UNION. ORRGON.

IN THE ETERNAL CITY. A Disappointed Tourist in Rome-The Ro-

man and the Greek. It was not unlike a shock of pain ordisappointment when for the first time I threaded my way through the Roman streets, passed out into the Forum and wandered around the Coliseum. So dingy and denuded did the relics of old Rome appear to me that they were more like the few brown bones which the spade of the sexton has just thrown up by the side of a reopened grave. I have never seen a place where the remains were so few and the suggestions of what was lost were so many. Rome looked like a place which first had been a cradle and afterwards had been

turned into a grave. It seemed as if everything had been born there, everything had grown old there, everything had died there, and everything had been buried there. Rome is the city of the Holy Sepulchre. At Jerusalem pilgrims visit the spot where Christ was once laid. At Rome we seem to visit the shrine where old Time himself had been buood. Under this bend I may briefly note down a few first im-

It was said that Augustus found Rome of brick and left it of marble. It might be added that the Goths, the popes and the nobles found Rome of marble and left it of brick, so completely have these despoiling powers peeled off the beautiful white fiesh and left Rome like a body, brown, shapeless and divested of every trace of her former loveliness. But the Remans themselves prepared the way for this desolation. Their parsimony brought its own punishment. For parsimony, we must remember, is a sin fol-lowed up by its special retribution, quite as much as prodigality. The men of Romebard, practical and utilitarian-were as penurious in all works of art as they were shamefully extravagant in all pursuits of physical enjoyment. Even in the use of the cheap travertine stone they were ridicultusly stingy. But when it came to marble they were by necessity as well as by nature most economical in the use of it. Athens had a whole mount of marble at her back door, and could hew out of Pentelius all the shrines and statues she wanted. Rome had almost the same advantages; for it can hardly be urged as an apology for the city on the Tiber, that she was at a distance from the mountains of Luna and the great quarries of Carrara, when we remember that an easy waterway was ever open between the shores of Liguria and the foot of the Palatine; and when we remember, mereover, how no obstacles were allowed to remain between the Roman and the object of his ambition or his appetite-both of which he was ready to gratify at an unbounded price.

But when it comes to works of taste the Roman betrayed his true nature. With him nothing was too much when lavished on bodfly gratification, nothing was too little when spent on art, The Athenian built his temples worthily of the gods in solid blocks of marble, in unmeasured splender, giving to the deities what cost him something. The Roman, when he came to raise his temples, was content to make them of brick or stucco or cheap stone, and then to sheathe these in a thin casinc of marble. When therefore, the destroying hands of Goth or the Gothic hands of later Roman nobles, such as the Colonnas, the ese and the Borghese families, were laid upon the ancient edifices, it was an easy task, as well as a great temptation, to remove these light coats of marble and to invest their rising palaces with such apparel of many colors as the marbles of old Rome presented, ready made, to their rapacious bands. Had the men of Rome followed the example of the men of Athens, and dedicated to their divinities a few sanctuaries of solid marble, they would have left behind them such monuments as would have defled the assaults of later generations, and would have comrenuded at this day the wonder of the world. -H. Bernard Carpenter in Boston Globa.

## The Journal of the Frontier,

In the early times, that is, half a century ago and more (for the magnificent empire beyond the Alleghamy mountains is the child of but two generations), the west, especially on the frontier, was the Mecca of two classes of men from the older sections of the country-the great army of hardy pioneers, who sought homes for their families, and the few who, being "off color" in the east, found residence more convenient in newly settled towns, where the people were too busy to care as much for the antecedents as for the presents acts of their neighbors. Among the latter were many of the so called "characters" who, rather than the average, every day citizen, made for the west its popular reputation, but not its real character.

Many of these restless, ergatic geniuses drifted into journalism, and the frontier newspapers they made, often written and printed under great difficulties, posressed the merit of having at least a positive and unmistakable individuality. They were crude in style and in morals one as well as in mechanical construction, it is true, for the picket line of civilization is not generally in its surroundings and associations favorable to the attainment of literary excellence or nice ethical distictions, although some of the editors were men of good education; but the papers were made for a constituency that was as peculiar in its tastes as it was independent in its habits of thought, and cared less for the form than for the substance of what it

The frontier journal no longer exists, except at a few remote points in some of the territories to which the railroads have not as yet penetrated, but it has left its impress upon the character of its more mature and polished successors.-Z. L. White in Harper's Magazino.

