The North Powder sailor reels off a lengthy epistle in support of the old war tariff, forgetting all the time that people and factories all hired and exported before the robber system of 47 per cent, was in force; but he don't believe it. Oh no. Protection can't see anything as it is, and then we have not woolen factories enough and no cotton mills, 'and to put foreign wool on the free list, what would become of our American sheep raisers? (we pause for a reply.) With nothing but foreign wool in our markets, the manufacturing industry would soon fall into the hands of the rich men who could afford to buy large stocks and carry them. Then would come combination of mill owners and factory owners, a reduction in the working force and then an increase in the price of the manufactured article. Is not this as plain as the nasal appendage upon your face? Would not the innocent suffer; everybody, down to humble "Homo?"

Strange, indeed, to a blind scribbler, but those things already exist in their full force, and the republican party is now seeking to charge it all up to "free trade" policy. To prove that your own statement brings out the situation of the present day under your war tariff, we will quote a few lines from some of the prominent republican leaders. The first witness I shall introduce will be that very popular protectionist John Sherman, who said in 1866-7 that: "every duty on imported merchandise gives to the domestic manuafcturer an advantage equal to the duty.' Next, hear the Chicago Tribune, which said, some weeks ago: "All the war tariff has done for the farmer is to fleece him by increasing the expense of transporting his products to market, and worse still, nearly doubling the price on him of most of his necessaries of life, whether of foreign or domestic production." Yes, my brother farmers, it makes no difference whether price is nearly doubled by the tariff. Now let us hear from that good, honthe Devil laugh with glee to see the farmers of Iowa voting to support a high tariff which doubles the cost of rates of passage and freights, not for a moment reflecting that they, by their votes, impose these high rates of freight on themselves." I could greatly multiply this kind of evidence, but my space is limited by the editor.

To further prove the wool-blind and woolen goods tirade, let us suppose that an Englishman brings to this country for sale, a cargo of woolen goods that cost him \$100,000 laid down at the custom house in New York, including all expenses. Then if he had no tariff to pay he could sell his cargo of goods for say \$104,000, and make about the usual average wholesale profit, but this Englishman has to pay into our public treasury \$67,000 as tarhis cargo at \$171,000. But would any quality, in the same market for \$104,loss, which he would have to do if our fellows were selling at a reasonable that they are sold with the duty added to the price. It also proves just as conclusively that our manufacturers must be selling their goods at the same price. Suppose our manufacturers of woolen goods should sell such a cargo of goods at \$133,000, as they could and then make over eight times the customary profit of wholesale dealcompete in our markets and sell at the because they can rake in the whole reach out like arms from the imposing tariff and the foreigner's freignt and | mountains on the south, and hold in profits by not doing it, and they make their fond embrace, this, the loveliest more money and only run one-half of lakes.

their time than they could to run all The altitude of these arm shaped the time, if they sold their goods at hills, which were the latteral morain- LAND OFFICE AT LAGRANDE, OREGON, reasonable profits. Sixty-seven per nes of the old glacier, is about 800 feet cent, is about sixteen times the usual above the surface of the lake, the lake, profits, if I have been correctly informitself, is about 280 feet deep, and as ed. When they lock up, all expenses the ice mass must have been 600 to are stopped, no wages to pay, no raw 800 feet higher than the hills which it material or fuel to purchase or look builded, it takes no philosopher to after, and they have plenty of time to imagine the gigantic proportions of take pleasure trips to Europe or visit the glacier. The point, or terminus, places of fashionable resort, where they of the glacier proper was at the lower can spend thousands of dollars of the end of what is now the lake, though it earnings of the poor tramps that they is evident that at times the ice exhave turned out of employment.

"The Mills bill and free trade have town of Joseph now stands. The caused it all." Oh yes! In the last glacier here succumbed to the heat twenty years this country has created and relaxed its hold on whatever rock more millionaires on the one hand and and earth it sti'l carried. These masspaupers on the other than any other es of debris were deposited in long country made mention of in history, uneven hills, that resemble fingers Of this fact there never has been a denial. Of this fact there can never be a denial with any due regard for the States to-day worth one million dollars and upwards, where there was but one in 1860. The scheme is working decertainly give us a theme for very

time before I can find paper and documents away from home, however,

We have stuck close to our farms To suffer no loss, But tariff taxation Has proved the boss.

номо.

Silver Lake.

