

GREAT NORTHERN Furniture Store

East End, Opposite Fred Fishers Grocery Store.

We have the largest and best selected stock of Cast Iron Stoves and Ranges, Crockery, Glassware, a fine selection of all kinds of Lamps, Granite ware, Tin-ware, etc.

Table Cutlery, &c. &c. Our prices we guarantee are the same as any house in Portland.



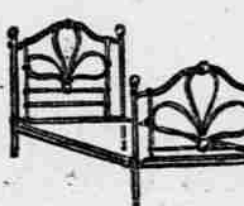
We are leaders in Air Tight Heaters. Prices from \$3 up.

OUR Palace Air Tight Heater is the best constructed of any on the market. Has best iron top and cast iron supported bottom, upper and lower draft, nickel plated base, nickel plated foot rest, nickel plated top rim.



The PALACE is the only Air Tight.

IRON BEDS



We take the lead in prices on the market. Has best iron top and cast iron supported bottom, upper and lower draft, nickel plated base, nickel plated foot rest, nickel plated top rim.

The Palace Air Tight Heaters

No. 23, 21-inch wood, \$6.75
No. 25, 23-inch wood, \$10.00

Extension Table. A carload from Chicago markets, of the finest line of Bed Room Sets ever shown in the Dalles. We have them in Hard Wood from \$11.25 up; Solid Oak, in French Pine Bevel Glass, \$20 up. Look only \$10.50

Side Board. With Glass... Solid Oak, same as this cut, \$10.00.

CHIFFONIER. With Glass... Solid Oak, same as this cut, \$10.00.

ROCKERS. Great varieties in Willow Rattan Rockers, Upholstered Seat Rockers, Cane Rockers, Cane Seat Rockers, Wood Seat Rockers, Sewing Rockers and Nurse Rockers.

Wardrobe and Combination Book Cases we have a grand selection to pick from.

WE CARRY EVERYTHING

In the line of Home Furnishing Goods. People wanting to furnish their home with anything in the line of Furniture, Carpets, Window Shades, Etc., will do well to visit our Mammoth Store and look through the different lines we carry. Do not forget that our place of business is on Second Street, near the O'Bar Hotel and Opp. Fred Fishers Grocery Store.

Great Northern Furniture Store

Combination Book Case & Writing Table \$12.00

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COUCH.

Here is our Best Steel Range for \$27.50.

The Best Steel Range... Leads wherever exhibited. Medals and diplomas at the World's Columbian Exposition, 1893. First prize at the Portland Exposition, 1894. We have them in different styles and sizes with and without reserves, and prices from \$27.50 to \$50.00. They are guaranteed or money refunded. Best Steel Range in Market.

COUCH. Good upholstered in damask, good Japanese spring, only \$37.75.

CHIFFONIER. This has a wood chiffonier, 6 drawers, \$8.00.

ROCKERS. Upholstered silk spring seat, solid oak, only \$8.00.

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THE EVENT OF THE WEEK

...SATURDAY'S SPECIAL...

Real Kid Gloves for 89 Cents

An Imported Real Kid Glove in Six Shades—Tans, Browns, Modes, Reds, Greens and Blacks.

The Real Value of this Glove is \$1.25

All Gloves sold by P. & M. carry the manufacturer's guarantee.

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jackets in endless variety. Made in the latest styles in Kerseys, Beavers, English Meltons and Fancy Cloths.

On all Jackets sold Saturday we will allow

A Discount of 15 per cent

Our Stock is practically unbroken in sizes and colors.

PEASE & MAYS

BIG CONCESSIONS

ARE MADE

America to Assume Cuban Municipal Debts.

New York, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to the World from Washington says: "The United States will assume the indebtedness of the Cuban municipalities, but will not agree to pay or guarantee any portion of the general Cuban debt."

This statement was made to the World correspondent by the highest authority in Washington at this time. There can be no doubt as to its correctness.

By this concession from the original instructions to the American commission, the Spanish commission has won a victory. The instructions to the American commission were that they were not to consider or discuss the question of the Cuban or Porto Rican debt.

The debt of the municipalities of Cuba will be assumed by the United States and pro-rated among the municipalities by a permanent government is established. In making this concession the Americans were actuated by a desire to protect American interests. The water works, electric lighting plants and other municipal improvements were largely constructed by American capital, the bonds being guaranteed by the Spanish government.

State department officials say that the assumption of the Cuban municipal debt was contemplated from the outset in the event of Spain making the plea that the indebtedness was incurred in improving the conditions of the island. This view is endorsed by international lawyers. As Spain did not derive any benefit from the money expended in improvements in Cuba and will not in future, jurists say it is only proper that the United States assume the indebtedness for municipal works.

PLAT TO KIDNAP AN HEIR. Bands meant to hold for a ransom of \$500,000.

ROME, Oct. 19.—News has reached here from Palermo of the arrest of a bold bandit named Antonio Ferrara, who had planned to kidnap in broad daylight Signora Maria Cupani, the beautiful 18-year-old daughter of Baron Cupani, a Sicilian millionaire.

