UNION, OREGON.

IS LIFE WORTH LIVING?

"Is life worth living?" Ask of him Who toils both day and night To make a little home for those So dear unto his sight.

"Is life worth living?" Ask of her Who, crowned with widow's weeds, Doth find supremest happiness In kind and noble deeds. "Is life worth living?" Ask again

Of those whose highest aim Is to assist their fellow man, Without one thought of fame.

"Is life worth living?" Ah! dear friend, Let these good people tell; A better question far is this-Is life worth living well?

A BRAVE LADY.

How "Her Royal Highness" Fought for Her Life.

Only those who have experienced it can realize the excitement caused by witnessing a hand-to-hand conflict between two savage, untamed beasts. I have witnessed bull fights in Mexico, and seen a python crush the life out of a calf in South America, but never gazed on a more thrilling episode than on one hot Algerian night at a water pool about two hundred miles in the interior. Beside the pool were several trees of a fair size, in the bunches of one of which had been placed a small platform hidden among the clustered leaves, from which hiding place it was convenient to shoot any animals that might come to the pool to drink during the night. Thither repaired one evening soon after sundown, Maccovoy and myself, accompanied by his Arab servant, a young man named Asilla, who bore our spare guns and acted as general factotum to us both on expeditions of this nature. It is difficult for me, in time had elapsed for us to track the my cooler moments, to climb a tree, and the smooth, straight stem proved extremely troublesome to swarm. However, with the help of Mac and Asilla, I managed it and secured a comfortable perch. They followed with great fa- camp fully satisfied with our day's cility, being both slight, active men, sport.-Algerian Cor. London Standard.

and at once made the guns ready. The moon rose gradually, and I haden good opportunity to study perfect silence. Nothing can be more deeply silent than a still night in the desert. As there is little or no vegetation in these vast oceans of sand, there is no insect life, and for several hours after the moon rose absolute silence reigned. We did not speak. There was no wind. It seemed as if there was no living thing in that widespread expanse of country. I guns nervously. At the next instant the roar was answered from a location immediately beneath us. On looking down we saw a lioness, lying on her belly, her head between her paws, and her long tail waiving luxuriously to and fro. She looked like a huge cat enjoying some pleasurable sensation. Almost instantly a third "woof! woof!" sounded at our backs. "Gad, Doc!" breathed Mac, "we are in for a bag tonight!" and a moment later two magnificent males stepped slowly and majestically into view. The female continued to purr and wave her tail gently.

As soon as the two lions spied each other they prepared for action. Slowly and carefully they neared each other, the lioness meanwhile watching them as a cat does a mouse. Closer and closer they drew, while we, spellbound, reserved our fire to witness the terrible duel that was impending.

And now they crouch and with mutual roars of rage spring at each other, and, meeting, in midleap, fall, biting and tearing, to the earth. We can hear their bones crush between their powerful jaws like egg-shels beneath a man's boot-heel. The lioness, maintaining her tranquil attitude, watched the conflict, as it seemed to my excited . eyes, with a devilish smile on her face. Over and over they rolled, while the sickening sound of champing bones tic roaring and the movement of their bodies as they thrashed through the were so wrought up that I could stand | Companion. the terrific spectacle no longer, and, taking deliberate aim at the lioness, behind her shoulder blade, I let fly. Above the rumble of the smooth-bore sounded the shrick of the lioness as the heavy ball crashed into her vitals. The two duelists at once ceased their encounter, and as one of them turned he received Maccovoy's rifle bullet in the head, the missile piercing the hollow over the eye, where the skull is weak, and entering the brain; death was almost instantaneous. The other male with a thundering "woof!" gave a mighty spring and landed half way up the tree trunk, nearly shaking us from our perch. Asilla hastily discharged one of the spare guns, slap-bang into his face, but probably the charge only grazed him, for falling back he disappeared into the darkness toward where the moans and cries of the lioness grew fainter and fainter every moment.