Senator Ingalls is the thinnest man in con-Barnes, of Georgia, is the heaviest man in

Congress. Stewart, of Texas, is the tallest man in congress.

Senator Sawyer and Senator Stanford are the heaviest men in the senate. Together would outweigh Salisbury, Spencer, In-

galls and Brown combined. Gen. Wheeler, of Alabama, is the smallest, as well as the shortest, man, physicially, in the house. He is a very little man, inde but he is an intellectual giant, not inferior to Alexander H. Stephens. Wheeler was a enant general in the Confederate army when he was only 24 years old, and at one time he commanded the whole Confederate

Why She Raised Him.

"How large your dog has grown," re-marked Cora. "I remember when he wasn't

dny bigger than a kitten." "Yes," returned Mrs. Lackbeart in adration, "as soon as he grows a little larger om going to have a pair of lovely slippers the out of his skin."—New York Bun.

Was There a Enel in the Park?

Consternation was caused among the park police of N. w York by the receipt of a note that two society young men were to fight a duel during mill fell dead Monday last. the night over a young society woman, in Central park. All officers were told to look vigilantly for the duclists throughout the night, and arrest any suspected persons. An officer found houses and constant demand for them in a secluded place near the west drive and opposite Ninety-second street, early in the morning, two blood-stained bandkerchiefs, closs of blood and a heap pistol. All hospitals were searched for persons who arrived during the night with gun or pistol shot wounds, and inquiries were made among physicians and drug stores in he neighborhood, but without result. The police think they have been made quantities of \$40 ore. game of, and are further perplexed as reporters came in to ask for information five minutes after the things were received. It was an unusual visit at such an early hour.

#### Department Rulings.

The Treasury Department having been informed by the Collector of Customs of San Francisco of the result of the trial in the United States Court, wherein J. P. Ames and others secured judgment awarding them \$375 55 colle ted from them by Collector Hager for services and expenses of an Inspector of Customs sent to Port Costa to count and inspect grain bags manufactured in the United States from foreign nuterial, which were exported filled with grain from San Francisco, and on which the raanufacturer claims a drawback, has instructed the Collector to take the necessary steps to pay the judgment. He is also instructed to decontinue the practice of exacting such fees and expenses in investigations to establish the right to the drawback on such bags, and is requested to furnish the department with a certified list of such fees and expenses collected by him since the commencement of the

#### The Strike at Indianapolis.

The strike of railroad switchmen is taking an ugly phase in Indianapolis. Not a sikgle switch engine in the city was moved. In the freight yards everything is in confusion. Morning Tacoma is to have a street raifway trains were abandoned half made up, of the electric motor sort, run with a or not made up at all. In all the yards wire over the track. They are said to business was at a complete standstill. In severa places the engineers and In severa places the engineers and firemen, or other employes pressed into service, tried to go on with the work, but the strikers interfered and work, but the strikers interfered and a hay press.

P. J. Smith, one of the most prominent farmers of Squawk, was probable and burying it at the rects of trees break them it is only necessary to hitch them in at three years of age and go to working them. The fall colts are to working them. of any trains. The engineers and Two new anchers and buoys are on man their engines. In nearly every 5,000 pounds each. instence they quit work, ran their engines to their stalls and drew the fire when the switchmen requested it. All near Sherman, the which new and unknown disease, which ikers hove been going from one yard to another and warning applicants for work that if they undertook to touch switch engines they would be handled roughly. The offi-cers of the road called for police pro-the Puget Sound business. She is for breading purposes. Dry pasture that before the days of creameries

#### Interested Railroads Trying to Remedy Some of the Existing Evils.

start out new crews.

The committee appointed at the conference of representatives of the the spring. Transcontinental and Central Traffic Associations and trunk lines, at St. the condition which unfavorably af- knocked down. He tried to shoot The wells on the farm should be of folly in stock-raising to sell the best at d boxes, ic. higher. fected the revenues from east bound Barnum and got into jail for it. passenger traffic from the Pacific coast were attributable to the fact that the representatives on the coast improptering the conditions under which such from cold and exhaustion before he easier, troffic exists at present, it is probable some action will be taken ere long, on form rules will doubtless receive the coast. co-operation of all the others.

