## The Times-Mountaineen

## 

BREAKERS ABEAD.

The race war has resulted in a terrible state of affairs in New Orleans, and negroes have been massacred because they have taken the place of or for profi, if he obey the laws and white men on the lever. Perhaps the is not a criminal or dangerous non union men would have been at- agitator. Even a Chinaman or tacked if they had been members of Hungarian should be protected this the predominant race; but color has far, and as a factor in the labor no doubt intensified the bitterness of the fight. Times are hard, and wageearners are driven to straits to keep themselves and families from starvation. These conditions make men to none, should not, by the sots of its desperate, and desperation makes them | citizens, try to revive the practices of commit acts which they themselves an age when the divine rights of kings would severely condemn if well fed | was considered au essential dogma of

of affairs prevails 10 all parts of the sountry, and riots and bloodshed may be expected. The supremacy of law must be maintained, and yet it seems cruel to shoot down a hungry man because he is acting violently in what he deems the only way to procure suste. nance. In Brooklyn, during the trolley car riots, the men were not wholly to blame, and still the peace of the community demanded that their violence should be suppressed, even by the strong arm of the military. New Orleans no doubt the rioters have many grievances; but they should not have resorted to the shotgun means of redress. If order is not restored the military will be ordered out, and, al though peace will follow, it will leave the minds of the citizens in no satisfied or contented condition. In monarchical governments this would make little difference, for they would have nothing to do with national affairs. and the machinery would work along smoothly notwithstanding their antagonism; but in the United States it is far different. Every member of the discontented classes of citizens have the right of suffrage, and, instead of exercising the privilege for the public good it will be used as a means of venting personal spite and spieen. The number of the discontented are constantly depressed, money has been tight and being augumented, and they have become a dangerous element to free institutions. Embittered by their condition they are at war with the better elements of society, and are easily attracted by any wild theery that may be advocated as a means of redress. At

turn to the silver standard, and this is the polls they have become a power, claimed to be all that is necessary to and this may be exerted to practically reestablish prosperity in all branches demonstrate the airy vision of some of trade. When the Republicans wild dreamer. Numerically they are yet in the minority in the entire country; but it is probable that in some

cause them to be shot down like dogs THE POLICY OF SURRENDER. ducers, that free trade was what they or rats, it is allied to barbarism. The The foreign policy of the present adelective franchise should be carefully ministration is aptly stigmatized by guarded, and the privilege only granted Senator Lodge as a policy of surrender. when considered subservient to In every instance of dispute with a

the best interests of the commonforeign nation, there has been a failure wealth; but the right of domicile to maintain the dignity and enforce should be sacred to every person who rights of our country. An ignominimay visit this country for pleasure ous lack of backbone has disgraced our diplomacy; and put us at a standing disadvantage. As often as occassion has been presented to promote our interests abroad, disappoir talent has ensued by reason of incapacity at Washmarket he should not be butchered if ington. The state department has he attempted unfair competition. The counted for less than was ever before freest government under the sun, with known, except as a target for derision, equal rights to all and special privileges and the national honor has been disparaged accordingly. As the Glube-Democrat remarks, there is a good deal of force in Mr. Lodge's suggestion that the explanation of this unpleasant and well clothed. A deplorable state religious creed.

POLITICAL,

spectacle lies largely in the fact that the Democratic policy of tariff reform makes subservience to foreign nations

easy and consistent, if not absolutely Politics, as far as it pertains to the necessary. "The economic doctrines government of national affairs, should which the tariff reformers have been eccive the closest attention of all citurging," he says, "were of course borizens; but, in regard to the narrow, contracted view of the elevation of rowed from England, and all the queer and extraneous fantasies attached to certain men into office, it should be hese doctrines were borrowed with left to those interested, whom, we prethem," thus putting American ideas sume, are competent to manage their and sentiments in the background, own personal affairs. In another year It is certainly taue that the Demothe time will have arrived when it will cratic party has forfeited the robust be incumbent on the people to give their choice for a chief magistrate, and and aggressive Americanism that characterized it in former days. There is in the interval the political caldron nothing Jeffersonian or Jacksonian will seethe and boil. This excitement about its present attitude towards forappears necessary for the average mereign nations. It was once noted for curial American to have something its determined opposition to the idea upon which to expend his surplus vital cumstances demanded, and then no of imitating other countries or of beforce, and presidential elections act as ing dictated to by them, but now it is safety values to allow the surplus entomely willing to order its course acergies to find proper vent, for if they cording to foreign methods and in did not regularly take place every four obedience to foreign intimidation. The years perhaps disastrous consequences American spirit seems to have onzed might result.