The moon being on the wane, after all sounds had ceased we returned to camp, with many promises to each price is \$15 .- N. Y. Times. other to take up the spoor of our wounded enemies in the morning and track them to their death. Accordingly at daybreak, with a party of fifty Arab beaters we returned to the "stgod" and were soon on the spoor of town.

OREGON SCOUT. the wounded lioness. The sand was torn up for quite a space, as if the animal had suffered terrible agony, and JONES & CHANCEY, Publishers following the trail for at least nine miles in a southeasterly direction, the dogs gave tongue at a tamerisk brake, that extended on three sides of quite a body of brackish water. Some four or five of the dogs, of better blood than the average Arab cur, dashed into the tangle, and the next instant we had the satisfaction of seeing the mangled remains of one flung up in the air, from about the center of the patch. A chorus of yelps and snarlings now set in, and one disconsolate cur limped painfully out, his ribs bare of flesh where the lioness' paw had struck him. We were now in a predicament. After an hour's infernal clatter by the beaters, we were as far from getting her royal highness out as ever, for show herself she would not. "If the tamarisk is only dry enough," quoth Mac, "we can soon smoke her out;" and he galloped round through the beaters and a volley of flaming torches rained into the brake. This fetched her. She made a gallant charge out and almost up to us, before we gave her all four barrels. It stopped her, and for a moment the noble boast seemed stunned. Then, as the smoke eleared away, we saw her return to the shelter. More torches were thrown in, and four times did the desperate lionness charge us dauntlessly, and receive our fire, before finally biting the dust.

She had eleven bullet holes in hor beside the smashed shoulder I had given her the night before. With that bullet in her, (which had pasced through her and lay against her ribs on the opposite side to that it had entered) she had traveled nearly nine miles, had made five determined rushes, killed and disabled four dogs, and died like the heroine she was, in mid-charge. And Maccovoy, turning to me, asked: "Doctor, do you still hold to the opinion that a lion is no better than a big dog?" And I could find no answer, save words of praise for the noble creature that lay dead before us. Too much other lion successfully, the spoor having been obliterated by the feet of other game. But two lions out of three wasn't such bad work for twenty-four hours, after all, and we returned to

VALUABLE RELICS.

Three Curious Mementoes of Revolutionary Days Preserved in a Delaware Town.

One is a silver strainer, which Benjamin Franklin had mace out of his first dollar that he had ever earned. Another is a worn prayer book, which also belonged to Franklin. In it is written the name of Betty Parker, a young girl to whom he gave it, with these words of advice:

"Go to church constantly, whoever was beginning to feel sleepy and nod preaches. The act of devotion is your frequently, when a prolonged roar principal business there, and if properly sounded close at hand. In an instant attended to, will do more towards we were wide awake and grasped our mending the heart than sermons generally can do. Yet I do not mean that you should despise sermons, even if you dislike the preacher, for the discourse is often much better than the man, as sweet and clear water comes through very dirty earth."

The other memento is of a different character. It is a bullet, covered with a thick coating of rust. At the battle of Brandywine General Lafayette was

shot, and fell. "General, I am wounded," he said to Washington, as he was carried past the

"I am sorry for it," was the reply. "Sir, I am not sorry!" the young

Frenchman answered, quickly. The bullet had passed through the leg and could be felt under the skin at the other side. No surgeon came to dress the wound. A woman named Bell McClosky cut out the bullet with her seissors and bandaged the leg so skilfully that when the surgeon examined it nothing more was needed. This woman was the wife of a poor soldier who followed her husband to every battle-field, and gave what help she could to the wounded and dying. When Lafayette returned to this country in 1824, he visited Delaware, and remilitary. But he did not forget the woman who had come to his help. Bell McClosky was brought to Wilmington filled the air, mingled with their fran- and presented to him. She had preserved the bullet and it is cherished by her descendants as the memento of a whirling sand. By this time my nerves | brave man and a good woman. - Youth's | display. It is not confined to officials,

