The Times-Mountaineer

SATURDAY.....JULY 8, 1893

THE SPECIAL SESSION.

President Cleveland has called both houses of congress to convene in Washington City, on the 7th day of August, and in his preamble states the cause to be the distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation which pervades all business circles. It could not be expected that he would so fully outline the condition of affairs as to make the Democratic party in the least responsible, and he throws the blame, by inneudo at least, on the "Sherman act and other 'unwise laws' which must be executed until repealed by congress." If the present distress has been caused wholly by these measures it is strange that the country has enjoyed unexampled prosperity under their operation until within the last few months, and that financial depression was not suffered as soon as their baneful influences were felt. Protection has been the policy of the country for more than thirty years, and wool and iron industries and manufacturers of fabrics would have suffered from it long ago; and even it the Sherman act had been the only cause of the drain of gold from the treasury, this would have begun soon after its passage.

The truth of the matter is that the actuating cause lays elsewhere,and can be traced directly to the Democratic Chicago platform, which was endorsed by an overwhelming majority of the people last fall. This meant a change in the administration of affairs, and capital became distrustful and financial depression followed. The Sherman law might have continued in operation for some time without serious results if there were back of it a Republican administration and Republican congress; but with a party pledged to free trade in charge of the government it could not continue six months and the country be prosperous.

The duty of the special session is plain, and it is expected the executive will impress this forcibly upon the minds of the members. First and foremost, to restore confidence to business, the tariff must not be meddled with. It is the bulwark of the country's prosperity, and any interference with it will make matters worse, if possible, than they now are. The gold basis should be adopted and the purchase of silver stopped. With the downward tendency of silver it would be folly to think of free-coinage or bimetallism, and would increase the dangers which now threatens financial centers. The Chicago platform must be ignored, and the country must be made to understand that the Democratic party is opposed to the principles laid down in that series of resolutions. There is no time for hesitancy in this matter, and if congress adjourns without some positive action it will have been called in vain. Mr. Cleveland has never been a strong Democrat on finances and the tariff, and in his letter of acceptance did not fully endorse the doctrines of the national convention. He has a grand opportunity to exert his great personality, and to save the country from the vortex of ruin with which it is threatened. His will-power has been sufficient in other emergencies, and the country will anxiously wait and see if he can forget his political antecedents and be successful against Democratic free trade and free silver.

BLOUNT'S EXCUSE.

An eastern exchange in speaking of Mr. Blount's refusal to celebrate the 4th of July in Hawaii, makes the following pointed remarks:

"Some excuse was felt to be necessary for Mr. Blount for his apparently unpatriotic action, and he gave one, in substance, as follows: 'That the position of a representative of the president is so peculiar as to render it unbecoming for him to take part in any public demonstration.' The excuse is ridiculous. The United States is incomparably greater than the president thereof, and the ambassadors who represent the United States—not the president—to the great nations of France, Russia, Germany and Great Britain never fail to take part in 'a public demonstration, on 'The Fourth.' That glorious day is celebrated by Americans throughout the world, and wherever there is a diplomatic representative of the United States he leads his countrymen in doing honor to the instrument that declared its independence.

"Mr. Blount, however, does not represent the United States; he represents the president only, and it may be that he believed that he would best please his master by refraining from patriotic demonstration. Mr. Cleveland is not an enthusiastic observer of days made holy by patriotic tradition. When asked to join in celebration of Decoration day he declined and went fishing instead. But he had sense enough to abstain from excusing himself on the plea that a national officer should not join in national observance of a national holiday. He just said that he had no time for fishing and for parading, and that he preferred fishing to parading with the veterans of the union. It would have been better had Mr. Blount excused himself in like manner."

The *Oregonian* is doing a good work for the nation in the sound stand it has taken on the financial question, and the editorials in favor of a gold standard are in harmony with the policy of commercial nations. In this crisis which is now unsettling all values, the duty of every American citizen is plain, and we are glad to see the great daily of Portland standing firm in the advocacy of the only safe plan that can be adopted. Its articles are exhaustive on the subject, and its arguments unanswerable. The Republican party, during the thirty years that it controlled national affairs, was as firm in the maintenance of the national credit abroad as of national unity at home, and it must not stultify itself now by following the untried plans of theorists on a question which has engaged the attention of the greatest statesmen of all ages, and on which experience has marked out only one safe course. Oregon, in the special session, should be a unit in favor of sound finances, and other papers should fall in line with the *Oregonian* in supporting our senators and representatives in pursuing a course in harmony with the best interests of the nation.