EDITOR SCOUT :-

As many of your readers are lovers of the sublime and beautiful in Nature, and few of them who have seen the beautiful and picturesque lake in you buy foreign or domestic goods, the | Wallowa county have thought of the mighty forces and energy of old Mother Nature that have worked toest republican, ex-Governor Grimes, of gether to produce this lovely little Iowa, who said: "It is enough to make lake, we venture a few observations hoping to please and edify at least a portion of your many readers.

Situated at the upper end of Walrailroad iron, spikes, locomotives, ten- lowa valley and overlooked by some ders, cars, etc., the effect of which is of the most lofty and precipitous to double the cost of transportation of peaks of the Blue mountains, is the all they produce and all they consume | most beautiful little lake that it has and then hear them growl about high ever been our good fortune to see. It is the product of a gigantic glacier in the dim ages of the past. Thousands of years ago, in the Glacial Epoch of the world's geologic history, the accumulations of ice and snow in the high mountains south of Wallowa valley formed into a glacier of a magnitude unknown now in the temperate regions of the world, and surpassed only in the Frigid zones. The most celebrated glaciers in the region about Mt. Blanc, in the Alps, are from one-half mile to three miles in width and seldom reach six hundred feet in thickness. The only glaciers of any importance in the United States are in

the Cascade mountains, and especially on the sides of Mt. Hood and Mt. iff on his cargo of woolens, and then if Ranier. But on these mountains the he makes the usual profits he must sell | glacier is seldom over a half mile wide and a few miles long, but here in the man pay him \$171,000 if he could buy | Blue mountains, long before there was the same amount of goods, of equal a man living to see its grandeur, was a mass of ice from 1500 to 2000 feet 000? Or would any Englishman ever thick and from ten to fifteen miles bring goods here to sell at 67 per cent, long, moving like a river down the mountain gorges at the rate of twenty to fifty feet per day, slow but constant profit? The fact that many million in its motion and lasting through ages. dollars' worth of foreign goods of vari- It scraped great masses of earth and ous kinds are being sold in this coun- rock from the mountain sides and held try every year proves beyond a doubt them firmly in its icy clutches as it moved slowly along and masses of rock becoming detached from the cliffs above would tumble down and be carried along on the strong back of the glacier. Two immense mountain gorges, one from the south and the other from the south-cast, each supported its river of ice. These united about two miles south of what is now ers, and the foreigner could not then the head of the lake. The glacier at this point was about two and a half same price without losing \$34,000 on miles wide and probably over 2500 his cargo, and this would shut him en- feet thick. This immense body of ice, tirely out. Does this not prove that with constant and continuous motion, our manufacturers have it in their crawled slowly out of the huge canyon power at any time, under the present until it projected into the valley four tariff, to shut out all foreign goods, or five miles. But as soon as it was and still make very large profits? out of the canyon its sides lacked the Then why don't they do it, and supply support of the mountain sides and its us with all our goods by running their immense cargoes of stone and earth machinery all the time, which would tumbled off by the sides of the icy give steady employment to all the mass as it crawled slowly along and 500,000 workmen that are now roam- this process, continuing for the thousing the country as tramps to beg, steal ands of years that the glucier existed, or starve? They shut them out simply | built up those long smooth hills that

tended nearly to where the thriving

interlocked at the ends of the arms. These hills, that reach out from the mountains and encircle the lake, are truth, and it is safe to say that there made up of granite and basalt bowlare a thousand persons in the United ders, gravel and earth. All the rocks are detached and separate from each other, and granite and basalt are piled up promiscuously together. There lightfully, brother farmers, and should are no cliffs of rock in these hills, showing plainly that all the material pleasant contemplation, especially when we remember that the largest portion of these millions has been taken from our limited earnings.

This article is written in much haste and may contain some errors, as we are getting ready to start out threshing, and time is precious, but I hope "Medico" will be able to understand what I have written. It will be some that the largest down from the mountains on the ice, Some of these bowlders contain from 1000 to 2000 cubic feet, and those of granite must have been transported from the high mountain peaks several make them up was carried down from the mountains on the ice, Some of these bowlders contain from 1000 to 2000 cubic feet, and those of granite must have been transported from the high mountain peaks several miles south of the lake. There are in those mountains many different kinds of rock and these are all represented in the stupendous glacial morainnes valley, Oregon.