out of it, and it looks to Europe for The strain on the machinery of govinspiration and guidance. It is prinernment during the past two years cipally animated by what Mr. Lodge have had the effect of straining to the calls "the melapcholy doctrine that tightest tension every portion ot 15, and there is no higher aim or purpose for it is very fortunate that 1896 will men and nations than to buy and sell, witness an opportunity for the people to trade jack-knives and make everyto make a change. Business has been thing cheap;" and in giving practical effect to this doctrine, it does not hesivalues have depreciated, and comtate to sacrifice patriotism in order to plaints have been loud and general all gain the favor of other countries. over the land. Every one has felt the This is one of the reasons why it has pressure of hard times, and many and made such a mess of the great work various have been the causes assigned of conducting the affairs of the govand the remedies suggested.

ernment during the past two years. Principal among the latter is a re-It is not in sympathy with the best interests and aspirations of the American people, but has become denationalized in its feelings and tendencies. gave up the administration, the public Such a party is manifestly disqualified cumbency. Oregon is surely to be treasury had a surplus and business for sound and efficient service, and its pitied, and God grant that she may was prosperous. This will be ad- present lease of power will be its last legislature of the mental and moral

**TELECRAPHIC NEWS.** wanted for the development of their industry, and it was hinted that free trade would also injure the northern

iron maker-i. e., free trade was a kind of gun that would hit the northern deer and miss the southern calf! It undoubtedly hit the northern deer. But how does the southern calf come ou f In 1892 the southern states made .890.167 gross tons of iron and in 891 the same states made 1,268 425 ons. In 1892 those states turned out 20.6 per cent of the total make of the country and last year they made 19 per cent. When the free trade prestdent goes out of office they will be fortunate if they are making 17 per cent. It is probable that their solid suppor of the British candidate and the British theory of trade development will cost them the labor and profits that would have pertained to the making of at

least four million tons of pig iron. The Sockane Chronicle has the fol lowing sensible article on freight rates and the remarks are as applicable to astern Oregon as to the region menioned: "Business will not stand rates now as high, or nearly as high, as in times of general prosperity. When wheat was sixty cents a bushel in the local market then the rates now charged for hauling grain to tide water might have been reasonable, but when wheat is only twenty and

wenty five cents a bushel this same rate is extortion, It is all proportion to the cost of production, and to continue these high rates is ruinous to both the farmer and to the railroads. The price of farm pro-Northern Idaho has fallen fully a halt within the last few years. Why should not freight rates be reduced in propor tions The railroad companies shoul have been equal to the emergency, and should have acted as the times and cir

legislation would have been necessary upon this subject. No legislation would have been asked for had the he railroads met the people half way. The following forcible language used by the Milton Eagle regarding he rai road commission: "That Oregon's railroad commission was not repealed or in some way revised so that

result therefrom is the greatest outrage of all that was perpetrated by the late legislature. Their deeds of omission and commission were many, but this was the most prominent. Every par y stevedores began an early consultation pledged its repeal or revision in their everal platforms last June, and all Democrate, Republicans and Populists utterly disregarded these solemn worse, if such a thing were possible, they failed to elect new commissioners. thus leaving the old leeches to suck sustenance from a people for the succeeding two years who were nearly on the verge of bankruptcy by reason of

# pledges; and to make matters still ceded generally that the ship agents were the extravagance and misrule of this by the moh. The consul said he though same commission during its former in- the matter would be serious, as from al

#### Catholic church today a party of Poles, prmerly members of the congregation but ousted by Bishop Scannell, entered the church and attempted to take ssession. Father Karminski, who was

aving mass, resisted the attempt to capture the church, and one of the inrading party opened fire. Father rminski drew a revolver and fired into the attacking party. Atter a long fusilade the invaders withdrew, leaving their wounded in the church. Those wounded were F Dargaczewski. shet through both legs; John K zika

shot through the knee, and Juseph Inda one of the priest's supporters stabled and besten over the head. The polic were summoned, and after a hard fight ook po-session of the church.

Fight in a Church.

OMATA, March 12-Duting the early

morning mass at St. Paul's R-man

Several people were arrested, among them Father Karminski, and they are ow 10 juli. The trouble was the outgrowth o

issensions which have torn the church or two years. Bishop Scappell removed he plest in charge in spite of the pro tests of leading men of the congregation and the matter was carried into the he morning just breathing. courts. Three weeks ago the district court decided the bishop should have porsession and the trouble was supposed to be were held for trial.

