THE ORCHARD PESTS.

Bulletin number two, of the State Board of Horticulture, is at hand. The following extracts are taken from it:

The cordial reception given by fruit growers in all parts of the state, to bulletin number one, issued by this board, is most gratifying and encouraging to us, as evincing an earnest desire on the part of the fruit growers to join hands with us in ridding our orchards of the obnoxious pests that have already secured a foothold. We are confident that the man who will not make use of every means possible to rid his orchard of the pests (if any there be) that infest it, is the exception. It has been suggested to this board that the first work necessary to be done by them would be to spray the orchards of Oregon with a liberal amount of Washington territory dew (do) for the removal of moss. This suggestion, coming as it does from Oregon's oldest child, is kindly received, but we trust it will be quite unnecessary, except in some cases where the moss has penetrated the skin and taken root in the back bone.

CODLIN MOTH AND LONDON PURPLE.

In bulletin number one we placed the amount of London Purple, to be used in spray for Codlin moth, at one pound for one hundred and fifty gallons of water. Some have reported that this amount burned the foliage. This probably arises from the difference in the strength of London Purple, and we recommend that care be exercised, and that tests be made before using, so that it shall not be too strong. It is better to strain the liquid before using, thereby removing the sediment that is in the London Purple.

GREEN AND BLACK APHIS.

In addition to the remedies for the destruction of the Green and Black Aphis, given in bulletin number one, the following are added, as it appears that what does the work effectually in one place, from some cause does not work so well in another. The following resin solution was originally recommended by Prof. C. V. Riley:

Four pounds of resin; three pounds of sal soda; water to make thirty-six pints. Dissolve the sal soda in a few pints of water. When thoroughly dissolved, add the resin. Heat until dissolved, and add water finally. For Aphis use one and one-half pints of solution to the gallon of water. Use at a temperature of one hundred degrees Fahrenheit.

The following formula comes to us from the department of agriculture, Washington:

Take two pounds of common or whale oil soap; one gallon water. Heat this solution and add it boiling hot to two gallons kerosene oil; churn this mixture by means of a force pump for ten minutes. The emulsion, if perfect, forms a cream, which thickens on cooling and should adhere with oiliness to the surface of glass. Dilute before using, one part of the emulsion to nine parts of cold water.

The following is sent from Southern Oregon, with the assertion that it will kill the last aphis on your trees:

Take five pounds of leaf tobacco and boil it from two to three hours in twenty gallons of water. Take one gallon of common soft soap and boil in ten gallons of water until thoroughly mixed; add the two together and strain. Apply by spraying or syringe.

And still another comes to us:

One ounce borax; one ounce whale oil in one gallon of water. Dissolve in hot water and apply cold.

There is no question but that the free use of concentrated lye, one pound dissolved in five gallons of water, applied to the trees by means of a spray or wash, during the wintrr before the buds start, will destroy ths larger proportion—if not all—of the eggs of the aphis that have been deposited upon the tree the autumn previous.

WOOLLY APHIS.

This is without question one of the most dangrous enemies to which the apple tree is subjected. That it has secured a strong foothold in the larger portion of the orchards in Western Oregon, and is putting in an appearance east of the Cascades, is to be regretted. So far as we can learn but little, if any, effort has been made to exterminate it from any of the orchards infested. This, we think is due to the fact that but few know what it is and the dangers its presence brings to the orchard.

The Woolly Aphis is a small insect covered with a white woolly substance, hence its name. Its color is a reddish brown, and when crushed it yields a red juice. They infest the apple trees in particular, both roots and branches. They live upon the sap of the bark and produce small warts or granulations upon it. They increase with astonish- rapidity, and the wind carries them from one tree to another by the light down in which they are enwrapped, and thus they spread quickly from one orchard to another. Not a moment should be lost in destroying the first one that puts in an appearance. The following remedy is taken from the secretary's report, California State Board of Horticulture.

Four pounds of resin, three pounds of sal soda, water to make four and one-half gallons; dissolve the sal soda in a few pints of water; when thoroughly dissolved add the resin; heat until dissolved and add water finally. Use one and one-half pints of this solution to the gallon of water. Use at a temperature of 100° Fahrenheit.