The news has flashed across the wires that Greece has declared herself a republic, and that King George has abdicated the throne. In 1827 the little country gained her freedom from Turkish rule, and since that time has existed as a limited monarchy. The present reigning king has been an enlightened ruler, and has greatly advanced the interests of the country; but with the progress of education among the masses the dream of freedom has been indulged in until it became a reality on July 4, 1893. With such a patriotic and intelligent ancestry no people should be better fitted for free institutions, but it is doubtful if the Greeks of to-day are as competent for self-government as their forefathers were when they composed the philosophers and poets of the world.

You can give wool away under this administration but you can't sell it.—*Salem Journal.* All this comes as the natural consequence of the due enforcement of the McKinley law as passed and approved by the Republican party.—*Albany Democrat.* But it is strange that the enforcement of the McKinley bill and the high protective tariff for many years did not have their effects on the wool market before the inauguration of the Cleveland administration. If the country could be assured that the tariff would still continue in operation the warehouses in Eastern Oregon would not be full of this year's clip, with no prices being offered. The nation needs more Republican McKinleyism and less free trade and free silver Democracy.

Hon Binger Hermann,in his fourth-of-July address at Roseburg, should have left finances alone, if he could not talk about them intelligently. It was not necessary, on the anniversary of national independence, for him to have spoken on political issues, without he desired to play the part of the demagogue and pave his way to future favors. In this he may have succeeded with a certain class, but not with the intelligent citizens of the state. He displays about equal knowledge of the financial situation that a school-boy does, and it is very much to be regretted that such a surface-skimmer will be called upon to help solve the great problem of finance at the special session of congress to be convened next month.

Death and destruction have followed the path of the cyclone in Iowa, and homes have been wrecked and families made desolate during the week. This seems to be an annual occurrence in the states west of the Mississippi, and appears to be almost as certain as that summer will follow spring. The condition of the atmosphere, with counter currents of winds, are the physical causes, and cyclones will rage while summers remain the same as they have. On the Pacific slope, with mountain ranges running from one extremity to the other, different attitudes and a regular supply of moisture, such phenomena do not exist. Our "lines have fallen to us in pleasant places" and we have a "goodly heritage."

The friends of home-rule in the British parliament are alive to the importance of passing the bill as quickly as possible, and Mr. Gladstone and his compatriots are using great energy to push it to the final vote. But the opposition is equally active, and the hardest fought battle for human rights in modern times is likely to take place on the floors of the house of commons. Americans are in sympathy with any movement for the amelioration of the condition of mankind, and the Irish people have so identified themselves with this country that in their struggle for independence they will receive the unqualified support of all true patriots on this side of the Atlantic.

President Cleveland has on different occasions expressed his views on financial matters, and he is widely known to be a strong believer in a single standard; but the strongest advocates of unlimited coinage are editors of Democratic papers, and even now, when the country is on the verge of financial ruin by reason of this craze after silver, the press of that party are clamoring for bi-metallism. This lack of harmony between the executive and his partisans is very marked, and will not conduce to harmony in the approaching special session of congress. If the Sherman act is repealed next month it will be done by Republican votes, and the country may again be saved by the old party of progress and protection.

England enjoyed a holiday yesterday on the occasion of the marriage of the Princess May, of Teck, to the Duke of York, the oldest son of the Prince of Wales. The wedding was a brilliant one, and London and all the chief cities wore gay colors. Notwithstanding the fact that there is a growing democratic element in Great Britain, there is still an attachment to royalty, and on all occasions when a queen, king or prince is the principal actor, there will be more or less public demonstrations,even among classes who claim no sympathy with the crown or nobility.

DEMOCRATIC STATEMANSHIP.

The *Mercury*, of Portland, is in favor of the "repeal of all specific contract laws, and a law of congress making all money issued by the government a legal tender for any and all debts and liabilities" regardless of everything to the contrary. This, our cotemporary imagines would "restore confidence in financial circles, and would stop all speculations by bankers, brokers and money shylocks, and enliven trade and make better times than any other thing that could be done, and until that is done there will be more or less uncertainty in business matters and investments of all kinds." But the Albany *Democrat* does not consider this feasible and says: "That would be difficult on account of the fact that congress, led by such men as John Sherman years ago refunded the debt of the government, then payable in 'lawful money' and made it payable in gold." It will be a great loss to the country for many generations that these great financial minds were not in the ascendancy in congress during the "late unpleasantness," instead of such fanatics on financial honesty as John Sherman and his Republican allies. They would have saved to the public treasury millions of dollars by paying the national debt in greenbacks, worth at one time only forty cents on the dollar. Of course the national honor was pledged to the redemption of these "promises to-pay" in standard money of the world; but this would have made no difference, for the country would have reaped the benefit of the difference between the forty-cent greenback and the standard dollar of commerce. One of the most plausible reasons for the depression in the monetary market to-day and the low prices being offered for products is that the government has paid its debts in honest money, and this would have been avoided if the Democratic party had been placed in power in 1868. The victory of November 8, 1892, came twenty five years too late for the people to fully appreciate the advantages of Democratic financial schemes; but there may be some of the benefits experienced in the next three years, and a slight foretaste has been had during the past few months.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

By the way, where is Wayne McVeigh? Is there no place for him under the present regime, after all his hard work last summer?

