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THE DALLES, OREGON, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1898

No 28

PROFESSIONAL.

O. C. HOLLISTER,
Physician and Surgeon,
Rooms over Dalles National Bank. Office hours, 10 a m to 12 m, and from 2 to 4 p m. Residence West End of Third Street,

A. S. BENNET
Attorney at Law

WM. TACKMAN
Dentist.
Rooms 8 9 and 10. Vogt Block, The Dalles, Or.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the state of Oregon for Wasco County.
The First National bank of The Dalles Oregon, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
William Birgfeld and Laura E. Birgfeld, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution, duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wasco, to me directed and dated the 25th day of February, 1898, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 4th day of August, 1892, in the above entitled cause, in favor of the plaintiff and against the defendants above named as judgment debtors, in the sum of six hundred and eighty one dollars and sixty cents with interest thereon from the 4th day of August, 1892, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, and the further sum of sixty dollars, as attorney's fees, and the further sum of sixty-four dollars and sixty-three cents, costs, and the costs of and upon this writ, and commanding me to make sale of the property belonging to said defendant. I did, on the 4th day of March, 1898, duly levy upon, and I will, on the

19th day of April, 1898,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon of said day, and at the front door of the County Court House, in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the defendants William Birgfeld and Laura E. Birgfeld or either of them had on the 4th day of August, 1892, the date of the judgment herein, or which such defendants or any of the defendants herein, have since acquired or now have in and to the following described real property, situate and being in Sherman County, Oregon, to-wit:

A undivided one-fifth interest in and to all the S. ½ of No. W. ¼ section 16; all of sections 21, 22, 25, 27, and 35; S. E. ¼ and N. ½ N. W. ¼ section 22; N. W. ¼ section 26; W. ½ N. W. ¼, W. ½ S. W. ¼, S. E. ¼ S. W. ¼ and S. ½ S. E. ¼ section 34; S. ½ S. W. ¼ section 36; all in township 7 S. range 17 E. W. M.; also all of section 3 township 8 S., range 17 E. W. M. in Oregon, or so much of said property as will satisfy said judgment and decree, with costs and accruing costs.

Said property will be sold subject to confirmation and redemption as by law provided.

Dated at The Dalles, Oregon, this 18th day of March, 1898.

T. J. DRIVER,
Sheriff of Wasco County, Oregon.

SHERIFF'S SALE

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County.
O F. Schowalter, as administrator of the estate of S. G. Krebbiel, deceased, Plaintiff, vs. Wilson R. Winans and Mary Winans and J. M. Huntington, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution, decree and order of sale, duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wasco, to be directed and dated the 2d day of March 1898, upon a decree for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage, and judgment rendered and entered in said Court on the 18th day of February, 1898, in the above entitled cause, in favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendants Wilson R. Winans and Mary Winans as judgment debtors, in the sum of eleven hundred twenty-five and 62-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 18th day of February, 1898, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, and the further sum of one hundred dollars, as attorney's fees, and the further sum fo fifteen dollars, costs, and the cost of and upon this writ, and commanding me to make sale of the real property embraced in such decree of foreclosure and hereinafter described, I will, on the

12 day of April, 1898,

at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon of said day, and at the front door of the County Court House in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the Defendants Wilson R. Winans and Mary Winans and J. M. Huntington or either of them had on the 12th day of February, 1892, the date of the mortgage foreclosed herein, or which such Defendants or any of the Defendants herein, have since acquired, or now have in and to the following described real property, situate and being in Wasco County, Oregon, to-wit: Lots one, two, three, four and the southwest quarter [¼] of the northeast quarter [¼] and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter [¼] of section on [1] in township one [1] north of range nine [9] east of the Willamette meridian, Wasco county, Oregon. Two hundred forty-four and 72-100 acres of land or so much of said property as will satisfy said judgment and decree, with costs and accruing costs.

Said property will be sold subject to confirmation and redemption as by law provided.

Dated at The Dalles, Oregon, this 3d day of March 1898.

