

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY  
BY  
J. A. DOUGHTY, Publisher.  
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
—DAILY—  
One Year by mail, \$2.00  
Six Months, \$1.25  
Three Months, \$0.75  
—WEEKLY—  
One Year by mail, \$1.00  
Six Months, \$0.60  
Three Months, \$0.35  
All Subscriptions Payable in Advance.

### Times-Mountaineer.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1895

#### CARLISLE ON CURRENCY.

Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle was the principal speaker at the annual banquet of the New York chamber of commerce last week. His subject was "Our Currency System," and in the course of his remarks he pointed out many of the weak points of our bungling system of finance. In explanation of the recent legislation, interest bearing bonds during the incumbency of office for the purpose of maintaining the redemption of United States notes, he said:

"The fundamental vice in our currency system is the legal-tender note redeemable in coin, but convertible into gold and re-issuable under the law. There are other defects, but this threatens the stability of the whole volume of our currency. So long as these notes are outstanding, the slightest diminution of the gold reserve creates a feeling of apprehension and distrust, affects the values of securities, curtails investments and more or less embarrasses the business affairs of the whole people. In attempting to provide a circulating medium consisting of its own notes, redeemable in coin on presentation, and re-issuable after redemption, the government of the United States is engaged in a business for which it is wholly unfitted and which was never for a moment contemplated by its founders. It has a right to borrow money and issue evidence of debt, but it is never contemplated that it should convert itself into a bank of issue, and furnish legal tender paper currency for the use of the people. The treasury department ought to be and is intended to be simply a public agency for the management of fiscal affairs of the government, as a government, not as a bank. No change in the currency system will afford relief unless it provides for the redemption of the legal tenders. The circulation of legal tenders has a tendency to drive out of use and out of the country the very coin which the government is compelled to redeem them. And it has expelled millions of dollars from our borders. Although the government and our own people are compelled to receive them, they will not discharge international obligations and gold must go out to settle all final balances against us. No other government in the world is required to supply gold to its treasury to discharge the private obligations of its citizens."

"While the pecuniary loss to which the people have been subjected by the issue and continued circulation of legal tender paper has been almost incalculable, this has not been the chief injury inflicted on our country. The fact is, that the government can create money by placing its stamp upon paper or other material; that a legislative enactment can make 50 cents equal in value to 100 cents; that artificially inflated prices are a constant temptation to the people to take more than their fair share of the national product; that various other vagaries now floating like bubbles in the political atmosphere, are all attributable to the long continued use of legal tender paper."

In discussing the question of issuing fiat money, Mr. Carlisle made this statement: "The proposition that a promise of the government to pay money is money is just as absurd as the proposition that a promise to deliver a horse is a horse, and yet there are eminent men high in public councils, who believe that the United States' promissory note is actual money, and the statute which compels all people to accept it as actual money is a constitutional enough to be continued in force. The agitation of free coinage of legal tender silver is predicated on the same vicious principle that underlies the legislation making paper promises a legal tender, but there is a great difference between the two systems. The United States was a forced loan from the people to the government, which the government promised to repay in dollars; but the free coinage of legal tender silver at the rate of 16 to 1 would be a forced loan from the people to the owners of the silver mines and silver bullion without a promise of repayment by anybody."

His closing remarks were strong and emphatic, still in such simple language that his position could not be misunderstood. He said: "The campaign against the proposition to debate our standard of value should not be abandoned or suspended. If the friends of a sound and stable measure of value are vigilant and active, this effort cannot possibly succeed, and the question will soon come before the public view. But the United States legal tender notes will remain to complicate the currency system and embarrass the government. Vague and indefinite declarations by the great political organizations of the country not only increase doubt and distress abroad, but encourage harmful agitation at home, and I hold, therefore, that it is the duty of all who may become in any way responsible for the welfare of the country to insist that there shall be no further equivocation or evasion in our treatment of this subject. Let us have no more ambiguous phrases, no more incoherent and irreconcilable clauses in party platforms or in public utterances, but let us make our meaning so clear and our purpose so plain that they can not be misunderstood or successfully misinterpreted."