Meteor Showers. Prof. Richard A. Proctor maintains that most of the meteor streams with which the earth comes in contact are derived from the earth itself; that is, thrown off by volcanie action at a time when the internal forces of our planet were sufficiently active to give the initial velocity, some twelve miles a second, requisite to carry them beyond the earth's attraction. Comets, which he regards as the parents of the meteor streams, he thinks may have originated outside our solar system. Most of the comets whose orbits belong to our system, he thinks originated in the larger planets. The sun is now, perhaps, giving birth frequently to comets which probably pass beyond the limits of its attraction. - Scientific American.

-New York is the greatest hay market of the country. It receives 2,500, 000 bales every year, and most of it is consumed on the island. The average

-Telegraph messenger boys of Albany, N. Y., carry dark lanterus, which they use at night to find the numbers in a race of this kind. Diamonds, velen shouses in the dark streets of the vers and gorgeously-furnished private

PIG-MARKETING.

How Farmers Could Easily Increase Their

Income from Live-Stock. Farmers could be a little more inde pendent in the marketing of their pigs City people will buy sausage, headcheese, hams, shoulders, bacon and spare ribs of a farmer if he has a reputation worth any thing in his business. and if he has not it is his own fault. If he has a habit of taking his produce to the market in a slovenly and miserable form, he can not expect people to want his pigs when retailed by himself. When cut up and sold from a butcher's shop, no one knows where they come from and no one seems to care. Here is a chance for reform. A farmer who wears clean clothes and does not go round with the tobacco juice running down the corners of his mouth, and who blows his nose with a handkerchief can go into a city man's place of business and say: "My name is Curtis. I have a nice lot of hogs which have been grown on my farm. They have been fattened on milk, corn and wheat middlings and are healthy and will make the best of meat. They have been kept clean and have had pure air to breath. I want to kill them and retail the parts. I can sell you sausage. also head-cheese made by my wife; and spare ribs for ten cents a pound; also the lard. I will deliver these fresh and in good order, and at the proper time I will sell you hams, shoulders and bacon at, I think, twelve cents a pound. The lowls are made into head-cheese. We will also have some scrapple, which is an excellent food and very healthy, for ten cents a pound." Unless this city man was a fool he would see that his opportunity had come to buy healthy meat in the most desirable forms, at considerably less than the grocers' or butchers' prices, and at the same time by a little side trade with a countryman win a customer, and he would say: "When you come to town bring me a few pounds of sausage, head cheese, scrappel and a spare-rib or two, and when the time comes, two sides of bacon, a ham and a This conversation is no romance. It

has occurred and ought to be repeated until it has fixed a business relation between producer and consumer, which will benefit both. The farmer will get more and the city men pay less. To earry it out the farmer must have pigs. and he must know how to do things, and if he has not had the experience and does not possess the gumption, then he should hire some one who is an expert in butchering and in cutting and preparing meats.

By taking the pains alluded to, and the trouble, any good farmer can market his pigs at about twice the amount the butchers are willing to pay-there is no justice in a butcher getting double the cost for the meat he sells. The biggest folly I know of in this line, is the custom which has grown up among the farmers of selling all their calves, lambs, sheep, pigs and beeves to a horde of country butchers who buy at their own prices and sell the same meats right back to the farmers at double and treble the amount they paid for them. Little work and big pay is their motto. A neighbor asked me the other day what I got for my lambs-Merinos. I told him "From four to five dollars," I explained: "We ate them and so saved buying meat which would have cost from twelve to sixteen cents per pound." The year before the butchers offered two dollars each. This offer was declined, and the lambs were killed and dressed, a dozen at a time, by an experienced butcher, and cut into quarters and sold at the village at eight and nine cents a pound, and twice as much as the butchers had offered was obtained for them. Anybody who has a family to support will buy a quarter of lamb, or a lot of fresh pig when it can be had at a wholesale price.-Rural New Yorker.

LAVISH DISPLAY.