T. J. DRIVER.
Sheriff, Wasco County, Oregon.

SHERIFF'S SALE

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County.
William Clark, Plaintiff, vs. John W. Watson and Carrie M. Watson, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution, decree and order of sale, duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wasco, to me directed and dated the 2d day of March, 1898, upon a decree for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage, and judgment rendered and entered in said Court on the 5th of December, 1894, in the above entitled cause, in favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendants John W. Watson and Carrie M. Watson as judgment debtors, in the sum of three hundred eleven and 60-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 12th day of November 1894, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, and the further sum of fifty dollars as attorney's fees, and the further sum of $7 50, costs, and the cost of and upon this writ, and commanding me to make sale of the real property embraced in such decree of foreclosure and hereinafter described, I will, on the 12th day of April, 1898, at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon of said day, and at the front door of the County Court House in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the Defendants John W. Watson and Carrie M. Watson or either of them had on the 12th day of June, 1894, the date of the mortgage foreclosed herein, or which such Defendants or any of the Defendants herein, have since acquired, or now have in and to the following described real property, situate and being in Wasco County, Oregon, to-wit: Lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), in block numbered one (1) in Idlewild addition to the town of Hood River, in Wasco County, State of Oregon; also block numbered seven (7) in Erwins and Watson's second addition to the town of Hood River, in Wasco County, State of Oregon, or so much of said property as will satisfy said judgment and decree, with costs and accruing costs.

Said property will be sold subject to confirmation and redemption as by law provided.

Dated at The Dalles, Oregon, this 31 day of March, 1898.

T. J. DRIVER.
Sheriff, Wasco County, Oregon.

SHERIFF'S SALE

In the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for Wasco county.
Mrs. Margaret E. Sykes, plaintiff, vs. William Turner, defendant.

By virtue of an execution, an order of sale, duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wasco, to me directed and dated the 2d day of March, 1898, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said Court on the 15th day of February, 1898, in the above entitled cause in favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendant William Turner as judgment debtor, in the sum of two hundred twenty-four and 88-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 15th day of February, 1898, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, and the further sum of nineteen dollars, costs, and the cost of and upon this writ, and commanding me to make sale of the real property embraced in such decree of foreclosure and hereinafter described, I will, on the 12th day of April, 1898, at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon of said day, and at the front door of the County Court House in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the Defendant William Turner or either of them had on the 15th day of February, 1898, the date of the judgment herein, or which such Defendant herein, has since acquired or now has in and to the following described real property, situate and being in Wasco County, Oregon, to-wit: Lots seven and eight in block eighteen of Gates addition to Dalles City, in Wasco County, Oregon or so much of said property as will satisfy said judgment and decree with costs and accruing costs.

Said property will be sold subject to confirmation and redemption as by law provided.

Dated at The Dalles, Oregon, this 3d day of March, 1898.

T. J. DRIVER.
Sheriff, Wasco County, Oregon.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Wasco County, in probate, administrator of the estate of J. A. Dickerson, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and required to present them to me with proper vouchers at the law office of Condon & Condon, in Dalles City, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dalles City, Oregon, January 1, 1898.

W. G. SPENCER.
Administrator of the estate of J. A. Dickerson, deceased.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the state of Oregon for Wasco County. W. F. Magill, plaintiff, vs. M Magill, defendant.

To M. Magill, the above named defendant: In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff filed in the above entitled suit against you on Monday the 28th day of May, 1898, said day being the first day of the next regular term of said Court, following the final publication of this Summons; and if you fail so to appear and answer said complaint the above named plaintiff will apply to the above entitled court for the relief prayed for in his complaint, to-wit: For a decree of said Court to the effect that the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between you and said plaintiff be forever annulled, set aside and held for naught.

This Summons is served upon you by publication thereof for six consecutive weeks in the Times Mountaineer by order of the Hon. W. L. Bradshaw, judge of the above entitled Court and of the Seventh Judicial District of the State of Oregon, which order bears date the 18th day of March, 1898.

DUFUR & MENEFEE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Came to my place on Lone well farm, on Dutch Flat, four head of cattle, three of them two year olds and one a yearling. One of the two year olds is black and two of them red; the yearling is red. No visible brand, but ear marks as follows: Two of them with split in left ear with right ear cut off, one with right ear cut off and one with left ear split.

Also came to my place August 1, one mare about three years old with blaze in face no brand visible. I want the owner to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

The mare came August 1, and the cattle came Nov. 1, 1897.