#### WHAT WILL THE POLICY BE?

The New York World has asked prominent Republicans all over the country for their views as to what the policy of the party would be in the next congress with reference to tariff legislation, and what they favored making the issue in 1896, also for an interpretation of the recent election results. Very nearly all of the leaders questioned regard the result as a demand for higher tariffs, but they are widely divided as to what the people really want. Few of them, however, throw any light upon the mystery of what interested the Republican congress will pursue.

In interpreting the voice of the people

#### HAS BEEN OVERLOOKED.

Republican papers of late have been publishing columns after columns of "proof" that they call it, of the great prosperity the present tariff law in the United States has caused among English manufacturers; how they are thereby enabled to enter our markets and drive our manufacturers to the wall, but they have all overlooked the following dispatch, dated London, Nov. 9: "English manufacturers are stirred up by a paragraph which has recently appeared in several of the most widely circulated workingmen's papers, in which those who wish to get the most for their money are advised to buy goods of American make. Numerous instances are cited in the articles in question calculated to demonstrate the wisdom of this advice."

"At Maple's immense establishment in this city, which has the reputation of being the largest retail general outfitting house in the world, large quantities of American Axminster carpets have been sold during the past few years. They are cheaper than any furnished in the English market, and the designs are decidedly better. Those who have ever been used to the goods of the public of the British government, notably in the bridge between the auxiliary and the army and navy stores. American boots are displayed in the shops of all the leading retailers, and even the English are beginning to admit that in shape, material and excellence of workmanship, they are not only superior to but cheaper than the British article."

"Although American furniture is not as yet well known in the English markets numerous instances are cited in which householders have been sent to the United States for chamber sets, parlors sets and folding beds, the prices being lower than are obtainable in London, even when the cost of transportation is reckoned in. Artistic silverware is another item in the purchase of which buyers are recommended to patronize American manufacturers, the designs being more artistic and the prices more reasonable than those of the domestic makers."

That they should overlook such news as this is perfectly natural, for it refutes their argument that "American manufacturers cannot compete with those of England." It shows that they are doing that very thing right in the Britisher's own home. And this is being done with articles on which the duty was reduced by the Wilson law. Under the McKinley law the duty on Axminster carpets was 60 cents per yard and 40 cent ad valorem, by the 1894 law it was reduced to 40 cent ad valorem. On furniture it was reduced from 35 to 25 per cent, and on boots from 30 to 25 per cent. When American manufacturers can do this in the markets of England and undersell the manufacturers who are said to be the most favored on earth, those whom we are told are the ones to be most feared, it is high time for the advocates of high protection to discover some other plea for taxing the people."

#### EDITORIAL NOTES.

Spain threatens to sell Cuba to England to spite the United States. Judging from the way Spanish troops are getting worsted in Cuba, it is doubtful if the people east here do not intend to give a very clear title to the island.

A good many Republicans and a few Democrats are endeavoring to force Cleveland to become a candidate for president, but Grover remains quiet on the subject. It is as well that he should. As Gov. Campbell recently declared that he would not be a candidate to give a very clear title to the island.

#### INCREASE IN EXPORTS.

The statement just issued from the federal bureau of statistics of the exports of the four great staples for October must be rather discouraging to the calamity howlers who have been so persistently asserting that America's export trade is in a state of decline. The fact is, that at least one third of the value of the exports of the United States is in foreign countries, on which the interest payment alone would require a balance of trade in our favor amounting to over \$200,000,000 annually, when America was prosperous from 1880 to 1892, it was that period was detrimental to American people.