Private Extravagance Responsible for the Downfall of Many Families.

The frequent exposures of defalea tions and betrayals of trust generally give stock-gambling as the cause, but there are few instances in which the ceived a splendid welcome, civil and defaulter has not lived extravagantly at his home. The effort to make display of wealth in private and public life in this country is unprecedented. Its possession, no difference how obtained, is at once made the occasion to indulge in habits of extravagance and but is more especially noticeable in private life. A man accumulates wealth in some honorable employment after years of hard toil and rigid economy, and he or his family are at once seized with the ambition to endeavor to eclipse their more fortunate neighbors. whose wealth is not of such recent

We spend money lavishly, foolishly and are unpardonably extravagant in this country. In Europe, Americans are famous for their fashionable recklessness of expenditure. They spend a dollar where an Englishman, Frenchman or German, with more money, would spend ten cents. They value a thing, not according to its real worth, but according to the price paid for it. because this price is a flattering reminder of their ability to pay the bill. Economy is characterized as meanness, and to be careless of money is lauded as commendable generosity.

The consequence is that we have display for display's sake, and the pressure of fashionable life and the demand of society drags into ruin and disgrace many a family who, under other circumstances, would be honest.

Labor and industry can not compete residences can neither be procured nor

maintained by the ordinary and legitimate means of money-making.

The only remedy for this is more simplicity in our mode of life, dress and living, and this can only be secured by the co-operation of those whose position and wealth is assured and unques tioned. A rigid ignoring of this fash- not save money. His annual income wealth by those whose financial ability and real worth was admitted would have a most salutary and beneficial effect on society. The complaint is not altogether against the poor, or those dishonest, or who suddenly accumulate wealth, but our millionaires, with money in bonds and banks, have joined in the reckless style of living.

A man does not seek to live within his income, but is ready to take the chances of some fortunate accident to supply the deficiency; then comes the about his baby, beginning with these pressure of debt, the persistent demand for money, and the opportunity presented to procure the money to re lieve the pressure is seized with avidity and with a moral nature already blunted and honesty tarnished, the road to ruin and crime is easily entered.

It is time to call a halt. It is use less to longer attempt to cover up the necessity for a change in our social life; extravagance has grown on us as a people, so that from the highest official to the humblest citizens the race days of prosperity, by one of her most out friends or influence, and having eloquent orators, on the occasion of achieved his present position by unthe dedication of a statue to a Roman whose life had been offensive to the humble citizens of that republic, "that if there was a Roman youth who had courage enough to behead that statue that he would be cherished and honored Craso. It was at last "printed for W. in the memories of his countrymen.' If some brave man in this country, whose position gives him the power, will behead this vile mouster called Fashionable Society, he will be a hero, with a prouder distinction than if he had led an army to triumphant victory. Boston Budget.

SPLENDID EXERCISE.

Fencing a Sport Which Closely Equalizes

the Powers of Man and Woman. The charm of feneing for beginners is that when you take position before a through his guard and enjoy the simple ranity of touching the supposed untouchable. This comes from the perfection of fair play reached after sev eral centuries of minute changes in the positions, weapons and acconterments of the masters of fence. No other ath letic sport equalizes so closely the powers natural to a man and a woman, a gray-beard and a boy, a Hercules and

