

THE OREGON SCOUT.

AMOS R. JONES EDITOR.

City and County Official Paper.

Saturday, Aug. 27th., 1887

TO BUILD UP A TOWN.

The following from the Petaluma Argus to the citizens of that town is applicable, word for word to the citizens of Union with a view of building it up.

Talk about it. Write about it. Help to improve it. Speak well about it. Beautify the streets. Patronize its merchants. Advertise in the newspaper, speak well of its public spirited enterprising citizens. If you are rich, invest something; employ somebody; be a "rustler." If you don't think of any good word to say, don't say anything bad about it. Remember that every dollar you invest in a permanent improvement is that much on interest. Be courteous to strangers that come among you, so that they go away with good impressions. Always cheer on the men who go in for improvements; your portion of the cost will be nothing, only what is just. Don't kick at any proposed necessary improvement because it is not at your door, or for fear that your taxes will be raised a dime. Don't throw stumbling blocks in the way of your city officers; they are generally public spirited men and spend lots of time in the public interest for which they receive no remuneration. Don't use rubber stamps on your letter heads; that is a "dead give away" on your own business and on the town. Get your letter heads, envelopes, business cards, etc., printed at the printing office. Never condemn the local paper unless they have unfairly used you. If they have dealt with you unjustly, write to them or go to the office, and tell the editor about your case, and if he is busy—and a much smaller man physically than yourself, he will lose no time in setting you right before the public. If you owe the newspaper a dollar, or five dollars, or twenty-five cents, pay it if you can; there is no other way in the community which can do anything like the same amount of good for it as a newspaper. Don't get politics mixed up with your business; if you are a business man, don't lose the help that a newspaper can give you because its politics are not your politics and by all means don't advertise merely to "help the printer along;" advertise to help your town and business along. Don't ask your editor to spend \$85 or \$100 a month publishing a paper and not offer him your help. Put your share of help along with that of your neighbors, and the aggregate in the town will sustain the paper.

A FLATTERING OUTLOOK.

There can be no doubt that this will prove an unusually prosperous year for the people of this state, and particularly for those of the great Inland Empire. The crops are extremely large, which will result in the coffers of our agriculturists being unusually replete with the "filthy lucre" to the consequent prosperity of all. The La Grande Gazette presents the following figures:

"It is a fair estimate to say that there will be shipped to Portland, this year, 500,000 tons of wheat. This will bring at least \$85 per ton, and many well informed people think \$10. But at \$85 per ton it will amount to seventeen millions and a half dollars. There will be clear profit to the farmers, out of this vast sum, after paying expenses for labor, seven million and five hundred thousand dollars. That is quite an accumulation from one source alone in one year, and this estimate is under rather than over the real figures. Seven millions profit to farmers, beside the payment of wages which enriches a country, is a big profit in a year. When the crop prospect over the greater part of the world is so poor, it will be a great lift to Oregon. The stock of bread-stuffs in Europe, Asia and, in fact, the world over, is very slim, and prices this year will be better than have been had in Oregon for many years. With good prices and good crops, what is to prevent prosperity?"

MULBERRY TREES.

The Women's Silk Culture association of the United States, Mrs. J. Lucas, president, and Mrs. V. C. Haven, secretary, with headquarters at 1226 Arch street, Philadelphia, desire to offer to the state agricultural schools, institutions and reformatories, or to individuals who may have a purpose or desire to establish the culture of silk, a gratuity in mulberry trees in lots not less than twenty-five or more than one hundred. In every instance a guarantee must be given that the recipient who may accept these trees shall give them the proper attention required for their full fruition. The

mulberry trees of many varieties, notably the Mogus Alba and Morus Japonica, are clean, healthy trees, of large leaf, rapid growth, great age, and, most important, the product of leaves is of great commercial value. Further, from a small number of trees any quantity of cuttings can be taken during growth for a new nursery. The association, therefore, ask for orders for mulberry trees, the order stating number, locality of planting and the date at which they are required, as only two seasons are open for planting that will cover the government fiscal year of July, 1886 to July, 1887. Mulberry trees should do well in Oregon and it might be well for the State Agricultural school and other institutions to secure some. It might lead, in time, to introducing silk culture here.— Eugene Register.

LINX FLAX.