This article is written in much haste and may contain some errors, as we are getting ready to start out threshing, and time is precious, but I hope those mountains many different kinds of rock and these are all represented in the stupendous glacial morainnes valley. Oregon. that hold the lake in their embrace. As a rule, however, the high peaks

and backbones of the mountains are

granite, while their sides are covered

with a thick coat of basalt, and con-

sequently the hills surrounding the

lake are made up entirely of granite

and basalt bowlders and earth. O, that these hills had language! How I would list to their tale of the past! They would tell of conditions much like the present, but magnified, of a time when prodigious quantities of rain and snow fell in these mountains; probably before the Cascade mountains were lifted up, and the clouds laden with water from the Pacific, floated without obstruction until they reached these lofty mountains: of the time when the beautiful valley of Grande Ronde was a lake of water. They would tell many a romance of Indian life. How for ages these kings of the forest regarded with mingled awe and veneration this home

They hame the following with seases to their continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: R. T. Langrell, James H. Chandler, James R. Scott, William Hart, Freeman Steele, M. A. Scott and James Land, all of Pine Valley, Ogn. of the red fish, the shrine of their gods, the loveliest of lakes.

In time past the lake has extended about one and a half miles further south than now, but this has been filled up by debris carried down by the mountain torrents and now is a grandeur of its surroundings. This has been often done by gifted writers; but we have not yet read any account of the grand forces in Nature that produced this beautiful result. Hence these observations.

TURNER OLIVER.

A Common Cold

Is often the beginning of serious affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, and Lungs. Therefore, the importance of early and effective treatment cannot be overestimated. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral may always be relied upon for the speedy cure of a Cold or Cough.

Lust January I was attacked with a severe Cold, which, by neglect and frequent exposures, became worse, finally settling on my lungs. A terrible cough soon followed, accompanied by pains in the chest, from which I suffered intenset. ly. After trying various remedies, with-out obtaining relief, I commenced taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was

Speedily Cured.

I am satisfied that this remedy saved my life. — Jno. Webster, Pawtucket, R. I. I contracted a severe cold, which suddenly developed into Pneumonia, presenting dangerous and obstinate symptoms. My physician ordered the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. His in-structions were followed, and the result was a rapid and permanent cure.— H. E. Stimpson, Rogers Prairie, Tex.

Two years age I suffered from a severe Cold, which settled on my Lungs. I consulted various physicians, and took the medicines they prescribed, but received only temporary relief. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking two bottles of this medicine I was cured. Since then I have given the Pectoral to my children, and consider it

The Best Remedy

for Colds, Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, ever used in my family, — Robert Vanderpool, Meadville, Pa. Robert Vanderpool, Meadville, PaSome time ago I took a slight Cold,
which being neglected, grew worse, and
settled on my Lungs. I had a hacking
cough, and was very weak. Those who
knew me best considered my life to be
in great danger. I continued to suffer
until I commenced using Ayer's Cherry
Pectoral. Less than one bottle of this
valuable medicine cured me, and I
feel that I owe the preservation of my
life to its curative powers. — Mrs. Ann

life to its curative powers. - Mrs. Ann Lockwood, Akron, New York. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is considered, here, the one great remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs, and is more in demand than any other medicine of its class.—J. F. Roberts, Magnolia, Ark. ††

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Propared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

fiold by all Druggists. Price \$1; siz bottles, \$5.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Aug. 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the followingnamed settler has filed notice of his intennamed settler has filed notice of his inten-tion to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made be-fore the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on Oct. 11th, 1888, viz. GEORGE W. COFFMAN, D. S. No. 7557, for the W hlf. NW qr. Sec 25 and W hlf. SW qr. Sec. 23, Tp 6 8, R 41 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence. witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: Cyrus Barnes, Justus Wright and Nathan-iel Parker, of Medical Springs, and George Wright, of Keating, Oregon, HENRY RINGHART,

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, Aug. 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of hi claim, and that said proof will be made be fore the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on October 11, 1888, viz: SEIGLE COFFMAM, Hd. No. 3287, for the W. hlf. SE qr. and E hlf. SW qr. Sec 26, Tp. 6 S, R. 41 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cyrus Barnes, Justus wright and Nathaniel Parker, of Medical Springs, and George Wright, of Keating, Oregon.

