

# The Oregon Scout.

UNION, OREGON, SAT., JULY 10, 1886.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

The SCOUT has a Much Larger Circulation than any Paper in this Section of the State, and is, therefore, the BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM. This is a True Statement, and we shall not allow it to be questioned by any other paper. Advertisers will do well to make a note of this.

## ALIEN LANDLORDISM.

At a recent meeting of the Indiana State Federation of Labor, a resolution was adopted calling on the Legislature to repeal the law allowing aliens to hold land within the state. This is a radical movement, but in the right direction. The conviction that the soil of a country should not, under any circumstances, be alienated from the citizens of that country, is becoming more prevalent every day. The rapidity with which aliens have become owners of American land in the past ten years has been sufficiently alarming to attract the attention, not only of laboring men, but of all classes of the people. It is the process which has cursed and blighted Ireland, and must blight any state which adopts it. Statistics show that the number of tenant farmers has increased in almost geometrical proportions of late years. The Indianapolis News estimates that there are fifty thousand in that state alone, and says that hitherto there has been no attempt to check the process by which they are made. Oregon is comparatively a virgin state, and so far the furus are mainly in the hands of the original settlers or their immediate descendants. But the blight of alien landlordism has already appeared, and, unless it is checked promptly, will spread over the state rapidly and prove the curse that it has always been where it has secured a firm hold. The workingmen have shown in the recent election their political power, but they must see to it that their legislators, whom they have chosen, and who profess to be their servants, do their duty and enact laws in harmony with their interests and for their better protection. The action of the Indiana Federation might be adopted with propriety. The disturbed condition of the labor situation shows that there must be a general reform of the whole industrial system before peace and stability can be assured. One of the basal questions to be considered is that of land monopoly and how to prevent it. It is a question that demands conservative consideration, and yet must be treated heroically. The Indiana Federation of Trades demand the enactment of a law limiting the amount of land any individual or corporation may hold in the state. This may be too heroic, but that legislation of this character will ultimately have to be adopted in all the states, is the conclusion of many careful thinkers who have studied the evils of landlordism, as manifested in the lawlessness of an oppressed and discontented tenantry.—[News

## NEW SYSTEM OF FEEDING.

Farmers and stockmen should raise alfalfa and timothy hay and engage in the feeding of cattle for eastern and local markets. There is money in it and a revolution is taking place in marketing beef raised on these ranges, which will compel cattlemen to either raise steers to sell as feeders, for Eastern parties, or else become feeders themselves, in order to overcome the loss and shrinkage, incident to such a long haul. When feeding points are established along the Short Line, growers can more readily induce buyers to purchase for shipment, but at present prices it is very probable that it will be a necessity for a new system of feeding and slaughtering range cattle, and to market the beef raised in Idaho, Utah, Oregon and Nevada, in the form of dressed meats shipped in refrigerator cars direct from the far west, to the consumers in eastern cities. We understand such a project is already contemplated, and we know that if the right men would take hold of such a slaughter house at American Falls, or some other good point, that the leading cattlemen of Idaho, Oregon and Nevada would back the enterprise with their means and influence. The day is rapidly coming when the alfalfa feed of the west, fattened with ground barley and chopped feed will discount the corn fed heaves of Nebraska and Iowa. There is no better or more profitable business than raising alfalfa and the demand is growing to such an extent that some far-seeing men can make fortunes by establishing feeding points at every stock shipping station, by raising large fields of this choice crop, alfalfa, with facilities for fattening beef. The English method of feeding root crops and ground feed can well be adopted in this country, and those who have had experience claim that better results can be obtained here with ground barley and alfalfa than with corn. The views of practical feeders would be very desirable on this point.—[Shoshone Journal.

## INDIAN WAR CLAIMS.

The question as to the policy of the government in paying what are known as Indian deprecation claims are being urged with greater persistence than probably at any other time in the history of the government. A House committee will shortly report a bill which will provide for a commission to examine and audit all such claims and present them to congress. Senator Dolph's bill, recently introduced, and upon which he made an exhaustive speech, proposes to refer these claims to a court that sits in Washington and to be known as a court of claims.