R. F. WICKHAM.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT THE DALLES, OREGON, March 21, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before register and receiver at The Dalles, Oregon, on Monday, May 2 1898, viz:

H. W. GILPIN, OF THE DALLES.

H. E. No. 3708 for the sw¼ sec 25, tp 1 n., r 14 e. W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Matthew Randall, James Kelly, John Quirk, Martin Waterman, all of The Dalles, Oregon.

m26 JAS. F. MOORE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT THE DALLES, OREGON, March 14, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at The Dalles, Oregon, on Friday, April 29, 1898, viz:

ERIK GRANLUND, OF MOSIER.

No 3369, for lots 1 and 2 and S½ NE 1-4 Sec. 21, Tp. 2 N., R. 12 E. W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Axel E. Peterson, William Johnson, Ernest Fredrich and James Miller, all of Mosier, Ore.

m19** JAS. F. MOORE, Register.

CHARLES FRANK
—OF THE—
Butchers & Farmers
EXCHANGE

Keeps on draught the celebrated COLUMBIA BEER, acknowledged the best beer in The Dalles, at the usual price. Come in, try it and be convinced. Also the Finest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

SANDWICHES, all kinds, ON HAND

A. A. BROWN
FULL ASSORTMENT
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
AND PROVISIONS.
Special Prices to Cash Buyers
170 SECOND STREET

Columbia PACKING COMPANY
.....Corner Third and Washington.....
Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork, Oard
Cured and Dried Meats,
Sausages of All Kinds
Orders Delivered to Any Part of the City
'PHONE 31

Another through tourist car to the East has been arranged to run out of Portland, giving four each week. Hereafter the car leaving Monday will run through without change to Kansas City and Chicago, over the O. R. & N., Oregon Short Line, Rio Grande Western, Denver & Rio Grande, Missouri Pacific and Chicago & Alton. That car has just been arranged for, and the one previously scheduled for Monday has been changed to Thursday. It runs through to St. Louis, via the Missouri Pacific line. The car leaving Portland Tuesday goes through to Boston, and is promoted by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. Wednesday's car runs to St. Joseph, Kansas City and St. Louis, over the Burlington. All these special through cars are receiving a gratifying patronage. Consult O. R. & N. agent before buying tickets to the East.

A Timely Warning—Grain Saved is Money Made.

To save the grain use Fry's concentrated squirrel poison. This preparation is the cheapest and most economical for the farmers. One grain kills, guaranteed. Price 25 cents per can or $5 50 per case of two dozen. For sale by all druggists.

Strayed or Stolen.

One dark bay horse branded on left shoulder with T under a half circle, one white hind foot, weighs about 1,100 pounds. Liberal reward for leaving him at this office.

Subscribers to the Times-Mountaineer who do not receive their papers regularly will confer a favor upon the publisher by notifying the office either personally or by telephone so that any errors or neglect may be rectified.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c. For sale by Blakeley & Houghton druggists.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

All druggists sell Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

DRUGS
Wall Paper. Paints, Oils.
. . BRUSHES . .
WINDOW GLASS
SNIPES-KINERSLY DRUG CO.
129 Second Street

CLOSING OUT SALE
—OF—
Furniture and Carpets

The entire stock of PRINZ & NITSCHKE will be
SOLD AT COST

Sale to commence from date and continue until all sold. Parties knowing themselves indebted to said firm will be requested to call and settle their accounts.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE
—OF—
Wall Paper!

In order to reduce my large stock of Wall Paper, I am offering special inducements to buyers. . .

All goods are offered at a BIG REDUCTION for a few days. Call and examine stock and get prices.

D. W. VAUSE,
Third Street,

HARRY C. LIEBE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
—DEALER IN—
WATCHES, CLOCKS, AND JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE AND DIAMONDS. . .
Fine Repairing a Specialty. All Work Warranted
Watches for Woolgrowers
A SPECIALTY
VOGT BLOCK, - - THE DALLES, OREGON

HERE TO STAY
Gilbert
The Up to Date Photo Artist of Portland
Chapman Block, (in the gallery formerly occupied by Herrin). Studio newly fitted and furnished for doing FIRST-CLASS WORK. . . . . .
Duplicates from the D. C. Herrin negatives furnished at any time. MY WORK MY SUCCESS.