HENRY RINEHART.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

AND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, Aug. 27, 1888. (Notice is hereby given that the following amed settlers have filed notice of their in

HENRY RINGHART, Register. 8-31-w6 NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON,

Aug, 27, 1888. (
Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have tiled notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the register

proof will be made beloge the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on October 17th, 1888, viz:

RICHARD T. LANGREL, Hd. No. 2531, for the E hif. NE qr. and SW qr. NE qr. Sec. 2, Tp. 8 8, and the SE qr. SE, qr. Sec 35, Tp. 7 S, R 45 E.

MOSES A. SCOTT, Hd. No. 3253, for the N hlf. 8W qr. and S hlf. NW qr. Sec 17, Tp

JAMES R. SCOTT, Hd, No. 2544, for the S hif. SW qr. and SW qr. SE qr. Sec 5, and the NE qr. NW qr. Sec 8, Tp 8 S, R 46 E. WILLIAM HART, Hd. No. 3200, for the N hif. NE qr. and N hif. NW qr, Sec 21, Tp

JAMES H. CHANDLER, Hd, No. 2419. for the SW qr. Sec. 1, Tp 88, R 45 E. and, FREEMAN STEELE, Hd. No. 3357, for the E hlf. SE qr., SE qr NE qr, Sec 25 in Tp S, R 45 and SW qr, NW qr, Sec 36 in Tp 7 S, R 46 E.

They name the following witnesses to HENRY RINEHART.

8-31-w6 SUMMONS.

In the Circuit court for the State of Ore gou, for the county of Union. Lucinda E. McDonald, Plaintiff, Thomas D. McDonald, Defendant,

To Thomas D. McDonald, the above named low flat covered with cotton wood timber. We shall not attempt to portray the beauties of the lake and the the first day of the next regular term of

the above entitled court, to wit: Monday, the 24th day of September, 1888, and if you the 24th day of september, 1888, and it you fail so to answer, the plaintiff, for want thereof, will apply to the court for the re-lief prayed for in the complaint, viz: a de-cree of divorce, dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and yourself, and for the costs and dis bursements of this suit. Service of this summons is made by pub-

lication thereof in THE OREGON SCOUT, order of Hon. Luther B. Ison, judge of the 6th, Judicial District of Oregon. Order bearing date, August 7th, 1888. C. W. MANVILL.

Attorney for Plaintiff,

SUMMONS. In the Circuit court for the State of Ore-Alice Easton, Plaintiff,

F. S. Easton, Defendant. To F. S. Easton, the above named defen-

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court, to wit; on Monthe above entitled court, to wit: on such day, the 24th day at September. 1888, and if you fail so to answer, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint, viz: a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and yourself, and for the costs and disbursements of this suit. Service of this summons is made by publication thereof in The Oregon Scour, by order of Hon. Luther B. Ison, judge of the 6th Judicial District of the State of Oregon. Order bearing date, August 8th, 1888, C. W. MANVILL.

Attorney for Plaintiff. NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Cernucepia, Oregon, March 28, 1888. To George Benson and John Hallet: You are hereby notified that we, your co-owners in the claim or mine known as the "Blue Rose" claim, situated in the Balson extention of the "Queen of the West," and have expended one hundred dollars in as-sessment work for the year 1887, on said claim, as required by law, and if you fail to contribute your portion of said amount within ninety days from date of service by publication of this notice, your interest in said claim will become the property of the

undersigned co-owners as provided in sec-tion 2324 revised statutes U. S. C. H. SCHICKRAM, O. S. ALLEN,

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

County of Union, State of Oregon.
To John Hepburn and Samuel Merchant:—
You and each of you are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the "Lucky Boy" quartz mining claim for the year ending December, 1887. This claim is situated in the Granite Mining District in Union county, Oregon, adjoining the "Forest Queen" and "Combination" quartz mining claims, and if within ninety days after this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of the expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber.

E. W. CURTISS.

Dated July 2, 1888.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

To W. H. Creed, Thomas Fitch, L. Blu-nauer, J. Harley and T. N. Saow :-You and each of you are heren and each of you notified that we have hundred dollars in in You in labor and Laura Johnson improvements upon the quartz mining claim. T mining claim. This claim is situa-Grante mining district in Union county, Oregon, about one ball ratie above the arastra of Wm. Horper, on the right bank of Elkerreck, and is also called the O. I Oregon, you and each of you are hereby R. & N" claim, as will appear by certificate of location and amended location filed August 21st and September 1st, 1885 in the office of the district recorder of said district, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of Section 2321, revised statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1887, and if within ninety days after this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of the expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the sub-

scribers, under said section Dated this 12th day of April, 1888.