#### HOW HE FELLED A TREE.

Scorned to Labor with His Hands When Brain Work Would Conquer. The man in the country has not the push of the man in the city, and he knows more about necessity as a labor-saving machine than the city man. An ordinary Chicagoan fell into this line of thought the other day, and was returning to the city on a railroad train. An accident detained the train out in the woods. The Chicago man says the chronicler of the day, had him stay and he roamed about in the leaves, and doing so his attention was attracted to a man and a horse. The horse was harnessed to one end of a long rope. The animal was in a state of great excitement, and the man was pulling on the rope. The man walked back to a tree. The other end of the rope was tied around his waist. He climbed the tree until he reached the topmost branch. Then he untied the end of the rope from his waist and made it secure on a limb. Then he descended, took off his coat, and upon his hands, laid hold of an axe and began chopping. After he had made quite a gash he checked to the horse at the far end of the rope. The horse, however, did not succeed, and succeeding every half dozen chops, he started up the horse. At each start of the horse the top of the tree, and as the trunk was well inclined to the horse. By the time the man had cut half into the tree, with the horse still pulling on the rope, the tree broke where the cutting had been made and fell. The man had saved himself the usual labor. The Chicago man grunted. "Well, I'll be darned," he said. "Now, if a city man had undertaken to fell a tree he would have chopped all the way through. The hayseed can give us points on a good many things."

#### Did He Shave or Shake It?

In discussion on the factory bill, one member, according to a report, one of the provincial papers, urged its acceptance on the house, in order to put a stop to the practice of shaving factory boys to death. During the last parliament Mr. Gladstone indulged one evening in some general bantering remarks on the subject of the factory bill. He said: "Such is the modesty of my noble friend that he shaves his head with his hands. The most interesting part of the speech was his allusion to the fact that he shaves his head with his hands. The London Journal says that Lord Hartington did not shave his head, but only shook it. Macmillan's Magazine says: "Near Augusta, Ill., there are two peculiar wells, each of which deserves special mention in a department devoted to the study of things that are ordinary. The first is a 'bottomless well'—one which was sunk down until the immense running underground river was struck. The second is a well in which the water remains frozen winter and summer. These two wonders, each of which may properly be referred to as a 'combined natural and artificial curiosity,' are located at a distance of about a mile and a half apart. The former well is only about ten feet in depth, that of the other not stated."

#### TELEGRAPHIC.

##### HALF NOT YET TOLD.

Many horrors connected with massacres suppressed.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—The following letter has been received in Boston from a reliable person in Constantinople: "The Turks have induced some of the subsidized European papers to speak of those times as mere occasional outbreaks, etc., but the ambassadors have full reports which they ought to publish that refute these, and show conclusively, that within a day or two after he signed the order for reforms the sultan ordered the Armenians to be massacred in order that there should be no question of an Armenian majority in any of the provinces. The people sought all the spoils obtainable, and did not execute the sultan's wish to the fullest. But the loss of life has been already very great."

"Moreover, there seems to be no way of preventing more massacres of the same sort. It is the most awful crime of the century, because it is persistently falsified by its author. Everywhere the story is the same; a deliberate preparation and then a story sent to Europe that the Armenians attacked the innocent Turks and were reduced to order after a few had been killed."

##### IN PALESTINE.

Grave State of Affairs Exists There and in Syria. LONDON, Nov. 28.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Beyrout, dated November 17, confirms the reports of a growing state of affairs existing in Syria and Palestine, and the repeated danger in which the American missionaries have been placed by the riotous demonstrations of the Muslims. The dispatch adds that the troops of Syria and Palestine are being sent to the country between Jaffa and Jerusalem there are 60,000 troops, all raised within 20 days. The Daily News correspondent adds: "Troops arriving here bear the sign of a recent campaign, the men are fatigued, and the Turkish flag, Jerusalem is crowded with soldiers, and troops are being stationed in the tower of David, Pilate's palace, and in the wilderness outside of Damascus' gate. The ostensible purpose of the troops is to subdue the Druses."

##### DEATH BY TERRIFIC NOISE.

Heroic Self-Destruction Chosen by Soldiers of Armenia. Readers of our department's article on battleships in war in China, and his descriptions of the terrors of the boiler room, where men's heads bled from the shock of noise, will like to hear from an Englishman that when a man comes to grief and has to disappear for reasons of any sort he often chooses the living death of a noisy mill. A steamboat, says the New York Press: "I was once taken over the engine rooms of a big boat while we were going through the straits of Gibraltar. The men, having endured an almost tropical sun for some weeks, I felt well disposed to see the furnaces. I tried to get about them, and there is no question of feeling more dead than alive. The chief engineer told me afterward that the men employed to attend to the fires were the very dogs of humanity, and he said that in his 50 years' experience he had found members of learned professions die by side with men who had served time."