When the officers arrived on the scene this morn og they found an infuriated mob surrounding the church building and it was necessary to fight their way out of into the building. These they found the priest in full possession, backed by five altar boys and two wounded men lying in the sisles. More trouble is feared and the railroads. The price of farm pro-ducs in Eastern Washington and sent to the neighborhood or the church

### In the Hands of a Nob.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18-New Oreans is today in a condition of excitement that can only be compared to that following-the attack upon the Parish prison on March 16, 1893, when the citiound. zens shot and lynched 11 men charged with implication in the assassination of Chief of Police D C Hennessey.

On all sides the riot was discussed while crowds poured into the newspaper offices to learn the details. About the cotton exchange there was the wild-s excitement. Prominent members were loud in their denunciation of Mayor some benefit to the taxpayers might Fuzpatrick, while many condemned Governor Foster for his failure to put an and to the trouble.

There was talk of asking President Cleveland for troops. All attorneys representing the ships' agents and with reference to the terrible occurrences. On the board of trade the riot was condemoed in no measured terms. Among the general merchants, while the killing Morover, sliss Torredo. of negroes was condemned, it was con-

largely responsible for the trouble by bringing negro screwmen to take the pistes of nome men.

Captain Woods, of the British steame after the rlot found everything quiet in New Orleans, There were no negroes on Engineer, called upon the British consul and reported to him that Parser Bar the levee. had been shot and dangerously wounded The police were on hand on the river accounts the shooting of Bain was delibers'e. Mayor Fitzpatrick, after visitnever be again afflicted with another ing the scene of the not, said he did not think it necessary to call the militia.

Shot Down Like Rats.

The causes which led to the trouble

have been of long standing, and grew out

of the attempt of ship agents and others

inter-sted to reduce tates The white

screwmen claim that the co'ored men, whe

were given a share of the work under an

agreement made, secret y cut and violated

the agreement in order to obtain more

work and gradually crowd the wuite men

Validity of the Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, March 12-Io the su-

preme court today Attorney General

tax The interest of the goverement in

the lit-gation, he said, was limited to the

constitutionel questions alleged to be in-

roved. It the methods provided for

ascertaining the income of citizens were

intringements of personal rights, the con-

equence would not be that the isw is

vo d, but that such inquisitorial methods

could not be used. The tax was not a

direct tax unless the five concurring

judgments of the supreme court were erropeous, nor was any land tax aimed at

R-bellion in Cuba

in the province of Santiago de Cuba.

HAVANA, March 12-In a recent fight

everal members kliled and a number

The principal leaders of the insurgents

Marzanilio district have surrendered.

and growing disseasions are reported

mong the rebels. It is reported from Ho'guin that the

ebel leaders, Varns, father and son, have

urrendered. Troops yesterday killed a bandit be onging to Matagas' band.

PITTSBURG, March 18 -With the cs-

pitu arion of the river operators to the

Bank Officers Arrested.

on state warran's sworn out by six de

They Have Won the Battle.

by the statute.

TELEGRAPHIC.

the River Gier, in sontheartern France,

netween German and French glassmakers

in which a number of the latter were

wonpided. The disputch save the Ger-

O'd Indian Custom.

Italians Are Lynched.

TACOMA, March 18- The body of Jim

mans were the aggressors.

where he killed him.

#### Trade Reviving. Longon, March 12 - In a speech a' the hanquet of the British chamber of commerce today. Sir Albert Rollat said r-de was undoubtedly reviving, and that s pesc-ful adjustment of the trade di-

Boachibs, an Indian doctor, was found to pute- between countries is more needful day six miles east of Auburn with bullet than evet. toles through his beart and shoulder. He had been missing a week. An Indian Sall They Increase

named Jerry was arrested, and confessed WASHINGTON, March 14 -- Following o the deputy sher ff that he killed the frect upon the already accumulated for-Indian doctor because he failed to cure two of his children whom the doctor was eign trouble that this government has contend with is the fact that the British treating. The morderer carried his vic government 1. just now about to state its im's body three miles from the place

case in the matter of the controversy he tween Great Britain and Venezuela over the boundary of Venezuels and Br tish

DENVER, Murch 18-A special from Guisns. The intimations in official cir-Walsenburg, Colo, says: Last Sunday cles are that Great Britsin thinks it has night Abner J Hixson, the keeper of a strong cos-, which it is more than willing to lay before the United States gov. emperance valuon at R ouse, was assaulted by Italians. While one named Antonio eramen'. Its claim is that the V. m zue Jobotto held him, Loreigo Dinino lans have encroached upon Briti-h territory with a view of working the struck him twice on the side and back of he head with a table leg. Then they gold helds within the disputed limits In diplomatic circles here it is of interes carried hum 80 rods north, leaving him that England recognizes the sincerity of aver the door. John Leibel found nim in this government's views regarding the uestion, and has decided to act

