#### WHEN BABY CAME.

When baby came, she brought with her A lot of freight the angels carried; New joys within our breasts to stir, New blessedness that long has tarried. Her father felt his arm grow strong. Another life on his depending; Her mother's heart was full of song. From dawn until the daylight's ending.

When baby came, the purse was lean, And small the home, the roof but lowly, But wealth was brought by hands unseen. And all the place grew bright and holy, A wealth of love, of truth, of hope, Those tiny fingers clasped, possessing A secret, heaven had deigned to ope And pour on us in rains of blessing.

When baby came, we proudly walked; Our house was fairer than a palace, And inly, as we thought and talked, We slipped life's cup, a honeyed chal-

We had no fear, we had no grief, The millionaire was poor beside us; So glad were we, beyond belief, At this great gift that did betide us. -Everywhere.

## CHANGING HIS NAME.

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EBORAH HANCOCK was bus-Dily engaged in decorating her birthday cake. She sighed as she placed the last candle, one more than the previous year. How fast these little waxen milestones seemed to multiply!

Several years before, when the whole surface of the cake was so thickly studded that she could find no place for the new taper, Miss Hancock paused to ponder.

Was not 35 a good age at which to lose count?

The temptation was great. But all false pretense was abhorrent to the sturdy Hancock nature. Prevarication even to one's self was not to be tolersilliness that of attempting to conceal one's age?

The tapers were red, white and blue. The republic and Miss Deborah celebrated the anniversary of their birth upon the same day.

A light tap sounded at the door. Deborah carefully locked her pantry door before admitting her visitor. "Mother wants to know if you won't



"DOESN'T THE HONORABLE MODIFY THE SMITH A LITTLE?"

go over to the picnic with us to-morrow. "Me go to the picnic! Why, Ellen Ann, I ain't been to a picule for twen-

ty years! Thank your ma, but-" "Oh, do come, Miss Deb. You know, we're going to celebrate the incorporation of Hilton, as well as the Fourth.' "Come in and think it over."

With a blush and giggle the girl cast a backward glance over her shoulder. "I can't come in to-night. But you be ready and we'll stop for you in the

morning." Miss Deborah followed the girl's glance and smiled as she caught sight of a dark figure lurking in the shadow of the lilacs by the fence.

"Oh. It's Joel," she said. Ellen Ann giggled.

Perhaps it was the remembrance of her own unfinished romance which made her heart particularly tender toward all lovers. Be that as it may, she was the village confidante. Many awkward youths and shy maids blessed her for the kindly way in which she sped their woolng.

The next morning when Ellen Ann's brother with a flourish brought his hay wagon to a stand before Miss Deborah's door, he found her waiting, lunch basket beside her.

The exercises were opened by a long and fervent prayer by Parson Elihu Griffin. Then the schoolmaster, a spare, stoop-shouldered young man, with a peculiar intonation which made the thinness of his voice painfully apparat. delivered the "Declaration of Independence."

Then the whole assemblage awoke the echoes with "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and the people cheered again. Then Squire Cooper, who had been recently elected to office, rose and made some remarks, but detecting signs of restlessness among the younger people, Traveled with Jenny Lind and Earned he brought his remarks down to the pith of his address.

"Fellow Townspeople: I have a surprise in store for you. Hearing that this day was to be of especial interest to the inhabitants of his birthplace, one of our sons who has made a name for himself | the most remarkain the political world, yet has still re- ble talent both tained in his heart a warm regard for musically and hishis old home, has come down to join in | trionically. At the our festivities, and has consented to age of 3 he was an make a few remarks. Friends, I ask accomplished vioyou to join me in welcoming Hon. John

The cheering mercifully drowned Miss Deborah's painful little gasps of con- At the age of 5 he sternation. No one noted her pale face. appeared on the All eyes were upon their illustrious townsman.