##### ARE NOT YET FORTHCOMING.

Prisoners Promised the Powers Have Not Been Issued. CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27, via Sofia, Nov. 28.—In spite of the assurances of the Turkish minister of foreign affairs that the ambassadors of Great Britain, Russia, Austria and Italy yesterday, that firming allowed the passage of the Dardanelles would be immediately issued by the porte, the necessary documents have not been forthcoming. Many conferences between the ambassadors have taken place in the past 24 hours and there have also been consultations between the Turkish ministers and the sultan at the palace. The answer of the powers to the request of the porte that they refrain from pressing their demand for extra guarantees, was that they could see no reason why they should not support the demands of ambassadors for more effective means of protecting foreign residents of Constantinople in an emergency. In view of this unanimous reply it is considered in foreign official circles that the only way to terminate the dispute is to yield, especially as the powers will have extra guarantees conveyed through the Dardanelles by battleships if the sultan persists in his dilatory tactics.

##### HE WAS WILLING.

Time Had Tempered His Grind for His Lamented Partner. There was an old man with a big and bulky scythe at his feet and a weed on his hat leaning against the grindstone of the post office. The other day, says the Detroit Free Press, when a wag who had been hanging around for the right sort of a man to appear approved him and said: "I see that the grim destroyer has invaded your hearthstone?" "The which?" asked the old man. "The grim destroyer—the angel of death. I take it your wife has gone hence." "Yes, she has." "Allow me to extend my heartfelt sympathies." "Yes, you kin extend 'em." "You must be lonely." "Yes, pretty lonely." "I have lost the partner of my own bosom and I know how it feels. You best be all alone in this grim world."

##### OUR NEAR NEIGHBORS.

ONE-HALF of the population of Mexico are full-blooded Indians. In South America a boy who wants to own a pet animal gets a monkey instead of a dog. In Cuba etiquette requires that a request from one smoker to another for a light must always be honored. In the last ten years, 140,000 residents of the province of Quebec have emigrated. Most of them have taken up their residence in the United States. In some parts of Mexico, the party in power maintain their positions by throwing into jail their political opponents on the eve of an election. When the election is decided, the disgraced are released.

##### OUR NEAR NEIGHBORS.

The little town of Newport, Hants county, Nova Scotia, has a population of about 1,400, and there are among them forty persons twenty of whom are women, whose united ages amount to 3,949 years, an average of 94 years each.

#### IMPRESSIVE GLITTER.

The Metallic Splendor of the Diplomatic Corps on New Year's Morning. Washington's most picturesque feature, the diplomatic corps, never gets into action until the reception at the white house on New Year's day, says the Indianapolis Journal, although the individual members of the corps are recognized season after season. At the New Year's reception, however, the diplomats come out strong and the procession of the members of the foreign legations and embassies from the white house to the home or hotel of the secretary of state, where the diplomatic breakfast is served, is one of the gala sights of the year. Many of the population of Washington stay up all night in order to get a place on the white house fence when the battle of the aigrettes, plumes, epaulettes, cords, tassels and ribbons of any one legation would stock a millinery store. Such is the effect of this aggregation of beauty and valor, that the American crowd gathered with-out the gates that every man in utterance at some time while the procession is passing, with their glittering ornament the remark which occurs often in the narrative of the adventures of Chimmie Fadden.

#### OFFICERS OF THE NEXT HOUSE.

A State Has Been Made Up. But the Southern Republicans Will Boast It. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The contest for house offices was practically ended when the Ohio and Indiana delegations held their caucus and decided to support a combine ticket. The next officers of the house will therefore be: Clerk, Alexander McDowell, of Pennsylvania; sergeant-at-arms, Benjamin Russell, of Missouri; doorkeeper, W. J. Glenn, of New York; postmaster, Major McElroy, of Ohio; chaplain, Rev. H. D. Fisher, of Kansas.