Eastern Oregon has reaped little revenue this season from her wool, and the run of salmon has been very light. With good grain crops and fair prices there may be relief to this portion of the state in the next few weeks.

The 4th of July was properly celebrated yesterday by becoming exercises, and the people have the same abiding faith in republican institutions as ever. It is a good indication of the permanency of free institutions when American citizensvie with each other in doing honor to Revolutionary heroes on the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence.

The people of Eastern Oregon have waited patiently since the adjournment of the legislature to hear something from the board in reference to the location of the branch insane asylum; but nothing is definitely known yet. Examinations have been made of different localities; but no report has been made. What is the matter, and when will this silence be broken?

Col. Robert A. Miller, he who aspired to be minister to Turkey, has received the appointment of register of the land office at Oregon City, and, if not satisged, must rest contented. But how about Flagg, of the Salem *Democrat*, and others who were applicants for this position? They must chew the bitter cud of disappointment, and be loyal to the president and the "time-honored principles."

The German reichstagg has convened, and the emperor has read his address to them. There is no mistaking the language used, and if the army bill is not passed a dissolution will be the inevitable result. It may be necessary for the perpetuity of the empire that the efficiency of the army should be increased; but republicanism becomes weaker and weaker as the military strength increases. The consolidated government may not be able to exist except supported by bayonets; but individual liberty can never live under such circumstances.

Justus H. Schwab, one of the most blatant anarchists of New York, said when he had read Governor Altgeld's pardon message: "Anarchy is only in its infancy, but Governor Altgeld has helped it on to maturity." Not much. Altgeld has already been repudiated by the people he was supposed to represent and by the party that elected him. He has simply shown that he could not be trusted. The people rule, and they will dispose of Altgeld and anarchy both in short order. The governor has a three years' lease upon his office, but he has already lost the influence that attaches to the place.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

A Revolution in Greece.

PARIS, July 4—The startling news has been received here that a revolution has occurred in Greece, that King George has abdicated, and that the people of Athens, backed by the soldiery, have proclaimed Greece a republic. The event was so sudden and unexpected that the particulars of it are as yet but rumors. No official verification of it can be obtained at this hour, but considering the dissatisfaction prevalent for some time, and the impulsive character of the people, it is not regarded as improbable. A cablegram similar to the above was received in this city by a prominent Greek. Several Greeks were seen in regard to it, but they had no information to give. While surprised, they thought it not improbable. Their countrymen, they say, have long been hoping and planning to make their country an independent republic.

A Terrible Disaster.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 4—A terrible disaster, resulting in a large loss of life, occurred today on the steamer *Alfons*, a boat employed in the river trade on the Volga. The steamer, with quite a number of passengers on board, was approaching Romanov, when the boilers exploded, killing 26 passengers. Among the dead is General Petrushewski. The explosion tore the upper part of the steamer to pieces, and burning coals blown from the furnaces set fire to the wreck. The boat burned to the water's edge and then sank.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Over a Precipice.

OREGON, CITY, Or., July 4—An otherwise pleasant and uneventful Fourth culminated in a serious and fatal accident at the Clackamas river, two miles north of this city, at 8:45 o'clock tonight, when M. P. Bradley's team became frightened and ran away, throwing the wagon containing himself, wife and four children over a rocky precipice 40 feet high. As the wagon was going over Mr Bradley jumped and caught upon the verge of the precipice, but the rest fell to the bottom and were all more or less seriously injured. Mrs. Bradley struck upon the rocks at the bottom, tearing the scalp loose from the top of her head. Her body rolled into the water and was found, after an hour's search, 300 yards down the stream. The baby, 18 months old, was brought up unconscious and is seriously hurt. The oldest, a boy 10 years of age, sustained a concussion of the brain and is in a critical condition. The other two children escaped with serious but not fatal bruises, while Mr. Bradley himself has no serious injuries.

