ED. SDOUT :-

Last week the E. O. R. endeavors only by making them ten fold worse. for the adherents of its own party.

Here is the way it figures : "A writer who it is presumed knows, gives the people a bit of complaint under the above caption, and makes strong the "dead past bury its dead." and insinuations that somebody has been going back to other days and bringing | Only in localities, a bitterness of feelup the ghost of the past, and making ing exists, and these localities are him do duty under the present circumstances."

Well, the "insinuation" was meant for an accusation, and if putting up the people who "live and love and lathe old-time relics, such as "bloodhound," "shot-guns" and "masked to bulldoze some of its faltering voters into the ranks, is not bringing up the "ghost of the past and making him do duty," we respectfully ask, what in the name of common sense is it? If the people of America are not free, and at liberty to vote as they please, now, they do not know what true freedom is, nor never will.

There are laws governing elections, and every citizen of this republic has recourse to those laws, if he thinks the election unfair. No voting precinct is so remote nor isolated but what the laws of the State and United States, are fully and amply known by the men who are at the head of the county in which the remote precinct is. How then can the people of such precinct be driven to the polls like cattle, and the ones who drove them there go unpunished? It is an utter impossibility. A person who thinks so is certainly very far behind the time.

Here is still another : "Now if that gentleman really means to say that the slaves are all free, the gun hung on the rack, and the blood-hound dead and gone, then he must be one of those poor, blind, bigoted kind of democrats. who scarcley read anything, save just what suits them."

Well, I do say the slaves are all free, save a few "poor, blind, bigoted" slaves to a corrupt party, who proposes to let us have free whisky and tobacco, instead of free necessities of life. If the slaves are not all free, why don't the editor of the E. O. R. issue another emancipation proclamation, or tell the world just where the slaves are? The followers of honest old Abe do not regard the example he set. If there is negro oppression among us to-day, why don't the negro lovers of old war times ferit the offenders out, and free the remaining slaves? Only "boast." Only a little campaign talk.

Still another: "We need only re-

the eloquence of mutual existence \$4.00 a dozen or 331 cents each, imwith the north. She has built up her schools and colleges, and erected her and be sold here at 75 cents still, and to set aright some old-time mistakes, living monuments of literary fame. A man that talks about the old war trou- Our own manufacturer, paying more bles still existing, talks foolishness, for his plant, higher insurance and for the spirit is dying out fast, and her people are warmly united in the bonds of national affection. Then let strive to improve the living present.

> scarce. All the spouting of senatorial vagabonds, is of no avail. Is is naught but political foolishness and folly. Let bor" speak for themselves. Do we hear any old feuds stirring in the air? Do their neighbors being unfair and cold? No, it is as peaceful as if the war had never occurred. The sunny skies, the their perfume through the land all speak of peace. Her authors, the land marks of all countries, are silent on the old troubles, save a few political cranks. Poor Whitman's "Leaves

> of Grass," will wave in the memory of mankind forever, unsullied by the tales of blood and butchery. Prof. Hutson's "Beryl" will glow on the brow of the Goddess of literature forever, unstrained by the crimson tongue of the the old story, of all the horrors of valor is very low. If rehearsing the instruments of iniquity will help to Why, such breaks only destroy the mutual affection of American citizens. They only retard the fastly growing flowers of her united glory.

If a political paper cannot be carried on without insulting the very people it claims to be defending, it had better lock up, and paste the sign, "Closed for lack of discrimination" on B. W. HUFFMAN. its door.

Medico.

ED, SCOUT :-

Sept. 4th, 1888.

The feeble and sickly effort on the part of "Homo" to answer our argument would indicate that he is out of "soap" and nearing the termination of his brilliant career in a "campaign of explanations" on behalf of his party. as his arguments go to dispel the darkmore logical reasoning than that he has produced shall strike us more forcitheory is the correct one. blind scribbler can not see those things the republican party is now seeking to and manufactures would be closed, charge it up to free trade policy.' Remarkable, indeed. His wonderful imagination is indicative of a discased brain and his mutterings are necessarily meaningless. A strange and unaccountable hallucination prevades the mind of our friend and he hardly realizes, we presume, "which one of the boys he is." To show the utter abgoods under protection than under free trade and this tax we have on home productions is a myth and untrue. We copy as follows :