Ladies in the best ranks of life fence without exciting remark. There are more and more as they discover its other trifling advantages, but not value for health and good looks, worthy of mention just now .- Toledo instead of leaving it entirely to actresses, who have always used the exercise for learning how to plant and move their feet intelligently. All over Europe the universities foster sword or foil play of one kind or another, and in that nation apart which we call the city of London, a club for fencing has existed these twenty years. The Oh, yes; sure cure. Passenger cas London Fencing Club, under the patronage of the Prince of Wales, and having on its list many Peers of the realm, is as aristocratic in its aim as the Fencers Club of New York. is democratic. It was founded in 1863 as a club of fencing and gymnastics with a membership of three hundred. and helped to its present quarters by a paternal government. It has two persons right here in this town who French and three English teachers, and from its nearness to St. James' is of occurrence was eventuating. - Norrispractical use to the officers of the lown Herald. Queen's household troops. * * * On this side of the Atlantic a few large cities have always had professors of the art, but like unhappy Hulett of New York in 1770, seldom has one been able to make a living from lessons in fencing truth, m' dear, s' help me. Wifealone. At New Orleans the chances You seem to have filled the vacancy have been better, owing to the large Creole and French population; there oftener than elsewhere have duels in this century been decided by the sword. * * One must not forget, moreover, that the German Turn Verein of New York makes something of fencing. and that at West Point and Annapolis it is a branch of study employing a number of instructors, a study which, unfortunately, officers of the army and

the navy promptly forget. - Century. Refreshing Colors.

There is no color so restive for the eyes as green. It is especially the best tone for a library, for here everything ought to be characteristic of study and conversation, and this is afforded oftentimes by the little trifles, drawings, and articles of vertu scattered around. A bedroom should be quiet and 'cheerful in tone. No paper with a striking pattern should irritate the eye, either for the well person or an invalid, who is apt to warry his brains in counting the patterns from ceiling to floor. A little exercise of good taste, utility, and beauty will make the home pleasant and harmonious without lavish expense.—Detroit Tribune.

-The larvæ of the borer lives several years in trees. Hence, be sure to probe for the borer and remove him if it be possible. Borers have done more damage to the peach than all the diseases known .- Troy Times.

-Fashionable note paper must have the address stamped upon it. - Chicago

PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

-Colonel J. Armoy Knox, one of the editors of Texas Siftings, is said to smoke twenty cigars daily. That's what makes him so funny .- N. Y.

-The late Emery A. Storrs could ionable demand for the exhibition of was twenty-five thousand dollars a year, but he left no personal estate .-Chicago News.

-Rev. Moses A. Hopkins, recently appointed Minister to Liberia, u ed to be a hotel porter in Pittsburgh, and prepared himself for college while in that employment. - Pittsburgh Post.

-Mr. Spurgeon has at length completed "The Treasury of David," which he commenced to write twenty-one years ago. He has also in the press a new work ent tled, "Storm Signals."

-Oscar Wilde has written a poem

"O baby boy! thine eyes are like mine own.
As blue as heaven, as tender as the dove." -Calvin E. Stowe was a fine scholar, the first in his class in college, of great wit, a most attractive speaker and author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin"-became so great that he seemed to fade all out, and was finally only known as "Mrs. Stowe's husband." - Every Other

-Robert Bonner is past sixty and worth \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000. No man is better satisfied with his paper, seems to be for display. The place to his fecture, his Presbyterianism, his remedy it is at the head and the time to horses and himself. And he ought to do it is now. It was said in Rome, in her be, having begun as a type-setter, withflagging energy and perseverance -N.

-Perhaps the most notable example of a story which was offered to publisher after publisher only to be turned to its author, is that of Robinson Taylor, at the shop in Pater Noster Row, MDCCXIX." It proved a gold mine for the plucky publisher. He made a profit of one hundred thousand pounds out of the venture - N. Y.

-Mr. Spofford, the Librarian of Congress, recently told a correspondent that Iterary activity in the United States is on the increase, and that about one thousand more copyrights have been granted during 1885 than at a corresponding time in 1884. This increase is largely due to the great number of articles copyrighted by newspapers and maga-Of his "American Almanae good swordsman you need not be hope- Mr. Spollord said: "It has not a very less of making a point. After a reason- large circulation. The library edition able amount of practice with the foils reached last year about eighteen hunyou are able occasionally to slip dred, and seven thousand of the paper edition were sold, the last, bowever, at so theap a price that they barely paid the cost of publication."-N. Y. Post.

HUMOROUS.

-Rufus Hatch says that the farmer is toss of the stuation. So he is, but still the boys will get away with the apples occasionally. - Philadelphia Cull.