## Bied in a Foreign Land.

Word has been received in New York of the recent death in Cannes, France, of Andrew J. Baker, a wealthy banker of Tacoma, W. T. Baker left for France with his wife about a year leaving as heirs two sons and a married daughter. One of these sons, Leslie C. Baker, when last heard from, eight years ago, was a barkeeper in ent unknown.

of three thousand horse-power, and time, show it was a deliberate suicide. eighty pounds per square inch, at an dyspeptic and had severe spells of expenditure of fifty tons of coal.

Helena, M. T., is a rapidly growing city. Over \$4,000,000 worth of improvements in and about the city will be made during the next three months. Over \$1,000,000 worth of residences and business building are now in process of erection. A new Catholic College to cost \$500,000 will soon be commenced, and a \$100,000 hotel is fo be erected.

## Still at Large.

Frank Robinson over a game of carsp right arm, he once more faces the features of the new car.

# PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Farmers in the Palouse are happy over the recent rains.

A Chilian employed at the Tacoma worms. A cow killed at Chelatchie, Clarke

county, W. T., dressed 912 pounds. At Cheney there are no vacant

Wheat is worth 65 cents a bushel at Cheney, sacked, at the elevator.

The new foundry at Colfax began work November 10. Tacoma has a new company of ca-

dets, 15 members already, 15 to 17 years old. The Tom Paine is turninh out large

The Worley mine at Robinsonville will be operated all winter.

Many new companies will operate in Baker county next season. The Pandora at Huntington is giv-

ing great encouragement to its owners. Miners are happy with the prospects

season. Mose Saxon, of the Pantheon saloon, Colfax, feil off a bridge and hens. broke his left arm.

B. Holt grew a sweet potato that weighed 12 pounds.

Uniontown is to have a distillery. The company is organized and it will soon be running. Over fifty men arrived at Farming-

ton, W. T., in one day. Hotels crowded and restaurants. The Tacoma jail has thirteen pris-

oners in six cells. Criminals increase as fast as the town.

make it shorter. Little Georgie Roder, of Brookfield, Classop county, is in the hospital with

a broken bone. Charles Cowan has been bound over at Salem charged with a bestial crime

and not furnishing \$700 bail is in the county jail.

work well.

firemen sae in symoathy with the the way from San Francisco for Taswitchmen, and made no attempt to coma harbor. The anchors weigh

> near Sherman, Lincoln county, of a are placed in position. seems to affect the lungs of mares

coast. The Cornwall Company, at Whatcom, will push the railroad over the Cascades; also will build to promising

The Farmington Register tells how Louis, to remedy the existing evils on L. Denson nicked a quarrel with one Pacific coast business, reported that Barnum, a working man, and got

John Lochfelm fell off a train and had his fingers crushed so that ampuerly received and disbursed funds for tation was necessary. He was in the purpose of securing business. As charge of a car of stock going from the Eastern lines are desirous of bet- Chehalis to Tacoma. He nearly died

was found. The new mill of the St. Paul & on the recommendation of the com- Tacoma Lumber Company, will be of mittee that all lines adopt such restric- colossal size, being just twice the tions as would secure uniform action, length of the present building, and and that each association take up the will have a capacity of 600,000 feet of subject and consider it separately. lumber per day, being the largest out-Any association agreeing upon uni- put of any lumber company on the

Messrs. Harris and Young, owners of the Tom Paine mine, now have seventeen men on their pay roll. Their Salmon mill has been kept running on very rich ore for the past sev- have perfect accommodations. As a freze up their water power, which on Joseph B. Braman, attorney at 120 and boiler from Portland, which will Broadway, and had his will drawn, arrive in a few days. This will enable them to keep their mill running all winter.

William McCloud, living five miles west of Pullman, with his family, got Detroit. His whereabouts is at pres- up at 5 o clock as usual, went out and did not return. He was found hanging by the neck to a beam in an old The length of pipe laid in Paris for barn a mile away. The pains be took the distribution of power by come to splice old ropes and leather straps pressed hir already exceeds thirty to hang himself by, and the fact that miles. The compressing engines are it broke once and he tried the second about three million cubic feet of air He was to move into a new house in are compressed daily to a pressure of Pullman that week. He was very sickness.

> Important mining operations are being carried on in the Arctie Circle. Crysolite is mined in Greenland and shipped to Philadelphia for making candles. Extensive copper mines have been worked for a long time in Finland.

John L. Sullivan is only twentynine years of age. It is said that he has made and spent \$300,000 in the last three years, and now, with an im-Wm. Wilson, the gambler who killed paired constitution, and a weakened

### AGRICULTURAL.

Turn the sed under after frost appears if you wish to kill out the cut caterpillars was deposited by the swarm

Winter oats grow in Virginia and are seeded down in the fell. It might pay to try a small plot in this section.