Until 1870 claims for Indian deprecations were paid out of annuities due the tribe committing the deprecations, while claims arising prior to February 28, 1859, were paid out of the treasury if there were annuities due said tribes. The act passed July 15, 1870, provides that no claims for Indian deprecations shall hereafter be paid until congress shall make special appropriation therefor. Since that time congress has occasionally selected a claim among those favorably reported by the secretary of the interior and passed it. By so doing congress has apparently committed itself to the policy of paying these claims, but the great body of claimants cannot understand why one claim should be paid and their claims lie buried up in committee room. In the Indian appropriation bill of last year the sum of \$10,000 was appropriated for the investigation of certain claims, and it proved that:

"In expending said sum the secretary of the interior shall cause to be made a complete list of all claims heretofore filed in the interior department and which have been approved in whole or in part, and now remain unpaid, and also such claims as are pending, but not yet examined, on behalf of the citizens of the United States on account of deprecations committed chargeable against any tribe of Indians by reason of any treaty between such tribe and the United States, including the name and address of the claimants," etc.

In compliance with this direction the secretary of the interior has submitted to congress a volume of nearly 300 pages, containing over 4500 names and aggregating \$15,000,000. Another bill that may properly accompany this one was introduced by Mr. Dolph some time since. It provides for the appropriation of \$5,000,000 to pay the Indian deprecation claims which have been heretofore filed and investigated under the direction of the secretary of the interior and reported by him to congress, in pursuance of the laws of congress and in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the secretary of the interior.—[Ex.

## WHY CHINAMEN NEVER NATURALIZE.

The penal code of China contains a provision which is correctly translated as follows:

"All persons renouncing their country and allegiance or devising the means thereof shall be beheaded, and in the punishment of this offense no distinction shall be made between principals and accessories. The property of all such criminals shall be confiscated and their wives and children distributed as slaves to the great officers of state. \* \* \* The parents, grandparents, brothers and grandchildren of such criminals, whether habitually living under the same roof or not, shall be perpetually banished to the distance of 2,600 leagues. All those who purposely conceal or connive at this crime shall be strangled. Those who inform against criminals of this class shall be rewarded with the whole of their property. \* \* \* If the crime is contrived but not executed the principles are to be strangled and the accessories punished with slow and banishment."

This provision which has only lately become known, explains why John has no particular desire to naturalize, cut off his queue and become a real 'Mexican man.' The law-maker who devised it conferred a more incalculable blessing on California than any Caucasian in the state has ever done or ever will do. John may Christianize (four or five centuries hence), but he will be in no haste to naturalize while that section of the penal code of his native land remains unchanged.—[San Francisco Chronicle.

## FORMATION OF MINERAL VEINS.

The Chicago Mining Review, in an article on the formation and filling of mineral veins says: "All experienced and observing miners are aware that an east and west vein, viz: a vein of fracture, traversing the polar grain of rock, if it dips to the south, is generally richest at the surface, or near it; but if it dips to the north it is generally poor at the surface, sometimes non-metaliferous, but improving in depth indefinitely. The deeper we go the richer we find it, unless the country should change, and we find a body of non-metalifer-

ous rock that does not contain the elements of the metal we are seeking, when of course it must give out. But let the rock again change (as it frequently does) to a kindly metal-bearing character, and the vein will change in accord with the inclosing rock, and resume its fertility. This is one of the many facts that illustrate the northward movement theory; the magnetic currents passing continually from the Antarctic to the Arctic circle carry with them the mineral in an elementary state; but when they encounter a vein (which acts like a dam on water) if the vein dips to the north, the current is deflected downward, but if it dips to the south, the reverse is the case, and the metallic steam is deflected toward the surface, leaving the depths in a state of barrenness. For permanent mining, the older the rocks the better must be the prospect for deep and lasting workings. No true vein approximating east and west in Laurentian granites, or their equivalents, the crystalline slates, will ever run out in depth; those fractures extend downward to depths which our engineering skill can never reach. And the result is that such veins may be profitably worked for centuries, until water or some other unavoidable cause, may make it too expensive."

## Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture-like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, alleviating the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure. Price, 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Company, Plaquemine, O. Sold by J. T. Wright, Union, Oregon.

## R. C. GREIG,

Dealer in Every Variety of

## Drugs and Chemicals, STATIONERY.

We now have on hand a large assortment of FRUIT TABLETS, which are acknowledged to be the purest and healthiest confectionery in the world.

## Fishing Tackle,

FINE FLY HOOKS, and FISHING POLES. Which are in great variety and very reasonable in prices.

In addition to the above we carry in stock nearly every article usually kept in a first class drug store, including

Sponges, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Brushes, Perfumery, KEY WEST CIGARS, Etc.

## FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD. Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Free from Animal Oils. GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY Oregon and Washington Ter. Merchants and Dealers generally.

## BELL & TUTTLE.

Searchers of Records, Conveyancers, Real Estate and COLLECTING AGENTS, Union, Oregon.

Returns promptly made on all collections. Having an abstract of the records in our office, abstracts of the same prepared with dispatch. Charges moderate.

## ATTENTION!

MULHOLLAN, KNOX & CO., PURCHASING AGENCY, 126 First St., PORTLAND, OR.

No charges for filling orders.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

## Farm For Sale.

Containing 320 acres of good land, situated one quarter of a mile east of Summerville, all under fence. There is an ordinary dwelling house on it, and a good barn and outbuildings. It has a good well, and is additionally supplied with water by a stream which flows through it. About one-half of the land is under cultivation. Will sell for

\$10.50 per acre.

which will include the following farm implements: One mow, 1 rake, 3 breaking plows, 1 harrow, 1 roller, 1 second hand wagon and harness, one-half interest in one head, 10,000 rails, 20,000 shingles, 35 tons of hay, and other things too numerous to mention. A good title will be given. It is a great bargain. For further information call at this office.

## OREGON KIDNEY TEA

## SAUNDERS' NEW STORE.

Having rented the old stand formerly occupied by I. A. Boskowitz, I have PERMANENTLY LOCATED and opened up a

### New, Full and Complete Assortment of CLOTHING, DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, etc. etc.

## BARGAINS IN MINERS OUTFITS.

New Goods are Constantly Arriving, and all Departments of the Store will be kept FULL and COMPLETE.

## I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

And invite everybody to come and examine goods, learn prices and judge for themselves. I BUY and SELL FOR CASH.

—My motto is—

## SMALL PROFITS and QUICK SALES.

REMEMBER THE NEW STORE.

A. L. SAUNDERS, Proprietor.

## NEW LIFE WEAK, NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED MEN AND WOMEN

### TAMAR TREATMENT!

The great restorative and tonic, especially prepared for men, young and middle-aged, who have, by their indiscretions or excessive indulgence, brought upon themselves nervous prostration, debility, nervous and physical weakness, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Irritability, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Impulses on the Face, Aversion to Society, Want of Ambition, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., etc. For all such derangements a permanent cure is guaranteed by the Use of TAMAR TREATMENT.

Tamar Treatment Prescribed by the Leading Physicians. Head What They Say: St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 19, 1886.

"For more than three years I have used Tamar Treatment with the best results. I recall now several cases of seminal weakness and debility with all its evil consequences. I have treated during the past year, which have been cured by the use of the TREATMENT, and several of these cases were in the last stages. The composition of the different medicines contained in the TREATMENT indicates, and its effects prove it to be a specific restorative of nerve and sexual power. You are at liberty to use my letter in any way that will contribute to your pleasure or profit. There are so many nearly worthless proprietary medicines of this kind on the market, and every day is adding to their number) that when one is found to be restorative of nerve and sexual power, it is a most valuable medicine. Each package contains all the medicines necessary for over one month's treatment, with full and complete instructions how to exercise, diet, bath, etc.; price, TAMAR TREATMENT, per package \$2.00; three packages \$5.00; sent prepaid and securely sealed on receipt of price.

TAMAR TREATMENT having been used so successfully in private practice and in the hospitals of St. Louis for the past fifteen years, and knowing, as we do, its wonderful curative effects, we will give the following guarantee: With each order for 3 packages (3 months' treatment), enclosing \$5., we will send our written guarantee to refund the money if the TREATMENT does not effect a cure. Packages sent C. O. D. on receipt of \$1. as security against loss. Send money by express, P. O. Money Order, or registered letter, at our risk. Address: E. L. BLAKE & CO., Sole Proprietors, 8 W. Cor. 6th, and Mar ket Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

J. Z. HALL, M. D., 617 Walnut St., St. Louis, Mo.

TAMAR TREATMENT is composed of medicines most agreeable to the taste and well tolerated by the stomach.

## JOS. WRIGHT, DEALER IN

## STOVES, TIN AND HARDWARE!

Main Street, Union, Oregon.

