

CORVALLIS GAZETTE

VOL. XLI.

CORVALLIS, BENTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1904.

No. 25.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY BY THE
GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

O. A. DEARING, EDITOR AND BUSINESS MANAGER

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Thanks to a careful study of the daily press we are now able to make a very close approximate estimate of the number of Japanese soldiers now in Corea, ready for service. Though we cannot give the exact number, yet the experts of the press figure it as between 1,300 and 219,000. This ought to be near enough to satisfy the most exacting.

It is not expected that the epidemic of Shaf-rothites will break out in Congress to any alarming extent. Senator Tillman has one of the microles which he is carefully nursing, but it doesn't seem to thrive. Perhaps the little black bottle contained an anti-microbe mixture, proof against any epidemic of that nature. If South Carolina mountain dew is an antidote for this deadly bacteria, perhaps the essence of Kentucky blue grass may be as useful. If so a new industry has been added to the country, and a new use for one of its most famous products.

It has finally been decided that Bryan will present Hearst's name to the St. Louis convention. Finding that Tammany is still opposed to him, Hearst is confining his work to outside states particularly in the South and West, where he is rapidly gaining ground. Willie's barrel is doing some effective work, and the chances are even that he will capture the nomination.

William Randolph is following closely in the footsteps of the first great martyr of Democracy. "Samuel, the unappreciated" and like his illustrious prototype "reform" and "barrel" are synonymous terms in his vocabulary. Go it, Willie; we hope you'll get it; you are easy to beat.

When great enterprises looking to the advancement of the country's best interests are to be pushed to performance the Republican party is always the one to execute them. The Democratic party simply assails and repeal. The Panama Canal is only one of the many great achievements that will stand to the party's credit. The Republican party stopped the spread of slavery in the Kansas contest before it got possession of the executive branch of the Government.

The second great act was the passage of the Morrill tariff, which it compelled Buchanan to sign just before he stepped out of office.

It saved the Union, raised a large army and navy, created a vast financial system, and restored the Government's credit, which had been lost under Democratic rule, and provided for an expenditure during four years of war that for a long period reached the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 a day.

After saving the Union and destroying slavery it restored the seceded states to their old places, and gave them a start under which they have made greater progress than they could have done under the old slavery regime, and all this progress and development has been antagonized by the dominant party of the South. The Republican party has made them rich and prosperous in spite of themselves, and with characteristic ingratitude they work and vote against it on every occasion.

Republican State Convention.

Notice is hereby given that the Republican State Convention of the Republican Party of the State of Oregon is hereby called to meet in the City of Portland, Oregon, on

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1904.

at the hour of TEN O'CLOCK A. M. of said day, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various State offices to be voted for at the regular State election to be held in the State of Oregon on Monday, the 6th day of June, 1904, namely:

One Supreme Judge for a period of six years;
One Dairy and Food Commissioner, for a period of four years;

Four Presidential Electors (to be voted for in November, 1904);

Circuit Judges and District Attorneys for Judicial Districts for the State, for the term of six and four years respectively.

Joint Representatives and Senators for the various districts.

There will also be chosen at said Convention four delegates to the National Republican Convention.

The various counties of the State of Oregon shall be entitled to representation in said Convention as follows: One delegate at large for each county, and one delegate for every 150 votes, and one additional delegate for each fraction there-

of over 100 votes, cast for R. S. Bean for Supreme Judge at the State election of 1902, the number for the respective counties being as follows:

Benton.....	7
Lane.....	19
Lincoln.....	5
Linn.....	14
Polk.....	9

Republican Primaries and Convention.

Notice is given to the Republicans of Benton County, Oregon that the Republican County Central Committee of the said county at a meeting held in Corvallis, Oregon, March 12, has fixed Saturday, March 26, at 1 o'clock p. m. as the day for holding the primaries of the said party for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention of the said party who will nominate the Republican Ticket for the coming election, the said county convention to be held in Corvallis, Oregon, Thursday, March 31 at 11 o'clock a. m. The following apportionment of delegates was made.

PRECINCT	DELEGATES
Corvallis, No 1.....	6
Corvallis, No 2.....	8
Corvallis, No 3.....	7
Corvallis, No 4.....	5
Soap Creek.....	3
Willamette.....	4
Monroe.....	4
Kings Valley.....	5
Alsea.....	5
Summit.....	3
Philomath.....	9
Blodgett.....	3
Wren.....	3
Fairmount.....	5

It was further decided by the said committee that all proxies must be voted by the delegation itself, and in case no member of a delegation was present, then the county convention was to handle the said proxies.

Dated this 18th, day of March, 1904.

T. H. COOPER,

Chairman of Republican County Central Committee.

OUR BRAINY CONTEMPORARIES.

Of course we shall have the usual cynical reflection from the hostile press that the closeness of the Northern Securities decision destroys much of its force, because a slight deviation in one or another mind on the supreme bench, would have turned the verdict in favor of the railroads. The curious history of the insular cases will be recalled, and we shall be regaled with highly humorous speculations upon the strange course of reasoning by which Justice Brewer, for example, reaches a conclusion with whose supporting premises he cannot agree.

Let us admit that no one has ever succeeded in showing that the various paths followed by the majority opinions on the insular cases were consistent and logical in leading up to the majority decision. What does that show, unless it shows that the supreme court recognized, perhaps unconsciously and unexpressed, that the hand of the Government should be sustained, and that, somehow or other individual views enough to form a majority of the court, must be molded to the desired result? This is not a very lofty or edifying view of the exigencies of the situation, but it is not thereby rendered impossible.