The injured children were immediately carried to the nearest house—that of Rev Gilman Parker—where Dr. Locke, who assisted in rescuing them, did all that medical science could do for their relief, and in this critical emergency it was fortunate that he was near at hand to render immediate assistance. He remained until Dr. Carll, of this city, could be summoned, who took immediate charge of the patients and is now carefully attending their wants. Harry Dyer, superintendent of the East Side Railway Company, was present and immediately placed a car at the disposal of those who had found the body, and the remains were brought to this city, where an inquest will be held in the morning. From the nature of the injuries sustained by Mrs. Bradley they must have proved fatal even if she had not fallen into the river, and it is probable that she was killed before striking the water. The afflicted family have lived in this community only since last winter, having moved here from some place in Washington.

Explosion in a Colliery.

LONDON, July 4—Great excitement was caused in Thornhill, Yorkshire, by an explosion today in Ingram's colliery. One hundred and thirty miners are entombed, and it is feared the loss of life will be heavy. The rescuing parties are hard at work, and four bodies have been recovered and brought to the surface. The day shift went to work as usual this morning. All went well until noon, when the workers at the mouth of the pit were startled by a muffled explosion and clouds of dense smoke rolling up the main shaft. The pit managers organized a party and descended slowly through the smoke. They were driven back repeatedly, and eventually gave up the purpose of penetrating to the workings before the foul gas should be cleared away. After taking up the bodies found at the bottom of the shaft the rescue party waited for several hours before making another descent. About the middle of the evening they went down again. The gas had cleared of near the shaft, and they were able to examine some of the workings. The bodies of the miners lay in heaps. Many were sent to the surface. Unremitting efforts are being made to reach the few miners who may still be alive. About 110 are supposed to be killed. Between 11 and 12 o'clock so much gas had accumulated in the mine that it was necessary to stop the work of rescue. Men and boys are missing to the number of 145. The dead body of the under manager, badly burned, was found in the mine near the shaft.

Why He Was Called.

WASHINGTON, July 3—The true reason why Crisp was called to consult with Carlisle was because the Cleveland administration wanted a pledge from him that Bland should not be made chairman of the coinage committee. Crisp made no pledges, but suggested that Bland be sent for, and that he might be induced to make satisfactory promises to the administration. Bland wants several appointments that have not yet been made, and Crisp suggested that Cleveland might do more with him than he could promise. Crisp, although concededly the next speaker, does not feel that he is in any position to be promising chairmanships so long in advance of the assembly of congress.

THE INTERVIEW WITH CARLISLE.

WASHINGTON, July 3—Ex Speaker Crisp arrived this morning and had an interview of 20 minutes with Secretary Carlisle. Representative Bynum, after a talk with Crisp, said he was satisfied the house would consent to an unconditional repeal of the Sherman law.

The Death of Captain Flavel.

ASTORIA, Or., July 4—Captain George Flavel passed quietly away last night about 10:30 o'clock. The end was not unexpected, as the deceased himself realized a few days after his return to this city from California that his time on earth was short. He had been confined to his bed for over a week past and his condition had daily grown worse until yesterday, when a rumor gained currency that the end had come. For about a week he had been in a stupor, and his mind had been wandering. He had a few lucid intervals, during which he spoke a little.

A Desperate Negro Riot.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 5—A riot occurred at the railroad station near Kirkwood last night, which culminated in the probable fatal shooting of William Benson and the injury of several others. Thousands of people were returning from the races of the Mahoning Valley Training Association. A fight arose between George Anderson, colored, and several others, during which razors glistened and brickbats flew. One negro drew a revolver. State Detective McVey attempted to quell the riot. He was assisted by Sergeants Shields and Bailey, of the police force. The policemen were assaulted by the negroes, who drew revolvers and razors and hurled bricks at them. McVey was wounded by a brick and is in a precarious condition. Two policemen were injured. William Benson, of Kent county, Md., a bystander, was hit by a flying bullet, and will die. Thomas Wray had his skull fractured by a brick. Several others were fearfully slashed with razors. Four negroes were arrested and locked up on the charge of attempting murder.

A Drowned Body Recovered.

CHEHALIS, July 5—The body of Minor Martin, the logger, who was drowned in the Chehalis, near Dryad, nearly two months ago, was found last night about three miles below the place where he met death. The remains were very much decomposed, but their identity was established by means of a watch and a number of private papers Martin was known to have had with him. The funeral took place today, being in charge of Ridgely lodge, I. O O F., of which Mr. Martin was a member in good standing.

The Roughs of Paris.

PARIS, July 5—It now appears most of the rioting yesterday was not by students, but by the riff raff, who took advantage of the occasion to raise a disturbance. This class resumed their rioting, and had numerous conflicts with the police and soldiers. Numbers on both sides were injured. The affair has assumed such a serious aspect that the authorities are determined to restore order at any cost. Almost the whole city is occupied by troops who have orders to repress the disorder with a strong hand. The body of Nuger, the young man killed in yesterday's riots, was conveyed by unfrequented streets to the Lyons railway station this morning, and sent home to his parents at Lyons, to avoid another uprising.