"Unearthing Old Relics." | war, and is to-day throbbing with all bilities are it can be produced at say ported here, the duty and freight paid, then a handsome profit be realized. higher wages, cannot produce the same article at \$4.00 a dozen, but costs him say \$1.00 per dozen more or \$5.00 per dozen. The Britisher has the advantage of \$1.00 on each dozen by which he can pay his freight and import duty and still be on an even footing with our American producer. Now could you expect our produce to sell less than the English retail price of 75 cents, yet he does it, and why? simply because he is compelled to by active competition and Dun's Mercanmen;" of war times' and using them the epposite parties complain about tile Agency shows hundreds of failures monthly. Not on account of this 100 per cent tariff you would have him taking from the people unjustly, but fields and forests, the winds that waft by competition as stated, so we fail entirely to comprehend where this tax on home productions comes in when we can buy our goods as cheap or cheaper at retail than in England, a free trade country, where labor and manufacturing is cheaper. We pause for a reply, but it does not come. One can purchase as cheaply in Buffalo, N. Y., as Montreal, Canada, or Port Townsend as compared with British Columbia at Victoria, most all the old, old times. Then if bringing up leading commodities, with some exceptions, yet Americans are paying, warfare, is political valor, political 'according to your logic, a tariff or tax upon everything he consumes. That Englishman with his \$100,000 worth heal the wound, what will open it? of woolen goods is just the gentleman we are after and we wish him to understand that he must pay into our treasury a just amount for doing business in this country, for as "Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness," even so shall we lift the import duty out of his pockets, needed by us to help defray the running expenses of this government, and lighten Homo's as well as everybody's taxation. In the first place we do not desire to see any Englishman with cheap pauper made woolen goods in the port of New York or any other port in the United States so long as we can produce woolen or any other goods by our own industries at home and at as reasonable prices as prevail here. "Then if he had no tariff to pay he could (would he do it?) sell his cargo We must confess we are blind, so far about the usual average wholesale

of goods for say \$104,000 and make profit." By simply referring to the ness, and must remain thus until some little table of prices given under free trade and protection one can readily see about what percentage that greedy Englishman would demand, and fur-thermore with his cheap labor and B. Fuln and James R. Scott, all of Pine bly ere we can be convinced that his Englishman would demand, and fur-He remarks, "Strange indeed a cheap facilities for producing his goods, that natural order of conditions as they already exist in full force and would be in a few years our workshops our laborers all idle, and that Englishman have a monopoly in this country by which he could demand and receive about any price he might ask. "Homo" loses sight, entirely, of the difference in cost of production, in his argument. Could our manufacturers have their work shops and machinery produced by labor at \$1.00 per day, insurdity of the everlasting tax he loves stead of paying \$4.00, insurance as so well to dwell upon we will refer him cheap, and cheap labor to run their to a few figures giving the price of factories, (for in Germany men are various articles under free trade in paid, on an average, 371 cents per day, 1860 and then under protection in and women 20 cents, and for fourteen 1884 showing conclusively, without hours work, while in the United States any contradiction, that we pay less for |\$1.75 per day is paid to men, and women receive \$1.00 per day, and for only ten hours labor.) It only proves that the Englishman's facilities for production are cheaper and that he can pay the tariff duties and still be able to compete in our markets, the difference in the cost of production going into the pockets of our workmen. We never can be able to produce as cheaply as foreign countries unless with the same surroundings, the same cheap servile and pauper labor, and any party or policy tending to trample down the price of American labor is no friend to our workmen and is very presumptuous in asking him to put a halter about his own neck whereby he may be hanged. MEDICO.

Frank Bro's, Implement Co., of Island City, are now prepared to sell wagons, buggies, hacks, or any other article of farm implements and machinery at lower rates than ever before sold in Eastern Oregon. They guarantee all goods they sell. Try them. 6

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Nothe Board of Equalization for Union county will meet in the office of the county cornty. Oregon, on Monday. October 1st, 1888, at 9 o'clock a. m. and continue in ses-sion six days, to examine the assessment roll for the year 1888; as returned by the as-sessor, and correct all mistakes therein; and all persons who are disantisfied with required to hold the same for the year enand all persons who are dissatisfied with their assessment as made by the assessor. or who wish any corrections made in the same, are hereby notified to appear at the time and place above named, and show cause why such corrections should be made, or in failing so to appear, they will be re-quired to pay tax by the assessment as inade