Seven men were implicated in the plot. The girl was to be intercepted in her daily promenade in the public park of Palermo and forced into a landau. She was to be kept imprisoned in the house of Ferrara until a ransom of half a million dollars should be secured from the baron.

The plot was betrayed and detectives stationed in and around the park. They succeeded in arresting Ferrara, the leader of the kidnaping band.

FIVE WERE MURDERED. Terrible Tragedy at the Galician Retirement at Salsburgh.

WINNEPEG, Oct. 19.—A terrible tragedy occurred at the Galician retirement at Salsburgh. It appears that a neighboring farmer, also a Galician, went on Saturday to the house of one Wasy Boeko, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and getting no reply to his knocks upon the door, opened it and went in.

He met the horrifying sight of the dead bodies of Boeko and his four children, hacked and bruised in a frightful manner. The floor and walls were spattered with blood, looking like those of a slaughter-house.

Suspicion at first rested upon the wife and mother of the victims, but it is now believed that the crime was committed by other parties.

Boeko was about 40 years old.

SOUNDS LIKE A POPULIST.

Under encouragement given by money sharks, of the Morris & Whitehead variety, counties and municipalities throughout the state have made a vast body of illegal debts. A bill is now pending to validate these debts and to direct the counties to fund the warrants at 6 per cent, after compounding the late rest. This measure need should become a law. It is amazing that it should have been introduced. Undoubtedly certain bond sharks are behind it. These persons who have been so farward to encourage the issue of warrants, in violation of the fundamental law, should be allowed to sweat a while. So long as they understand that their "investments" already made are in peril, they will be less inclined to seek more of the same kind. Warrants should not bear interest at all. There is no law for it. Nor are they negotiable paper. There has been too much of this business, the product of greed on the part of warrant-buyers and of recklessness on the part of officials—Oregonians.

This sounds very queer, like things we have read in populist papers, only it is a little more rational. We had hardly expected the great organ of the gold standard and corporation interests would "blow" so suddenly.

Messers in China.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The minister of foreign affairs has received a dispatch from the French mission and several Chinese Catholics have been massacred or burned to death in a chapel at Peking by a mob. France has demanded reparation.

The Davis Disband.

ASTORIA, Oct. 20.—The torpedo-boat Davis at Skamokawa, Wash., has been disabled by the bursting of some boiler tubes. Six or eight men were badly scalded. She will return to Portland. Doctors have left on a special boat for her.

San Juan.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—In spite of the semi-official denial, the Echo de Paris says today that the embarkation of war material and supplies continues at Toulon, adding that extraordinary activity reigns at the arsenal there. Four iron-clad and three cruisers are embarking ammunition and war material. Two transports are already ready for sea. All French naval officers on leave of absence have been recalled. Naval authorities at Toulon are very reluctant.

Three Vessels Wrecked.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Norwegian bark Frivold stranded last night off Spurnhead. Two members of the crew were drowned. The Norwegian brigantine Angwald has been wrecked off Gouidon harbor. Seven of the crew were drowned. The Russian schooner Wilhelm has been wrecked off St. Andrews. Five of the crew were saved, and one was drowned.

Porto Rico Wholly Ours.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The United States is now formally in possession of the island of Porto Rico as a sovereignty. The war department has received the following:

"San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 13.—American flags have been raised on the public buildings and forts in this city, and saluted with national honors. The occupation of the island is now complete.

BROOK.

Trouble in Madrid.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The following from Indian Commissioner Jones was received this morning: "I held a final council with the Indians at Bear camp yesterday. All but one will surrender Wednesday. The one who refused to surrender is a neighboring farmer, also a Galician, who is now being held in custody. I believe that the trouble is all over."

Monument to Washington.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—In response to the suggestion of Mr. David Christie Murray, the novelist and playwright, that a statue to Washington should be erected in London by public subscription, Dr. Conan Doyle, the novelist, offers the first subscription—the sum of 10 guineas.

Wanted to Hunt a Farm.

One hundred acres or more, 25 or 30 miles from The Dalles. Address "O," this office.

WANT ARBITRATION.

A Madrid conservative organ, renews the suggestion regarding arbitration between the United States and Spain. It says: "The negotiations at present are going on without touching the question of the Philippines which is most obscure, and which leads itself to the gravest dissensions. Owing to the vagueness and lack of clearness of the protocol, the commissioners are meeting with serious difficulties. It has been said that, if our adversaries are obstinate in their exaggerated demands, Senor Sagasta should address arbitration, at least upon the question of the Philippines. It is not reached; but in view of the electoral struggle now in full vigor in the United States add to the declaration of the jingo press, which affirms with no limits the rights of the conqueror, it is safe to assume that request for arbitration would be without result, and serve no other purpose than loss of time."

HE FILLS THE BILL.

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Joe Simon fills the senatorial measure.

Which?

