



EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

The strike of Havana dock laborers has ended.

Another street car strike is threatened at Chicago.

Ex Governor George Hoadley, of Ohio, is dead.

Official reports show the continuance of good crop weather.

None and the outside world will be connected by telegraph by April next.

Edward C. Boyce of Denver has been nominated by Colorado Socialists for Governor.

Brigham Young, president of the apostles of the Mormon church is reported seriously ill.

Secretary Shaw has rescinded the order of ex-Secretary Gage for the purchase of bonds at stated prices.

Miss Julia Lamont, daughter of Daniel S. Lamont, ex-secretary of war, died at her father's cottage at Sorrento, Maine, Tuesday.

Christiania, Norway, is suffering from hard times, which may result in a crisis unless industrial conditions improve before long.

Peter S. Hoe, the last surviving original member of the original firm of R. Hoe & Co., manufacturers of printing presses, is dead at Upper Montclair, N. J. Mr. Hoe was born in New York 81 years ago.

M. Combe, the French premier, is to resign.

Rosland, B. C., has been visited by a \$75,000 fire.

Third district California Republicans have renominated Combs for congress.

King Edward has gone on a cruise to England. The time of his return is indefinite.

Parcels post arrangements have been concluded between this country and England.

John C. Bullitt, a prominent Philadelphia attorney, closely identified with public affairs, is dead.

Great veins of rich iron ore are reported to have been discovered at Vadsbo, in the province of Tromsø, Norway.

Experiments in wireless telephoning have been successfully carried on between Samsitz and Kolberg, Germany, a distance of 105 miles.

The funeral of General Franz Sigel was held in New York Sunday. For three hours the body lay in state, and fully 10,000 people filed past and viewed the remains.

The Ohio legislature has convened in special session to enact laws to provide for the government of municipalities and to restore lost jurisdiction to the supreme court, these matters having been rendered chaotic by the action of that court during the early summer.

An edict has been issued in China ordering that the murder of an English missionary named Bruce, be punished. The government expresses great regret at the occurrences and promises to make reparation.

Practically all the coronation visitors have left London.

Insurgents are reported to be still making progress in Colombia.

The American Can company will erect a great plant in Portland.

Professor Jenks, the special commissioner, says our trade standing in the Orient is excellent.

The rumor that Archbishop Ireland will be made a cardinal in the near future has been revived.

Five gubernatorial candidates are striving for favor of the Republican state convention of California.

The sultan has issued an imperial order commanding that the demands made by the United States be conceded.

In the naval maneuvers off the Massachusetts coast the attacking squadron was "destroyed" by the defending fleet.

Charles L. Fay has been arrested at Portland and taken to Wisconsin, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Chicago messenger boys are on a strike.

A thousand more Boer prisoners have just sailed from St. Helena to South Africa.

The anthracite coal mine operators declare they will not give in or make any concessions.

E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific road, is to be elected president of the Wells Fargo Express company.

Reports from Simla, British India, state that the plague mortality in that country is increasing at the rate of 1,000 weekly.

The Staakburger Zeitung says General Von Gessler, Prussian minister of war, has resigned his post. He was appointed in 1896.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, in a speech at Morrisville, Vt., alleged that he was not opposed to tariff revision in moderation.

SURPRISES THE BRITISH.

Effect of American Combination Reverse of What They Expected.

New York, Aug. 28.—Increased demand for British iron from Chicago, New York and Philadelphia has sent up prices here, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. A report that orders have been received for 60,000 tons has not been confirmed with authority, for the American demand for American iron and steel has sufficed to stiffen prices and compensate for declining trade from India and Australia, and the stagnant condition of South Africa.

When the American steel combination was made there was a general conviction among British ironmasters that there must be a defensive movement against the manufacturers here and in Germany and Belgium. Exports of iron and steel from these countries have been increasing steadily since December, and the effect of the American combination is not dreaded as it was last year. The British market has not been converted into a dumping ground for American iron and steel, and prices have risen with the increased demand for export to the United States.

PRESIDENT BURT ARRESTED.

Ten Warrants Charge President of Union Pacific with False Imprisonment.

Omaha, Aug. 28.—President Horace G. Burt, of the Union Pacific railway, has been placed under arrest on ten warrants, charging him, jointly with W. Arnett, an Indianapolis labor agent, with false imprisonment. President Burt went to police headquarters and gave a bond for \$1,000 for his appearance in court in the morning.