The mob has been cowed by the determined front presented by the government in calling out the military, and all is quiet up to 5 this evening. It is feared, however, the trouble will be renewed after nightfall. The government will order the troops to fire volleys into the crowds if necessary. The trouble originally arose from the fining of the manager of the students' ball for allowing girls to appear in a state little removed from nudity. The students, however, are disgusted with the roughs for carrying things so far, and have withdrawn from the streets and only the scum of Paris is now concerned. They assure the government they are no longer in any sympathy with the trouble, and have posted placards to that effect. It is believed the Boulangists are fostering the troubles for political ends.

A Serious Stabbing Affray.

SNOHOMISH, Wash., July 5—About midnight last night a probably fatal stabbing affray occurred at Haller City, a few miles north of here, on the Lake Shore railway. A half-breed Indian named Ed Giddings stabbed a bartender named Joe Cicero in the neck, almost entirely severing the windpipe and jugular vein. Statements as to the cause are conflicting at this time. One story is that both Giddings and Cicero were attending a dance, and that between the dances they retired and drank freely until they became thoroughly drunk, when it is said they quarreled over some trivial matter, ending with the above result. Another statement advanced is that the trouble between these two parties arose early in the day, at which time it is said Giddings borrowed a dirk-knife from a friend, concealing it upon his person and using it at the first opportunity. Giddings was brought to this city this morning and lodged in jail. Cicero is unable to be moved and at a late hour was considered past recovery.

A Horse Thief Captured.

CORVALLIS, July 5—Sheriff Osburn returned from Empire City this morning, having in charge Frank J Peck, alias Frank Baxter, arrested for horse-stealing on a bench warrant issued three years ago. In 1890 Baxter was representing the Singer Manufacturing Company in this state, and while in Corvallis procured a team of Thomas Elgin to drive to Eugene. As he failed to return, the sheriff started after him, pursuing him to the southern part of the state, and came so near overtaking him that Baxter left the buggy in the road and escaped with the team into the brush. He was afterward captured by the sheriff of Lane county and sent to the penitentiary for a year. He had also served a year from this county for forgery. When arrested last he had been serving a 60-day sentence in the Coos county jail for petit larceny. He admits his guilt and said to Sheriff Osburn that he had been expecting a call from him for some time.

Railroad Bridge Burned.

HUNTINGTON, Or., July 5—The people of Huntington were alarmed yesterday morning, about 4 o'clock by distress signals sounded by a locomotive east of the town. Assistance was quickly organized and dispatched in the direction the signals were heard. About two miles east of the town the westbound passenger was found standing on the east side of a bridge, of which about 90 feet of the west approach had been burned. Fortunately the train had not recovered its speed after crossing Snake-river bridge, which fact enabled the engine crew to smell the smoke and notice the unusual light ahead and around a point of rocks, and to promptly stop the engine. Passenger travel has not been seriously delayed, owing to the facilities for transferring. It is expected the bridge will be ready for trains by tomorrow morning.

Serious Runaway Accident.

BROWNSVILLE, Or., July 5—As Mrs. J. J. White and her mother, Mrs. Lochwood, were driving down the hill close by the flouring mills in this city today, the horse shied and ran over the sidewalk, throwing the two ladies violently to the walk on to the hillside below, hurting Mrs. White very severely. Mrs. Lochwood was not hurt much, but it is feared Mrs White is very severely injured internally.

Killed by Lightning's Blast.

GAGETOWN, Mich., July 5—A farm house four miles northeast of this place was struck by lightning, and burned early this morning. A man named Babcock, his wife and child, a man named Frost, of Fostoria, and a child of Roberts, were burned to death; Roberts' daughter was fatally hurt. Five others in the house escaped.

Killed by a Stray Bullet.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5—A stray bullet, fired from the revolver of an unknown patriot early this morning, crashed through the window of a building in which Rose Rogers, 4 years old, was sleeping. The ball lodged in the head of the child, inflicting a fatal wound.

Arrested for Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5—Thomas W. Morris has been arrested, charged with stabbing David McCarty and Otto Pope, tin roofers, night before last. The wounded men are gradually growing weaker from the effects of their wounds and it is believed they will not recover.

A City Marshal Killed.

TARPON SPRINGS, Fal., July 5—While trying to make an arrest last night, City Marshal Whitehurst was shot and killed by Bird Stevenson at Sapling Woods. Whitehurst returned the fire, fatally wounding Stevenson.

Suicide of a Nobleman.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., July 5—Victor Longfeldt, a German of noble birth, committed suicide with morphine last night. The cause was despondency, the result of ill health and financial difficulties.

