

THE YEAR REVIEWED

SUMMARY OF THE IMPORTANT EVENTS OF 1901.

Year Witnesses the Deaths of Queen Victoria and President McKinley—Many Other Notables Pass Away—Disasters, Fires, Accidents, Strikes, Etc.

The year 1901, firstborn of the new century, is made memorable by the deaths of two of the best loved rulers the world has ever known. In its first month Victoria, England's good queen, breathed her last quietly and peacefully at one of her royal abodes.

- 1. Lord Hopetoun installed as first Governor-General of Federal Australia colony.
2. Death of Ignatius Donnelly.
3. Death of Bishop W. X. Ninde at Detroit, Mich.
4. Death of Philip D. Armour, 82. Eight lives lost in small hotel fire in Minneapolis.
5. Fire in hotel at St. Louis, Mo.
6. Death of ex-Gov. James A. Mountrif of Indiana.
7. Death of Queen Victoria of England and accession of Edward VII.
8. Grand Opera House in Cincinnati.
9. Board of Trade building in Montreal burns; loss \$2,000,000.
10. Death of Giuseppe Verdi, Italian composer.
11. Disastrous fire in Des Moines, Iowa. Twenty-one patients burned to death in Tokyo hospital.
12. Funeral of Queen Victoria at Windsor.
13. Great snowstorm in Middle West.
14. Marriage of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland and Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.
15. Mine explosion in Durango, Mexico.
16. Sudden death of Col. Albert D. Shaw.
17. Marriage of Princess of Asturias and Prince Charles of Bourbon.
18. Death of ex-Senator Gilbert A. Pierce, of North Dakota.
19. Death of Maurice Thompson, author of "The American Soldier."
20. Mine explosion in collision near Bordentown, N. J.
21. Pacific steamer Rio de Janeiro sinks outside Golden Gate, Cal.
22. Fifty miners imprisoned in burning mine at Summit, Pa.
23. Geo. Ward, negro, hanged and burned at Terre Haute, Ind., for assault and murder.
24. Death of Wm. M. Everts.
25. State penitentiary near Lincoln, Neb., is burned.
26. Inauguration of President McKinley and Vice-President Roosevelt.
27. Thirty men crushed to death on railroad at Wolovo, Russia.
28. Twelve persons killed and many more injured by boiler explosion in Doremus laundry, Chicago.
29. Hay-Pauncefote treaty rejected by Great Britain.
30. Death of ex-President Benj. Harrison.
31. Destructive fire at Cloropert, Ky.
32. Chief Aguinaldo captured by Gen. Fred Funston.
33. Terminal at Birmingham, Ala.
34. Death of Charlotte M. Yonge, author.
35. Death of Comedian Roland Reed.
36. China refuses to sign Manchurian convention.
37. Japan issues ultimatum to Russia.
38. Logan station burned in Washington.
39. Cuban Constitutional convention rejects Platt amendment.
40. Death of Geo. Q. Cannon.
41. British war loan voted by House of Commons.
42. Aguinado's peace manifesto issued.
43. Unprecedented snowstorm and floods in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Kentucky and the Virginia.
44. Fifty persons killed by explosion near Frankfurt, Germany.
45. President McKinley starts on long trip through the country.
46. Opening of Pan-American Exposition.
47. Gov. Heitrich, of Nebraska, resigns and is made United States Senator by his successor, Gov. Savage.
48. Burning of Jacksonville, Fla.
49. Civil government established at Manila.
50. Suicide of R. N. Pollock, fugitive bank president of Cleveland, Seattle, Wash.
51. First American fleet of battleships opened in Melbourne by Duke of Cornwall and York.
52. Steamer Paducah goes down in Mississippi six miles north of Broken Tower, Ill.
53. President's four broken legs by Mrs. McKinley's serious illness.
54. Riot in Albany, N. Y.
55. Death of Edwin F. Uhl, of Grand Rapids, Mich.
56. Launching of battleship Ohio at San Francisco.
57. Pan-American Exposition formally dedicated.
58. Fifty thousand machinists go out on strike.
59. Death of Gen. Fitzjohn Porter.
60. Death of ex-Congressman Chas. A. Boutelle.
61. Wreck of Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht Shamrock II.
62. Suicide of Brocton assassin of King Humbert, of Italy.
63. Death of ex-Gov. John R. Tanner, of Illinois.
64. Norwegian bark Elise lost off Sable Island, with crew of 14 men.
65. Date on great lakes; steamer Baltimore sinks; 12 lives lost.
66. Seventy miners killed by explosion in English colliery.
67. Cuban convention adopts Platt resolution.

HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR.

Work Completed at a Cost Approximately \$3,000,000.

The government history of the Civil War has finally been completed and delivered to those entitled, under the law, to receive it. It is an immense work and consists of 128 volumes, nine and a half inches long, six and a half inches wide, and averaging over two inches in thickness.

In addition to the text, there are several atlases containing maps of the military operations of the armies. The gigantic work has cost the government, according to an official statement, \$2,838,514.67, not counting the salaries of army officers detailed from time to time to duty connected with the preparation of the work.

Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine is going to St. Joseph, Mo., to remain with her mother for an indefinite period.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

All danger from flood in Pennsylvania has passed. An inoffensive passenger was shot and killed by four men on a Mississippi train.

The funeral of United States Senator Sewell, of New Jersey, was held with full military honors. A legal battle between the Harriman and Hill interests in the Northern Pacific has begun in Minnesota.