The moisture laden atmosphere of the Willamette valley, says the Evening Democrat, is said to be the finest in the world for the manufacture of linx flax. A number of years ago a commission was sent from Ireland, one of the most adaptable of countries for that manufacture, to ascertain the best location for its production. The commission visited all the possible rivals in the world, and finally decided that Oregon was the most favored land under the sun for that enterprise. Its even, cool temperature and western breezes coming freighted with soft moisture from the bosom of the Pacific, were calculated to produce the best fibre. In fact, there is no country in the world so happily situated in that regard as the Willamette valley, and it is not unlikely it will soon furnish the linen of the world. Already an Indiana flax culturist has begun negotiations with Mr. John Crawford, of Albany, for his canal and water works. It may be he will soon complete the purchase. If he does, he is prepared to invest \$200,000 more in a factory for linx flax at Albany. When begun it will be the inauguration of one of the greatest industries ever brought to Oregon, and will tend to largely enhance our material prosperity.

A FEW FACTS

The idea which has prevailed in the eastern states for many years—begotten by the golden days of California's early history—that fortunes are accumulated without effort in the west, is erroneous. Those who acquire wealth in Washington or Oregon, like the same class in other states, only reap the legitimate reward of persevering industry and continued self-sacrifice. There are no twenty dollar pieces, chunks of gold or silver lying around loose in this northwest, which only require a slight effort to pick up and possess. Money is the only representative of value here, the same as everywhere else, and the value is estimated by the amount of labor or sacrifice required to furnish an equivalent. This country has an unsurpassed climate for mildness of winters and coolness of summers, and the resources are rich and almost boundless but the soil will not yield spontaneously, or the mines give forth their gold and silver without labor, and he who comes to this portion of the northwest and expects to become rich without displaying the qualities which have resulted almost everywhere in the accumulation of wealth, will be sadly disappointed. This region, for its development, needs toilers, who are not afraid to soil their hands, and who are willing to earn an honest livelihood.

CROSSED WHEAT.

In describing new varieties of wheat obtained in the United Kingdom from crossing, the London correspondent of Bradstreet's writes under date August 8th, that "a splendid new spring wheat has been obtained by crossing the English April wheat—about the only wheat which can safely be sown after February in this country—with the American golden grain, a hardy and prolific, but coarse wheat. The result of this cross is a very early, handsome wheat, with much bigger heads than April wheat has, and of finer quality than golden grain. There is every reason to believe that this new spring wheat will prove a very valuable acquisition to farmers in all countries where spring wheats are grown. The operation of crossing wheat is a delicate one, great care being necessary to do it at the right time."

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE, AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, August 1, 1887. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on the 8th day of August, 1887, viz: GEORGE W. WRIGHT, Hd. No. 1703, for the NW 1/4 Sec. 1 Tp. 8 R. 4 E. W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Hayward, Seigmund Coffman, W. D. Emcke, and N. L. Parker, all of Kendall, Oregon. HENRY RICHARD, Register.

SADLY MISTAKEN WOMEN.

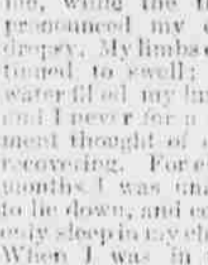
The Great Cause of Female Unhappiness and Loss of Attractiveness Explained.

(Mother's Magazine.) The question is often asked, why are the women of to-day so delicate, so feeble? Why do they fade so quickly, lose their color, and become prematurely old? Why do they suffer such pains and endure so much silent agony? There are, doubtless, many reasons, but they are all combined in the single word—Weakness. When we stop to calmly think of the amount of misery that is endured by the women of America at this very moment it is simply appalling. This is no idle assertion—it is the terrible truth. We will cite a case in point:



Mrs. Alexander L. Nichols, residing at Phenix, R. I., is a lineal descendant of the gallant General Mrs. Nicholas, Nathaniel Greene. Blessed with a good constitution, she hardly knew what sickness or pain were until a few years ago. Her duties called her up and down stairs (that have of womankind) very frequently, and she began to notice that her breath was growing shorter. This was followed by pains in the back, tired feeling, a sense of bearing down and frequent faintness. But Mrs. Nichols had the plucky blood of her ancestor in her veins and would not give up. There came a day, however, when she was forced to do so. We give the rest in her own words. In conversing with the writer she said:

"I cannot describe how sick I was. I had sharp pains shooting through my chest; it was almost impossible to draw a single breath, and my limbs were swollen almost to bursting. I consulted three doctors, two of whom admitted that they could not cure me, while the third pronounced my case despaired. My limbs continued to swell; the water filled my lungs, and I never for a moment thought of ever recovering. For eight months I was unable to lie down, and could only sleep in my chair. When I was in this hopeless condition, my son, Lafayette G. Nichols, of Providence, came to see me. Several years before he had been made, but under the direction of Dr. George D. Wilcox, of Providence he had recovered. He insisted that I should employ the same means he had used so successfully, and as a last resort I consented to do so. In a short time I began to grow better; the swelling decreased, and finally disappeared; I regained my breath, then my health, then my strength, and I owe my life today to that grand need for Hunt's Remedy, which alone was able to save me. This was the medicine, which, administered by Dr. Wilcox, restored my son and rescued me from the grave. I know it is pure, simple and good, and I believe it is the only remedy that will certainly regulate and cure all many troubles of women, and restore them to health, beauty and attractiveness."



"I have thought a great deal about the health of women since I regained my health, and I wish I had the power to induce those who are suffering, and so many are today, to use the means I am now so happily employed. If women were well and strong it could be a grand thing for the nation, and save untold suffering which is now being endured so patiently. The FEMALE MISERY, troubles, many women do not know what ails them. They take cold and have unpleasant symptoms, but think that they will soon pass away but they do not. These are followed by more serious troubles, annoying, weakening and life-destroying, but still they take no steps to check them. How can women be so blind? Do they not know that such things are the beginning of end unless taken in time?"



The experience of Mrs. Nichols, who is now in her eighty-fifth year, should be a warning to all who read her earnest words not to delay, but to use the best of all known means for preserving or restoring health before it is too late.

Notice of Administrator's Sale.

In the Matter of the Estate of Willie Skiff, Deceased. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE made and entered by the County Court within and for Union county, Oregon on the 15th day of August, 1887, ordering and directing the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Willie Skiff, deceased, to sell the real estate hereinafter described, to wit: Beginning at a point 25 and one-third feet west of the south-west corner of block No. 3, Hannah's addition to the town of West Union, Union county, Oregon; thence north 37 1/2 feet three-eighths feet and four-fifths feet; thence south 37 1/2 feet; thence east 116 and four-fifths feet to the place of beginning; and the north half of block No. 2 in said Hannah's addition to said town of West Union, Union county, Oregon, in satisfaction of a mortgage of A. E. Eaton, we will, on the 1st day of October, 1887, in front of the court house door in the town of Union, Union county, Oregon, sell said above described land at public outcry to the highest bidder. The terms of sale are one-half cash and one-half on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving his note for the deferred payment with mortgage on said lands to secure the payment thereof. Dated at Union, August 15th, 1887. MARY C. SKIFF, Administratrix. D. A. McALLISTER, Administrator of the Estate of Willie Skiff, Deceased.

Stage Line to Cove.

Leaves Union daily at 2 p. m., arrives at Cove at 5:30 p. m. Leaves Cove at 8 a. m., arrives at Union at 11:30 a. m. Connections made with Elliott's coaches running to the depot, carrying passengers for east and west bound trainings. RATES FOR PASSENGERS, LUGGAGE and FREIGHT, REASONABLE. ROBINSON & LAYNE, Proprietors.

LOOK OUT!

For the Startling Announcement Soon to be made by

JO. WRIGHT,

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Stoneware,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

HAY FORKS At Prices that will Astonish you. Call and see.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Portland, Or.

CELEBRATED BAIN FARM WAGONS, THE BUFFALO PITTS THREASERS and ENGINES, THE RAGINE SPRING WAGONS, HACKS and BUGGIES, THE COLUMBUS BUGGIES, ROAD CARTS and BUCKBOARDS, WORLD RENOWNED DEERING "ALL STEEL" TWINE BINDERS