Hon. John Smith did not detain his hearers long. He referred to the fact | market. After a tour of England he that they were all more eager to attend | returned to London. For three years, to the contents of their well-filled beginning in 1827, he played almost hampers than to anything he might continuously the leading roles of many sand. have to say. He also said that he was of Shakspeare's plays and performed anxious to leave the platform and in comedy, opera and burlesque. He come down among them and seek out also appeared in tragedy. He drew

water. She started off briskly, but be- adelphia and Boston, and other Amerihind the first clump of bushes she can cities and in Canada. Beside play keep his own counsel.

### MONUMENT TO THE DISCOVERER OF OIL.



COL. DRAKE, HIS MONUMENT AND HIS FIRST OIL WELL,

At Titusville, Pa., a \$50,000 monument, in memory of Col. Edwin M. Drake. the discoverer of petroleum, has been unveiled. The profound mystery which has surrounded the building of the monument in honor of one whose name was in danger of being forgotten adds to the interest attaching to the ceremony. It has been the whim of the giver to conceal his identity until after his own death and his secret has been well kept, but public opinion has centered upon Henry H. Rogers of the Standard Oil Co. as the probable donor.

The monument is an imposing and beautiful structure of granite. Work on the structure began in the summer of 1889, and has continued ever since. A massive bronze allegorical figure of an oil driller forms the central piece of the

Col. Drake died in Bethlehem, Pa., in November, 1880, and was buried in the cemetery at that place, where a modest headstone marks his resting place. It is probable now, however, that his remains will be removed to Titusville and reinterred under the shadow of the monument which commemorates his services to the world.

give her thoughts full sway.

Miss Deborah smiled as she contemplated the mental pictures of her youthful self. There she stood in her girlated. And what folly could equal in ish pride, her head saucily atilt, and a misclflevous light in her eyes. But sigh, as ever faithful memory drew the outline of a tall, awkward country boy, who stood beside the maid.

Ah, now, the girl's lips parted, and, bending her head, Miss Deborah hears ward he moved here and bought Sumerthe sound of a light laugh. At the sound the youth frowns, then speaks.

"Dan Quincy is a common feller, and sha'n't dance with him." Again the girl laughs, and then in mocking tone replies:

of, John Smith."

"If yer ashamed of my name now, what'll ye be when it's yer own?" common name as John Smith? If I and treasurer as well as orchestra leadwas you I'd ask the legislature to help er. A warm friendship sprang up beme to a finer name."

"Do you mean that, Deb?" "Yes, I do."

ence. She supposed John would come cal instructor in New York and was for around that evening and "make up," as | years president of the New York Phil he had done so often before, but no, he harmonic Society. Twenty years ago had gone away from Hilton without a he retired from active life and had word. At this point her reverie was broken

ened to so long.

"Why, Miss Hancock, what are you

doing here all alone?" "I was going for water," Deborah faltered, pointing to the forgotten pails. "Down to the old spring? I'll go and nic just before I went away?" Deborah nodded.

to my name it would answer just as well as if I changed it."

"I'm afraid I was rude," Deborah

stammered. "It was the best rudeness I ever encountered. It made me leave here, othof the question."

John talked of this and that, but sudher and in a whimsical tone said:

"Deborah, doesn't the honorable modify the Smith a little?" "What does a name matter, anyway?"

we are at the spring." "If the name doesn't matter, Deb. perhaps you'll not scorn to share it with me now. Will you, dear?" and the Congressman bent down low to look New York Evening Post.

under Deborab's hat. "John, there's Ellen Ann staring at us," and with a blush Miss Deborah withdrew her hand, but not until she had returned the pressure of the one which held it .- The Home.

A MUSICAL PRODIGY.

\$80,000 Before He Was 14. Joseph Burke, who died in New York

reer. He was born in Galway, Ireland, in 1818. As an infapt he developed linist and he toured the principal cities of Ireland.