It is believed that Ambassador Barard Nine arrests were made. As a result he cannot get satisfactory explanations f the cononer's inquest five prisoners rom the court of St James as to why the reputed territory appears to Grea

Britsin to be 1's right, will be necessi Danino was brought over to the juil at tated under proper dip omstic usage to Walsenhurg about noon Tuesday, and demand his passports. Officials who our others with Deputies Earl Danford have been taking much interest in this and Charles Harriman, and Driver Joseph question of American interests in South Wellsby, started after 6 in the evening merica do not believe that Great Britain will wish to assume a hostile at When on the bridge, less than a mile totade on account of a strin of interior rom Walsenburg, six men on horseback, territory contiguous to a South American nasked or disfigured, rode up and ordered river, and trust in a receipt by Amhassa ne oriver to stop, the deputies to bold dor Bayard of satisfactory (xp anations ap their hands and the prisopers to g-At the state department here, the post ont. The horsemen began shooting tion is maintained that foreign interferrightening the horses, which ran into ence with American affairs and with in wire fence. The driver was killed by an dependent American nationalities

ceidental shot. One of the Italians was hostile to our national policy. This wounded in the breast, and brought to ground was solid y assumed by Ambassaown, and the other three have not been dor Bayard in his correspondence with the British goverment and his position About 8 o'clock this morning the jail meets vigorous and emphatic support in

here was broken open and Danino and Washington. the wounded man were shot in their cells The entire matter up to its present

and killed. The coroner's inquest over status can be summed up in the state-Welleby is now in session. Governor Foster said this afternoon: ment that Venezuels claims a strip o ground in British Guiana over which Eff-ctive steps have been taken and here has been a controversy of long peace will be restored at any cost 1 standing, and the counter declaration of ave issued no orders to the military Great Britain that to it the ground in except that they be held in readiness in dispute is subject. Upon the resting of the claim of the British government upon the arm-rise. The United States governmen: will under no ex silog circumstances basis that will prove antisfactory to e called upon for assistance, as I con Amha-sador Bavard now apprar- to rest ider the state militia able to project the continuance of the friendly relations ives and liberties of our citizens ! netween the United States and Great Afterward the governor was closeted Britain .

with delegations from the various exchanges and commanding officers of th Wild, Taibaiant March. military. The following who participated NEW ORLEANS, March 14-Four year in yesterday's riots were arrested today: Dive Kehoe, Morris Ryan and Salvador

Everything is Quiet.

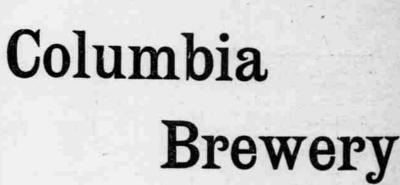
turbed today.

ago today several thousand determined men, under the leadership of prominent citizens, marched to the old Parish prison and shot to death 11 Italians, implicated in the assa sination of Chief of Police NEW OBLEANS, March 19-The day Hennessy.

> Today New Orleans is again passing brough a siege of excitement, the mi itia having been ordered to the levee to protect negro laborers from mob violence

ront in large numbers to provent a repe-At 7 o'clock this morning 50 pegro tition of verterday's bloody affair. There screwmen and longshoremen reported or was a heavy fog hanging over the river work at the Harrison line wharf. The all morning and the police were under levee swarmed with policemen. Not-

the impression that the rioters would withstanding the soldiery had not put in



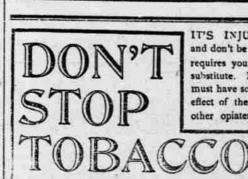
THE CELEBRATED

# AUGUST BUCHLER, Prop.

This Well-known Brewery is now turning out the best Beer and Porter east of the Cascades. The latest appliances for the manufacture of good healthful Beer have been introduced, and only the first-class article will be placed on the market.

East Second Street.

The Dalles. - - Oregon



IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do to, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases, the effect of the stimulent, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO - CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with

BACO .. CURO. Itwil notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded. Price \$1.00 per boy or 3 boxes (30 days treatment or guaranteed cure ) \$2,50, For sale by all druggists or will be sent by mall upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofe free,

Eureka Chemical & M'Pg Co., La Crosse, Wis,

Office of THE PIONEER PRESS COMPANY, C. W. H RNCE. Supt. St. Paul. Mica., Sept. 7 194