The application of any of the remedies for the destruction of the green aphis are also recommended as being good. It is thought by this board that owing to the dampness of the climate in the Willamette valley that the Woolly Aphis will not infest the roots to any great extent, and that a shovelful or so of fresh ashes placed around the base of the tree will destroy those that may have commenced operations below the surface and prevent others from doing so. In the dryer climates of Southern Oregon and east of the mountains it doubtless will be found that they will do their most destructive work out of sight at the roots. When this is known to be the case, the application of fresh gas lime has proved to be a lasting destroyer of the insect, and also a valuable fertilizer for the tree—a couple of shovelfuls for each tree, spreading it over the surface around the tree to cover about six feet in diameter. If the soil is deep and well drained a much larger quantity may be safely used. Care should be taken not to put it around the body of the tree as the solution of gas water formed by the rains might scald the bark. It might be well also to use in connection with the gas lime a shovelful of fresh ashes around the base of the tree. This will prevent possible migration of the aphis from the roots to the upper branches.

THE APPLE TREE CATERPILLAR.

There are several varieties of these insects so like in appearance and unlike in habits that much confusion is occasioned in trying to distinguish between them. These caterpillars are seldom abundant for many years in succession, for in times of great plenty their natural enemies multiply with remarkable rapidity. Several parasites destroy them and some of the insect-feeding birds devour them greedily and with evident relish.

Following are some remedies:

The egg-clusters should be sought for and destroyed during the winter months. When the caterpillars have become half grown the trees should be frequently inspected early in the morning and the congregated masses destroyed by trickling a little kerosene oil over them. Trees can be thoroughly cleaned of them by the use of the London Purple spray as used for the destruction of the Codlin moth, or three spoonfuls of Oregarth's Insecticide dissolved in a pailful of water, and the trees sprayed with this solution. During the day they are so constantly on the move that a tree thoroughly cleansed of them in the morning may be crowded again before night, so, to avoid this, fasten strips of cotton batting four inches wide, about the trunk of the tree, by means of a string tied tight in the middle.

We desire to emphasize the fact that one hour spent in the orchard destroying the eggs or the young caterpillars when first hatched, will accomplish more than one day when they are large enough to scatter from the nest. The successful orchardist is he who watches every tree for the first appearance of every insect that will be injurious to it.

The board desires to secure the name of every person in Oregon who has an orchard, that the bulletins issued, and other matter of interest to fruit growers, may be sent them. To this end they request all to send name and post-office address to the secretary.

J. R. CARDWELL, President.
ETHAN W. ALLEN, Secretary.

An Interesting Relic.

Among the most interesting relics of the Johnstown flood is a small gold locket found in the ruins of a hotel. The locket contains a small coil of dark brown hair, and has engraven on the inside the following lines: "Lock of George Washington's hair, cut in Philadelphia while on his way to Yorktown, 1781." The locket was the property of a woman named Renford, who was lost in the flood. It was presented to her by an old lady in Philadelphia whose mother had herself cut the hair from the head of the Father of His Country.

WASHINGTON.

An Interesting Letter From Our Regular Correspondent.

No man in Washington has enjoyed during the last decade a wider local celebrity than Frank K. Ward, the dairyman, who now languishes in jail charged with murder. Fourteen years ago Ward drove a wagon attached to the signal service, and on his rounds became enamored of the milk business. The capital required to buy one outfit was small and it was only the question of a little adroit financing to secure it. The merry milkman was only in business a few months when the several-millionaire philanthropist, W. W. Corcoran, noticed his attentive business energy and encouraged him to put forth stronger efforts. It was the reconstruction period in the history of Washington business. Old houses were vanishing and new ones coming to the front.

No one was then surprised when Frank K. Ward bought two more wagons and established himself in headquarters. The Corcoran money had again been taxed to assist a worthy man. For the next three or four years the growth was phenomenal. Ward was not even contented to allow his headquarters to remain merely a repository and distributing point for his half hundred wagons. He fitted up in one part of the building a lunch room. The furnishing was pretty and the food palatable to the large class that like pie and milk. The venture so succeeded that one after another branches were opened about town, until Ward's trademark, "Alderney," appeared on a dozen neat places about town. These rooms were all similarly fitted, wicker furniture, polished floors, ornamental scales for weighing yourself, music boxes, flowers and canaries in brass cages. Everything was scrupulously clean. Frank K. Ward had the respect of everyone. His luck became proverbial. When he generously gave a valuable horse and buggy to a charitable fair to be raffled off, everyone was glad that he was the lucky man to draw it.

Everything might have gone on swimmingly to the end of life if Ward had not one tailing. He was not a gentleman. His name at the bank was good for many thousand dollars, and when his old benefactor, Corcoran, died, Ward still retained his respect and continence. He belonged to the Masonic fraternity and many will remember that he distributed milk, sweet and seemingly pure, at the San Francisco conclave, that had been put up in cans five days before. Of course, it must have been heavily drugged, but it was a surprise to the Californians. At every charitable bazaar, and at the fairs of the crack local military organization he was foremost in contributing, and from whatever impulse the giving comes, people warm toward generous souls. But Ward loved notoriety, thirsted for it. He was noisy in his attempts to impress every person he met with his importance. Neglect was nearly death to him.