Cooked clover, and the mess thickened with ground outs, makes an excellent addition to the food of the brood sow.

some of the hardy pients in winter. Early cabbage and lettuce are grown in this manner. Mix wood ashes, cinder and gravel togetOer for your garden walks, and

run a roller over it after each rain until it is weil packed. The best varieties of early raspber-

cellent late varieties. In feeding grain to poultry it is betof a large water supply the coming ter to vary it, allowing wheat and cats give up the contest. as well as corn. Cooked potatoes make an agreeable change for laying

Plant your trees, vines, etc., this At Wa-Wa-Wai, on Snake river, J. fall. Do not postpone the work until spring. If you cannot possibly plant until spring.

> said that they will keep perfectly if put away in a mow of well cured hay, free from dampness.

Stockmen in Umatilla county com- that may be damaged by cooking plain of short grass and hard frosts them for that purpose.

> Here is a good health mixture for hogs: One bushel of charcoal broken into small pieces, a peck of wood aches and twelve bushels of salt.

> It is computed that this year's corn crop, if loaded for railroad shipment, train that would reach 16,449 miles, or

If mice are troublesome they can often be easily got rid of by soaking

In France whitewash is used to protect the frame and interior of buildngs from fire. The beams, joists and under side of floorings being thickly Several valuable horses have died coated with a lime wash before they

> Now is the time to secure rams if early lambs of the mutton breeds are feeding.

It is a curious fact that wasps' nests sometimes take fire, as is supposed by the chemical action of the wax upon coal beds on the Nooksack early in the material of which the nest is composed. Undoubtedly many fires of unknown erigin in hay-stacks and feed. It is not economy to keep a

> cleaned out every fall. Despite all and keep the worst. True, the best precautions but few wells are free from bring the largest prices, but if you sell toads. It is not safe to wait until the the best and keep the worst soon your water becomes affected, before clean- best will be no better than your worst ing, but do it now, before the laterains is now, and your worst will be such come on, so as to render the work that the more you have the poorer you

> and it pays to convert the surplus ap- he makes himself poorer. If he keeps ples into cider for the purpose of mak- up the process bankruptcy is as sure ing vinegar. The artificial vinegar as fate. The opposite policy is the can be used for choice pickles and winning policy. other purposes for which good cider vinegar only is adapted, and does not, therefore, largely compete with.

Den't try to crowd fifty hens into a poultry-house suitable for only twentyfive, as the larger the crop the fewer the eggs proportionately, unless they provided for.

Place your manure heap under cover so as to be able to work it over the municipality. in winter. Rains should never fall on the manure at any season. It is of

In storing apples a free circulation of the air through the barrel will be of advantage. The fruit should be kept in a cool place, but should be beyend the reach of frost. Only sound apples should be used, as the slightest touch of decay on a single apple will sometimes cause the whole to rot.

The Steel Car Company is said to be constructing a fire-proof steel car at Boston, which will contain nothing that can burn except the uphalstery, and even that is constructed of uninflammable material. Not only immunity from fire, but an increase in strength, a decrease in the liability are expected to be some of the good

An English farmer who has been investigating the caternillar pest, which has proved so destructive to the truit and nut creps in Kent, has concluded that the spawn which produced the of butterfiles which swept the coast last autumn, and which were sup-

posed to have been driven over the

continent by the storms.

H. Hendricks, of Ulster county, N. Y., writes that he has found very satisfactory results in close pruning of grapes. Last summer he stopped the rampant growth of the canes by pruning each one at two leaves from the Cold frames can be used for forcing last cluster of fruit, and pinching off every latterel to but one leaf. The result in amount and quantity of fruit was eminently satisfactory.