The warrants were sworn out by men who were members of a party brought here by the road Sunday morning. They came from Indianapolis and were in charge of Arnett. Lewis Lord swore to the charges in one of the warrants. He said the men had been employed by Arnett to work in the Union Pacific shops at Denver. He says that when they reached Council Bluffs they were locked in the car and armed guards posted at the doors to prevent their escape. They were kept in the car until they reached the shops in this city, where they were given their liberty. Lord asserts that many of them are married men left good positions, and were told that no strike existed on the road.

KLONDIKE ON THE WANE.

So Says a Prominent Canadian Who Has Made Thorough Investigation.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The golden star of the Klondike is on the wane, according to the official report of George H. Hees, who recently was sent to Dawson by the Canadian Manufacturer's association to make a thorough examination into the business prospects of the Yukon Territory. The state department has made public a communication from United States Consul Brush at Niagara Falls, dated Aug. 8, giving some of the principal features of the report.

Mr. Hees reports to the fact that the total yield of the Klondike last year was \$24,000,000, while the production of the coming year will not, according to the government estimate, exceed \$14,000,000, a falling off of nearly one-half. Moreover, no new discoveries have been made for over a year, although since 1897 thousands of prospectors have been exploring every crevice and mountain in the country.

Mr. Hees reports, there are ten applicants for every job, yet boatload after boatload of men continue to arrive.

CALIFORNIA DEADLOCK.

Three Ballots Taken for Governor With No Result.

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 28.—Three ballots were taken for governor in the Republican caucus without result. The third ballot stood: Gage, 332½; Flint, 279; Pardee, 121½; Hayes, 57; Edison, 39.

OUR RAILWAY METHODS.

John Bull Likes Them So Well That He Will Probably Adopt Them.

London, Aug. 28.—The Board of Trade has commissioned Lieutenant Colonel Horace Yorke, chief inspecting officer of railways for the Board of Trade, to prepare a report on the workings of American railways, with the view of adopting railway methods similar to those in use in that country in Great Britain. He will sail Sept. 19.

Big Increase in Money Orders.

New York, Aug. 28.—A comparative statement for the fiscal year ended June 30 last shows that the New York postoffice and its stations paid out on domestic money orders \$28,829,801, an increase of 25 per cent over last year. The office paid to offices throughout the country during the year \$23,431,324.

Fraternal Congress.

Denver, Aug. 28.—The National fraternal congress, the central organization of the fraternal and insurance orders of this country and Canada, is in session here, President W. A. Warner of Topeka, Kan., presiding. There are over 300 accredited delegates present.

Clearing Off Coos Bay Townsite.

Empire, Or., Aug. 28.—The Great Central Land company has entered into the work of clearing off the new townsite of Bangor. It is the intention of the company to first clear off the streets and then grade them, and then go on at the different blocks, which will be 300 by 400 feet.

A Total Wreck.

Port Townsend, Aug. 28.—According to word received here the bark George Thompson, Captain George Wesley, is a total wreck at Chivil, on the south coast of Chile.

NEWS OF OREGON

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of the Past Week—Brief Review of the Growth and Development of Various Industries Throughout Our Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Andrew White, charged with the killing of Peter Beauchene at Portland, has been arrested at Vancouver.

Several heavy shipments of sheep are being sent from the vicinity of Baker City to California for the winter.

A tract of land comprising 60,000 acres in Benton and Lincoln counties has been purchased by an Eastern syndicate. The price paid is not known.

The supreme court has decided that the State of Oregon has no right to the water it is using at the penitentiary, so that different arrangements will be necessary.

State Senator John L. Rand, of Baker City, will make an effort to have a bill passed at the next session of the Oregon legislature giving Baker county a separate judicial district.

A contract has been let at Baker City for 1,000,000 feet of lumber by the Oregon Electric Power company. The lumber is to be used in constructing a dam and power plant on Eagle creek.

Charles S. Wilkinson, who was arrested at Ashland two weeks ago for stealing horses in Minnesota, has been taken back to that state by Deputy Sheriff C. F. Hurst, of Polk county, Minn.

The Iowa Lumber company, which has purchased 1,500 acres of pine timber land near Medford, is making preparations to put in a large mill and box factory at that place. The first carload of machinery has already arrived.

Negotiations are pending between the Portland City Railway company and the City and Suburban Railway company with a view of the purchase of the latter by the former, and the consolidation of both systems under one head.