Cleaver of the twenty-two representatives of the south, was practically determined in their action respecting the choice for the officers of that body. Some dissatisfaction, has been expressed by them at the slate already made up, which leaves the south without any representation in the elective offices of the house. After considerable discussion it was resolved by the caucus to stand by General Henderson, of Illinois, for clerk, and the surmise is that W. S. Tipton, of Tennessee, will be chosen as sergeant-at-arms. The caucus of the north, however, is in the hands of the Bar tract. The driver was an old servant of the family and was thought to be trustworthy. For this reason the lady did not pass her gawgaw along. She did so un-naturally, and then the man proceeded to blind her, preparatory to killing her. At her request he agreed to kill the infants after he had dispatched their mother. He lifted the ax to strike the blow, but the head flew off and disappeared in the brickwork some yards away. By this time the lady was unconscious.

#### STRANGE STORY OF CRIME.

Trustworthy Servant Turns Murderer—Husband to the Rescue. One of the most remarkable stories of thwarted matrimony in the annals of a lady with her two children, who were both young, was going in her own casket from Hamming to a place in the center of the Bar tract. The driver was an old servant of the family and was thought to be trustworthy. For this reason the lady did not pass her gawgaw along. She did so un-naturally, and then the man proceeded to blind her, preparatory to killing her. At her request he agreed to kill the infants after he had dispatched their mother. He lifted the ax to strike the blow, but the head flew off and disappeared in the brickwork some yards away. By this time the lady was unconscious.

#### THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

August Buchler, Prop. This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

#### Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost. BED ROCK PRICES, as Goods Will Be Sold Regardless of Cost. Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

#### REMOVAL - - NOTICE.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street. NEXT DOOR TO GROCERY Corner of Union and Second Street.

#### MIDWAY SALOON.

88 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS. JUST OPENED. Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

#### CROCKERY - AND - GLASSWARE.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, SINGLE PIECES. Open Stock. A fine lot of Lamps, French China, English Semi-Porcelain and Holiday Goods to arrive soon. J. B. CROSSEN.

#### THE BALDWIN.

Cor. Court and Front Street, ANDREW BALDWIN, Prop. Carries Everything to be found in a First-class Liquor Store. WHISKY FROM \$3 TO \$5 PER GALLON. THE DALLES, Oregon.

#### It Costs Money To Raise a Family.

Therefore the strictest economy should be practiced in buying what you eat. The place to save money in this line is JOHNSTON'S CASH STORE. 113 WASHINGTON STREET.

#### GEORGE RUCH PIONEER GROCER.

(Successor to Chrisman & Corson.) A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES. Again at the old stand I would be pleased to see all my former patrons. Free delivery to any part of the city.

#### THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

August Buchler, Prop. This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

#### Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost. BED ROCK PRICES, as Goods Will Be Sold Regardless of Cost. Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

#### REMOVAL - - NOTICE.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street. NEXT DOOR TO GROCERY Corner of Union and Second Street.

#### MIDWAY SALOON.

88 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS. JUST OPENED. Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

#### CROCKERY - AND - GLASSWARE.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, SINGLE PIECES. Open Stock. A fine lot of Lamps, French China, English Semi-Porcelain and Holiday Goods to arrive soon. J. B. CROSSEN.

#### THE BALDWIN.

Cor. Court and Front Street, ANDREW BALDWIN, Prop. Carries Everything to be found in a First-class Liquor Store. WHISKY FROM \$3 TO \$5 PER GALLON. THE DALLES, Oregon.

#### It Costs Money To Raise a Family.

Therefore the strictest economy should be practiced in buying what you eat. The place to save money in this line is JOHNSTON'S CASH STORE. 113 WASHINGTON STREET.

#### GEORGE RUCH PIONEER GROCER.

(Successor to Chrisman & Corson.) A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES. Again at the old stand I would be pleased to see all my former patrons. Free delivery to any part of the city.

#### THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

August Buchler, Prop. This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

#### Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost. BED ROCK PRICES, as Goods Will Be Sold Regardless of Cost. Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

#### REMOVAL - - NOTICE.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street. NEXT DOOR TO GROCERY Corner of Union and Second Street.

#### MIDWAY SALOON.

88 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS. JUST OPENED. Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

#### CROCKERY - AND - GLASSWARE.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, SINGLE PIECES. Open Stock. A fine lot of Lamps, French China, English Semi-Porcelain and Holiday Goods to arrive soon. J. B. CROSSEN.

#### THE BALDWIN.

Cor. Court and Front Street, ANDREW BALDWIN, Prop. Carries Everything to be found in a First-class Liquor Store. WHISKY FROM \$3 TO \$5 PER GALLON. THE DALLES, Oregon.

#### It Costs Money To Raise a Family.

Therefore the strictest economy should be practiced in buying what you eat. The place to save money in this line is JOHNSTON'S CASH STORE. 113 WASHINGTON STREET.

#### GEORGE RUCH PIONEER GROCER.

(Successor to Chrisman & Corson.) A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES. Again at the old stand I would be pleased to see all my former patrons. Free delivery to any part of the city.

#### THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

August Buchler, Prop. This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

#### Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost. BED ROCK PRICES, as Goods Will Be Sold Regardless of Cost. Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

#### REMOVAL - - NOTICE.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street. NEXT DOOR TO GROCERY Corner of Union and Second Street.

#### MIDWAY SALOON.

88 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS. JUST OPENED. Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

#### CROCKERY - AND - GLASSWARE.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, SINGLE PIECES. Open Stock. A fine lot of Lamps, French China, English Semi-Porcelain and Holiday Goods to arrive soon. J. B. CROSSEN.

#### THE BALDWIN.

Cor. Court and Front Street, ANDREW BALDWIN, Prop. Carries Everything to be found in a First-class Liquor Store. WHISKY FROM \$3 TO \$5 PER GALLON. THE DALLES, Oregon.

#### It Costs Money To Raise a Family.

Therefore the strictest economy should be practiced in buying what you eat. The place to save money in this line is JOHNSTON'S CASH STORE. 113 WASHINGTON STREET.

#### GEORGE RUCH PIONEER GROCER.

(Successor to Chrisman & Corson.) A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES. Again at the old stand I would be pleased to see all my former patrons. Free delivery to any part of the city.

#### THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

August Buchler, Prop. This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

#### Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost. BED ROCK PRICES, as Goods Will Be Sold Regardless of Cost. Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

#### REMOVAL - - NOTICE.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street. NEXT DOOR TO GROCERY Corner of Union and Second Street.

#### MIDWAY SALOON.

88 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS. JUST OPENED. Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

#### CROCKERY - AND - GLASSWARE.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, SINGLE PIECES. Open Stock. A fine lot of Lamps, French China, English Semi-Porcelain and Holiday Goods to arrive soon. J. B. CROSSEN.

#### THE BALDWIN.

Cor. Court and Front Street, ANDREW BALDWIN, Prop. Carries Everything to be found in a First-class Liquor Store. WHISKY FROM \$3 TO \$5 PER GALLON. THE DALLES, Oregon.

#### It Costs Money To Raise a Family.

Therefore the strictest economy should be practiced in buying what you eat. The place to save money in this line is JOHNSTON'S CASH STORE. 113 WASHINGTON STREET.

#### GEORGE RUCH PIONEER GROCER.

(Successor to Chrisman & Corson.) A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES. Again at the old stand I would be pleased to see all my former patrons. Free delivery to any part of the city.

#### THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

August Buchler, Prop. This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

#### Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost. BED ROCK PRICES, as Goods Will Be Sold Regardless of Cost. Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

#### REMOVAL - - NOTICE.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street. NEXT DOOR TO GROCERY Corner of Union and Second Street.

#### MIDWAY SALOON.

88 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS. JUST OPENED. Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

#### CROCKERY - AND - GLASSWARE.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, SINGLE PIECES. Open Stock. A fine lot of Lamps, French China, English Semi-Porcelain and Holiday Goods to arrive soon. J. B. CROSSEN.