Euroks Chemiosi ann M'l'g Os., La Crissie, Wis. Eureks Chemical ann M'fg O., La Crissie, Wis. iear ins-1 have been a toba co field for many years, and during the pist two years have smoked fif feen to twenty cigs a requisity ere y day. My wore nere us system have is affected, undit my physical-told me I must give up the ass of tobuco for the time heing, at least. I tried the -o-call d "Kesley 'une,' "No To- as," and various siter reme for, but without success, until i socie tally learned of you "Paco-Cure." The weeks ago today I commence it all is your propersion, and to bisy I o call at mysel, comp stely cure; I sm is perfect healts, and the hardble craving for tobact, which every investment moder in it appreciat is, has com, kitsy laft me. I consider your "B.co-(uny" simily wonder up, and con fully recommend it. One week ago the set of the set unit.



e majority. Th legislation that such voters will demand cannot be for the welfare of so ciety, and there are politicians who not restore former conditions. The would willingly carry out their desires Democracy may change its platform to for the sake of securing their votes. This is a difficult problem to solve

by a government whose fabric rests on universal soffrage, and yet it must be met fearlessly and calmly. Extreme measures should not be used except the necessity was urgent and imperative; but law and order must be maintained. It is hoped the distressful state of affairs will change soon; but if it does not the future of the country is portentons of the greatest disasters to free government,

## EXTREME NATIONALISM.

The killing of the four Italians in Colorado will undoubtedly be inquired into by the state department at Wash ington, as the minister to the United States has already requested an inves tigation. In New Orleans in 1892 the Mana riots caused considerable Republican party has sverything bediplomatic correspondence, and was only amicably settled after our government paid heavy damages for the outrage. The massacre of the Chinese in Wyoming, a few years, ago was passed over without much difficulty, past. because amicable relations with Ohins were not considered of much importance, and the Obinese empire was hardly considered within the purview of international law that governed other nations. But this antagonism against foreigners has become too frequent in this country, and has not enhanced the opinion of American [civilization among Europeans. The right of asylum has been granted by all nations since the world emerged from mediaeval barbarism, and that it should be violated more frequently by citizens of the western republic than by those of any other civilized country is very discreditable. The butch ery of Armenians by the Turks has aroused the civilized world, and an investigation is now in progress. If the stories of these outrages are authenticated Constantinople will be forced to make reparation, and at great cost to the O.toman empire. But these Armenian brutalities have been the result of religious fanaticism, which has blackened the pages of history in all ages, while the Mafis riots, the butchery of Ohiness in Wyoming and the late massaore of Italians in Colorado, have resulted from national prejudice and labor troubles. for which there is the least excuse, Thousands of Armenians were killed by Turkish soldiers, and in the outrages in this country there were only a few victims; but the spirit that actuated the murders in the United States was equally as bitter and more worthy of vensure. . In the mountains of Armania there was a large Turkish army

were almost daily, then less frequent. After hey knew the back was in a faling connians upon whom Moslemism could vent its hatred; but in this nation said the latter country will make fil ored with contagious or infectioucunning, and are consummate actors, to about four years of this suffering, I was so far they appear as innocent of any taken down with bilious typhoic when I began to recover, I had the worst attack of my old trouble I ever ar perienced. violent tendencies as the bands of cattle us greatly, and my appetite was very poor. So we took three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Wish to surrender. s were only a mob of a hundred or large demands, a d these must hu and horses they herd on the MADRID March 12 - A private dispatch At the first of the fever, my mother gave less and a handful of ignorant foreign- grant d before the Japanese dogs of ranges of their reservation cheerfully aid the authorities in this Saved Us a Severe Sickness d a big doctor's bill. If people would only me Ayer's Pills, my doctor recommending them as being better than anything Ls could prepare. I continued taking these Pills, and so great was the benefit derived rom Havana says the leaders of the war Today the town is full of Indiana whe ers to satiste the thirst for blood. of separation of 1884, who joined the war will be tied in a secure place. patter. And a big d came in with their chiefs and interpreter present rising in Lubs, are conferring remember that 'an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure,' there would be less suffering in the world. My advice to all who do not feel Nationalism, so far as it leads the China is under the heel of Japan, and with Captain General C jells with a to report to their lawyers the results of view of the possible cessation of hostin- a cruncil held Sunday. Three chief A great many of our southern that during nearly thirty years I have had but one attack of my former trouble, which yielded readily to the same remedy." citizens of this country to be distinctly she is powerless to refuse any terms, friends voted for free trade as a meana cruncil held Sanday. Three chiefs view of the possible cessation of hostin-ies and the surrender of the rebel armies. Hood's "Cures American and to prefer this nation to There is not much sympathy extended of developing their iron industry. all others is commendable, and should to the celestial empire, and nearly among others, says the Hillsboro In **AYER'S PILLS** rell is to take E he will ask the interior departmen be the aim of every patriotic citizen; everyone would welcome the news dependen. They were told by Mr. Ed. Laborers Fight. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell Ma LONDON, March 18-A Paris dispatch to pay the expenses of their trip. They have raised several hundred dollars by popular subscription. but when it generates a hatred of for- that P.kin; was in possession of Jap- ward Atkinson, who has been a life-Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, o **Every Dose Effective** eigners, and would, in surrgencies, snese troops. long enemy of American iron pro-