Union, Oregon, September 1st, 1888. O. D. THOMLINSON,

County Assessor. The County Court of Union county, desires to add to the above, a notice to all persons knowing themselves as not being assessed for the year 1888, to appear before said Board of Equalization and make an asses ment of their property, or send a list of their taxable property to the assessor at said time, and save expenses of sheriff mak-ing said assessment, and we wish it distinctly understood by all persons interested, that no cancellations of assessment will be made on the assessment roll after the same passed upon by the Board of Equalization. O. P. GOODALL. County Judge.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LAGRANDE, ORECON,]

Aug. 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his inten-tion to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made be-fore the register and receiver at La Grande, fore the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on Oct. 11th, 1888, viz. GEORGE W. COFFMAN, D. S. No. 7557, for the W hif, NW qr. Sec 26 and W hif, SW qr. Sec. 23, Tp 6 S, R 41 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cyrus Barnes, Justus Wright and Nathan-iel Parker, of Medical Springs, and George Wright, of Keating, Oregon.

HENRY RINEMART, Register. 8-31-w6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE. OREGON. Aug. 25, 188 Notice is hereby given that the followingnamed settler has filed notice of his inten tion to make final proof in support of his laim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on October 11, 1858, viz: SEIGLE COFFMAM, Hd. No. 3287, for the W hlf. SE qr. and E hlf. SW qr. Sec 26, Tp 6 S, R, 41 E. He names the following witnesses to 41 E. He names the following winesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cyrus Barnes, Justus wright and Nathaniel Parker, of Medical Springs, and George Wright, of Keating, Oregon.

HENRY RINEHART. 8-31-w6. Register. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

County of Union, State of Oregon, To W. H. Creed, Thomas Fitch, L. B.u-mauer, J. Harley and T. N. Snow -er, J. Harley and of you are here-notified that we have expended hundred dollars in labor and hundred upon the 'Latra Johnson' You

improvements upon the "Laura Johnson quartz mining claim. This claim is situa

laim will become the property of the sub-cribers, under said section. Dated this 12th day of April, 1888. MRS, ALICE EASTON, J. K. MALONEY, W. T. WRIGHT, J. W. SHELTON.

WOOD WANTED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT scaled bils will be received by the county court of Union county. Oregon, up to noon, Thursday, September 6th, 1885, for the delivery in the court house yard, of thirty cords of good wood, four feet long, payable in coin. The county court reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Union Oregon Anoms 14, 1888

Union, Oregon, August 14, 1888, O. P. GOODALL, 8-17 County Judge

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for Union county. F. F. Baker, Plamtiff,

Mary Baker, Defendant. To Mary Baker, the above named defen-

N THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Coregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the first day of the next regular term of the Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for Union county, after the publication of this summons for six weeks, to wit: on the 24, day of September, 1888, or in default there-of plaintiff will take judgment against you for the relief prayed for in this complaint, in this suit, to will for a decree dissolving in this suit, to will for a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defend-ant, and for general relief. This summons is published in Tox Oxr-oos Scourt, by order of the Hon. Jas. A. Fee, judge of said court, made at chambers at Pendleton, this 14th day of August 1888. BAKER, SHELTON & BAKER. Attorneys for Plaintiff. Attorneys for Plaintiff. SUMMONS.

In the Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for Union count Mary E. Baird, Plaintiff.

Charles Baird, Defendant. To Charles Baird, the above camed de fendant: In the name of the State of Ore gon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint file t against you in the above catil down on or before the first day of the next term of the Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for Union county, at ter the publication of this summons for st LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGOS, Aug. 27, 1888. (Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of their in tention to make final proof in support of their elaims, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La GRANGE REXROTH. D. S. No, 7700, for the S hif SW qr. Sec 7 Tp 3 S, R46 E. JAMES R. FULP, D. S. No, 7228. for the W hif. NE qr. and E hlf. NW qr. Sec 18 Tp 8 S, R46 E. They name the following witnesses to prove their continuous residence upon, and

Attorneys for Plaintiff, SUMMONS.

gon, for Union county. Nelson schoonover. Plaintiff,

required to appear and answer the com-plaint fied against you in the above entitled court and su t, on a r before the 24th day of September, 1 83, the same being the first day of a regular term of said court, com-mencing next after the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication these of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year en-ding Dec. 31st, 1857, and if within ninety days after this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of the expendi-ture as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the sub-scribers, under said section. Dated this 12th day of April, 1858.