Three Killed at a Picnic.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 5—John Marsh, James Francis and Dempoll Smith were killed in a fight at a picnic yesterday. It is thought that Joel Mitchell fired the fatal shots. No arrests.

Three Killed by a Runaway.

FAIRMONT, Va., July 5—Will Sturm, a well-known oil operator, was fatally injured and his wife and baby killed by being thrown from a carriage by a runaway horse.

Caused By Fireworks.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5—About 1:30 o'clock this morning, fire, supposed to have been caused by fireworks, destroyed two cottages owned by C. Carlson. Loss, $8000.

New York Chamber of Commerce.

NEW YORK, July 6—The chamber of commerce this afternoon passed resolutions calling for the immediate repeal of the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act and for the appointment of a committee by congress at the coming session to make an exhaustive study of our currency and that of foreign countries and report at the regular session of congress this winter.

One Dead, The Other Dying.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6—David McCarthy, the young tinsmith who was stabbed Monday night by Thomas Morris, died this morning. Pope and Carter who were stabbed the same night, it is supposed also by Morris, are in a critical condition, and are expected to die at any time.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Deadly Cyclone in Iowa.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., July 6—Soon after 11 o'clock tonight news reached here of a terrific cyclone which swept across the country to the southwest. The wires are working badly and it is hard to obtain a definite account of the damage to property and the loss of life. At Storm Lake four churches and a number of residences were literally reduced to splinters. The storm center appeared to be four miles west of town, where, for many miles, nothing was left standing and several lives were lost. Jacob Beecher and his five year-old daughted were instantly killed and his wife and four children dangerously hurt. Charles Lotman is also reported dead. Thomas Wall and his child had their legs broken, and his wife's spine is hurt. She will die. The others dead are: Joseph Slate, Thomas Johnson, Henry Straub, W. R Clemmens. The last named's wife is severely injured.

FIVE FAMILIES BLOWN AWAY.

A telegram from Fonda states that five entire families were blown away, but no list of the fatalities can be had. D T Miller is known to have been killed. Mrs. Gordon was killed instantly by the wreck of her house, and nothing can be found of the family of seven. No trace can be found of Ed Sargent and his family of five. They are supposed to be dead. Sam Hersham, his wife and two children are missing. All were blown away, and are thought to be dead. A train arriving from the east on the Illinois Central came into the city with all the glass in the cars broken. The trainmen say they ran through a severe hailstorm, but encountered no wind.

Smelters Ready to Buy Silver.

DENVER, July 6—"The smelters will resume the purchase of silver ore in a few days. I think that the outlook is considerably better than it was a week ago," said D. Moffitt, president of the West National bank, one of the heaviest holders of silver mining properties in the state. "A very noticeable reaction seems to have taken place in the last few days, as indicated by the strong advance in silver bullion. I expect to see it go to 80 cents inside of 30 days. I notice that France is beginning to protest against the action against silver, and that will help us. Silver exports from New York show that there is a market somewhere. We feel decidedly better, and shall shortly resume work at our mines. There will be very little profit in silver at 80 cents for us, but it will pay expenses."

"The feeling is much better than it was a few days ago," said W. H. Jakes, of the Omaha and E. Grant smelter. "We cannot count with any certainty upon the real shape of the market until we hear from the government regarding the July purchase of silver. That will give us a basis for calculation. Miners of the state are inclined to accept the situation cheerfully. The feeling of despondency has given place to one of confidence that affairs will be right in due time. The Gustin mine on Red mountain reopened today."

Another Fool Crank.

TOLEDO, July 6—Seymour, the mind-reader, was in Toledo yesterday, on his way to Chicago, where he is going to be buried alive after the manner of the Indian magicians, who say they can suspend animation for any period by swallowing their tongues and controlling their heart and mind. "My coffin has gone ahead," said Mr. Seymour. "It is a fac simile of the one in which General Grant's remains now rest, and cost $3000. It is made in three sections, one fitting inside the other. I will be buried six feet deep in the coffin. Signals are to be arranged so that if things do not go right I can communicate with the soldiers on the outside, who will guard the grave. Directly after I am buried a crop of barley will be sown over the grave. I will remain buried until the germs sprout, grow, ripen and are harvested. Then the disinterment will take place. I won't come back to earth until September 24. I am positive I can do it, and the scientific men who are assisting me are beginning to think so, too."

Confidence Restored.

SPOKANE, July 6—The resumption of the Washington National bank, which suspended just a month ago today, caused quite a demonstration. The moving of specie to the new building was witnessed by a large crowd early in the morning and was attended by four policemen and deputy sheriffs. At 10 o'clock when the doors were opened, the crowd of depositors reached half a block. Two men reached the teller's window first, and to prevent a wrangle two tellers took money simultaneously. The bank remained opened during the usual hours and only paid out $2100. The receipts were $35,000 greater than that amount. The opening of the bank has done much to restore confidence in business all around.