-The Postoffice Pharmacy-
CLARKE & FALK, Propr's
Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries.
Physician's Prescriptions a Specialty.
Vogt Block, One Door West Postoffice Phone 338

Oregon Market
GEO KELLER, Prop'r.
Fresh Meats, Mild Cured Hams,
Fancy Bacon, Summer Sausage,
Smoked Beef and Pure Lard.
Union Street, opposite Court House.
All kinds of Fish and Game in Season.

Ben Wilson Saloon
Second Street, opposite Diamond Mills,
THE DALLES, - - - OREGON
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Free Lunch served at all hours

BLAME NOT SETTLED

Belief That a Floating Mine Did the Work.

HANGING AT COLFAX

John Leonard, Jacob Malquist's Murderer, Pays the Death Penalty.

Ohio River Still on the Rise—Loss Will Reach a Million—Comet Coming Toward the Earth at the Rate of one Million Miles a Day.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The board of inquiry into the loss of the Maine finds that the explosion which destroyed the battle-ship came from the outside, and does not fix the responsibility for the disaster. It does not express an opinion as to the character of the explosion, but the testimony goes to show that it was a powerful submarine mine, the exact character of which is not determined by the testimony, though the belief was expressed that it was what is known as a floating submarine mine. There were two explosions the board finds, the first from the outside and that this set off one of the smaller magazines.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The report of the Maine Court of inquiry is now in the hands of President McKinley. The formal transmission of this momentous document was accomplished at 9 40 this morning. It was delivered by Lieutenant Marix, judge advocate of the court of inquiry, to Secretary Long, and by the latter taken to the White House and handed to the president. The arrival of the report hardly created a ripple of excitement at the White House, except among the newspaper correspondents gathered there. Assistant Secretary Day had called about 9 o'clock, but as the president was at breakfast he retired, and returned at 10. Secretary Alger also came about half an hour later, and was followed by the postmaster general and Secretary Bliss. The other members of the cabinet did not arrive until about the usual hour of meeting, 11 o'clock.

Secretary Long remained with the president continuously up to the time of assembling the cabinet. Callers at the White House were told that the president was engaged and could not be seen. Long returned to the navy department at about 1 P. M., and at a quarter past 1, the cabinet took a recess till 3 o'clock. In answer to inquiries, it was stated that after the report had been carefully read over in the presence of all the members of the cabinet, a general discussion followed of its principal features.

Marix was called in to explain some matters not fully covered by the report. Further than this, no statement would be made or intimation given by any cabinet officer as to the contents of the report until it was transmitted to congress on Monday.

Interest bordering on concern was manifested among officials of the navy department over the movements of the Spanish fleet of torpedo-boats from the Canary Islands to Porto Rico. The flotilla is one of the most formidable of its kind afloat, and the sending of it to the West Indies at this time is regarded as an indication that Spain's endeavor is to be prepared for any emergency in or near Cuba.

Naval experts are of the opinion that it will take the flotilla about ten days to make the journey, but it is exceedingly likely that it will actually require several days longer. The liability of the boats to accident is great, particularly if they should encounter rough weather. Then, too, if they should be accompanied by colliers, the speed of the fleet would be reduced to that of the coalboats.

JOHN LEONARD HANGED AT COLFAX

Jacob Malquist's Murderer Pays the Death Penalty.

COLFAX, Wash., March 25.—The legal execution of John Leonard for the murder of Jacob Malquist, at Texas City, occurred this afternoon, in the presence of fully 1000 people.

Leonard was brought from the jail and ascended the scaffold steps unassisted, at 1:16 o'clock. Father Kearns, at the request of Leonard, read a short final statement protesting his innocence of willful murder.

At 1:21 o'clock Leonard stepped on the trap and shook hands with the officers and reporters.

At 1:24 a voice called out, "Good-by, Jack," and Leonard responded in full tones, "Good-by, Charley." As the last word left his lips the trap was sprung, and Leonard dropped six feet, the body rebounded slightly and then hung stark, not a movement of the muscles being noticeable. The body hung 16 minutes, when he was pronounced dead by the attending physicians.