set forth in the complaint, to wit: The W hif, of NW qr, and NE qr, of NW qr, sec, 22, and E hif, of SE qr, and SE qr, of NE qr, Sec 21, all in Township 4.8, R, 49 E, W. M., in Union county, State of Oregon, and ordering said property to be sold to satisfy the sum of \$1,000,00 and interest thereon from January 1st, 1887 at the rate of ten per cent, per annum; the further sum of \$150.00 as attorneys lees, and the further sum of \$20.02 and legal interest thereon from Jan, 1st, 1886, taxes paid on said mortgage and for which said mortgage was given to secure, to satisfy the further sum of \$82.63 and interest thereon from August 25, 1885 at the rate of ten per cent, per annum, the further sum of \$25 as attor ney fees, also the further sum of \$650.00 and interest thereon at the rate of ten per ce t. per annum, from Aug. 9, 1887, and the fur-ther sum of \$75.00 as attorneys fees, and also the costs, charges and expenses of this foreclosure and of making sale, said various sums being due upon four several promisary notes, given by the said defen-dants, of which the plaintiff is now the owner, and for taxes paid upon said mortgages, which were given to secure said notes, as provided therein and for which this suit is brought to foreclose; also that said defendants, and each and all of them and all persons claiming by or through them, be forever barred and foreclosed of them, be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title, interest, claim and equity of redemption of, in or to said land and every part thereof

part thereof, and for general relief. This summons is published by order of the Hon. Jas. A. Fee, judge of the above entitled court, made at chambers and da-Ed the 4th day of August, A. D. 1888. Dated at Union, Oregon, this 7th day of August, 1888. 8-10.

8-10. JOHN R. CRITES, Attorney for Plaintiff.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE,

signed was on the 8th day of may, 1888 du-ly appointed administratrix of the estate of James S. Brayton, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are here by notified to present the same, du-ly verified, to me at my place of residence near Eigin, Oregon, within six (6) months

from this date. Dated at Elgin, Oregon, this July 21, 1888. BARBARA BRAYTON, 7.27 Administratrix.



SUMMONS, In the circuit court of the State of Ore-

fer the gentleman to the case of the late Louisana election for a clear proof of the case in hand. A mass of evidence can be produced to show that there was no such thing as a free ballot, unless one wanted to vote the democratic ticket, and it was boldly declared by a journal of the south that the negro must be kept away from the polls, unless he comes as a democrat."

Well, the same "mass of evidence" that can be produced to prove the above assertion, will prove clearly and conclusively that the representativo men of the republican party, present at the election named, were "poor, blind" ignorant, brainless, know-nothing men-as some of them are-if they didn't complain of the unjust actions. Didn't they know that men were under the jurisdiction of the law at elections, as well as at other places? Didn't they know that if the election was unfair, they could appeal to the law for a just, impartial trial? God pity them if they didn't. They should be informed, by all means, for that kind of ignorance is worse than bodily slavery.

As to the "journal of the south," we need only to touch a vital spot nearer home. Does the E. O. R. regret the bible because of the actions of Lot? No, and it would say a man was a "poor, blind, bigoted" kind of a man that would. And then will it imagine the slaves in bondage again, the bloodhound on the track of human gore, and the bloodiest of crimes being perpetrated on the defenseless negros, because some paltry country paper makes | none but is benefited as stated. His some foolish statement, not sanctioned boasted theory of taxation disappears by man, God or devil. The editor of like thin vapor when exposed to the the E. O. R. must be one of those rays of a mid-day sun. While it is "poor, blind, bigoted" kind of republi- true that foreign importations brought cans who never reads anything save into the United States for the purpose just what suits him. If otherwise, he of sale are subject to an import duty cannot remember the good part of which is necessarily added to the price. anything.

of evidence that will prove this spirit adjusted and we are protected against of the south, and then we are told we higher prices as under free trade doare bringing up old relics."

prove this, it is evidence hatched by sequently can pay import dutics and some narrow-sighted republican journal, for the express purpose of raising | yet their retail market is higher on an old fousie to life again.