Stevenson Coming to Oregon.

CHICAGO, July 5—Vice-President Stevenson and party will leave Chicago by the Santa Fe road Monday night, the 10th inst., for a tour of the Pacific coast and Puget sound country. They will visit Los Angeles, San Diego, San Francisco, Portland, Tacoma Seattle and other points of interest, and will return via the Great Northern. The vice-president's party will include: Vice-President and Mrs. Stevenson, Mrs. Stevenson's sister, Mrs V. T Scott; Justice Shobe, of the supreme court of Illinois, and daughter; Judge and Mrs W. C. Ewing, and Miss Ewing; the Hon George P. Burnett, solicitor of the Wabash, and Miss Blanche Burnett.

The St. Paul Holocaust.

ST. PAUL, July 6—Last night's fire at the Union Bethel, on the river front, resulted in at least five deaths and a large number of injured, some of whom will probably die. Mrs. Jennie Heak (the matron), a man named Shaughnessy and three unidentified men are dead. Lulu Morgan, daughter of Superintendent Morgan, of the mission, is at the hospital in a precarious condition. A dozen others were more or less seriously hurt. The examination of the ruins is not yet made. It is thought possible other bodies may be found.

The Vice-President Favors Repeal

CHICAGO, July 6—Vice-President Stevenson last night in an interview expressed himself thus in regard to the Sherman silver law: "I will say that I am in favor of its immediate repeal, but the substitute has not been agreed upon. Regarding the so-called financial flurry, it is of no great importance, as I believe nine-tenths of the reported business manufactures were weak concerns. I look for great results from the coming session of congress, and I believe some good and wholesome laws will be enacted."

Two Sheep Companies Fail.

NEW YORK, July 6—The New Jersey Sheep & Wool Company and the Gansevort Market Sheep Company, Jersey City, have failed. It is feared the failure will involve the failure of many small concerns. Liabilities exceed $500,000; assets are not shown.

Card of Thanks.

I hereby desire to extend to all of my friends my thanks for the many kindnesses extended to me during my past illness of over three months from rheumatism, and I especially desire to tell them that but for Sulphur Bitters I should have been suffering still. May you never suffer what I have, is the wish of your friend, B. H TAYLEUR.

Struck by Lightning.

KINGSTON, N. Y., July 6—During a terrible lightning storm that passed over this city about 8 o'clock last night, the Van Dusen powder magazine at Devil's Lake, a small settlement on the outskirts of the city, was struck by lightning and completely demolished. There were about 55 kegs of powder in the magazine, and the explosion blew the brick structure to atoms, destroyed several buildings near by and injured two men and seven women and children. The terrible flash was followed by a dull roar, and many persons rushed from their houses in terror, thinking the city had been visited by an earthquake.

Children Cry

for PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge I can say that Castoria is a most excellent medicine for children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

NEW TO-DAY.

Application for Liquor License.

CASCADE LOCKS, FALLS PRECINCT, Wasco County, State of Oregon

Notice is hereby given that T. W. Lewis, of said precinct and county, will, on the 4th day of Sept., 1893, apply to the County court of the above-named county for a license to sell spirituous, malt and vinous liquors in less quantities than one gallon.

CASCADE LOCKS, FALLS PRECINCT, Wasco County, State of Oregon.

To the Honorable, the County Court of Wasco county, Oregon:

We, the undersigned, legal voters of Falls Precinct, of Wasco county, Or., respectfully petition your honorable court to grant a license to T W. Lewis to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors at the town of Cascade Locks, in said precinct, in less quantities than one gallon, for the period of one year:

NAMES.	NAMES.
C J Candiani	Isai Morin
Frank Pozzi	J Dinks
W Lake	J E Hill
R S Alarich	Harry Gray
John Trana	F T Bruckman
A E Trask	G H Trans
Francis Conlon	C H Trask
B F Rogers	Geo J Buffon
W L Keltner	Thomas Coyle
H A Leavens	Nils Nilson
E D Monaghan	Patrick Sullivan
H H Olmstead	Gus Sands
A J Knightly	C Borgstrand
D L Oates	Joseph Schmidt
A G Collier	M Fitzgerald
Pete Shering	Louis Gei hard
P E Gilaclus	A Lyring
L Freiman	J M Mcisaac
H I Lillegard	G L Harpham
Chas Olsen	S J Orvden
Edw Ermisor	M Parkins
Paul Paulsen	Peter Duggan
Carl Carlson	Rudolf Schmidt
Nick Weber	Mel Leavens
Hans Welcks	Herman Backman
John Woodward	John Burr
Walter McBurmett	Wm Duncan
M McKinnon	Geo Peterkin
J S Babinger	August Peterson
Wm Laycock	Wm Stratton
G S Henry	J F Tompkin
Pat Lahey	G W Rupper
A Fleischhauer	Mat Welsh
Kenneth McKenzie	Yahn Nilson
Wm Day	Aug Tuneiles
C W Fluke	Alex Thorin
Erick Nelson	Geo McCauley