JOSEPH BURKE. Dublin stage, and then went to London, playing at the English Opera House and the Hayand shake hands with the old friends. crowded houses and was entertained at Deborah felt that she must go away Brighton by George IV. At the age of by herself and recover her lost equan | 12 he came to the United States and his imity. Seizing upon two palls, she histrionic successes in Ireland and Eninsisted upon going to the spring for gland were repeated in New York, Phil-

cast aside the pails and sat down to ing the principal roles in Shakspeare he appeared in a number of pieces which had been especially written for him. Before he was 14 he had earned

In 1840 he left the stage and studied the smile was quickly followed by a Marcy and was admitted to the bar in 1843. The following year he went to He could play like the sweep of a rush-Europe to perfect his musical education and, returning to the States, gave concerts in the principal cities. Soon after-

ville farm, a few miles from the city. In 1850, when Jenny Lind visited the girl I've kept steady company with T. Barnum to make her concert tour. Mr. Burke was secured to play the solos in the concerts and lead the orchestra. Her contract with Barnum "A common feller, is he? Well, his called for her appearance 150 nights at name ain't as common as some I know \$1,000 a night. After she had given seventy-five concerts she canceled her contract, forfelting to Mr. Barnum. Then she toured independently, Mr. "Who says I'll ever bear any such Burke acting as her private secretary

tween the two and one of the "nightingale's" gifts to Mr. Burke was a \$600 violin. When he severed his connec-Thus Deborah declared her independ- tion with Miss Lind he became a musisince spent his summers in Batavia. His winters he spent in New York and in upon by the voice Deborah had list- Washington. Mr. Burke was never

#### The Nervous New Yorker.

One of the most marked outward manifestations that the New Yorker gives of the high nervous tension under help you. I haven't forgotten the way, which he lives is his habit of talking believe I remember every incident of aloud to himself in the street. This my life here. Do you remember the pic- habit is one of the first things that observers of street life in New York notice. It is a form of nervousness that is "Do you know I've often thought of due not only to the high pressure at that day. You see, I took your advice which so many New Yorkers are kept, and went to the legislature. It took but to the noise of the street traffic. time, but I finally reached there. But I When the rush and rumble of the decided that if I could obtain a handle streets is so great that a man "cannot hear himself think," he speaks his a woman is observed doing this. Sometimes the man who is talking to himself, if he is happy, will mumble only phrases and half sentences audibly. If erwise 1 suppose 1 should have lived he is angry or deeply concerned he will right along in the groove made by my speak steadily and sometimes make who counseled him to suppress this arancestors. I have always been grateful emphatic gestures. But nearly all of for your scorn. It hurt dreadfully at the men who talk aloud in the streets suggesting that it might result in per first, but I came to see the other side have their business affairs uppermos. sonal injury. Instantly came the reply in their minds, and the word "dollars" is the one that is oftenest heard. Downdealy he seemed to become aware of town, in the financial section, this habit his companion's silence. He glanced at of a large number of New Yorkers is particularly noticeable, but one may observe it in almost any part of the town. Paris is possibly the only other one of the great cities of the world as well established as the hospitality Deborah asked, impatiently; "but here where the habit is so noticeable as it of Ireland, but the canniness of the is here. Actors and writers and the Scot, which has passed into a proverb, many minor poets of the French capital is most likely to assert itself at any may be seen declaiming their lines or stage. As the Scotsman tells this story, verses, unheeding their observers .- it cannot be suspected of proving false

Darning on Sewing Machines. nes can be darned most satisfactorily Parloa, in the Ladies' Home Journal. not loosen the presser foot; have the to the steamer, and they went together stitch of moderate length; begin the to have a last cigar. stitching a little beyond the damaged place. For places that are worn thin or frayed put in rows of stitching, close together. Cross these with other rows of stitching; this will give a smooth, fine texture. Where the fabric is worn thin baste a plece of the same kind of goods on the wrong side, and darn over it. If there is none of the same mair o' this.

Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your hoose for a month, an' payin' for a' the at the same mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your hoose for a month, an' payin' for a' the same same of the same of the same and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

Wouldn't Cut Prices Nor Size.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

CORRIE C. HUBBARD. of Independence, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement. No. 5610, for the a few days ago, had a wonderful ca. place. For places that are worn thin Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. it. If there is none of the same material a piece of net or muslin will answer. If the colors in the fabric are from a visit to Ohio, and on his journey mixed, have the upper thread of the out there he went into a little railway

# the under thread of the minor color."

Missouri's Earth-Products. The geologist of Missouri holds that the material of that State is in diversified soil, innumerable bodies of workable coal, inexhaustible deposits of lead and zinc, clay, building stone, lime and cement rocks, iron and fine or gloss

Mental Exercise. Berenice-What is the nature of this brain work Cholly has undertaken? Hortense-He has made his valet take a back seat, and he thinks for himself what suits he will wear each day .-Smart Set.

It isn't every client who is able to

JERUSALEM'S WATERWORKS.

System that Takes Place of the Work of King Solomon.
The inauguration of the first water

works ever built in Jerusalem since those of Solomon were destroyed by the Moslem conquerors took place recently. For about twelve centuries the city has been dependent on rain water gathered in open cisterns, and this supply, in addition to fts insufficiency, involving an annual water famine in the dry season, engendered fevers and other epidemics caused by the filthy con-

diiton of the cisterns. Spring water carried by rail was sold in Jerusalem at about 54 plastres for 1,500 pints. The exceptional severity of the famine of last spring and summer caused the first water works to be undertaken. Operations were begun in July, and have been pushed forward with such unwonted energy that an aqueduct six kilometers long, with eleven kilometers more of iron piping, had been completed for the inaugural ceremony. The three springs southwest of Bethlehem, about three hours' journey from the city, which fed Solomon's aqueduct and yielded a considerable supply before the mountains were denuded of their forests, now yield only about eight pints a second in the dry season.

Thanks to the new works, about 600,000 pints of pure spring water are carried daily to the upper city. The lower parts are not yet so favorably circumstanced. The new supply is free and is provided by fountains, some situated in the Mosque of Omar and others outside the city. There was a brilliant inaugural ceremony, the vali setting the first jet to work, and a large company, after drinking the water, offered prayers that the sultan might be long preserved .- Pall Mall Gazette.

A Serious Defect,

Paderewski Joseffy Fortissimo Lee Was the greatest pianist you ever did see; He rendered fantasias, gavottes and cantatas.

law in the office of Gov. William L. Cadenzas and overtures, fugues and sona-

ing cyclone, Or as softly and low as the south wind's faint moan. He knew all the works of Beethoven and

Liszt. Of Wagner and Chopin-not one had he missed. America under the management of P. He gained honors and laurels wherever he went. And he knew he deserved them, so he

was content. But his pride had a fall, for one summer day A dear little girl came to hear this man play; And she said, as he turned politely to

greet her,

"Please, sir, can you play 'Peter, Peter, Pumpkin Eater'?" was deeply chagrined, and he felt very blue, But he meekly replied, "No, I can't dear.

Can you? "Oh, yes," she responded. She flew to the keys. With her two fat forefingers she played

it with ease. And she afterward said, "I would rather be me Than Paderewski Joseffy Fortissimo Lee. -Judge.

Fearless Bishop Whipple. Henry Benjamin Whipple, the late Bishop of Minnesota, will be known as the friend of American Indians, second ouly to John Eliot. He was a stout champlon of the rights of the red men, and never flinched in his purpose to

reform the abuses of the agents. "Not long after the Cheyenne and Chivington massacres," says Prof. W. W. Folwell, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews, "in which white men had shown Indians their superiority in the art of murder, the bishop prepared a report on 'The Moral and Temporal Condition of the Indian Tribes on Our Western Borders.' In it he exposed the folly of our traditional thoughts aloud. It is only rarely that Indian policy, portrayed the infamous behavior of agents and traders, and the connivance of men of fair names

with their rascality. "On his journey to New York the bishop read from this to gentlemen, raignment of distinguished persons,

"'These things are true. The nation needs to know them; and, so help me God, I will tell them if I am shot the next minute!"

When Endurance Rebelled. The hospitality of Scotland is quite

to its own countrymen: An Irish friend insisted that a Scotchman should stay at his house instead of "Tears and worn places in cloth fab- a botel, and kent him there for a month, praying the host in detail, even to treaton the sewing machine," writes Maria ing him to all places of amusement, Parloa, in the Ladies' Home Journal.