mitted even by the 16 to 1 silver one until it learns that the policy of caliber of this last one. dreamers, and, however much they surrender is the policy of disaster and may advocate unlimited comage it will disbonor.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

suit the silver craze, hoping by that The following from the Eugene State means to attract many voters: but Journal of March 9th, is the first com Republicans should not deviate the plimentary notice we have seen of the least from the principles they have folody of law-makers who were lately lowed while in charge of national afin session in Salem: "This legislature fairs. One may view the situation was composed of men of ability and character, and it did splendid work. from any standpoint, and the only bregon will be fortunate if her next logical solution of the problem is that egislature shall be as economical and the old party is the only one that can eccomplish as much good for the peogive confidence to capital and place ple as the present legislature."

business where it was three years ago. The flag of the United States has If the Democrate desire to unite een insulted by a Spanish gunboat, with the silver men no phjections and an apology should be immediately

should be made by the Republicans demanded. This country is sufficiently For the past thirty years they have trong to maintain its dignity under never advocated a principle of national all circumstances, and European monarchies should pay it the same respect government that would have added to as they do ctoer nations. On this the welfare of the country, and their side of the ocean this republic is attempts at tar ff reform have been supreme, and uld - Gastile will learn very disastrous. Populism and modern this lesson sooner or later. Democracy are well mated; but the

The argument before the auprem court on the income tax cases will hind it to make it safe and sound. Its bring out all the reasons there are theories have been demonstrated by for or against this system of taration. experience, and no emergency can hapas very able counsel have been empen in the future that the R-publican If the treasury were not deployed. party has not met successfully in the pleted an income tax would never have been inaugurated, and it must be con-

sidered as one of the means to supply revenue to eplenish this deficiency A COMPARISON.

The Washington legislature adjourned yesterday, after every im-

caused by Democratic incompetency. Here is a good sentence to rememportant bill was passed upon. How hanguet by General John B Gordon. "Bat the very existence of free govdifferent this is to the late Oregou ernment among us will be hurried to law-makers, who were in se-sion forty inevitable doom whenever the Ameridays, and spent the time in wrangling can people as a people shall have lost over the election of a United States the manhood which impels them to ing communities.

senator and in defeating many measstand for law because it is law, to deares which were necessary for the fend the right because it is right, and stamp out the wrong because it is public weal. Our neighboring state wrong."

has always displayed commendable en-The Forest Grove Times sounds a terprise in every project that new and harmonious chord containing would advance the best intersymphony of truth when it save: ats of the commonwealth; and its Oregon is all right, and the next few egislative body has always exhibited rears will see a growth but little intelligence and the highest consideradreamed of. The wonderful history ton for the interests of the public. of the growth of the middle state On the contrary, Oregon has been rewill be outdone in this land of the set ting sun. The man who quietly get nowned for lack of enterprise and the possession of good real estate will now perpetuation of mosshackism, and its as always come out well off, while the legislature has served only the purpose hard times growter will always find the of furnishing food for ridicule, the last times hard.

one most lamentally so. From this The smallpox scare in this city was it is apparent in this portion of the much worse than the reality. Only northwest there is a vast room for im-Mr. Monaban and his nurse have been provement. With resources anafflicted by the contagion, and there is surpassed on the continent our devel- little danger of it spreading. The opment has been slow, and the legisla- action of residents in the pines burntive bodies that have convened every ing the pest house was very reprehenwo years have never been renowned mere groundless fear that caused the for wisdom or a proper consideration sct, pot one of those removed has devolof the public welfare. In the future oped the least symptom of the disease. there is hope that matters may be dif- But the "scare" has not subsided yey, ferent; but it has continued so long and attempting to prevent the physician yesterday from visiting his pathat we are almost forced to use the tients merits the severest condemnaold Biblical inquiry, Oan a leopard tion. We believe the cirv will act

pen. The municipality should have concealing their plans with disbolica aregenarged with receiving deposits when In the discussion of the terms of on one side, and thousands of Armeample power to enforce all regulations, attanded to my business, and my wile to her household duties daily. But we had dull, heavy headaches, and a little over-exertion would the

NEW ORLEANS, March 12- The thick TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

fog early tais morning was the vell be Is Valued by Fire. hind which desperate white levee