- The great advantage of being rich is that a man can wear o'd clothes

"I can't make bead nor tail out of this letter from George," remarked Mr Porcine to his wife." "I'm not surprised," returned that estimable lady, George stutters so badly, you know.

-Chicago Kamb er. -Passenger-Oh, Captain, is there any cure for seasiekness? Captainsteamer pitches and rolls) -- Give me some quickly. Captain-Only cure I know of is to lie on your back on green grass and look at the stars - Philate phia Cali

—A dry-goods advertisement says: Everybody knows that Faille Francaise is crowding hard upon g-os-grain s lk." We beg leave to differ with the statement. There are no doubt a dozen are not aware that such a momentous

-Wife (at a late hour) - Well, where in the world have you been? Husband-To tell you the (hie) truth, m' dear, some of the (hic) boys at the olis goue 'way on (hie) vacations, y'know, an-an shorthanded, hones' pretty full.

Materfamilias (to Tommy, who is belping himself liberally to current jam at the supper table)-Tommy, after the solemn warning I should think you would not eat so much preserves. Tommy-What solemn warning, mamma? Matertamilias - The death of Jumbs; he died of too muca jam. y u know. - Fittsburgh Chronicle-Teegraph.

-A Useful T mepiece: Si Jackson, from the Del Valle settlement, came to Austin not long since, and his first call was on a watchmaker. "Dis heah watch has gotten sumfin' de matter wid hit." The watchmaker examined it carefully, and asked how long since it had been running. "Hit hain the n running for moah den a yeah." "Why meditation. The parlor may be bright didn't you bring it sooner?" "Bekase and such as will promote pleasurable I couldn't get along widout it." - 'coss Siftings.

> -This country is exporting plum pudding to England. We have been sending beef there for many years. By and by, yerhaps, we will send mistletoe and ale. Then where will Britain's glory be?-Chicago Herald.

Mr. Ed. P. Wells, Thetis P. O., Stevens C., Wash. Terr., was entirely cured of rhumatism by the use of St. Jacob's Oil. He says: "I consider it a wonderful remedy and will always speak a good word

The Cascade tunnel when completed will be the second longest in this country. The longest in the world is Mount St. Go hard, 16,390 yards.

Architect Edmond Legendre, 419 Sutter street, San Francisco, Cal., states that having suffered for a long time with a severe o ugh, and failing to obtain any relief from doctors and the numerous preparations he took, he became alarmed. Tried Red Star Cough Cure, and one bottle

entirely cured him.

THE DECEITFULNESS OF ALCOHOL.

Mil ions of people, when they feel a lit-tle out of sorts, take some alcoholic drink or other, either as a beverage or as med-icine. Almost at once they think they feel better. As soon as the stimulus looses its power they feel badly again, and so they again resort to the alcoholic dose because, as they thought it made them better when they first took it, it may make them better again. Doctors deceive themselves and their patients by prescribing alcoholic doses. The patients generally like it, too, and so the doctors continue on p escribing for them what they like. Few are cured and many are made tipplers to their permanent disadvantage.

Alcohol is at best nothing but a stimulation of the street what the street was a street.

lant. That is not what chronic nervous sufferers want. They want permanent strength to throw off and resist disease. They want a real vitalizer; and such a vitalizer is found in Compound Oxygen. The merits of this vitalizer have for many years been abundantly tested. There is no secret about it. The history of the no secret about it. The history of the army of the relieved is fully on record so that all may read it. It is well worth reading, either by sick people or well. To obtain it write to Drs. STARKEY & PALEN 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. It will be sent to any address free of charge.

Orders for the Compound Oxygen Home Treatment will be filled by H. A. Mathews 615 Powell Street, San Francisco.

In New York there are 8,024 saloon-keepers. Of these 2,684 have been in-mates of the county prison, 1,764 have been confined in police stations, and 1,616 have been tried for crimes and acquitted.