"Thread the machine with silk or cotton of the same color as the fabric. Do

Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register. paying all the cab fares and the rest. ton of the same color as the fabric. Do Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down

"Now, look here," said the man from

Wouldn't Cut Prices Nor Size. Clinton Zimmermann has just returned machine of the most pronounced and station to have dinner. At the end of his order he said:

> "Bring me a deml-tasse, also." The waiter stared. "What's that?" he asked.

"A small cup of coffee," Mr. Zimmermann exclaimed. "A small cup of black coffee-see that it's good coffee, please -demi-tasse means half a cup:" "Aw, g'wan," said the waiter. "I

ain't a-goin' to bring you no half cup.

We don't sell nothin' less than 5 cents here."-New York Times. Mormon Proselyters. It is stated that there are now 2,000 active Mormon proselyters scattered

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1873, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1832,

August 4, 1892,

PEARL COOPER,
of Portland, County of Multnomah, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5616, for the
purchase of the ne% of Section No. 6, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that the land
sought is more valuable for its timber or
stone than for agricultural purposes, and
to establish his claim to said land before
the Register and Receiver of this office at
Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the
8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: O. D. Ireland,
of Portland; Minnie Ireland, of Portland;
C. E. Ireland, of Independence; Essie
Robertson, of Independence.

An; and all persons claiming adversely
the above-described lands are requested
to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

August 4, 1892,

O. DELL IRELAND,

of Portland, County of Multnomah, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5615, for the
purchase of the se¼ of Section No. 18, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that the land
sought is more valuable for its timber or
stone than for agricultural purposes, and
to establish his claim to said land before
the Register and Receiver of this office at
Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: Minnie Ireland, of Portland, Ore.; Willard Ireland, of Monmouth, Ore.; C. E. Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; Pearl Cooper, of Portland, Ore. land, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

August 4, 1892, MINNIE IRELAND, MINNIE IRELAND, of Portland, County of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5614, for the purchase of the net of Section No. 18, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: O. Dell Ire-8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: O. Dell Ireland, of Portland; Pearl Cooper, of Portland; Willard Ireland, of Monmouth; C. E. Ireland, of Independence.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1802.

to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,
GEORGE E. BREY,
of Independence, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5613, for the purchase of the ne% of Section No. 24, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1992.

He names as witnesses: C. E. Ireland.

Sth day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: C. E. Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; R. Dickinson, of Independence, Ore.; Lindley Brown, of Cottage, Grove, Ore.; J. E. Hubbard, of Independence, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office.
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory." as extended and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act o

to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

LINDLEY BROWN.

of Cottage Grove. County of Lane. State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement. No. 5612, for the purchase of the nw¼ of Section No. 8, in Township No. 13 south. Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: C. E. Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; J. M. McCaleb, of Independence, Ore.; C. A. Kramer, of Independence, Ore. endence, Ore.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or be-fore said 8th day of April. 1902. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

J. M. McCALEB,

of Independence. County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5611, for the purchase of the ne<sup>14</sup> of Section No. 8, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: O. L. Brown. He names as witnesses: O. L. Brown, of Independence, Ore.; J. E. Hubbard, of Independence, Ore.; C. E. Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; O. A. Kramer, of Independence, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested.

U. S. Land Office, Independence, Polk County, Ore... Jan. 23, 1902. Notice is hereby given that in com-

of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5519, for the purchase of the sw¼ of Section No. 8, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City. Ore ceiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: C. E. Ireland.
of Independence, Ore.; Willard Ireland.
of Independence. Ore.; J. E. Hubbard, of Independence. Ore.; Geo. E. Brey, of Independence. Ore.; Geo. E. Brey, of Independence. dependence, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April. 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office, Jan. 23, 1902. U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

widely over the world.

Only the man with a good umbrella is able to appreciate the silver lining of some dark clouds.

August 4, 1892.

