

# GREAT NORTHERN Furniture Store....

East End, Opposite Fred Fishers Grocery Store.

We have the largest and best selected stock of Cast Iron Stoves and Ranges, Crockery, Glassware, a fine selection of all kinds of Lamps, Granite ware, Tin-ware, Table Cutlery, &c. &c. &c.

Here is our Best Steel Range for \$27.50.

The Best Steel Range...

Leads wherever exhibited. Metals and glassware at the World Columbian Exposition, 1893, awarded the first prize in the class of stoves. Atlanta, Ga., 1895. We have them in different styles and sizes with and without reservoirs, prices from \$27.50 to \$50.00. They are guaranteed or money refunded. Best Steel Range in Market.

COUCH.

Couch upholstered in oak-leaf good Japanese spring, only \$33.75

CHIFFONIER.

This is a good chiffonier, 6 drawers, \$36.00

BOOK CASES

Combination Book Case & Writing desk, solid oak, \$17.00

IN Wardrobe and Combination Book Cases we have a grand selection to pick from

Great Northern Furniture Store

## WE CARRY EVERYTHING

In the line of Home Furnishing Goods. People wanting to furnish their home with anything in the line of Furniture, Carpets, Window Shades, Etc., will do well to visit our Mammoth Store and look through the different lines we carry. Do not forget that our place of business is on Second Street, near the Obar Hotel and Opp. Fred Fisher's Grocery Store.

Great Northern Furniture Store

ROCKERS

Great varieties in Willow Rattan Rockers, Upholstered Seat Rockers, Cane Rockers, Cane Seat and Back Rockers, Wood Seat Rockers, Sewing Rockers and Nurse Rockers

Upholstered silk spring seat, solid oak, only \$4.00

Oak Stand for 2 or 4 chairs, \$2.00

IRON BEDS

We take the lead in prices and styles. They are heavy enameled, well finished, upper and lower straight, nickel plated base, nickel plated foot rest, nickel plated top rim.

CHIFFONIER

With Glass... Solid Oak, in this cut, \$10.00

The Palace Air Tight Heaters

No. 23, 21-inch wood, \$8.75  
No. 25, 23-inch wood, \$10.00

Just Received

A carload from Chicago markets, of the finest line of Bed Room Sets ever shown in the Dalles. We have them in Hard Wood from \$11.25 up; Solid Oak, in French Plate Bevel Glass, \$20 up

Extension Table.

Hardwood Extension Table, from \$4.50 and up

Side Board.

Look only \$10.50



## A Corset Opportunity...

We have decided to close out two of our well known lines of Corsets.

## The American Lady and The Kid Fitting

Corsets that sell regular for \$1.00 to \$2.00. We shall put them in two lots and sell them while they last at 95c and \$1.50.

Lot No. 1 Goes for 95 cents.  
Lot No. 2 Goes for \$1.50.

## PEASE & MAYS

### Times-Mountaineer.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY  
BY  
A. C. MOUNTAINEER, Publisher.  
SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
—DAILY—  
Per Annum, \$5.00  
Six Months, \$2.50  
Three Months, \$1.50  
—WEEKLY—  
Per Year, by Mail, \$1.75  
Six Months, \$1.00  
Three Months, \$0.50  
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1898

### DOES IT MEET DEMANDS

The director of the mint has just completed his report of the gold production of the United States for the year 1897, and by it shows the total production to have been \$7,362,000. The silver production for that year amounted to nearly that much (colossal value) but that metal does not count for money but it is not. At least 10 per cent has gone into the arts and sciences, therefore the increase of our circulating medium has not kept pace with the increase of our population and the demands of trade.

As a result money has not become more plentiful, but has become scarcer and so long as our gold production does not come up to the increase in the demands of trade for a circulating medium, it must be evident to all that the gold fields of America are not capable of meeting the demand. Were silver recognized as a primary money, and given equal minting privileges with gold, the yearly increase of circulating medium would be more than doubled, and instead of money becoming scarcer each year would become more plentiful. As a result the purchasing power of money would decrease, and as an offset the product of labor would increase. The farmer would receive more for his product, the laborer would receive a greater wage, and business would be generally stimulated. We would enjoy prosperity that can never be realized until a part of the burden carried by gold is shifted onto another metal. The gold supply cannot meet the demands of trade.

### HE IS MISTAKEN.

While addressing a crowd of enthusiastic listeners in St. Louis the other day President McKinley made the statement that "for the first time in the country's history the government is floating bonds at 3 per cent, and today the same bonds are at a premium of 5 per cent, the profits of the premium going to the people." The president is certainly not a close student of history, or if he is, then he allows his zeal to build up credit for his administration to dull his memory. During the fiscal year of 1893 the government has borrowed more than \$300,000,000 at three per cent and the bonds of that issue, like those of the issue of 1898, went to a premium.

### THE GOLD DEMOCRATS.

The Oregonian expresses surprise that many of the gold democrats of the East are refusing to support the republican congressional ticket this year. It says: "Some of the gold democrats of the East, like Lawyers Couder, Hornblower and Shepherd, of New York city, and notably ex-President Cleveland, in New Jersey, express their satisfaction with the republican ticket in New York state. How Grover Cleveland can appreciate a ticket which, if successful, elects a Bryanite governor and lieutenant-governor of the empire state and in-

### PORTLAND'S DILEMMA.

For more than two years Portland, or at least some people in Portland, have been clamoring for two things that they have at last been granted. One was the retirement of the Fenner administration and the other a new city charter. They have had these two things thrust upon them, and a good many Portlanders wish they could at least let go the latter, and some would not seriously object even to being placed back under the Fenner regime.