An Ohio man answers an inquiry as to how a cow can be cured of kick ing, thus: Take a surcingle of sufficient length to go around the cow just in front of the bag and hips; draw it ries are the Tyler and Souhegan. The gently but firmly. You can then sit Ohio and Mammoth Cluster are ex- down and milk quietly. After repeating this a few times, draw the surcingle lightly, but, if she persists in kicking, draw it tightly. In time she will

The color of the hog seems to be a matter of importance. Experiments \$3 00@4 00; ducks, per doz., \$5 00@ show that, contrary to expectation, a 6 00; geese, \$6 00@7 00; turkeys, black hog, such as the Essex and per lb., 121c. Berkshire, thrives best in the South, this fail, get the trees now and heel Chester White, Yorkshire and Cheshire thrive best in the North. The Poland-Watermelons for the Christmas China, a spotted hog, and the Jersey dinner are not an impossibility. It is Red are preferred in the Western

Raspberries will thrive on almost any well drained soil of moderate Sweet potatoes will fatten a pig richness, but wet land is always injur sooner than will corn. The small ious and often fatal to them. Harrow tubers can be used as well as those smooth and fine and plant deep. Plant in late fall or early spring, in straight lrows seven feet apart, with bushes three feet apart in the row. If planted late in the spring, tender shoots are tiable to retard future growth. For ihe first season give clean culture, and, f desirable, other crops may be grown among them without injury.

Prof. A. J. Cook, of the Michigan would fill 2.878.571 cars and make a Agricultural College, says his plan is to keep only large, fine mares to do two-thirds the way around the world. his work on the farm. Those that are half percheron will do, though those of will be better. These high-grade valuable, and can be raised at a profit. inches wide, extra, \$1 00; lengths 40

It is the verdict everywhere that creameries stimulate farmers to keep says that where creameries have been Java, 27 c.; Arbuckle's's reasted, 22 located many of the brush pastures have been cleared up within the past lew years, and he notices that more of The new tug Sea Lion is soon to ar- desired next spring. Sheep should this work is going on this season than tection, and an effort will be made to one of the most powerful tugs on the is better for them than heavy grain kept from three to five cows that are now keeping from eight to twenty.

> New is the time to get rid of the poorer animals. It will not pay to winter them, as better animals will give larger returns for shelter, care and | sizes; stock salt, \$10. will be. You, by this plan, constantly make your animals poorer, and as the Good cider vinegar is always salable, stock-raiser makes his animals poorer

> > The Chinese Government has refused an English firm permissisn to set up cotton cleaning machinery in that country. The decision is made that foreigners have no right to start manufactories on Chinese soil.

Panama is to have a street railway. eral weeks until the late cold weather rule, small flocks give a larger profit The builder has been granted a franfrom the same cutlay than when num- chise for fifty years, during which ago, and before his departure called compelled them to order an engine bers are kept that can not be properly time he is to pay a privilege tax of 20 per cent. of the net profits of the road. At the end of that time the road and all appurtenances revert to

R. Kondo, of the Mining Univergreat advantage to turn over the heap sity of Japan, said to be the wealthiest in winter, create heat and thereby de Japanese outside of the Royal family, compose the materials, in order to and the operator of sixteen gold, silver render them fine and in good condi- and copper mines, is about to visit the He, you little scountion to spread on the land in spring. Lake Superior mineral region to obtain a knowledge of the mining machinery used in this country.

The Chinese frequently place little metal idols within the shells of mullusks, removing them several years afterward covered with a substance resembling pearl; they also lay strings of small pearls separated by knots inside of the shells, and on taking them out, after a lapse of some years, obtain large and costly pearls.

The remains of an ancient town have been discovered on the right bank of the Volga in Russia. A large quantity of Arabian, Persian and Tartar coins has been found there, be idea to telescope and diminish dead weight a multitude of other objects, which bear witness to the cultivated state of the inhabitants. There were remains of marble blocks, of water-courses, etc. | way so's I kin make yore buil-Exchan-

### Portland Market Report.

WHEAT- Valley, \$1 40@\$1 424 Walla Walla, \$1 32@1 35.

BARLEY- Whole, \$0 85@1 00; ground, per ton, 520 00@21 50.

OATS-Milling, 32@34c.; feed, 28

HAY-Baled, \$10@\$13.

SEED- Blue Grass, 12@15c.; Timothy, 7@8c.; Red Clover, 11@1249. FLOUR- Patent Roller, \$5 00;

Country Brand, \$4 50. EGGS-Per doz, 30c.

BUTTER-Fancy roll, per pound, 25c.; pickled, 221@25c.; inferior grade, 20@2212.

CHEESE-Eastern, @13ic.; Ores gon, 13@14c.; California, 14c.

VEGETABLES- Beets, per sack, \$1 00; cabbage, per lb., lc.; carrote, per sk., \$ 75; lettuce, per doz. 10ct; onions, \$ 85; potatoes, per 100 lb 40c.; radishes, per doz., 15@20c.; rhubarb, per lb., 6c.

