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Times-Mountaineer.
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1895

CARLISLE ON CURRENCY.
Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle has been the principal speaker at the annual banquet of the New York chamber of commerce last week. His subject was "Our Currency System," and in the course of his remarks he pointed out many of the weak points of our bungling system of finance.

Most of them think that the people want the present tariff so far altered that it shall produce revenue enough to meet expenditures. That is to say, they accept the Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue. Several contend for a restoration of the wool-wool-removal which has so greatly cheapened the people's clothing and so largely benefited our woolen manufacturers and their workmen.

QUESTIONABLE PROSPERITY.
The period from 1880 to 1892, the time when protective tariffs were the highest, is pointed to as having been the most prosperous period ever known in the United States. In some respects that period was marked with apparent prosperity. Many industries were in a more respectable position in the United States for chamber sets, parlors sets and folding beds, the prices being lower than are obtainable in London, even when the cost of transportation is reckoned in. Artistic silvers are another item in the purchase of which buyers are recommended to patronize American manufacturers, the designs being more artistic and the prices more reasonable than those of the domestic makers.

INCREASE IN EXPORTS.
The statement just issued from the federal bureau of statistics of the exports of the four great staples for October must be rather discouraging to the calamity howlers who have been so persistently asserting that America's export trade is in a state of decline. It is a statement which shows a gain in value of \$2,149,969 in the total for the month, in spite of the low price of cereals and the slowness of the cotton movement.

HAS BEEN OVERLOOKED.

Republican papers of late have been publishing columns after columns of "proof" that they call it, of the great prosperity the present tariff law in the United States has caused among English manufacturers; how they are thereby enabled to enter our markets and drive our manufacturers to the wall, but they have all overlooked the following dispatch, dated London, Nov. 9:

"At Maple's immense establishment in this city, which has the reputation of being the largest retail general outfitter in the world, large quantities of American Axminster carpets have been sold during the past few years. They are cheaper than any furnished in the English market, and the designs are decidedly better.

"Although American furniture is not as yet well known in the English markets numerous instances are cited in which householders have been seen to buy American chamber sets, parlors sets and folding beds, the prices being lower than are obtainable in London, even when the cost of transportation is reckoned in. Artistic silvers are another item in the purchase of which buyers are recommended to patronize American manufacturers, the designs being more artistic and the prices more reasonable than those of the domestic makers.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Spain threatens to sell Cuba to England to spite the United States. Judging from the way Spanish troops are getting worked in Cuba, it is doubtful if the people east here do not regret to give a very close title to the island.

A good many Republicans and a few Democrats are endeavoring to force Cleveland to become a candidate for president, but Grover remains quiet on the subject. It is as well that he should. As Gov. Campbell recently declared, it is not his business to require a denial from Cleveland.

Of late ex-President Harrison has been speaking very earnestly for the foreign mission. It is not improbable that under present existing circumstances he would not object to sending McKinley, Root and Allison to meet foreign country to convert heathens who have cannibalistic propensities.

When the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight was called off at Hot Springs, we supposed that would be the last we would hear from those champion blowhards for a while, but no such good fortune was in store.

The following statement published in the American Wool and Cotton Reporter of Boston on the 27th, and given in the dispatches in yesterday's Oregonian, indicate that American woolen manufacturers are still in the business and are consuming a reasonable amount of raw material.

It is true that the tariff law is of such great benefit to English manufacturers and so detrimental to the manufacturing industries of America, why is it that the factories of this country are nearly all running on full time, and during the past six months have been enabled to make advances of 10 to 25 per cent. in the wages of operatives?

It is a general revival of business from the depression that began in 1880, and the American manufacturers no longer hampered by exorbitant tariffs on raw materials are enabled to keep pace with those of other countries.

TELEGRAPHIC.