Has just Received an Immense Stock of New Goods, which he will sell at a

## BARGAIN.

Please compare the following prices with those of other stores in the county:

Four tined Hay Forks	75c
Maure Forks	75c
Fork, Rake, and Hoe handles	25c
Back Saws	75c
Hoes	50c
Scythes	50c
Brooms	35c
Axes	\$1.00
Wash Boards	25c
Steel Traps	25c
Towel Racks	25c
Singl traps, ironed	\$1.00
Neck Yokes	\$1.25

The Finest Assortment of COOK STOVES In the County, AND AT LOWEST PRICES. The Celebrated

## PAT. OVAL CHURNS, THE BEST IN THE WORLD. Guns, Revolvers, and Ammunition.

## It Will Pay YOU to Come to Union to Trade,

—FOR THE REASON THAT—

## A. LEVY

Has a Mammoth Stock of Dry Goods and GROCERIES.

No Odds and Ends from Rundown Stocks, but

Newest and Best Goods in the Market.

## A. LEVY.

Wool, Hides and Grain Bought and Sold.

## LAUNDRY QUEEN.

### The BEST Washing Machine in the World!

S. M. WAIT, PROPRIETOR.

Wait Bro's. Agents for Union county.

This machine is without doubt the best in existence, and gives ENTIRE satisfaction wherever tried.

Machines in stock at J. B. EATON'S STORE, where they can be bought at any time. TRY THE LAUNDRY QUEEN.



## Farm For Sale!

Situated about one mile from North Powder, containing 160 acres, Good house, barn and other outbuildings. Enquire of J. W. KIMBLE, North Powder.

## Sheriff's sale.

Wilpinski Bros. & Co. and Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Co., vs.

Dan F. Moore et al. Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for Union county, on the 27th day of February, 1886, in the above entitled action, wherein Max Wilpinski, Albin Wilpinski, R. J. Sideman, and A. Lachman, partners doing business under the firm name of Wilpinski Bros. & Co. and the Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company, the above named plaintiffs obtained a judgement and decree against Dan F. Moore and Edmund R. Moore, his wife, defendants, recorded in judgement book— of said court, on page— I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Union, State of Oregon, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point 208 1/2 feet west of the north-west corner of block No. Six (6), Hannah addition to the said town of West Union, according to the plat of said town, then east 400 feet, thence south 440 feet, thence west 250 feet, thence south 40 feet, thence east 600 feet, thence north 80 feet to the place of beginning, also in the said county of Union, State of Oregon. Notice is hereby given that on Monday the 19th day of July, 1886, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at the court house door in the town of Union, county of Union, State of Oregon, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell all of the said Dan F. Moore's and Edmund R. Moore's right, title and interest in said premises above described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy plaintiff's judgement, for the sum of \$4,435.86, with interest thereon, less the sum of \$2,425.75, on account of said order of sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash. Union, Oregon, June 12th, 1886. A. L. SAUNDERS, Sheriff of Union County, Oregon.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, June 8, 1886. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on Aug. 20, 1886, viz:

Amanda Jane Loyd. Hd. No. 202, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 18 and E 1/4 SW Sec. 11 Tp. 4 South R. 49 EWM. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: G. P. Barnes, H. L. Daugherty, Randall Robinson, and John Murphy, all of Coos, Oregon. HENRY RINEHART, Register.

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Samuel South. Hd. No. 206, for the SW NE SW SE NE SW and NW Sec. 2 Township 6 South R. 41 EWM. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Joseph Vandevanter, John Vanorder, Richard M. South, and Samuel South, all of Union, Oregon. HENRY RINEHART, Register.

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Abraham Vandevanter. Hd. No. 1848, for the SE 1/4 Sec. 31 Tp. 5 S. R. 4 EWM. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: A. Vandevanter, Joseph Vandevanter, John Vanorder, Richard M. South, and Samuel South, all of Union, Oregon. HENRY RINEHART, Register.

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LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OREGON, June 8, 1886. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at La Grande, Oregon, on July 17, 1886, viz:

Richard M. South. Hd. No. 3118, for the W 1/2 NE Sec. 4 and E 1/2 NE Sec. 3 Tp. 6 South R. 41 EWM. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: A. Vandevanter, Joseph Vandevanter, John Vanorder, and Samuel South, all of Union, Oregon. HENRY RINEHART, Register.

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Frederic Garrett. Hd. No. 2518, for the S 1/2 SE and S 1/2 SW Sec. 1 Tp. 5 South R. 40 EWM. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Willis Skiff, W. T. Carroll, Ed. Remillard, and Geo. W. Stafford, all of Union, Oregon. HENRY RINEHART, Register.