	1860.	1884.	Re pr
Com. sheeting & yd	08%	07	1
Drills & yd	083	0.03%	1
Prints @ yd	0916	06	
Pig iron # ton	23.00	20.00	
Iron, retined. W 1b	03	0214	
Fancy cassimeres, 2 yd	(5	. 50	
Common woolens, W yd	1.50	1.00	1
Medium blankets, W vd	5.00	3.75	1
Mens' pegged boots # pr	2.50	2.17	
Crockery & crate	93,30	67,89	1

The above showing will present to the causual observer that there is all the way from 14 to 38 per cent. reduction in the articles quoted in favor of protective tariff and instead of any tariff or tax to the consumer, he pays it is but just, and the consumers must Still more: "There is an amount pay it, by which equilibrium trade is main. Again, England with her If there is an amount of evidence to cheap labor can produce cheaper, concompete with American manufacturers average than in this country. Should

The Editor's Critic.

He stands in the stores with his back to the stove and tells how he could run a newspaper how he could be as idependen as a hog on ice, and call things by their right names ; how he could expose corruption in high places, how he could write good common sense, and none of your frivolous, trying-to be funny stuff. He criticises other people's meth. ds of conducting newspapers, and just wishes some one would give him a chance to show his journalistis ability. The way to cure one of these chaps is to get him to agree to write a sensible article every day for a week. Before the week is out he is sure to be pumped The south has made rapid strides in an article, say a garden hos, retail at dry, and will gap worse for an idea than tion 1324 revised statutes progress and advancement since the 75 contr in that country, the propa. a chicken does with the pipe. 48.

Valley, Oregon HENRY RINEHART,

8-31-w6 Register. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, Aug. 27, 1888. (Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their

named settlers have filed holice of their intention to make final proof in sup-port of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on October 17th, 1888, viz: RICHARD T. LANGREL, Hd. No. 2531, for the E hlf. NE qr. and SW qr. NE qr. Sec. 2. Tp. 8 S, and the SE qr. SE. qr. Sec 35. Tp. 7 S, R 45 E. WOSES A SCOTT. Hd. No. 2233, for the 30. TP. 7 S, R 45 E. MOSES A. SCOTT, Hd. No. 3253, for the N hif, SW qr. and S hif. NW qr. Sec 17, Tp

JAMES R. SCOTT, Hd. No. 2544, for the S hlf. SW qr. and SW qr. SE qr. Sec 5, and the NE qr. NW qr. Sec 8, Tp 8 S, R 46 E. WILLIAM HART, Hd. No. 3200, for the N hlf. NE qr. and N hlf. NW qr. Sec 21, Tp 8 S, R 46 E.

JAMES H. CHANDLER, Hd, No. 2419. for the SW qr. Sec. 1, Tp 88, R 45 E. and, FREYMAN STEELE, Hd. No. 3357, for the E hlf. SE qr., SE qr NE qr, Sec 25 in Tp 8, R 45 and SW qr. NW qr, Sec 36 in Tp 78, B 46 E

, R 46 E. They name the following witnesses to their continuous residence upon, and culti-vation of, said land, viz: R. T. Langrell, James H. Chandler, James R. Scott, Wil-liam Hart, Freeman Steele, M. A. Scott and James Land, all of Pine Valley, Ogn. HENRY RINEHART.

8-31-w6 Register.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit court for the State of Ore-gon, for the county of Union. Lucinda E. McDonald, Plaintiff,)

Thomas D. McDonald, Defendant, J Oregon, you are hereby required to ap-pear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court, to wit: Monday, the above entitied court, to with Moninay, the 24th day of September, 1888, and if you fail so to answer, the plaintiff, for want-thereof, will apply to the court for the re-lief prayed for in the complaint, viz: a de-cree of divorce, dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plain-tiff and secured, and for the courts and dis tiff and yourself, and for the costs and dis bursements of this suit.

Service of this summons is made by pub-Service of this summons is made by pub-lication thereof in THE OREGON SOUT. by order of Hon. Luther B. Ison, judge of the 6th. Judicial District of Oregon. Order bearing date, August 7th, 1883, C. W. MANVILL, 8-10 Attorney for Plaintiff.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Cornucopia, Oregon, March 28, 1888. as the owners in the claim or mine known "Blue Rose" claim, situated in the Balson, extention of the "Queen of the West," and have expended one hundred dollars in as-

O. II. SCHICKRAM O. S. ALLES

In the Circuit court for the State of Ore gon, for the county of Union. Alice Easton, Plaintiff. VS.