LABAMIE, W10., March 14-One of the aborers gathered, and which they pene most disastrons fires in the history of this trated with Winchester rifles all simed nty broke out at midnight. The im at the colored ponunion workmen on the mense building of the Trading Commer- ships loading at the docks. The attack cal Company, with a large stock of was made at points several miles apart, goods, is completely destroyed. The loss just before the arrival of the police, and probably \$150.000. There is about as a result there are half dozen corpses \$60 000 insurance. J 8 and A M Watkins' store adjoining and a dozen or so wounded men. The police saw the attack, but no ar-

e Trabing building was crushed like an rests were made, they claiming they were egg by failing walls, and the stock is too few to cope with the unexpected out break. The day before the massacre al paried under the ruins. Four men were injured. James was quiet, and the governot saw no Foster is dead and George Cordiner, a grounds for interference; but today the

univer-ity student, who was buried with others under the failing walls, capport business men are denouncing both the executive and the peace officers: the mil itia is in readiness to move: an anneal to "e. Meyer's Dry Goods Company occupied the federal government has virtually been made, and even the foreign consuls one of the destroyed buildings, Its large stock is entirely destroyed. have decided to move for peace at any

To Patrol Behring Ses. WASHINGTON, March 14-The follow og revenue cutters have been designated patrol Behring ses this season: The Cornela, Rush. Bear, Grant, Wolcott and Perry Assistant-Secretary of State today stated that the president had not vet designated any warships to patrol Behring ses. Several warships

will probably be designated to as-ist the revenue cutter fleet later shou'd the number of poschers in the sea become aumerous enough to require their Olney made an argument on behalf of the presence. government for the validity of the income

Bevolution in Name Only. WASHINGTON, March 14-The charge d'affaires attaches no importance to the disp-tches stating that 800 government ber. It is from a recent speech at a troops were killed in a battle near Cabana s few days ago, and which resulted in the defeat of Perusian troops. He says the present revolution in Peru is a revolution only in name. Not more than 2000 are engaged in the so caled revolution. and operations are couldned to the outly-

#### The Spring Campaign.

WASHINGTON, March 14-The cable eport that a Japanese equadron of 16 warships has descended on Formoss is believed at the Japanese legation here to adicate the opening of the spring camonign in the warmer sonthern latitude

## Well and Happy Thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla-Dul

Headaches-That Tired Feeling.

Mr. W. H. Toles San Francisco, Cal

an appearance, the stevedores agreed to again take advantage of this fact to com mit deeds of violence, but this belief did Captain Woods, of the Engineer the not pan out, for the simple reason that steamer attacked by armed mons last not a negro put in an appearance on the Tuesday, would not let the men work until troops arrived at 10 o'clock.

At 11, the Third and Fifth battalions The shin agen's have decided in view The ship agen's have decided in view (25 men), under command of M jo of the present unsettled state of affairs Vio et and Major Bouchareau, marched that it would be a bad policy to attempt to the head of Josephine street, where the work of loading the West India line of to work colored laborers. They realize ships began at noon. There was no demthat the white screwmen have been companies in the city were on the march Fine worked up to a pitch of fury and if an attempt was made to work today more to the river front. Each man carr ed a blood would be spilled. The result was rifle and around his waist was a be

that all ships being loaded by agents When the troops reached the wharves employing colored isborers are undisthey were placed along the leves for a distance of half a dozen squares. Notwithstanding the appearance of the From appearances all trouble on the

militis on the levee dock, draymen were evers is over, and uple-s something unstraid to resume work, and as no cotton usual happens there will be no repetition heing delivered from the presse of yesterday's riot. Governor Faster to lay reiterated his assertions of last even uptown, the stevedores, though ready to oad the British vessel Engineer, could ing that he would mantain peace at all nos do so. bizirds. He, however, advised the agents not to attempt to work colored