Leonard on the scaffold, although showing nervousness, looked about at the surrounding crowd. The body was at once taken in charge by Father Kearns, and conveyed to the cemetery and funeral exercises held.

Mrs. M. B. Ford, Ruddell's, Ill., suffered for eight years from dyspepsia and chronic constipation and was finally cured by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for all stomach and liver troubles. Snipes Kinersly Drug Co.

PERISHED ON THE ICE.

Terrible Fate of Sealers off the Newfoundland Coast.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 28.—The steamer Greenland has reached this harbor with a grewsome cargo. Twenty-four corpses were on deck and 55 men were moaning in terrible suffering in the hold in the pain of frost bitten limbs and bodies. The dead bodies were on the decks disfigured and almost unrecognizable. The effects of the terrible suffering which they had endured presented one of the most horrible sights human eyes ever beheld.

The Greenland set sail from St. John's about the first of March on her fateful voyage. She was commanded by Captain George Barbour, and carried a crew of nearly 300 sealhunters. The steamer proceeded northward with the rest of the sealing fleet, but after a couple of hours she diverged on a separate track, and reached the hunting grounds not long after.

On Tuesday morning the hunters left the ship about 7 o'clock, as usual, when the lookout reported ice plentiful around them. The men were clad in light clothing, for the slaughtering of seals is exhausting work. Scattered over the ice field, they wandered far from the protection of the ship, and a gale and snowstorm shut them out from view. The ice floe parted and they drifted away from the steamer. Long ere the storm subsided many of the unfortunate fellows had succumbed to the terrible cold and exposure. Those who did not die were terribly frost bitten and suffered excruciating pain.

The long night passed, but morning brought no help, for the storm still raged and the atmosphere was thick with snow driven by the gale. Snow continued nearly all day, and the evening brought no cessation to the high wind. Another night was passed in untold agony. Some of the victims had already given up hope, and in despair laid down and died. Every hour witnessed at least two deaths.

Toward morning the storm subsided and clear weather enabled the survivors to see that the Greenland was not far away, searching for the missing. The steamer bore down on the drifting field of ice, and began the work of picking up the stark bodies of the dead and the lifeless bodies of the living. Twenty-five corpses were taken on board that morning, but 23 men were still missing, and though the search was continued, no more were recovered.

Mrs. Mary Bird, Harrisburg, Pa. says: "My child is worth millions to me; yet I would have lost her by croup had I not invested twenty-five cents in a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. Snipes Kinersly Drug Co.

DESTROYED BY A FOE.

Report of the Court of Inquiry of the Maine Disaster Made Public.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The findings of the court appointed to investigate the destruction of the attleship Maine were transmitted to congress today. The findings of the court are as follows:

At frame 17, the outer shell of the ship, from a point 11½ feet from the middle line of the ship and six feet above the keel when in normal position, had been forced to about four feet above the surface of the water, therefore, about 34 feet above where it would have been had she sunk uninjured. The outside bottom plating is bent into a reversed "V" shape, the after wing of which, about 15 feet broad and 32 feet long (from frame 17 to frame 25) is doubled back upon itself against a continuation of the same platform extending forward.

At frame 18, the vertical keel is broken in two and bent into a singular angle, formed by the outside plates. This break is about six feet below the surface of the water and about 30 feet above its normal position.

In the opinion of the court this effect could have been produced only by the explosion of a mine situated under the bottom of the ship at about frame 18 and somewhat on the port side of the ship.

The conclusions of the court are:

That the loss of the Maine was not in any respect due to the fault or negligence on the part of any officer or member of her crew.

That the ship was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine, which caused a partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines, and that no evidence has been obtainable fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons.

The report of the court was referred to the foreign affairs committee of each house.

Well Children

that are not very robust need a warming, building and fat-forming food—something to be used for two or three months in the fall—that they may not suffer from cold.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda supplies exactly what they want. They will thrive, grow strong and be well all winter on this splendid food tonic. Nearly all of them become very fond of it. For adults who are not very strong, a course of treatment with the Emulsion for a couple of months in the fall will put them through the winter in first-class condition. Ask your doctor about this.

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper.

All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

ADOPTED AT PORTLAND

Declaration of Principles of the Reform Parties.