Now, to be constantly the central figure in any legitimate social caste in Washington is nearly impossible, for the city is for the greater portion of the year the rendezvous of the most important persons in every line of life.

So Ward sought the social outcasts, and became a great character among the sporting class. He hobnobbed with cheap actors and "tin-horn" gamblers. Often in the saloon in which he, this week, committed murder, he was wont to throw pennies at a crack in the floor for $100 a toss. He never drank anything but wine, and his diamonds were mounted and worn strictly in the approved gambling style. Lacking mental resources outside his business and being as genuine a vulgarian as ever lived, he sought relaxation in stupid alleged jokes. He would astonish some weak bar room ghost by taking off his old plug hat and jumping on it and then giving the physical wreck five or ten dollars with which to buy a new one. His associates included a Brooklyn Congressman with sporting proclivities, and in time a running horse was named after him.

No business can really be trusted to run itself and as the human machinery needs rest, Ward was compelled to neglect his business in order to be up all night with the boys. Still, he spent money like water and when new business rivals came into successful competition, he was not worried. Even when things went their worst and a few months ago he became a bankrupt, he retained his sporting proclivities, and no change was observable except that he drank harder than ever and his resorts were still lower dives. A few weeks ago, he received a serious beating at the hands of a young man named Adler. On Tuesday night of this week he met him in a saloon, and seemingly without further provocation, without the shadow of an excuse, wantonly shot him to death. J. H. C.

LANDS FOR SALE!

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DESIRABLE LANDS,

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MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Look at the List.

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38 acres adjoining the city of Union. Will be sold as a whole or in parcels. Good opportunity to secure a cheap home. Price of whole tract $3,250.

[2]

320 acres ten miles north of Union; all tillable land; unimproved; price $15. per acre.

[3]

1320 acres of improved land, fourteen miles north of Union; 200 acres farming land; 200 acres in meadow and balance suitable for meadow or pasture; good fences, buildings, orchard and plenty of water. A good home for a desirable husbandry. Price $15. per acre; one fourth down and balance on three and five year's time.

[4]

19 acres adjoining the city of Union, known as the Moore garden; large orchard; shrubbery of all kinds; hot and dry house. A fine bargain for any one desiring to engage in the fruit and garden business. Price $3,500.

[5]

80 acres one mile west of Union; fine grain or meadow land. Price $45. per acre.

[6]

400 acres two and one-half miles northwest of Union; all grain and meadow land; well improved. price $25 per acre.

[7]

320 acres 25 miles south of Union; all fenced with good wire fence; improvements fair; plenty of water and out-range; 8,000 rails on the place; 150 acres farming land; balance pasture land; good orchard; three miles from timber; lime kiln on place. Price $9. per acre.

[8]

240 acres one mile south of Telocaset and nine miles south of Union; 100 acres deeded and 80 acres timber culture; 60 acres good grain land; 30 acres fenced and under cultivation; 5,000 rails on place; dwelling, barn, cellar and out-buildings; good well. Price $1,000.

[9]

160 acres just north of Telocaset and 7 miles from Union; 40 acres under cultivation; fair improvements. Price $11.00 per acre.

[10]

160 acres two and one-half miles north of North Powder; 140 acres tillable land; 45 acres under cultivation; good house, barn, cellar and out-buildings. Mortgage $750. Price $11. per acre.

[11]

1040 acres twelve miles north of Union, in Cove; 600 acres grain and meadow land; balance pasture; well improved; good fences, buildings, orchard, etc., and plenty of water; timber joining same on east. An excellent farm for diversified husbandry. Price $15,000.

[12]

320 acres eleven miles north of Union, in Cove; 200 acres in cultivation; good fences, buildings, etc. A fine farm. Price $6,000.

All Letters promptly answered and all information desired will be cheerfully given.

Address all communications to

WILSON & HACKETT,
Secretaries Union Real Estate Ass'n

Notice to Bridge Builders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the county courts of Union and Wallowa counties, state of Oregon, will, up to 10 o'clock p. m. on July 20, 1889, at the county clerk's office in Union, Union county, Oregon, receive sealed proposals for the construction of a bridge across the Wallowa river at or near the present bridge across said stream, on the county road leading from Elgin, in Union county, to Enterprise, in Wallowa county. Said bridge will consist of two spans of about one hundred feet each, with the necessary piers, abutments and approaches; or of one span of two hundred feet, with the necessary abutments and approaches. Each proposal to be accompanied by plans, specifications and strain sheet, furnished by the bidder, and with a certified check in the amount of five per cent of his bid, as a guaranty that the bidder will enter into contract if the award is made to him.