HALF NOT YET TOLD.
Many Horrors Connected With Massacres Suppressed.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—The following letter has been received in Boston from a reliable person in Constantinople: "The Turks have induced some of the subsidized European papers to speak of those times as mere minor outbreaks, etc., but the ambassadors have full reports which they ought to publish that refute these, and show conclusively that within a day or two after he signed the order for reforms the sultan ordered the Armenians to be massacred in order that there should be no question of an Armenian majority in any of the provinces. The people sought all the spoils obtainable, and did not execute the sultan's wish to the fullest. But the loss of life has been already very great."

"Moreover, there seems to be no way of preventing more massacres of the same sort. It is the most awful crime of the century, because it is persistently falsified by its author. Everywhere the story is the same; a deliberate preparation and then a story sent to Europe that the Armenians attacked the innocent Turks and were reduced to order after a few had been killed."

"Worse times are in store for us. Europe is divided in council, and the Turks find that nothing is done for this crime, will go on to atrocieties. The highest and most solemn court has declared that the sultan cannot lawfully be restrained in the exercise of his will, since he is the representative of God for the whole earth. From 15 to 20,000 Armenians have been slaughtered during the last month, and in consequence no less than 100,000 persons heretofore dependent on them for their food are now in want.

The coming winter will witness a vast amount of suffering. In the case, not alone at Samsun, but all over the land where the occurrences have taken place."

IN PALESTINE.

Grave State of Affairs Exists There and in Syria.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Beyrou, dated November 17, confirms the reports of a growing state of anarchy existing in Syria and Palestine, and the repeated danger in which the American missionaries have been placed by the riotous demonstrations of the Muslims. The dispatch adds that the Jews with Turkish soldiers, and states that in the country between Jaffa and Jerusalem there are 60,000 troops, all raised within 20 days.

"Troops arriving here bear the sign of a great plague of the prophet, instead of the Turkish flag. Jerusalem is crowded with soldiers, and troops are being stationed in the tower of David, Pilate's palace, and in the wilderness outside of Damascus' gate. The ostensible purpose of the troops is to subdue the Druses."

Death of Kaitong.

LEBANON, Nov. 28.—Coroner Jean held an inquest over the body of John Kaitong the night watchman at the barracks of the Turkish military. After hearing the evidence of 10 witnesses, the jury returned a verdict that he came to his death by violence, inflicted by some unknown person. There is no clue as to who committed the murder.

A Terrible Accident.

LEBANON, Nov. 28.—An explosion of dynamite occurred at the barracks of the Turkish military. After hearing the evidence of 10 witnesses, the jury returned a verdict that he came to his death by violence, inflicted by some unknown person. There is no clue as to who committed the murder.

Many Lives Lost by an Explosion of Dynamite.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Barcelona says: "A terrible accident, resulting in great loss of life, occurred at Palma, the capital of the island of Majorca, 13 miles south of this city, yesterday. Eighty persons, most of whom were men, were killed, and many more were injured." The explosion occurred at the barracks of the Turkish military.

ARE NOT YET FORTHCOMING.

Firmly Promised the Powers Have Not Been Issued.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27, via Sofia, Nov. 28.—In spite of the assurances of the Turkish minister of foreign affairs that the ambassadors of Great Britain, Russia, Austria and Italy, yesterday, that firm resolutions of the passage of the Dardanelles would be immediately issued by the porte, the necessary documents have not been forthcoming.

Many conferences between the ambassadors have taken place in the past 24 hours and there have also been consultations between the Turkish ministers and the sultan at the palace. The answer of the powers to the request of the porte that they refrain from pressing their demand for extra guarantees, was that they could see no reason why they should support the demands of ambassadors for more effective means of protecting foreign residents of Constantinople in an emergency.

It seems highly probable that the ambassadors have already determined not to wait for firm bonds a certain time and therefore it may soon be announced that the gunboats are coming. A portion of the British fleet, which has been at anchor in Salonica bay, is understood to have been ordered to proceed for Smyrna, and should now be quite near the entrance to the Dardanelles. All forts about the straits are fully manned and supplied with ammunition, and in the highest state of efficiency compatible with the circumstances.