SILVER AND REFORM

These Are the Prominent Features On Which the United Parties Will Go Before the People.

The Gage Bill and the Present Administration Denounced—Republican Extravagance Condemned—Simple and Economical Government Promised.

Following is the platform adopted by the state conventions of the democratic, people's and silver republican parties in session at Portland last week, and on which they will ask the suffrage of the voters of the state:

United in a common cause for the sacred purpose of preserving the principles of government by the whole people, in fact as well as in name, restoring and maintaining equality, under that government, of all classes, we, the people's, democratic and silver republican parties of the state of Oregon, waiving all minor points of difference, and uniting for the purpose of carrying out the great underlying principles upon which we are all agreed, do make and present to the people of this state the following declaration of principles, and to the carrying out of which we solemnly pledge each and every candidate upon our united ticket:

First—We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations; and we are unalterably opposed to the policy of the present republican administration in demanding the retirement of greenbacks, and the turning over of the money making power of the government to the national banks, as presented in the bill drawn by the republican secretary of the treasury, and indorsed by President McKinley; and we especially denounce the avowed attempt by said bill to fasten the country irrevocably and forever to the single gold standard.

We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private; also a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people through the lawful disbursements of the government.

We demand that the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business and population of this country, and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

We favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of lawful money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

We demand that there shall be no further issue of United States interest-bearing bonds.

We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

We demand the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

We demand the initiative and referendum system of law-making in its optional form, local, state and national, and the submission by congress of all important national questions for an advisory vote of the people, until such time as the national constitution shall have been amended so as to provide for direct legislation.

We condemn as dangerous and unjust the surrender, in all departments of the government, to the influence of trusts, corporations and aggregations of wealth generally; and the packing of the highest courts of the land with corporation lawyers, too ready to do the will of their late employers, and to set aside valid and wholesome laws passed by the legislative departments of the states and government, upon flimsy pretexts, at the behests of such institutions.

We are opposed to government by injunction.

In state matters, we demand:

A simple and well-guarded registration law.

A more equitable mode of appointing judges of election.

Stringent laws to regulate the operation of fish traps, fish wheels and all fishing gear in the waters within the jurisdiction of the state.

We denounce and condemn the corrupt and extravagant republican legislative assemblies, and charge that the republican party, in its eagerness for the spoils of office, has become divided into warring factions, so that it is incapable of government as exemplified by the condition existing in the office of the state treasurer, there being at this time more than $50,000 thereof wrung from the people by the process of taxation, while state warrants are stamped "Not paid for want of funds."

We demand that all district and county officers be placed upon salaries commensurate with the duties to be performed by them.

Inasmuch as railroad and other corporate property is not bearing its proportion of taxation, we demand that such property shall bear its just and equal share of the expenses of government.

CUBAN WAR MUST END.

Madrid Is so Notified in a Note From Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The United States government has presented through Minister Woodford, at Madrid, a carefully prepared note dealing with the distressing condition of affairs in Cuba, and making clear that this government cannot withhold much longer such definite action as will bring the present struggle and the suffering it is occasioning to a close. The note was submitted to the Spanish government the latter part of last week. The Spanish government has made its reply.

Both the note of the United States and the answer of Spain are marked by a conservative tone, which, however, does not overcome the dignifying firmness which characterizes both governments.

J. A. Perkins, of Antiquity, O., was for thirty years needlessly tortured by physicans for theacure of eczema. He was quickly cured by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the famous healing salve for piles and skin diseases. Snipes, Kinersly Drug Co.

Ohio River Still on the Rise.

CINCINNATI, March 25.—The Ohio river continues rising at the rate of about an inch an hour. Reports from above show this increase in the river's height will continue and be more rapid tomorrow, reaching its limit Sunday.

The flood continues at Zanesville, where the Muskinua is still rising two inches an hour. Two persons are reported drowned. More than 200 box cars have been destroyed, and the city is without light or water supply. The loss in the county is now estimated at millions of dollars. Two thousand people are sheltered in public houses and market houses.

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache Snipes, Kinersly Drug Co.

Coming Toward the Earth.