Near Huntington, Malheur county, a ledge of gold-bearing ore has been discovered that assays as high as \$2,000 per ton. The ledge averages about eight feet in width, and croppings have been traced on both sides of the mountain to which the find is located.

The Willamette Valley Land Co. has shipped a large box of grasses, grains and fruits to be exhibited at the Nebraska state fair.

A decision of considerable interest has been received at the United States land office at Oregon City in the case of George L. Derrick against Arthur T. Merwin, involving a tract in section 3, township 9 south, range 8 west. The decision knocks out both parties on the ground that the entry conflicts with the Corvallis & Yaquina Bay wagon road grant.

The Rev. J. J. Walter, formerly Methodist bishop of Alaska and recently in the service of the leading Methodist church at Spokane, has been appointed colonization agent of the Great Central railroad, projected between Coos Bay and Salt Lake City. He will at once enter upon his duties, which are to arrange the settlement of colonies along the projected line.

A \$25,000 hotel and bathhouses are to be erected at once at Hot Lake.

Fire at Pendleton, which started in William Hickey's paint shop, did damage to the amount of \$3,000.

Officers made a raid on an opium joint at Salem and captured two men and the proprietor. All were fined.

Fred Reese, an 18 year old boy, has been arrested at Salem. He is charged with stealing some clothing in Umatilla county.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60@61c; bluestem, 62@63c; valley, 63@64c.

Barley—Feed, \$19.00 per ton.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.05@3.60 per barrel; graham, \$2.95@3.20.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$16@17 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$18; chop, \$17.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.00@1.05; gray, 95c@1.00.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 60@70c per cental; ordinary, 50@75c per cental; growers prices; sweets, \$2.00 per cental; new potatoes, 50@60c for Oregon; \$1.00 for California.

Butter—Creamery, 22½@25c; dairy 16@18c; store, 12½@15c.

Eggs—19@20c for Oregon.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12½@13c; Young America, 13½@14c; factory prices, 10½@11c less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@4.50; hens, \$4.00@5.50 per dozen, 11½@11c per pound; springs, 11@11½c per pound, \$2.50@4.00 per dozen; ducks, \$2.50@3.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c, dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, \$4.00@6.00 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 2½@3c per pound; dressed, 6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 6½c; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Veal—7@8c per pound.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3½c; steers, 3½@4½c; dressed, 7@8c per pound.

Hops—16@17c; new crop 17@18c.

Wool—Valley, 12½@15c; Eastern Oregon, 8@14c; mohair, 25@26c per pound.

BEEF TO BE CHEAPER.

Banner Corn Crop of Country Will Lower Prices, Wilson Thinks.

Washington, Aug. 27.—"If no damaging frost occurs during the next 30 days," said Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department, "there will be the greatest corn crop harvested this country ever saw. With this crop matured within the next month, and feeding to begin about the first of September, I feel confident that within three months you will see some reduction in the price of beef." Secretary Wilson explains that the loss of Australian mutton has increased the demand for American beef, and that the Americans themselves are becoming the greatest beef eaters in the world. He adds: "Despite the increased consumption and foreign demand, I still believe that our large corn crop turned into beef will bring down the price of that article of food."

VISIT PORTLAND NEXT FALL.

Preparations Now Under Way for Presidential Trip to the Coast.

San Francisco, Aug. 27.—United States Senator A. G. Foster, of Washington, who is in this city, is authority for the statement that President Roosevelt and family will visit the Coast next fall, and will remain in San Francisco for at least three days. Senator Foster is here on his way to Honolulu, where he will meet other members of a committee appointed to look into affairs of the crown lands. He expects the arrival of Senator Mitchell today.

In speaking of the intended visit of the president to San Francisco and the coast in general, Senator Foster stated that affairs are at present being arranged for the proposed trip. The president will visit, during his tour, all cities by the way of Washington and Montana, and will return via the Union Pacific.

Hunt Bear in North Carolina.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 27.—When President Roosevelt visits Asheville in September he will be given a bear hunt in the mountains under the leadership of "Big Tom" Wilson, who is said to be the champion bear hunter of the state.

OUR ARMY BEST IN THE WORLD.

Lord Wolseley, of England, Compliments American Boys in Blue.

London, Aug. 27.—Replying to a correspondent who asks Field Marshal Lord Wolseley if the report was correct that he had described "the American army as the best in the world," the Field Marshal writes that he believes the quotation accurately describes that army.