### THE COST OF WARS.

The expense incurred by the United States during the war with Spain was the greatest, considering the number of men engaged, of any during the history of the world. As compared with the expense of the war of 1812, the cost of the war with Spain was four times as great per man engaged in the service. From the beginning of the war in 1898 to its close in 1898, the average daily expense was \$1,685,156. During that war there were 1,778,300 men engaged in the service. The total cost of the war was \$2,875,229,941. Either there has been gross extravagance in conducting this war, or the war of the rebellion was conducted extremely economically. If an investigation is ever made it will probably be shown to be the former.

### CONNECT THE OCEANS.

That a canal will be constructed across the isthmus at no remote date is no longer a question in this country, but by whom and where is not yet determined. In the future struggle for power in the Pacific, such a canal becomes a necessity to the United States for naval operations cannot be successfully conducted with an ocean voyage of 15,000 miles intervening between the several divisions of the navy. Therefore this government must build the canal if all private enterprise in this line fails. But the question of its control, even if built by the United States, will be delicate one of diplomacy.

### A BLOW TO TRUSTS.

The United States supreme court last Monday handed down a decision that is of more than usual importance. By this decision the anti-trust law passed by congress is held to be constitutional, and it is made unlawful for railroads to combine for the purpose of keeping up rates.

### PRACK MAY BE BROKEN.

Great Britain and France are on the verge of war, and nothing seems likely to prevent it except the complete break down of one or the other of the powers. Fashion is the bone of contention, and this apparent unimportant matter seems likely to draw two nations, and possibly the whole of Europe, into a bloody conflict for two European countries cannot well go to war without drawing others into the conflict. Single handed France would be no match for England, and the conflict would probably terminate in the destruction of the United States and Spain. But if France is engaged in England, Russia can hardly keep out of the trouble, and if it is engaged Germany will likely come to the aid of England. Thus all of Europe would be drawn into the trouble, and the world of the blood war known to history would result.

### THE QUESTION OF BOUNTIES.

For a number of years past there has been a law on the statute books of Oregon that provides that the county court of any county in the state may offer and pay a bounty for the destruction of certain wild animals, out of the general funds of the county. In compliance therewith, most of the county courts have offered nominal scalp bounties for coyotes, wild cats, bear, cougars, etc., and as a result, the several counties have paid out large sums of money on the scalps of such animals. In most instances the bounty has been so small that it has not been an inducement for hunters and trappers to wage war upon these animals, but whenever one is killed the scalp is presented to the county court, and the party killing the animal has drawn from the general fund the amount of the bounty.

### THE DEBTS STANDING AGAINST IT.

The committee appointed to investigate the administration of the war department for the past six months, is doing an excellent job of whitewashing Secretary Alger. They are only finding evidence that tends to cover up his mismanagement. This, however, was what they were appointed for. It was never intended that the true cause of Alger's administration should be brought to light. But if a democratic congress is elected, there will be another investigation that will not be a whitewashing machine.

### THE INSURGENTS ARE DULY.

When the decision of the United States Supreme court was rendered declaring void the anti-trust law in the case of the Joint Traffic Association, Monday, Justice Gray, White and Shiras dissented. It will be remembered that Justice Shiras was one of the judges who voted to declare the income tax unconstitutional. He is still on the side of the corporation. Had the congressional elections in the East been held two months ago nothing could have prevented an overwhelming republican majority being elected. But in two months have passed a decided change, and what appeared would be a republican majority is a minority. The voters are getting their eyes open and will vote for their interests.

### THE DAMAGE WAS GREAT.

Chicago, Water Front Badly Mattered by Storm.  
CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Chicago's lake front is battered in spots from the Indiana state line to Evanston and beyond, as the result of the storm which found a center here during the last two days. While no lives have been reported lost, the severity of the blow—48 miles an hour at its worst—was the greatest since the gale of 1894, when the shore was strewn with wrecks and many millions perished. The total damage is estimated at \$61,500. The objects that suffered most were the Lake Shore promenade and walls, whose huge rocks and trees were battered down and tossed around like chips by the waves. The Lincoln Park board has suffered most in this respect. It will cost \$35,000 to replace its wrecked walls.

### WILL NOT ASSUME THE DEBT.

This Is The Peace Commissioners' Decision.  
PARIS, Oct. 27.—The Spanish peace commissioners have accepted the negative view of the United States commissioners toward the proposed assumption by the United States of the Cuban debt.

### THE DAMAGE WAS GREAT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The treasury department has practically completed the issue of \$200,000,000 of 3 per cent bonds authorized at the last session of congress, and the last of the temporary force of clerks appointed for duty in that connection will be dismissed Saturday. The highest allotment of bonds to any one subscriber is \$4500.

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WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The award of the medal of honor to those who served in the Spanish-American war was submitted to the claim of Victor McCord against the government of Peru for damages sustained by reason of imprisonment during the revolutionary outbreaks there has been received at the state department. McCord is awarded \$40,000. Payment of this will close the diplomatic controversy which has been in progress between the United States and Peru for some years, this government having previously urged preparation for McCord.

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