MRS. ALICE EASTON,
J. K. MALONEY,
W. T. WRIGHT,
J. W. SHELTON.

WOOD WANTED.

Notice is HEREBY GIVEN THAT scaled bids will be received by the county court of Union county, Oregon, up

Union, Oregon, August 14, 1888. O. P. GOODALL, County Judge

In the Circuit court of the State of Orc

gon, for Union county. F. F. Baker, Plaintiff,

Mary Baker, Defendant.

To Mary Baker, the above named defenyou in the above entitled suit, on or before and all persons claiming by or through the first day of the next regular term of the them, be forever barred and foreclosed of Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for Union county, after the publication of this redemption of, in or to said land and every

summons for six weeks, to wit: on the 24, day of September, 1888, or in default thereof plaintiff will take judgment against you for the relief prayed for in this complaint, in this suit, to wit: for a decree dissolving the bonds of maternacy because and Dated at Union, Oreyon, this 7th the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for general rel cf.
This summons is published in THE ORE

gon Scout, by order of the Hon. Jas. A.
Fee, judge of said court, made at chambers
at Pendleton, this 14th day of August 1888.
BAKER, SHELTON & BAKER. Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit court of the State of Oregon,

Mary E. Baird, Plaintiff.

Charles Baird, Defendant, To Charles Baird, the above named de endant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the first day of the next term of the Circuit court of the State of Oregon, for Union county, af-ter the publication of this summons for six consecutive weeks, to wit: on or before the 24th day of September, 1888, or in default thereof plaintiff, Mary E Baird will take judgment against you for the relief prayed for in the complaint in this suit, to wit; for a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plain tiff and defendant, and for general relief. This summons is published by order of the Hon. Luther B Ison, judge of said court, made and dated at chambers this

E5th day of July, 1838. BAKER, SHELTON & BAKER Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In the county court of the State of Ore-

on, for Union county.
In the matter of the estate of A. L. Saun-

Notice is hereby given that the under igned has filed her final account of her doings in above entitled estate, in above entifled court, and praying for a discharge and settlement of said account; that the 4th day of September, 1888, at the time of ten o'clock in the ferencen of said day, the same being a day of a regular term of said court, has been appointed as the hour and the court room in the court house in the city of Union, Union county, State of Orecon, as the place, for hearing objections, if any, to said account, and for the showing turther duty as such administratrix, and relieving her sareties from further liabilities on their undertaking of cause, if any there be, why an order be not made discharging the undersigned from

ties on their undertaking.
D. B. SAUNDERS. Administratrix of the estate of A. L.

Saunders, deceased, Dated at Union, Or., this July 31, 1888, J. R. CRITER. Atterney for estate 8-3

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878--Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA GRANDE, OREGON, July 16, 1888. 1 Notice is hereby given that in compliance ich the provisions of the act of Congress June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale timber lands in the States of California regon, Nevada, and Washington Territo County of Union, State of Ocegon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 40, for the purchase of the NE qr. sEqr. Section 33, and NW qr. SW qr. of Section No. 31, in Township No. 1 South Range No. 30 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for ag-ricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at La Grande. Ore gon, on Monday the 8th day of Oct., 1888 He names as witnesses: Robert Yerk W. H. Stafford, C. L. Blakeslee and A. Robert Yerkes Craig, all of Union, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th

day of October, 1888.

HENRY RINGHART, Timber Land, Act June 8, 1878,.-Notice For Publication.

U.S. LAND OFFICE LA GRANDE. OREGON.

July 23, 1888. \(\)
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevala and Washington Territory, PETER M. COFFIN, of Union, county of Union, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 45, for the purchase of the Si- NE)4, and NW14 NE14 of Section No. 34, in Town ship No. 4 South. Range No. 39 East. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at La Grande. Oregon on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1888. He names as witnesses: Wm H. Stafford, E. Samis, E. K. Spain and Thad Draper, all of Union, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the abovedescribed lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 20th

day of October, 1888. HENRY RINERARY. SUMMONS.