Trying to Quit the Trust.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 27.—A committee of lead mine owners has been appointed to investigate the practicability of erecting independent smelters at Spokane and Denver. It is said the Western lead miners have been unable to get fair dealing from the lead trust, and now propose to manufacture their own product and market it. The men in the new deal produce 45 per cent of the lead mined in the United States. The Spokane smelter would use ores from Republic and the Comer d'Alenes.

Good Haul for Amateurs.

Aberdeen, S. D., Aug. 27.—Considerable excitement has been caused here over the robbery of the First National bank of this city during the night. It is evident that there were several men in the gang, as the amount taken, \$3,500, was all in silver coin. The safe containing most of the bank's cash was untouched. From the appearance of the work done by the cracksmen it is conclusive that they were amateurs.

Will Name Archbishops.

Rome, Aug. 27.—Cardinal Gotti, the new prefect of the propaganda, has convoked the congregation of the propaganda for Sept. 1, when among other business to come up will be the appointment of a coadjutor with the right of succession to the Archbishop of San Francisco, and the nomination of an Archbishop of New York.

The Molineux Case Again.

New York, Aug. 27.—General Edward Molineux, father of young Molineux, who was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Kate Adams, says he has absolute proof of the innocence of his son. The general declines to say what his detective work to save his son from the gallows has brought forth.

Successor to Cambon.

Paris, Aug. 25.—The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed at the foreign office that the successor of Jules Cambon as French ambassador at Washington has not yet been appointed, but that M. Jusserand, the French minister at Copenhagen, has been selected for the place.

Pelee in Action Again.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, Aug. 25.—Officers of the steamer Dahome, which has just arrived here, report a severe eruption of Mount Pelee at noon Friday. The eruption was followed by total darkness five miles away from the volcano. It was 20 minutes before it again became light.

To Kill Abdul Hamid.

Vienna, Aug. 25.—A newspaper published in Bucharest, Roumania, alleges it has learned that M. Savoroff, ex-leader of the Macedonian revolutionary committee, has organized another committee, the object of which is to effect the assassination of the sultan of Turkey.

MAY TAKE UP LAND

A POINT FOR SETTLERS UNDER NEW IRRIGATION LAW.

Extensive Tracts Not Susceptible of Being Watered Will Ultimately Be Restored to the Public Domain—List of Lands Withdrawn Thus Far—Forest Fires to Be Stamped Out.

Washington, Aug. 28.—To date the secretary of the interior has withdrawn from entry under the new irrigation law 9,308,160 acres of public land, which for the most part it is expected, will be reclaimed under irrigation projects to be undertaken by the general government. The attention of the department has been called to the fact that withdrawals for irrigation purposes are subject to homestead entry, and supplemental instructions are to be sent to local land offices directing them to allow homestead entries of any lands heretofore or hereafter withdrawn for that purpose. These withdrawals are made solely to prevent speculation, and are in localities where examinations are being made with a view of determining reservoir sites offering the best advantages. Eighty-eight townships have been withdrawn in Arizona, 49 in California, 70 in Colorado, 5 in Utah, 23 in Wyoming, 41 in Montana, and 128 in Nevada. Others will be made from time to time as the field parties progress, one or more being looked for in eastern Oregon, where several feasible sites are known to exist. It is intended ultimately to restore to the public domain all of the withdrawn lands not found susceptible of irrigation.

AFTER FOREST FIRES.

Hitchcock Issues Instructions Regarding Crater Lake Blaze.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The secretary of the interior having been notified that forest fires are burning along the borders of Crater Lake park, has wired instructions to Forest Superintendent Ormsby to employ such force as is necessary to stamp out the blaze. Owing to the fact that the maximum price of \$3 a day and subsistence has generally been demanded by those employed to put out the fires, the fund is fast becoming depleted, and disastrous results are feared. The department feels this labor is not worth the price, but that the government is being held up because it will pay.

Rules For Crater Lake Park.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The secretary of the interior is preparing regulations for the government of Crater Lake national park, which will be promulgated within a week. When these regulations are completed, steps will be taken looking to the appointment of a superintendent, and such other officers as may be necessary to administer and care for the park. Until such officials are appointed, Forest Superintendent Ormsby will continue in authority as when the park was a part of the Cascade reserve. It is not yet determined how many officials will be assigned to the park.

RIGHT OF BOARD QUESTIONED.

Three New Suits Over Oregon State School Land Filings.