A SUGGESTION TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.

Tourists, emigrants and mariners find that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicinal safeguard against unhealthful influences, upsafeguard against unhealthful influences, upon which they can implicitly rely, since it prevents the effects of vitiated aimosphere, unaccustomed or unwholescme diet, had water, or
other conditions unfavorable to health. On
long voyages, or journeys in latitudes adjacent
to the equator, it is especially useful as a preventive of the febrile complaints and disorders of
the stomach, liver and bowels, which are spi
to attack natives of the temperate zone soiourning or traveling in such regions and it is to attack natives of the temperate zone sojourning or traveling in such regions, and it is
an excellent protection against the influence of
extreme cold, sudden changes of temperature,
exposure to damp or extreme fatigue. It not
only prevents intermittent and remittent fever,
and other diseases of a malarial type, but
cradicates them, a fact which has been notorious for years past in North and South America, Mexico, the West Indies, Australia and
other countries.

It takes a crew of sixty men to sail W. K. Vanderbilt's million dollar pleasure

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S COMPLAINT.

"I am discouraged, I have too much to do, I am tired. I am sick. I suppose I was put into this house to keep it clean, but it is too much work. I won't try. will go to sleep. I don't care what be-

The above is an allegory. The discouraged housekeeper is the liver, which, indeed, is often called "the housekeeper of our health." If it does go to sleep as it threatened, a crowd of diseases are all ready to spring up as consequence. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" upon the liver and assists it in its work of housekeeping and house cleaning. It is the great liver remedy and blood cleanser, and cures all the long train of chronic maladies resulting from a torpid or sluggish, sleepy liver, such as sick headache, scrofulous diseases, as ulcers, "fever sores," "white swellings," hip-joint di-sease, consumption of the lungs (which is really only scrofula manifesting itself in the delicate tissues of these organs), also all skin diseases, as blotches, pimples and eruptions, and all blocd taints, however acquired.

According to recent estimates nearly 50,000 suicides occur in Europe every

Palmer & Rey manufacture their own goods, and can sell 25 per ce. t. lower than any other house.

SAFE, SURE, AND SPEEDY.

No external remedy ever yet devised has so fully and unquestionably met these three prime conditions as successfully as ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. They are safe because they contain no deleterious drugs and are manufactured upon scientific principles of medicine. They are sure because nothing goes into them except ingredients which are exactly adapted to the purposes for which a plaster is required. They are speedy in their action because their medicinal qualities go right to their work of relieving pain and restoring the natural and healthy performance of the functions of muscles, nerves, and skin.

Fine Job and News Inks, the only complete stock, will be found at Palmer & Rey's Portland house.

For Coughs, Asthma, and Throat Disorders, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches." 25 ets. a box.

3 months' treatment for 50c. Piso's Remedy for Catarrh. Sold by druggists.

Palmer & Rey will continue to seil their type and printing material lower than any other house on the Coast.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

When Baby was sick we gave her Castoria,

Other agencies of Eastern type founders have to pay freigts and will ad-vance their prices.

Baking soda put on a burn will take out

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets" cure sick and bilfous headache, sour stomach, and all bil-

ious attacks. A mill at Lehigh Gap, Pa., is making 3,500 tons of metallic paint per year.

TRY GERMEA for breakfast.

BABY'S SKIN & SCALP CLEANSED PURIFIED AND BEAUTIFIED CUTICURA.

por CLEANSING. PURIFYING AND beautifying the skin of children and infants and curing torturing, distiguring, itching, scaly and pimply diseases of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to old age, the CUTICURA REMEDIES are infallible.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are infallible.

CUTICURA, the great SKIN CURE, and CUTICURA OAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, invariably succeed when all other remedies and the best physicians fail.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are absolutely pure and the only infallible skin beautifiers and blood purifiers, free from poisonous ingredients.

Sold everywhere, Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 31. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON, MASS.

BABY Death and Scale preserved and beauti