County of Union, State of Oregon. In the circuit court of the State of Ore

gon, for Union county. Nelson Schoonover, Plaintiff,

Alexander La Buff, Sarah L. La Buff, J. B. Eaton and Mi-nerva Eaton. Defendants. o Alexander LaBuff and Sarah L. La Buff,

two of the above named defendants:-

required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and suit, on or before the 24th day of September, 1883, the same being the first day of a regular term of said court, com-mencing next after the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit; the September term, 1888, of said court, and if you fail so to appear or answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the re-liet demanded in said complaint, to wit: a decree foreclosing all of the right, title a decree foreclosing all of the right, little and interest of all of the said defendants, of, in and to certain mortgaged property set forth in the complaint, to wit: The W hif, of NW qr. and NE qr. of NW qr. Sec. 22, and E hif, of SE qr. and SE qr. of NE qr. Sec 21, all in Township 4 S. R. 40 E, W. M., in Union county, State of Oregon, and ordering said property to be sold to satisfy the sum of \$1 000.00 and interest thereon from January 1st, 1887 at the rate of ten per cent, per annum; the further sum of \$150.00 as attorneys ices, and the further sum of \$39.02 and legal interest tor the delivery in the court house yard, of thereon from Jan, 1st, 1836, taxes paid on thirty cords of good wood, four feet long, said mortgage and for which said mortgage payable in coin. The county court reserves was given to secure, to satisfy the further the right to reject any or all bids.

Union, Oregon, Appared 11 long. August 25, 1885 at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, the further sum of \$25 as attorney fees, also the further sum of \$650.00 and interest thereon at the rate of ten per cect. per annum. from Aug. 9, 1887, and the fur-ther sum of \$75.00 as attorneys fees, and also the costs, charges and expenses of this foreclosure and of making sale, said various sums being due upon four several promisary notes, given by the said defen-dants, of which the plaintiff is now the owner, and for taxes paid upon said mort-gages, which were given to secure said notes, as provided therein and for which this suit is brought to foreclose; also that IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against and all persons claiming by or through

> This summons is published by order of the Hon. Jas. A. Fee, judge of the above entitled court, made at chambers and da-Ed the 4th day of August, A. D. 1888. Dated at Union, Oregon, this 7th day of August, 1888,

JOHN R. CRITES, Attorney for Plaintiff.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE,

To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that the undersigned was on the 8th day of may, 1888 duly appointed administratrix of the estate of James S. Brayton, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate ire hereby notified to present the same, duly verified, to me at my place of residence near Eigin, Oregon, within six (6) months

Dated at Elgin, Oregon, this July 21, 1888.
BARBARA BRAYTON,
7-27
Administratrix.

Sickness

Funeral

-IN THE-Insure Against

Banker's Mutual Accident, Relief Associat'n of the Expenses' Northwest

From \$5.00 to \$25.00 weekly indemnity in ase of accident. From \$5.00 to \$12.50 weekly indemnity in

ave of sickness. \$100.00 for Funeral expenses.

INO. E. TUTTLE, Agent, Union, Oregon.

MONEY to LOAN

On farm lands in Umatilla, Baker, Union, Gilliam and Wallowa counties, at 8, 9, 16 and 11 per cent, on five year's time. Call on J. H. RINEHART, at the Farm-

ear the railroad in Grande Ronde Valle 10-21-ms. J. H. RINEHART. 10-21-m6.

<ALPINE HOTEL,>

Cornucopia, Union county, Or.

R. C. WARINNER, - - - - - Prop'r. The only first class house in the camp. No pains spared to make guests comforta-

CILLA Thomson & Pursel are agents for the celebrated Cyclone Wind Mill, and as the prices on them have been greatly reduced they are now within the reach of all. Sample mill to be seen

at their planer in North Union. Call

(SEEDONISHADISTO)

PORTLAND - PREGON-

The West Shore is the only illustrated magazine published on the Pacific coast, and aside from its excellent literary features, its object is to convey information, by both pen and penefl, if the great resources of this region, and the progress of their development.

Special illustrated articles appear in each issue; also, several pages of notes of the progress being made in every section. Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Alaska, Utah, California, British Columbia, and the Pacific Northwest in general, are being illustrated. The subscription price is only \$2.50. It is not only the cheapest illustrated magazine in the United States, but contains articles and engravings of great interest to every resident of this region, which can not be found in any other publication.

Subscribers for 1888 receive a large supplement every mouth. The first one is a beautiful oleograph of the "Entrance to the Columbia River," printed in nine colors, and each of the others represents some feature of our sublime scenery. The supplements are alone worth more than the price of the magazine. Try it for 1898, and after reading, send it to your friends cheather. You will find it both entertaining and instructive.

L. SAMUEL, Publisher,

L SAMUEL, Publisher, 171-178 Second St., Pertland, Oregon.