W. L DOUGLAS $3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair. Best in the world.

$5.00 $4.00 $3.50 $2.50 $2.25 $2.00 FOR GENTLEMEN

$3.00 $2.50 $2.00 FOR LADIES $1.75 FOR BOYS $1.75 FOR MISSES

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest style, don't pay $6 to $8, try my $3, $3.50, $4.00 or $5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

ulyl J. FREIMAN, Agent, THE DALLES, OR.

IF YOU WANT GOVERNMENT, STATE —OR— Dalles Military Road Land, —CALL ON— THOS. A. HUDSON, (Successor to Thornbury & Hudson), 83 Washington St., THE DALLES, OR.

IF YOU WANT Information concerning all Government Lands, or the laws relating thereto, you can consult him free of charge. He has made a specialty of this business, and has practiced before the United States Land Office for over ten years.

He is agent for the EASTERN OREGON LAND COMPANY, and can sell you Grazing or Unimproved Agricultural Lands in any quantity desired. Will send pamphlet describing these lands upon application. He is agent for the sale of lots in

Thompson's : Addition —TO— THE DALLES.

This addition is laid off into one-acre lots, and is destined to be the principal residence part of the city. Only twenty minutes' walk from the Court House, and ten minutes from the Railroad Depot.

To Settlers Located on Government Lands: If you want to borrow Money on long time, he can accommodate you.

WRITES FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

If you cannot call, write, and your letters will be promptly answered.

THOMAS. A. HUDSON, 83 Washington Street, THE DALLES, OREGON

LITTLE'S PATENT FLUID SHEEP-DIP "NON-POISONOUS" AND CATTLE-WASH

SAFEST DIP AT ALL TIMES. CERTAIN DEATH TO TICKS, LICE, &c BEST CURE FOR SCAB. It improves the Wool, and increases the quantity. One gallon mixed with cold water makes one hundred gallons of strong wash.

James Laidlaw & Co., Agents, PORTLAND, OREGON. For sale by Peuse & Mays, The Dalles, Oregon.

Executor's Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that he will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on

Saturday, the 29th day of July, 1893,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in Dalles City, Wasco county, Oregon, under and by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the County Court of said county, the following described real property, to-wit:

Lot 6, in Block 88, Fort Dalles Military Reservation addition to Dalles City, Wasco county, Oregon.

Dated at Dalles City, June 30, 1893.

ELI D. SUTCLIFFE, Executor of the estate of Thomas Thompson, deceased. july1-5t

J. B. CROSSEN, Auctioneer.

Teachers' Review Class.

I WILL ORGANIZE A TEACHERS' REVIEW CLASS, preparatory to quarterly examination in August, beginning June 20th and continuing five weeks. Correspondence solicited. C. L. GILBERT, Hood River, Oregon. june20

The New Umatilla House, THE DALLES, OREGON SINNOTT & FISH. Proprietors

THE LARGEST AND FINEST HOTEL IN OREGON

Free Omnibus to and from the Hotel. Fire-Proof Safe for the Safety of all Valuables

Ticket and Baggage Office of the UNION PACIFIC Railway Company, and Office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, are in the Hotel.

You Want Your Dry Goods

We keep the Largest and Best Assorted Line in the city, of Dry Goods and Notions, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Clothing, Men's, Ladies' and Children's Fine Shoes.

We Want Your Patronage.

Of course we will put Prices to suit. Always do that. Nobody undersells us. Come around and investigate.

A. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

J. O. MACK, Fine Wines and Liquors, DOMESTIC and KEY WEST CIGARS. THE CELEBRATED PABST BEER. FRENCH'S BLOCK, 171 Second Street, — — — THE DALLES, OREGON

THE ORO FINO WINE ROOMS AD. KELLER, Proprietor.

Port 81, Sherry 81, Muscat 83, Angelica 83, Mountain 83, Burgundy 83, Zinfandel 84, Riesling 83, Hock 83, Table Claret

an Gregorio Vineyard Co. Agency.

All Wines and Brandies Guaranteed Strictly Pure

The Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars Always on Sale. Try the best remed