BERKELEY, Cal., March 25.—The astronomers of the university of California have completed their computation of the comet discovered Sunday morning by Perrine, of the Lick observatory, and according to them the comet will become brighter and remain in sight for some time. It is now traveling toward the earth at the rate of 1,000,000 miles a day. For the next two weeks it will move north easterly at the rate of one degree a day, north as well as east. It is visible at about 4 o'clock in the morning.

Mrs. Stark, Pleasant Ridge, O., says "After two doctors gave up my boy to die, I saved him from croup by using One Minute Cough Cure." It is the quickest and most certain remedy for coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. Snipes, Kinersly Drug Co.

Loss Will Reach a Million.

PITTSBURG, March 25.—As the floods subside the inundated districts in the two cities present a desolate appearance and the residents are beginning to suffer after effects of the high water. It is believed the loss in and about Pittsburg and Allegheny will reach $1,000,000. This includes the loss of wages occasioned by establishments being forced to close down.

Miss Allie Hughes, Norfolk, Va., was frightfully burned on the face and neck. Pain was instantly relieved by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which healed the injury without leaving a scar. It is the famous pile remedy. Snipes, Kinersly Drug Co.

HOUSEHOLD BITS.

Odd Items of Information for the Housewife.

A seasonable and delicious way of serving ice-cold raw tomatoes is to remove the inside of the fruit, leaving a thick wall. Take out the seeds, and to the pulp add equal parts of dry mustard and brown sugar, a little salt, peppersauce and vinegar. Stir the mixture into a paste and refill the tomato.

Do not put hot water or any kind of water upon woollens that have had liquid grease spilled upon them. First sprinkle buckwheat or rye flour over the place and let it absorb the grease, brush off the flour, and apply then fresh flour until all the grease is absorbed.

An excellent receptacle to be placed in a corner of a sewing-room for holding pieces left from dresses, bits of new muslin and flannels that are always required at hand for mending is a common flour barrel. Cover the barrel with pretty cretonne or chintz, plaiting the material and tacking it upon the inside of the barrel and at the top, drawing each plait smoothly down. Fasten the plaits to the under side of the barrel. Paste heavy brown wrapping paper inside the barrel to make a smooth lining. Lay a sheet of wadding over the barrel top and cover both sides with the cretonne, overhauling the material together at the edge. Make a box plaiting a little more than a finger in width and sew around to cover the edge. Fasten this cover to the barrel with two pieces of tape to serve for hinges, and place a bow of ribbon upon the top to make a handle for lifting the cover. The barrel will fit into a corner and be most convenient.

When making custards for puddings and the filling for custard pies, if the milk is brought to the scalding point and then stirred into the beaten eggs and sugar and placed at once in the oven for baking it will require only half the time usually allowed for cooking. The range oven is not always in the proper condition for baking when most needed and causes much annoyance. A custard pudding may be steamed, and is oftentimes nicer than baked, being more delicate. A cup custard will be steamed sufficiently in 15 minutes.—N. Y. Sun.

The Cocking of Game Birds.

Most game birds and animals, because of a life of ceaseless activity, do not take on fat, and such should be larded or cooked with slices of bacon or salt pork placed on them. Do not serve birds with heads on and undrawn, as is quite generally practiced—the latter point being a relic of savagery, the former an offense to sensitive nerves. It is pleasanter to enjoy a bit of choice flesh without being so forcibly reminded that we are eating dead birds. This is not the only instance where realism is inartistic.—Woman's Home Companion.

Good for Nothing.

"No, my child," said Mrs. Smith to her little daughter; "you should not expect pay for being good. You should be good for nothing."

"And then will I be a brute, mamma?"

"Be a brute? What do you mean?"

"You called papa a good for nothing brute yesterday."—Columbus Journal.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

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JOHANNESBURG GOLD.

The City Built on the Precious Metal.

Yet the Knowledge of the Assayist Is Necessary, It Is Said, to Determine Its Exact Location.