aborers today, believing if the negroes The Italian Lynching. kept off the scene for 24 hours the fighting Rome, March 14-It is semi officially pirit of the whites would die out. appounced that a dispatch from Wash-There is a rumor that street-car emington has been received by the governploves will strike today at noon. For me time there has been trouble over ment, saving that on the receipt of the question of hours It is said if the yesterday's first reports of the killing strike he ordered it will greatly intensify of several Italians in Colorado the the feeling among the labor element. Persident Snaw, of the Screwme Italian ambassador addressed the federal government on the matter, and also Association, attended the rallway emelegraphed the Italian consul at D over oloyes' meetlog last night. He made very incendiary sprech, and advised the strike. Governor Foster has requested ambas-ador, said that it was not in another meeting of all exchanges, various possession of the facts in regard to the milisry cammand-rs and other interested murders, but the consul te egraphed to partles today to discuss the situation . the ambassador confirming a report that six Italians had been killed in consequence of the murder of a saloon keeper Li Hung Chang's Mission. A. it was unknown whether the inurdered Italians were naturalized Americans, the WASHINGTON, March 18-Information which reaches here through private, but ambassador charged the consul t quire into the matter of their Give me a call. entirely trustworthy sources, is to the i z-nship. Meanwhile the governor of fiet that Li Hung Chang's prace mis-Colorado telegraphed to the ambassador sion to Japan will probably look to other that he had sent troops to protect the matters than an amicable settlement of Italians pear the scene of trouble. The dispatch received here added that the hostilities between Chins and Japan. The United Eintes authorities displayed a existing commercial treaty between the most conciliatory disposition, and, in pursuance of the ambassador's request, two countries has been set aside by the

war, and it is understood that a new expressed their intention of obtaining an treaty will be framed. In this new 'reaty "fact account of the incident and the causes of it, and to take whatever meas it is asserted Japan will insist that her ures were required. Los Negras Bairie's band of rebeis had consular officers in China shall have

"For Years,"

Says CARRIE E. STOCEWELL, of Chester

field, N. H., "I was afflicted with an

extremely severe pain in the lower part of the chest. The feeling was as if a ton

weight was laid

on a spot the size

ing the attacks, the

perspiration would stand in drops on

my face, and it was

agony for me to make sufficient

effort even to whils

per. They came

suddenly, at any hour of the day or

night, lasting from

of my hand. Dur

jurisdiction over all matters connected Will Form a New Party. rounded. Coafidence is being restored with the subjects of Japan who may be PITTSBURG, March 14-The convention living in China, form a new national party met today Japan, it is asserted, looks with si

> much distavor upon an unchecked immipresided, and in an address he said progration of Chinese to ber shores as do the h bilion was the mate plack upon which United States and the other countries it was intended to organize the party, which have restricted Chinese imm graa"hough free counsge and other political tion. It is believed that the new treats issues would be brought in later. A committee of 100 was appointed to take with Union will contain a provision no the work during the coming tear

which will not permit Chinese subjects to enter the interior of Japan, but will limit their residence wholig to the sea-CUast cities. So far as the treaty of peace is con-

demand for 69 cents per ton, 8000 cerned, it is claimed that Japan will in niners went to work at union wages, but sist upon an indemnity sufficient to cover hese were not sufficient and 2000 miners the expenses of the war. I is estimated from the railway mines have been furnished work, Besides there are 6800 that this sum wi'l reach \$150,000 600 The radical war party in Japan are also men working at union rates in the rail-road mines. Thus 16.000 men out of arging that all that part of the province 22,000 in this listrict are working at the of Manchuria which is now occupied by Japanese troops shall be ceded to Japan 59 cent rate, and the miners claim their and that the latter government shall be placed in control of Port Arthur and Wei Hai-Wei. It is also reported that Jopan will, above everything else, claim the taland of Formosa, where the rich BROOKFIELD Men. Maroh 12-Office a of the Bank of Brootfield, which closed sugar plantations o. the orient are located. early in January, were arrested last night

No Trouble is Feared.

positors. They gave bends immediate's the efficers are: John F rd, cashier: J R change his spots or an Ethiopian his promptly in this matter, and no such to lock the door after the horse is stolen, or in other words, to wait until they are sick in bed thirty minutes to PENDLETOS, Or., March 18-If the Huffsker, president ; J W Huffsker, dire tor; L W Huffsker, book keeper They half a day, leaving as suddenly; but, for e das? disgraceful occurrences will again hap-Indians intend any disturbance, they are fore they do anything for the poor body either my wife nor myself were real sick; several days after. I was quite pros-trated and sore. Sometimes the attacks

attle is won.





ner's Butter with us? We carry a complete line of Groceries and fill all orders promptly.

We have just received a full stock of Garden and with 81 delegates present. H E Cole Grass Seeds.

-----

MAIER & BENTON. The One Price Cash House, DIRECTLY NORTH OF METHODIST CHURCH. P. McINERNY,

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoss, &c.

-DEALER IN-

Agent for the Butterick Patternas also for the Hall Basaar Dress Forms



When You Have School Books to Purchase REMEMBER M. T. NOLAN. Who always sells as low as the lowest in the city. On account of a circular quite generally discributed through this section by the agent of the American Book Company, the price list of school books published in September, 1891, in hereby withdrawn; all the prices in that list being lower than these agent claims are the proper retail prices. For new prices inquire at his store 149 Second Street, THE DALLES, OREGON