It is doubtful whether the closing session of the legislature which ended Saturday night has ever been paralleled in the history of Oregon legislation. Although composed of members pledged to economy, the way the assembly labors was denuded of everything portable was cautious, and every one to wonder if the gentlemen who composed the lower house were pledged to the same economy that dealt very sparingly with their honor.

If a few of them were indicted for larceny from a public building and sent to the penitentiary it would be a credit to the state. This thing of carrying off everything movable as the legislature of Oregon has done is a disgrace that it should be stopped.

It should be borne in mind that in the caucus which chose Joe Simon for the U. S. senatorship the ballot was a secret one and that he received seven more votes than had been given to Mr. Corbett in open session. We do not blame the secret of the caucus for desiring their act to be secret, but it is a reflection upon the honesty, courage and manliness of every opponent to the last of Corbett and his associates. The people have a right to know who voted for Mr. Simon and who against him, so as to commend or condemn as they see fit.

Certainly no private citizen should suffer by the fact that the state of Oregon purchased land in Eastern Oregon for an insane asylum—the authorization for such act having afterwards been declared illegal. Mr. W. T. Wright, of Union county, advanced the purchase money under such circumstances should be reimbursed and the state succeed in its equities in the matter. This is a matter of simple justice and one upon which there should be no difference of opinion.

Fourteen Lives Lost.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—News was received here today of the loss of the British freight ship Blenheim near the mouth of the Thames. The ship was from New York and had rounded the North Foreland, when fire, which had evidently been smoldering in her cargo, broke forth with great fury and drove the crew to the boats. The ship was entirely destroyed and 14 of those on board lost their lives. The captain's wife and two children were among those who perished.

THE MONEY ISSUE.

A free silver newspaper asks: "Do the people understand that silver is to be abandoned as a money metal?" and says: "This is the ultimate aim of the bankers, money owners and news papers that advocate what they are pleased to term the gold standard and sound money."

There is no authority to be found among the advocates of a gold standard from which to base any of a single

gold standard does not mean that silver as money will be abandoned, nor does any one contemplate its disuse as a money for general circulation. It is a subsidiary coin to a gold standard, it is absolutely necessary as a money of exchange in small transactions and will never be abandoned unless a metal shall hereafter be found better adapted to such use. A limited quantity of silver coin to an extent that will meet the demands of business can be maintained in circulation, though the commercial value of the metal may be much less than the nominal value of the coin, just as the value of silver fractional coin has been used since 1853. The time was when the production of silver and gold was limited, when it varied but little in the annual output, but the discovery of gold in California and the discovery of a new golden era, which has been remarkable for the enormous production of that metal, have since that time increased the production of silver and gold in all quarters of the world. Gold had several years before 1850 been discovered in California and silver in its own transactions. Its production was made principally in the smaller quantities where small sums are required in the commercial world elsewhere, was entering toward a large increase in silver production, it is not to be expected that silver will be abandoned in its use as a money standard will again open its veins to a free collocation of that metal. It is folly to say that "unless the policy of our government is changed here will never be an ounce of newly mined silver coined." The business necessity of all countries demands the collocation of silver for use in general daily business transactions where small sums are required. And this government as well as all other gold standard nations, will continue to coin silver in substantial quantities to meet the demands of business of the nation. None need be distressed from the fact that silver will disappear as a money coin for circulation.—Walla Walla Union.

The above is the Walla Walla Union's reply to an editorial in the "Times-Mountain" which is a pitiful behold the blindness of those who will not see. In the article quoted it is plain that in the opinion of the Union the very thing has happened that it denies. According to it, silver is to be a money metal like copper and nickel. No one ever thinks of copper and nickel as money metals. In classing silver with them, the Union confesses what it attempts to deny.

We are firmly of the opinion that the restoration of silver as a money metal with free coinage privileges is a matter of the greatest importance to the American people. We are further of the opinion that the people are hoodwinked by the high-sounding phrases of the advocates of the single gold theory. The Union advocates the single gold money, but shows by the above clipping that it is afraid to face the issue and its inevitable result. Here are just two propositions for the Union's consideration.

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The advocates of free coinage of silver believe that free coinage will make a silver dollar worth a gold dollar. They do not believe there is any intrinsic value in either gold or silver; they believe that the dollar is a creation of legislation and that silver has the value of the dollar because of the action of the legislature; they believe that gold would have been depreciated by adverse legislation as well as silver; they believe that the restoration of silver as a free coinage metal would bring property and happiness to our people. In all these things they may be mistaken, but it is their belief, entertained by the most sincere and disinterested of our statesmen. One thing they do know and that is that the ultimate aim of the bankers and plutocrats is to absolutely destroy silver as a money metal.

Probably no citizen of Oregon has dealt with the late extraordinary session. It is a rare thing that it had no use for, and the wanton waste of money resulted. But, it elected a senator. It abolished the state board of equalization and the railroad commission and passed an appropriation bill. It did all this in twenty short days, and that too in spite of the fact that it was a republican legislature.

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