JOSEPH E. HUBBARD.
of Independence, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5609, for the purchase of the self of Section No. 8, in purchase of the self of Section No. 8, in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902.

The Public Land States by act of Independence; O. A. Kramer, of Independence;

the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon Clay, Ore., on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902. He names as witnesses: C. E. Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; J. M. McCaleb, of Independence, Ore.; Essie Robertson, of Independence, Ore.

Independence, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892. August 4, 1892, HARRY DE BORD.

of Portland, County of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5608, for the purchase of the sw% of Section No. 4, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, 1902. He names as witnesses: Pearle Hedges, of Independence, Ore.; Geo. Jones, of Independence, Ore.; Geo. Jones, of Independence, Ore.; Ernest Irvine, of Independence, Ore., Any and all persons claiming adversely pendence, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely
the above-described lands are requested
to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892. CLARENCE E. IRELAND,

CLARENCE E. IRELAND, of Independence, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5607, for the purchase of the sw½ of Section No. 26, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore, on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902. He names as witnesses: Charles Bilyeu, Samuel Irvin, Willard W. Ireland, Louis C. Gilmore, all of Independence, Polk County, Oregon. Louis C. Glimore, all of Independence, Polk County, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or be-fore said 7th day of April. 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of
Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An
Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in
the States of California, Oregon, Nevada
and Washington Territory," as extended
to all the Public Land States by act of
August 4, 1892. August 4, 1892, LOUIS C. GILMORE,

LOUIS C. GILMORE,
of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5606, for the
purchase of the nw¼ of Section No. 26, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore.,
on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902.
He names as witnesses: Clarence Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; Chas.
Bilyeu, of Independence, Ore.; Ernest
Erwin, of Independence, Ore.; Ernest
Erwin, of Independence, Ore.
Any and all persons claiming adversely
the above-described lands are requested
to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1992. Notice is hereby given that in com-pliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892. August 4 WILLIARD W. IRELAND.

of Monmouth, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5605, for the purchase of the se¼ of Section No. 34, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902. He names as witnesses: O. L. Brown, of Cottage Grove; Pearl Hedges, of Independence; Chas. Bilyeu, of Independence; J. E. Hubbard, of Independence.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902. ore said 7th day of April, 1902. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office. Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1302. is hereby given that in com-Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

ORVILL A. KRAMER. of Independence, County of Polk, of Oregon, has this day filed in this of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 5604, for the purchase of the se¼ of Section No. 4, in Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902. He names as witnesses: L. C. Gillmore, of Independence, Ore.; Geo. Brey, of Independence, Ore.; Geo. Brey, of Independence, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902. 7th day of April, 1902. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

ESSIE G. RODERS

ESSIE G. ROBERTSON.
of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5603, for the
purchase of the self of Section No. 6, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore.,
on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1992.
He names as witnesses: C. E. Ireland,
of Independence; L. C. Gilmore, of Independence; J. E. Hubbard, of Independence; Willard Ireland, of Monmouth.
Any and all persons claiming adversely Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or be-fore said 7th day of April, 1902. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 2, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,
PEART, L. HEDGES PEARL L. HEDGES.

PEARL L. HEDGES,
of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement. No. 5602, for the
purchase of the sel4 of nel4, el4 of
sel4, swl4 of sel4 of nel4, el4 of
sel4, swl4 of sel4 of Section No. 22, in
Township No. 12 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Recelver of this office at Oregon City, Ore.,
on Monday, the 7th day of April. 1902.
He names as witnesses: L. C. Gilmore,
of Independence; C. E. Ireland, of Independence; Ernest Irvine, of Independence; O. A. Kramer, of Independence.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

August 4, 1892,

GEORGE JONES,
of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5601, for the
purchase of the nw¼ of Section No. 34, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore,
on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902.
He names as witnesses: Chas. Billyeu,
of Independence; Pearl Hedges, of Independence; Samuel E. Irvine, of Independence; C. E. Ireland, of Independence,
Any and all persons claiming adversely
the above-described lands are requested
to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902.
CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 2, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

JAMES O. SMITH

August 4, 1892.