UNION PACIFIC AFFAIRS.

General Business Better Than This Time Last Year.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—S. H. H. Clark, president and receiver of the Union Pacific is here for a few days. A meeting of the receivers will probably be held in a few days. Speaking of the general situation, Mr. Clark said: "The present general business of

IMPRESSIVE GLITTER.

The Metallic Splendor of the Diplomatic Corps on New Year's Morning.

Washington's most picturesque feature, the diplomatic corps, never gets into action until the reception at the white house on New Year's day, says the Indianapolis Journal, although the individual members of the corps have recognized season. At the New Year's reception, however, the diplomats come out strong and in the procession of the members of the foreign legations and embassies from the white house to the home or hotel of the secretary of state, where the diplomatic breakfast is served, is one of the gala sights of the year.

OFFICERS OF THE NEXT HOUSE.

A State Has Been Made Up. But the Southern Republicans Will Bolt It.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The contest for house officers was practically ended when the Ohio and Indiana delegations held their caucus and decided to support a combine ticket. The next officers of the house will therefore be:

Clerk, Alexander McDowell, of Pennsylvania; sergeant-at-arms, Benjamin Russell, of Missouri; doorkeeper, W. J. Glenn, of New York; postmaster, Major McElroy, of Ohio; chaplain, Rev. H. D. Fisher, of Kansas.

Cleaver, of the twenty-two representatives of the south, especially Mississippi, met in caucus tonight to determine their action respecting the choice for the officers of that body. Some dissatisfaction, has been expressed by them at the slate already made up, which leaves the south without any representation in the elective offices of the house. After considerable discussion it was resolved by the caucus to stand by General Henderson, of Illinois, for clerk, and the surname is that of W. S. Tipton, of Tennessee, will give an order of ministers to be sent to the southern states.

GEORGE RUCH PIONEER GROCER.

(Successor to Chrisman & Corson.) ALL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Again at the old stand I would be pleased to see all my former patrons. Free delivery to any part of the city.

THE CELEBRATED Columbia Brewery.

AUGUST BUCHLER, Prop.

This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

Closing Out SALE.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, At Less Than Cost.

Call and Get Prices and Be Convinced. No Trouble to Show Goods.

Removal - - Notice.

On and after July 15, 1895, the Book Store M. T. NOLAN, Will be at No. 54 Second Street.

MIDWAY SALOON.

28 Second Street. MIDWINTER & MICHELBRACH PROPRIETORS.

JUST OPENED.

Fine Line of Best Brands of Wines, Liqueurs, and Cigars Always Will be Kept.

OUR NEAR NEIGHBORS.

ONE-HALF of the population of Mexico are full-blooded Indians. In South America a boy who wants to own a pet animal gets a monkey instead of a dog.

It is Cuba etiquette requires that a request from one smoker to another for a light must always be honored. In the last ten years, 140,000 residents of the province of Quebec have emigrated. Most of them have taken up their residence in the United States.

Some parts of Mexico, the party in power maintain their positions by throwing into jail their political opponents on the eve of an election. When the election is decided, the discharged are released.

The little town of Newport, Hants county, Nova Scotia, has a population of about 1,400, and there are among them forty persons of Scotch ancestry, whose united ages amount to 3,499 years, an average of 87 years each.

THE BALDWIN.

Cor. Court and Front Street, ANDREW BALDWIN, Prop. Carries Everything to be found in a First-class Liquor Store. WHISKY FROM \$3 TO \$5 PER GALLON.

From the way our trade is increasing people must be satisfied and recommend us when they buy their Drugs and Medicines at.

DONNELL'S PILL SHOP.

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE. Telephone No. 13.

It Costs Money To Raise a Family.

Therefore the strictest economy should be practiced in buying what you eat.

JOHNSTON'S CASH STORE.

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