Salem, Or., Aug. 28.—Litigation over the sale of state school lands continues. Three separate mandamus suits have just been instituted against the state land board by parties whose application for the purchase of certain school lands were not favorably acted upon by the board. Circuit Judge Boise issued an alternative writ of mandamus requiring the members of the board to appear in court on Sept. 2 and show cause why the applications of the plaintiffs should not be granted.

MILES GOES TO PHILIPPINES.

The General Refuses, However, to State What He Will Do There.

New York, Aug. 27.—General Nelson A. Miles will sail for the Philippines within a few weeks, says a Herald dispatch from Eoson. He is retiring as to the object of his trip, and refused to discuss the matter further than to say that he was not going as a tourist, nor for his health.

By Permission of the President.

Boston, Aug. 27.—With reference to the statement that General Miles is going to the Philippines, Secretary Cortelyou said: "General Miles is going to the Philippines with the permission of the president, to inspect army conditions."

BOTHA SUCCEEDS KRUGER.

Designated as the Future Leader of the Boers—Kruger to Resign.

London, Aug. 27.—Cabling from Brussels the correspondent of the daily Telegraph says he hears that as a result of the conference between ex-President Kruger and the Boer generals, Mr. Kruger is to resign the leadership of the Boers. General Botha, the correspondent adds, was unanimously chosen the future leader of the Boers.

First Pears of the Season at Salem.

Salem, Or., Aug. 27.—The first load of Bartlett pears of the season has been received at the Salem cannery for shipment to Portland for canning purposes. The yield in this vicinity is estimated at from one-half to two-thirds of a crop. The cannery is paying \$20 a ton for the best quality of pears. The yield in this section will not be great enough to justify operating the Salem cannery, so the fruit will be shipped to Portland to be canned.

Bank-Wrecker Dix Sentenced.

Whatcom, Aug. 27.—Judge Neterer has overruled a motion to grant a new trial for H. St. John Dix, and sentenced him to 10 years in the penitentiary, the limit under the laws of this state for bank-wrecking.

BIG GAIN IN GOLD

TO END THE STRIKE

OREGON'S MINERAL OUTPUT SHOWS INCREASE FOR YEAR.

Baker County Still Holds First Place in Production—Alaskan Output was One Million Less Than in 1900—Industry in Washington is Picking Up—Placer Ground Still Holds Out.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The gold production of Oregon in 1901, according to the director of the mint, just made public, was greater than in any previous year, being of the value of \$1,834,821. The preceding year it was valued at \$1,727,892. This substantial increase occurred notwithstanding the fact that many of the best developed and usually producing mines were closed down a great portion or all the year, for various reasons. The silver product of Oregon was \$211,876 in 1901, as against \$170,721 the year before.

Baker county still holds first rank among the mineral producers of the state, and bids fair to increase its lead very materially from the fact that the ores appear to be increasing in value as they attain greater depth. Fifty years has not exhausted the placers of Oregon, and there is ground enough that will pay to work for fifty years more, while the quartz ledges are practically untouched. "A great future awaits this grand state in point of mineral wealth," is the concluding paragraph of the report regarding Oregon.

In Washington.

Mining in Washington is slowly recovering from the depressing effect of the temporary diversion of capital to Alaska. There has been a slight increase in the output, and the industry may be considered as improving, and the close of the present year is expected to show a betterment in development and production.

During the past year the Seattle assay office has received the following quantities of gold and silver from neighboring fields:

Alaska.....\$ 3,476,790

Idaho.....5,670

Oregon.....4,904

Washington.....6,848

British Columbia.....62,678

Yukon Territory.....11,997,118

Alaska Falling Off.

The gold output of Alaska in 1901 was \$1,000,000 less than the year preceding, due largely to the decrease in the output from the Nome field. Not only was the Nome season exceptionally short, but apprehensive uncertainty was universally felt on account of the immense amount of litigation that followed the advent of the judiciary in the summer of 1900. Many rich claims were not worked at all, and others but slightly. Rulings of Judge Wickesham, who arrived in September, to the effect that original holders of mining ground would be permitted to work their claims, and that "jumpers" would receive no consideration, restored confidence and gave back to the rightful owners possession of many good properties. But relief came too late to have any appreciable effect upon the output for the season.

In this connection it is interesting to state that during 1901 United States mines, assay offices, refineries and smelters received \$17,752,463 in Klondike gold, besides much silver.

JOHN T. MORRISON FOR GOVERNOR, FRENCH FOR CONGRESS—THE PLATFORM.

Boise, Idaho, Aug. 23.—The Republican