Several kinds of Hay Rakes, Sulky, Gang and Walking Plows,

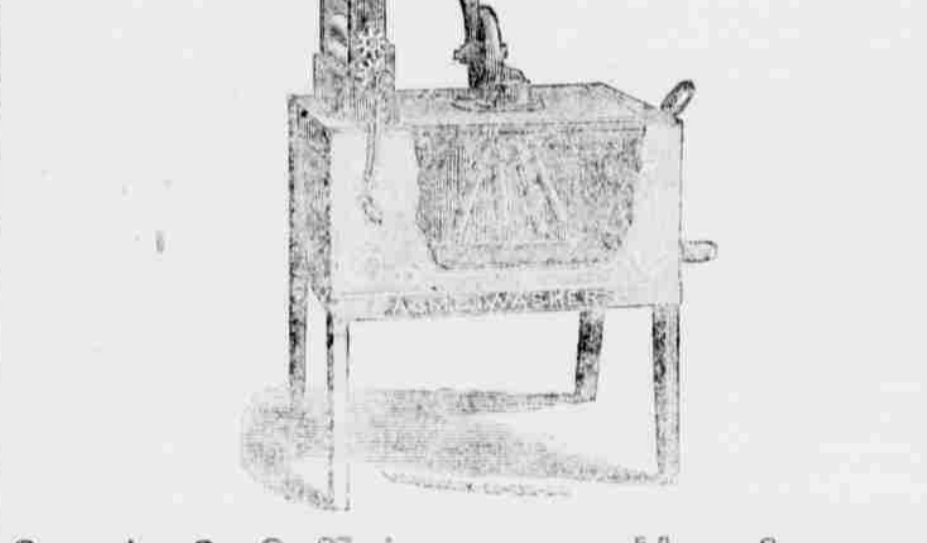
WORLD RENOWNED MCCORMICK TWINE BINDERS, THE MCCORMICK and DEERING MOWERS, THE HODGES' NEW IMPROVED HEADERS,

Buckeye Iron Turbin Wind Engines, Barbed Wire and Binder Twine a Specialty.

Branch House, Island City, Or.

THE "ACME"

WASHING MACHINE and WRINGER.



Corwin C. Coffinberry, - Manufacturer, Union, Union County, Oregon.

TESTERIONALS.

Union, Oregon, May 12, 1887. This is to certify that I have used the Acme washing machine and wringer to do two large family washings, and it gave me perfect satisfaction, and I think it will do all that is recommended to do. MRS. CHARLES ROBINS, Union, Or. May 11, 1887. Union City, Ore., May 14th, 1887. This is to certify that I have used the Acme washing machine and wringer at my hotel and it has given me perfect satisfaction, and I think it will do all that is recommended to do. E. J. BOOTHIE, Union, Oregon, May 10, 1887. This is to certify that we have used the Acme washing machine and wringer on several occasions, and I have no hesitancy in saying that it is the best in any way we have seen. MRS. KEMAJONES, MRS. ALICE JONES.

JONES BRO'S.

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Tobacco and Cigars, Variety and Fancy Goods, School Books and Stationery,

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Candies, Nuts and Fruits, Periodicals, Novels, etc. etc.

Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.

Ascension School.

Cove, Union county, Oregon. A Collegiate School for Girls. Fourth year begins September 5th 1887. Thorough course. Terms low. For prospectus, address: REV. WM. R. POWELL, Principal.

Leighton Academy.

Cove, Union county, Oregon. For Young Men and Boys. Full Academic Course, with board and washing, for half scholastic year, \$85.00. Third year begins September 29th, 1887. For prospectus, address: REV. WM. R. POWELL, Principal.

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LUBIN'S, EASTMAN'S, HOYT'S, LAUTIER, FILS'

And all the other leading

PERFUMES.

MACHINE OIL, BIRD SEED, SPONGES, INSECT POWDER, FINE TOILET ARTICLES, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, WIRE and BRISTLE BRUSHES, COMBS, FISHING TACKLE, &c.

WIND MILLS.



I desire to inform the public that I am the sole agent for the celebrated ENTERPRISE WIND MILLS, in Union county, and invite intending purchasers to come and examine the one now on exhibition at my place in West Union. I am convinced you will pronounce it the best mill now manufactured. The extremely low prices place them within the reach of all. Circumfers of wind mills and pumps sent on application. A. J. KIBBE, dealer.

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES. Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Swellings, Corns, Sprains, Strains, Sore Throat, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sore, Spavin, Cracks, Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Scurf, Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Fils.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

removes itches for everybody exactly what is needed. Observe the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine. The lumberman needs it in case of accident. The housewife needs it for general family use. The farmer needs it for his teams and his men. The mechanic needs it always on his work bench. The traveler needs it in case of emergency. The hunter needs it—can't get along without it. The doctor needs it in his house, his stable, and his barn yard. The steamboat man or the boatman needs it to promptly attend to his crew. The horse-drover needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance. The stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The railroad man needs it and will need it as long as he lives in a round of accidents and dangers. The black woodsman needs it. There is not a man in an 23 nations for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer. The lumberman needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when they do the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once. Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of all medicines. Keep a Bottle in the Factory. It is immediate relief in case of scalds, scorching and loss of wages. Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for the horses' benefit.