man in San Francisco.

"Did you ever hear that I had served my time in the chain gang?" he inquired of Detective Handley one day last week. "No? Well, I'll give it to you so that you will get it straight. It was when these men were running in so much of their opium all around the sound that I finally located some of the workers at a little landing about twenty miles from Tacoma, where there are about a dozen houses. My wife was there at the time visiting friends, but I did not have time to apprise her of my coming. I made myself up as the seediest kind of a tramp, and footed it into this little place just at dusk, and nearly the first person I met was my wife. I forgot about my disguise and the effect it might have upon her; so I braced up, and, taking her by the arm, said, 'Hello, my dear!'

"When she gave a jump and screamed I thought I had simply startled her by speaking suddenly when she wasn't expecting it, so I started to take her arm again, and bless me if she didn't go up the street screaming at every step. About that time the constable grabbed me for insulting ladies on the street, but when my wife declined to appear and prosecute they put an additional charge of vagrancy against me and locked me up in a little 'calaboose.' Next day I was found guilty and sentenced to eight days in the chain gang with no alternative, and I didn't dare let the officials know who I was, because I had reason to believe they were concerned in the smuggling operations. I sweated it out breaking rock on the road. But I got even. The justice of the peace and constable are pegging shoes in the territorial prison now for smuggling."—San Francisco Examiner.

"A Man" in Capsule.

The problem of being able to "see a man" during the play without being obliged to walk on the toes of half a dozen gentlemen, and, perchance, on the dresses of several ladies, has been solved. Those to whom the drink in the entr'act is an essential part of their enjoyment of a performance can now, without leaving their seats, indulge in their libations. A clever Boston chemist has struck on the idea of having whisky handy and other strong liquors put up in gelatine capsules like those used in administering nauseous medicines, only considerably larger. The capsules are colored so as to resemble large hot house grapes. They are easily broken in the mouth and the contents swallowed without attracting attention. The capsules are sold in boxes containing a dozen each. The box is of convenient size for the pocket, and the quantity of liquor contained in the capsules sufficient to make the ordinary man feel comfortably happy by the time the curtain falls on the last act.

The idea is not altogether an original one. About two years ago similar capsules were sold in all the leading drug stores in this city, but instead of being gelatine the capsule was of very thin rubber. It was soon found that the rubber conveyed the reverse of a pleasant taste to the liquors, and they rapidly went out of fashion. The new gelatine capsule imparts no flavor whatever to the liquor, and it promises soon to become a boon to the gentleman seated in the middle of a row of orchestra chairs, and to earn for its inventor the gratitude of the ladies, whose plaints over their ruined dresses and crushed hats lately filled so many columns in the papers.—New York Graphic.

Novel Defense and Verdict.

An Alabama man, charged with stealing a calf, made the following statement: "I was always teached to be honest, an' most always have been, but when I seed that calf I caved. I never wanted a calf as bad in all my life, an' you all know that when a man wants a calf he wants him." The jury returned the following verdict: "We, this jury, air satisfied that Steve stole that calf, but, as the feller that owned the animal is considerable of a slouch, we agree to clear Steve an' make the owner pay the costs."—San Francisco Argonaut.

It is estimated that a man walks half a mile in putting on a stiff collar.

The people at the World's Dispensary of Buffalo, N. Y., have a stock-taking time once a year and what do you think they do? Count the number of bottles that've been returned by the men and women who say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription didn't do what they said it would do.

And how many do you think they have to count. One in ten? *Not one in five hundred!*

Here are two remedies—one the Golden Medical Discovery, for regulating and invigorating the liver and purifying the blood; the other, the hope of weakly womanhood, and they've been sold for years, sold by the million bottles; sold under a *positive guarantee*, and not one in five hundred can say:

"It was not the medicine for me!"

And—is there any reason why you should be the one? And—supposing you are what do you lose? *Absolutely nothing!*

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St. New York

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars' Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TRY GERMEA for breakfast.

"German Syrup"

A Cough and Croup Medicine. For children a medicine should be absolutely reliable. A mother must be able to pin her faith to it as to her Bible. It must contain nothing violent, uncertain, or dangerous. It must be standard in material and manufacture. It must be plain and simple to administer; easy and pleasant to take. The child must like it. It must be prompt in action, giving immediate relief, as childrens' troubles come quick, grow fast, and end fatally or otherwise in a very short time. It must not only relieve quick but bring them around quick, as children chafe and fret and spoil their constitutions under long confinement. It must do its work in moderate doses. A large quantity of medicine in a child is not desirable. It must not interfere with the child's spirits, appetite or general health. These things suit old as well as young folks, and make Boschee's German Syrup the favorite family medicine. ®

ELECTRICITY CURES A CANCER

After All Other Means Had Failed.

Last week Mr. George F. Wilkie of Wichita, Kan., came to Peoria—a distance of 700 miles—to have Dr. Toel remove a cancer from his nose. He had had it removed several times by means of plasters, but it had returned every time, so he finally concluded to consult Dr. Toel. The operation was performed by means of electricity in a few minutes without the loss of a drop of blood, and the wound is now healed, so that Mr. Wilkie will return to his home in Kansas next week.—*National Democrat.*

Dr. Toel is now located in Portland. The cancer, with hundreds of other cancers and tumors successfully removed by him, can be seen in his office. Dr. Toel has studied four years at the Universities and large Hospitals of Germany, Switzerland and England, and is the only surgeon in the Northwest who operates by electricity without loss of blood.

DOCTOR TOEL

Makes a specialty of Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Neck, Skin, Urinary Organs, Female Diseases and all Surgical Operations, as for Fistula, Piles, Stricture, Cancer, Polypus and all other Tumors and Ulcers. Operations performed by means of electricity without loss of blood. Office—No. 70½ Washington street, corner Fourth, rooms 3, 4 and 5 Washington building, Portland, Or.

THE NEW WEBSTER

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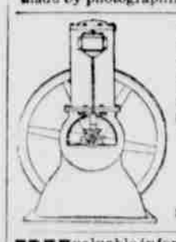
$300,000 expended before first copy was printed.
Critical examination invited. Get the Best.
Sold by all Booksellers. Illustrated pamphlet free.
G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

Caution!—There have recently been issued several cheap reprints of the 1847 edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, an edition long since superannuated. These books are given various names,—"Webster's Unabridged," "The Great Webster's Dictionary," "Webster's Big Dictionary," "Webster's Encyclopedic Dictionary," etc., etc.

Many announcements concerning them are very misleading, as the body of each, from A to Z, is 44 years old, and printed from cheap plates made by photographing the old pages.



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Always ready. No Boiler. No Fire. No Smoke. No Steam. No Ashes. No Engineer. No Danger.

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