F. S. Easton, Defendant. Fo F. S. Easton, the above named defen

THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to ap-pear and answer the complaint filed against ou in the above entitled suit, on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court, to wit; on Mor

the above entitled court, to will on Mob-day, the 24th day at September, 1888, and if you fail so to answer, the plaintiff will ap-ply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint, viz: a decree of divorce dis-solving the bonds of matrimony now exis-ting between the plaintiff and yourself, and don't a costs and do inversements of this suit for the costs and dispursements of this suit.

Service of this summons is made lication thereof in THE OREGON SCOUT order of Hon, Luther B. Ison, judge of

6th Judicial District of the State of Oregon. Order bearing date, August 8th, 1888,

C. W. MANVILL.
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878 .-- Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA GRANDE, OREGON,? July 16, 1888. Notice is hereby given that in compliance

with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California. n, Nevada, and Washington Territo-HARLOW B. DRAKE, of Union, Oregon, County of Union. State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statemen No. 40, for the purchase of the NE qr. SE qr. Section 23, and NW qr. SW qr. of Section No. 34, in Township No. i South Range No. 39 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for ag-ricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at La Grande. Ore-

on, on Monday the 8th day of Oct., 1888 Ic names as witnesses: Robert Yorkes

He names as witnesses: Robert Yerkes, W. H. Statlord, C. L. Blakesice and A. C. Craig, all of Union, Oregon, Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-de-scribed lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of October, 1888. HENRY RESUMANT. HENRY RINEHART, 7-27-w10

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878 .-- Nation For Publication.

U.S. LAND OFFICE LA GRANDE, ORCON. July 28 1888. 1 Notice is hereby given that in complian

with the provisions of the ac. of Contres of June 3, 1878 entitled "An act for the of timber lands in the States of California Oregon, Nevata and Washington Territory, PETER M. COFFIN, of Union county of Union, State of Oregon, his hiday filed in this office his sworn statement h

No. 46, for the purchase of the S12 Ni64, and NW a NE of Section No. 34 in Township No. 4 South, Range No. 39 East, and will other proof to show that the land sough is more valuable for its timber of stone that for agricultural purcouses, and to estahis claim to said land before the registe and receiver of this office as La Grande have expended one hundred dollars in as-sessment work for the year 1887, on said claim, as required by law, and if you fail to contribute your portion of said amount within ninety days from date of service by publication of this notice, your interest in all persons claiming adversely the above essid claim will become the property of the undersigned co-owners as provided in sec-tion 7324 revised statutes U.S. HENOY ELNGUART,

From \$5.00 to \$25.00 weekly indemnity in case of accident. From \$5.60 to \$12.50 weekly indemnity in

ase of sickness. \$100.00 for Funeral expenses.

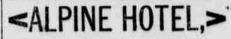
INO. E. TUTTLE, Agent, Union, Oregon.

MONEY to LOAN

On farm lands in Umatilla, Baker, Union, Gilliam and Wallowa counties, at 8, 9, 10 and 11 per cent, on live year's time. Call on J. H. RINEHART, at the Farm-

ers' Mortgage and Savings Bank, Summer-ville, Oregon, if you want money on farm

The 8 per cent is on improved farm land near the railroad in Grande Ronde Valley. 10-21-m6, J. H. RINEHART.



Cornneopla. Union county, Or. R. C. WARINNER, - - - - - Prop'r.

The only first class house in the camp. No pains spared to make guests comforta-



Thomson & Pursel are agents for the celebrated Cyclone WindMill, and as the prices on them have been greatly reduced they are now within the reach of all. Sample mill to be seen at their planer in North Union. Call aud examine it.



The West Shore is the only illustrated maga-tine published on the Pacific const. and uside from its excellent literary features, its object is to convey information, by both pen and pench, is the preat resources of this region, and the programs of their development. Bisour also, several pages of noise of the pro-grams being made in every section. Oregon, Wavington, Idaho, Moutan, Alaska, Utab, Cautorula, British Columbia, and the Pacific Northwest in general, are being illustrated. The enhance liner only F2.50. It is not only the ensurement linetrated magazine in the United States, but contains articles and en-gravings of great interest to every reddent of great interest to every resident of which can not be found in any

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