At the time of the insular decisions we undertook to show that the Government was sustained by the supreme court, because, underlying the discussions of evidence and statutory interpretation, there was the conviction that the question at issue was, after all, a political question. This thought was imbedded in the opinions in more than one place. The idea was that in the administration of the new dependencies of the executive department, and especially the legislative department, must proceed upon the lines that demonstrate themselves as right and necessary to be followed, and that it was the fitting province of the judicial department to co-operate rather than stand in the way.

With all due respect to high traditions and consciousness of the supreme court, and with the belief that doubtless every member of that body would deny, truthfully, that such agreement was had or even contemplated, we shall nevertheless hazard the conjecture that the merger decision was rendered the way it was from a consciousness in the minds of the justices that public policy required the sustention of the Government. When the secrets of this time are revealed to future generations, it will not be strange if it is shown in this case as in others the effect was as if the chief justice had said, in imitation of John Marshall: "We must sustain the Government; will Justice Harlan find a decision to suit?"—Oregonian, Mar. 16.

Turns of Fortune's Wheel.
"Woman," said he, "you have turned me down."

She gazed at him coldly, after the manner of the young woman she had seen pictured on a refrigerator advertisement.

"I shall go to the Klondike, become rich," he continued, "and you will regret turning me down when I again turn up."—Indianapolis Press.

A Confession.
What a fool a man in love can be—
Even I have been one of those.
He has even been known—
As in case like my own—
To have gone so far as propose.
—Judge.

NOT VERY NICELY PUT.



Artist—War is a terrible thing.
Friend—Still it's not as bad as it's painted.—The King.

Locating the Chill.
Ere long you'll meet the ice man
To complain about your bill;
The chunk will never freeze you,
But perhaps his manner will.
—Washington Star.

Kean's Diet.
"I see that somebody says that Edmund Kean, the most famous of English actors, liked to adapt the kind of meat he ate to the part he had to play—choosing pork for tyrants, beef for murderers, and mutton for lovers."
"That's a great idea. I suppose when he had to play several parts in one evening he ate hash."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Opposed to Monopolies.
"Did you say that young man in the parlor tried to kiss you, dear?" said the young stepmother.

"Yes, he did," replied the daughter.

"And did you tell him you would call me?"

"No, I didn't; do you think no one in the house wants to be kissed but you?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Over the Back Fence.
First Woman—You've got to retract what you said about me.
Second Woman—I won't. I never take anything back.

First Woman—Indeed, you don't, but you'll borrow everything your neighbors have if you get a chance.—Detroit Free Press.

Enough Said.
First Burglar—Wot's dat?
Second Burglar—Bunch o' dressmaker's bills.
First Burglar—Receipted?
Second Burglar—Receipted.
First Burglar—Come on; let's get out o' here!—Judge.

No Progress Made.
Lover (bravely)—Sir, I want to marry your daughter.

Father (coldly)—Well, I'm not surprised at that. If I were in your place I think I should want to marry her myself.—Boston Courier.

A Man with a Marble Heart.
"I was singing 'I'd leave my happy home for you,' when the landlord called."
"Well?"

"He said if we didn't pay up the back rent, we'd both have to go, for a fact."—Detroit Free Press.

Business Is Business.
The Millionaire—Yes, your highness, I intend to settle ten millions on my daughter the day she is married.
The Duke—Just give me a month's option on that and I'll consider it.—Brooklyn Life.

An Alias.
Hewitt—Brown is traveling under false colors.
Jewett—How so?
Hewitt—His real name is White.—Town Topics.

A Question of Taste.
Belle—What do you think of the bride's gown? Don't you think she has good taste?
Beulah—Perhaps for gowns, but not for a husband.—Yonkers Statesman.

An Unwilling Victim.
First Reporter—I guess I'll take a little of your tobacco, if you don't mind.
Second Reporter—I don't care how little you take.—Somerville Journal.

Amplly Supplied.
Mistress—I hope you have some recommendations.
Bridget—Recommendations, is it? Sure I have 12 or 14 in the last four months.—Town Topics.

Well-Named.
Inksun—He calls his verses "Snatches of Song."
Penfield—That's right! He stole most of them.—Puck.

Spring Announcement

WASH GOODS

New Percales and Calicos
New Gingham and Chambrays
New Challies and Cotton Suitings
New White Waistings

New Dress Skirts and Shirt Waists

WOOL DRESS GOODS

New Mixed Suitings
New Scotch Weaves
New Etamine and Voiles
New Mohairs, Plain and Figured
New Black Dress Goods

NOVELTIES

New Buttons
New Waist Sets
New Trimmings
New Ornaments
New Stock Collars
New Laces
New Ribbons

New Hosiery and Underwear

DOMESTICS

New Table Linen and Napkins
New Muslins and Sheetings
New Towels and Towling
New Curtains and Scrims

F. L. Miller.

We want
your produce

OF THE MAY BARGAINS

Horseless Carriages.

Made so strong and finished so well;
Prices so low and styles so well;
Is it any wonder that the blamed things sell?
... SUCH A BUSINESS ...

J. D. MANN & CO.

VALUABLE PREMIUM

CUT THIS OUT IF YOU ARE

INTERESTED IN POULTRY

AND MAIL IT

WITH A YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION

to the Gazette, (\$1.50 only,) to us.

To the NORTHWEST POULTRY JOURNAL,
Salem, Oregon.

I agree to accept three months' trial subscription to the Northwest Poultry Journal (as a premium for advance subscription to the Corvallis Gazette for one year.) If I do not stop it at that time you may continue to send it and I will pay 50 cents within six months, for a year's subscription. If not paid until the end of the year the price will be 60 cents.

NAME

CITY

STATE