It is commonly said that Johannesburg is built on gold; it might be as truly said that it is built on science, or, in the concrete, on cyanide of potassium. I reckon that one-third of the workable mines, possibly one-half, are now shut down or unopened; but had it not been for the MacArthur-Forrest cyanide process—discovered just ten years ago—50 per cent. of the workings still open would be closed. From first to last the extraction of gold is a matter of chemistry. The visitor to a mineralogical collection has seen specimens of ore with glittering flakes or crystal grains of the precious metal. A well-known Canadian geologist was once taken to a mine, and on the strength of the sheen of splendid ore on the side walls of the mine passages he gave a certificate of the richness of the workings. The sparkling nuggets had been placed there, and the renown of the professor suffered somewhat. You may traverse the underground ways of Johannesburg for miles without seeing a gleam of what the miners call "visible." It is the assayist who tells us there is gold, and with refined modern methods he can say exactly how much; but, so far, it passes the wit of man to get it all out. When a lump of ore is brought to the surface, if it contains any gold at all it is rarely more than one grain in 20,000, oftener one in 50,000. The first thing to determine is whether there is any likelihood of any of the metal. For this purpose there has lately come into pretty general use the sorting process. What is wanted is the conglomerate, the rock, known as reef, with quartz pebbles and flinty cement. The rest is waste.

I was pleased at the Celdenhuis Deep to see that the Kaffirs were intelligent enough to separate the wheat from the chaff. The rough stone passed before them on a revolving table, and they could at once distinguish by inspection the lumps of quartz or sandstone that were no good; though, as I have said, there is not from one week's end to another a scintillation of gold to guide them. This done, the remaining ore is crushed in steel mortars by metal stamps or pestles weighing over 1,000 pounds each. They pound the stone so exceedingly small that it flows out in a thin stream of muddy water through a screen with meshes numbering 700 to 900 per square inch. Night and day these ponderous stamps are grinding to this minuteness quartz, pebbles, pyritic iron and flinty cement that have for untold ages been buried like misers, embracing their treasure deep in the rocks. All the rest is pure chemistry. The soapy-looking water flows over copper plates faced with quicksilver. Man himself is not more eager than this element to clutch the precious metal, and before the liquid has flowed a foot the mercury has laid hold of all the free gold. The two form an amalgam, and the mercury, being easily retorted off by heat, can be used again and again. But the mercury has taken out only about one-half the gold. The other half is locked in the embrace of pyritic iron and other base materials, and from these it is set free by the use of chlorine gas, which has an affinity for gold, and the cyanide of potassium, which causes the grains of metal floating in the solution to precipitate and attach themselves to zinc shavings. Roughly speaking, the mercury captures 60 per cent. of the gold, chlorine 12, and the cyanide 28 per cent. There is still left in the slimes 10 per cent., more or less, unrecovered.

In the course of the year there must be at least £750,000 worth of bullion thrown away on the Witwatersrand. Treatment of the slimes now in progress is saving a portion of this amount. The Crown Reef got 1,192 ounces out of the refuse last month, but some of it will always be lost. This waste of man is nothing to the waste by nature. The reefs that remain are a mere patch, probably, to those that once existed. They are what is left after ages of denudation. But enough remains. Mr. Rudd recently stated that before the century was out the Rand might be producing bullion for 20,000,000 sovereigns per annum. Near as we are to 1900, the estimate is not extravagant. When the rich deep levels get all to work the effect will be enormous.—London Telegraph.

Fishing Dories.

The American fishing-vessels are schooners. You can tell them by the dories which, when not in use, are "nested"—set one inside the other—on deck. An ordinary ship's boat usually has a ring in the bow and stern, into which the ropes by which it is hoisted aboard are hooked. A dory, however, has a long eye in the painter (the rope at the bow), and in the stern a "becket"—a loop formed by passing a rope through two holes. There are five dories to the average fishing vessel, and two men to a dory, besides the captain and the cook, who remain aboard while the dories are out. The first thing the dories do is to "run their gear"—set their trawls. A trawl is a line, about a mile long, from which 1,000 hooks hang by smaller lines. At each end of the trawl is a keg-float. The kegs of different vessels are identified by distinctive little flags, and marked with the vessel's name. The kegs are anchored, and that part of the line to which hooks are attached rests on the bottom. On a forenoon in fine weather the dories will "under-run" the trawls—will begin taking them up at one end, and as fast as they take a fish off the hook, will rebait and throw the line over, hook by hook. But in the evening they take up the entire trawl, return with it to the vessel, bait up aboard