JAMES O. SMITH.

of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5600, for the
purchase of the n½ of ne¼ and sw¼
of ne¼ of Section No. 4 in Township No. 13 south, Range No.
7 west, and will offer proof to show
that the land sought is more valuable for
its timber or stone than for agricultural,
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore.,
on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902.
He names as witnesses: Chas. Bilyeu,
of Independence; Samuel, E. Irvine, of
Independence; Rupert Dickinson, of Independence; C. E. Ireland, of Independence.

Any and all persons claiming adversaly ence.
Any and all persons claiming adversely

the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or be-fore said 7th day of April, 1902. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register. U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,
SAMUEL E. D. C. S. SAMUEL E. SAMUEL E.

SAMUEL E. IRVINE,
of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5539, for the
purchase of the se¼ of Section No. 26, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore.,
on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902.
He names as witnesses: Geo. Jones, of
Independence; Rupert Dickinson, of Independence; Pearl Hedges, of Independence; Chas. Bilyeu, of Independence.
Any and all persons claiming adversely
the above-described lands are requested
to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register. SAMUEL E. IRVINE

U. S. Land Office U. S. Land Office.
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892

August 4, 1892.

CHAS. BILYEU.

of Independence. County of Polk. State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5598, for the
purchase of the ne¼ of Section No. 26, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to
said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore.,
on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902.
He names as witnesses: Willard Ire-August 4, 1892, He names as witnesses: Willard Ireland, of Monmouth, Ore; C. E. Ireland, of Independence, Ore.; George Jones, of Independence, Ore.; Pearl Hedges, of Independence, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register. names as witnesses: Willard Ire

U. S. Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore., Jan. 23, 1902.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of
Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An
Act for the Sale of Timber Lands in
the States of California, Oregon, Nevada
and Washington Territory," as extended
to all the Public Land States by act of U. S. Land Office,

August 4, 1892.

RUPERT DICKINSON,
of Independence, County of Polk, State
of Oregon, has this day filed in this office
his sworn statement, No. 5597, for the
purchase of the sw¼ of Section No. 34, in
Township No. 13 south, Range No. 7 west,
and will offer proof to show that
the land sought is more valuable for its
timber or stone than for agricultural the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1902.

He names as witnesses: Geo. Brey, of Independence; C. E. Ireland, of Independence; Chas. Bilyeu, of Independence: Pearl Hedges, of Independence.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of April, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

MILITARY CAREER OF JACKSON. Treated Hi. Men with Harshness, but

They Worshipped Him Of all the careers in our army there is no parallel to that of Jackson. He treated his militia with the utmost harshness, but they worshipped him and rendered such service for him as no other general ever got out of them, says Gen. Francis V. Greene in Scrib-

ner's. He was the terror of his superiors in Washington, his only idea of discipline being the enforcement of his own will against those above him as well as those under him; but he had such a hold on the people by reason of his strength of character, his integrity, and his great deeds, that no one dared to call him to account for any of his acts.

His fighting was always against Indians, except in his one brief campaign at New Orleans; the theater of his campaign was a six-mile plot, where there was no opportunity for strategy or grand tactics, or the exercise of any of the qualities of generalship except one; he selected and fortified a position about 1,000 yards long, with one flank on the river and the other on a swamp, and the enemy dashed himself to pieces against it. But his enemy was the best regular troops in Europe, who had defeated the plans of Napoleon in Spain, Jackson crushed them, and this one fact blots out all his mistakes and leaves him unperishable fame as a great soldier.

The war with Mexico, whether just or unjust from a political standpoint, is one of the most brilliant pages in the history of the army. While a large number of volunteers were called out it was fought in the main by the regular army, and with scarcely a reverse from start to finish. The commanding generals were still young enough for active service, but they had all had military experience in the war of 1812 and the Indian campaigns; and the regiments were filled in the lower grades with intelligent, ambitious and welleducated cadets from West Point, of whom over 1,100 had been graduated between 1817, when Thayer became superintendent, and 1845.