HONEY-In comb, per lb., 18c.; strained, 5 gal. tins, per lb. 84c.

POULTRY - Chickens, per doz., PROVISIONS-Oregon hams, 121c

per lb.; Eastern, 15@16c.; Eastern breakfast bacon, 12c. per lb.; Oregon 10@11c.; Eastern lard, 10@114c. per lb.; Oregon, 19c. GREEN FRUITS- Apples, \$ 60

@ 75c.; Sicily lemons, \$6 00@6 50 California, \$6 00@6 50; Navaloranges \$6 00; Riverside, \$5 00; Mediterranean, \$4 25. DRIED FRUITS-Sun dried a

ples, 4c. per lb.; machine dried, 10d 11c; pitless plums, 7c.; Italiai prunes, 10@12c.; peaches, 104@11c.; raisins, \$2 40@2 50. HIDES-Dry beef hides, 12@13c.;

culls, 6@7c.; kip and calf, 10@12c.; Murrain, 10 @12c.; tallow, 4@44c.

WOOL-Valley, 15@18c.; Esstern Oregon. 10@15c.

LUMBER-Rough, per M, \$10 00; edged, per M, \$12 00; T. and G. sheathing, per M, \$13 00; No. 2 flooring, per M, \$18 00; No. 2 ceiling, per three-quarter or seven-eighths blood M, \$18 00; No. 2 rustic, per M, \$18 00; He says he is delighted with his plan. to 50, extra, \$2 00; lengths 50 to 60, extra, \$4 00; 11 lath, per M, \$2 25; 14 lath, per M, \$2 50.

COFFEE-Quote Salvador, more and better cows. Mr. J. H. Hal; Costa Rica, 18@20c.; Rio, 18@20c. MEAT-Beef, wholesale, 21@3c.; dressed, 6c.; sheep, 3c; dressed, 6c.;

hogs, dressed, 61@7c.; veal, 5@7c. BEANS-Quote small whites, \$4 50: pinks, \$3; bayes, \$3; butter, \$4 50; Limas, \$4 50 per cental.

PICKLES-Kegs quoted steady at

SALT- Liverpool grades of fine quoted \$18, \$19 and \$20 for the three

SUGAR-Prices for barrels; Golden farm buildings may thus be accounted poor animal through any season, but C.6gc.; extra C,6gc.; dry granulated t is most extravagant to keep it 75c.; crushed, fine crushed, cube and through the winter. It is the height powdered, 7%c.; extra C, 6%c.; balves

> The Fall. The "festive" fly has ceased to tease, And hushed is the musquito's song. And people on such nights as these

The autumn days are bright with sun. And landscapes fair around us lie, And maids and matrons have begun Their autumn clothes to make or buy. The fruit upon the trees is ripe, Which glass the urchin's heart, I ween;

May slumber sweetly, slumber long.

No mort he feels the sudden gripe It used so give when it was green. The boys and girls now wander far Through woods the ripened nuts to seek;

And now's engaged the Thespian star For seventy-tive (or less) a week. Oh! glorious season of the fall. How pleasant are thy sounds and scenes!

Thy advent gives delight to all-Except the man of little means.

What cares he for thy cioudless skies, Thy landscapes fair which thrill the soul? Poor man, before the prices rise, He must lay in his wood and coalt -Boston Courier.

His Curiosity Fully Satisfied. Small Man (on railway train, writing letter to his wife -It would afford you some amusement, my dear, if you could see the freck! faced, long, lean, gamble shanked, knock kneed, sneaking, impertinent, ill bred, half baked specimen of a backwoods gawky that is looking over my shoulder as I write

Large Man on seat behind (flercely)-You Small Man (turning round)-Beg pardon, sir; are you speaking to me! Large Man (confusedly)-Y-no! No! I

didn't say anything. I wasn't speaking. I-Small man resumes his writing. Large man goes back to the rear platform of the last car on the train and relieves his mind by swearing volubly at the flying landscape.-

Natural Fears. Husbank a bank cashier, slightly under the weather)-If I should be mken away from you, darling, would it really be a very great blow to your

Wife (sobbing)-Oh, dear, John, I hope you haven't been fooling with the bank funds. - New York Sun. Caredeemed Realism.

Magazine Post tempoying his bed for break-

CARL - LISTO IN CITE IN SECTION Landing - De you over monter git up ter-