The county courts reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

O. P. GOODALL,
County Judge of Union county, State of Oregon.
T. H. VEASY,
County Judge of Wallowa county, State of Oregon. 6-13

NOTICE.

U.S. LAND OFFICE LA GRANDE, OREGON, June 24, 1889.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Stephen Gardner against Elit Miller for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 2948, dated November 3, 1881, upon the SE¼ Sec 5, Tp 4 S, R 40 E, in Union county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 5th day of August, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Service of this notice will be made by publishing the same in THE OREGON SCOUT, a weekly paper published at Union, Union county, Oregon, for four consecutive weeks and by posting notices as in U. S. land cases.

J. T. OUTHOUSE, Receiver.
6-58-w5

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C. A. SNOW & Co.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, June 24, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on Aug. 9, 1889, viz:

ARTHUR W. PARKES,

D. S. No. 7480, for the NE¼ Sec 24, Tp. 9 S, R 45 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Evans, Harry Barrows, Merritt Reeves and Thomas Bashaw, all of Eagle valley, Oregon.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

HENRY RINEHART, Register.
6-28-w6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE OREGON, June 24, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intentions to make final proof in support of his claims, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on Aug. 12, 1889, viz:

OLIVER MCKEEVER,

Hd. No. 4541, for the S½ NW¼ and N½ SW¼ Sec 1, Tp 6 S, R 40 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Warren Frasier, John Reeves, Cyrus Prescott and William Frasier, all of Telocaset, Oregon.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimants, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

HENRY RINEHART, Register.
6-28-w6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, June 14, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on July 29, 1889, viz:

WILLIAM H. BOWMAN,

Hd. No. 3771, for the N½ SE¼, SE¼ SE¼ Sec. 34 and SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 35, Tp. 7 S, R. 41 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

F. M. Dean, G. W. Mathis, Haner Lee and Dunham Wright, all of Medical Springs, Oregon.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

HENRY RINEHART, Register.
6-20-w6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, May 15, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on July 11, 1889 viz:

WILLIAM H. PORTER,

D. S. No. 8052, for the lots 1 and 2, and E½ NW quarter Section 31, Tp. 4 S, R 41 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: G. W. Simmons, Alex Cockral, G. W. Ames and M. P. Ames, all of Union, Oregon.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and regulations of the interior department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

HENRY RINEHART, Register.
5-23-6w

Timber Land Act, June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, La Grande, Oregon, June 10, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory,"

MERRITT E. WILKINSON,

of Union, county of Union, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 110, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Section 6, in Township No. 4 S, Range No. 41 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at La Grande, Oregon, on Saturday, the 7th day of September, 1889.

He names as witnesses: Bernard Logsdon, J. W. Minnick, R. V. Davis and B. W. Bates, all of Union, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of September, 1889.

HENRY RINEHART, Register.
6-13-w10

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the County Court of Union County, State of Oregon.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed his final report as Administrator of the estate of J. N. Donnell, deceased, in the above entitled Court, and that Tuesday, the 2nd day of July, 1889, has been appointed for hearing objections to the same. All persons having any objections to the approval of said report are required to present the same on or before said day.

JOHN BRATTAIN, Administrator of the estate of J. N. Donnell, deceased.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Union.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed her final report as administratrix of the estate of Peter Brugger, deceased, in the above entitled court, and that TUESDAY, the 2d day of JULY, 1889, has been appointed for hearing objections to the same. All persons having any objections to the approval of said report are required to present the same on or before said day.

6-6 MARY BRUGGER, Administratratrix of the Estate of Peter Brugger, Deceased.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO.

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Trains arrive and depart from Union daily, as follows:

EAST BOUND.	WEST BOUND.
Passenger, No. 4, L've at 5:25 a. m.	Passenger, No. 3, L've at 1:30 p. m.
Freight, No. 8, L've at 2:35 a. m.	Freight No. 7, L've at 11:30 a. m.

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Oregon,	June 4	State,	June 3
State,	" 8	Columbia,	" 7
Columbia,	" 12	Oregon,	" 11
Oregon,	" 16	State,	" 15
State,	" 20	Columbia,	" 19
Columbia,	" 24	Oregon,	" 23
Oregon,	" 28	State,	" 27

The company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.

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No good point in any other machine it does not possess.

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