Manila, Jan. 2.—Memorial services and a procession were held December 30 in honor of Jose Rizal, the Filipino leader. The services were celebrated on the Luena, where Rizal was executed by the Spaniards, December 30, 1896.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Hugh J. Bonner, of New York, has accepted the tender of an appointment as chief of the fire department of Manila. England's coal supply may not outlast the century.

Germany has ordered another warship to Venezuelan waters. Senator Depew and Miss May Palmer were married in Italy. Four hundred were killed in a battle in the interior of Colombia.

The battle ship Missouri was launched at Newport News, Va. The death of Governor Rogers was due to worry as much as to illness. Insurgent sympathizers have murdered a number of friendly natives.

Four trainmen were killed near Scranton, Pa., on a runaway coal train. Prominent Englishmen are coming to America to study its business methods. Fire at Anderson, Ind., destroyed several business houses, causing a loss of \$40,000.

There is no friction between the military and civil authorities in the Philippines. Generals Chaffee and Wheaton have gone to Batangas to personally investigate the conditions there.

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LAWS FOR PHILIPPINES.

Root in Daily Conference With Lodge and Platt—Bills Being Prepared.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Secretary Root has been in almost daily conference with Senators Lodge and Platt, of Connecticut, during the past week, in regard to the legislation for the government of the Philippines. Bills are in course of preparation to carry into effect the recommendations made by the Philippine commission and endorsed by the president and secretary of war, looking to the material and political welfare of the islands.

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United States Senator Sewall is dead. A department store at Victoria, B. C., burned. Loss, \$250,000. Germany is preparing to blockade Venezuelan ports and enforce her demands.

NEWS OF THE STATE

TERMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

A wind storm at Astoria did \$16,500 damage. A gift of \$1000 in cash has been made to Philomath college. The smallpox scare at Marshfield has passed and the quarantine raised.

The Douglas county poultry show at Roseburg last week was a success in every particular. State Food Commissioner Bailey has started a crusade against light-weight California butter.

Weston had a small fire a few days ago, but the blaze was extinguished before much damage was done. Arrangements have been completed for the registration of voters of Marion county, which begins January 6.

Real estate is moving quite lively around Weston. Several farms have been sold recently at good prices. Six carloads of prunes just left Dallas for the Eastern market. The price paid for the fruit was 2 1/2¢ per pound.

Preparations are being commenced all over the state for the primaries, which will select the candidates for the June election. A counterfeiting outfit has been captured at The Dalles, but the owner, who is known, has escaped. It is probable that he will be arrested.

The Wasco Milling Company's flouring mill is now completed, and only awaits the turning on of the electric power from White river to begin grinding out 500 barrels of flour a day. There is greater activity in the mines of Southern Oregon at present than ever before in their history.

New wagon roads are being constructed, larger stamp mills put in and new workings opened. Governor Geer pardoned three convicts the day before Christmas. Murderers Wade and Dalton have been sentenced to hang January 31.

Another rich strike has been made in Southern Oregon, near Grants Pass. The assessment roll for Lane county for 1900 shows \$5,709,853 assessable property. Another holdup near Oregon City has been reported, in which a shot was taken at the highwayman.

THE BORDER ISSUES.

Diplomats Again to Take Up the Alaska Boundary and Other Questions.

Washington, Jan. 1.—It is expected that efforts will be renewed before long for the settlement of the numerous controversies which have long existed between the United States and Great Britain, growing out of relations along the Canadian border, the Atlantic fisheries, warships on the Great Lakes, the Alaska boundary and other questions.

The British authorities have main tained for some time that when the isthmian canal treaty is once disposed of there will be a renewal of the efforts to adjust the Alaska boundary and other pending questions, the canal treaty being regarded as one of the many pending questions. Now that the British government has yielded the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and other points in the isthmian negotiations, it desires to take up some of the other questions in which it has important interests involved.

Lord Pauncefote desires to clear up all the pending differences and have a "clean slate" before his present term as ambassador comes to a close. When he came to Washington there were four issues between the two governments. The first of these was the Behring sea question, which had reached an acute stage. The diplomatic disposal of this question, the next was over Venezuela, which, like the seal question, at one time threatened war.

But the efforts of diplomacy were again successful in averting trouble and bringing about a settlement. The third important issue was the isthmian canal, which has been satisfactorily disposed of by the recent Hay-Pauncefote treaty. This leaves only one issue remaining in order to bring about a "clean slate," namely, the border controversy, both as to Canada and Alaska. The British officials link these various boundary controversies together, as they are more or less connected.

At present a modus vivendi exists as to the Alaska boundary question, chiefly for the purpose of avoiding a clash along the border and holding each side in check until a final boundary has been determined upon. It seems to be conceded on both sides that the modus cannot be carried on indefinitely, and that sooner or later the question of establishing a permanent boundary must be settled.

LANDSLIDE CAUSED WRECK. Four Lives Lost in an Accident on the Chesapeake & Ohio. Lynchburg, Va., Jan. 1.—A landslide on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, near Reussen station, five miles south of Lynchburg on the James river branch, yesterday, caused a wreck in which four men were killed and several persons injured, but none of them severely.

Several passengers from the scene of the wreck say that probably one or two passengers are buried under the debris caused by the "clean slate," but no names can be ascertained of any passengers known to be missing. The train to which the mishap occurred was known as No. 7. It left Lynchburg behind schedule time, and consisted of an engine, tender, baggage car and one passenger car, which was pretty well filled with passengers.

It is stated that the train had run into a rock slide without damage, and that the men who were killed and injured had succeeded in pushing the passenger car back from under the cliff. They were trying to do the same for the baggage car when a second heavy slide came down. A shout of warning as the second slide came enabled most of those who were in danger to escape without injury.

ORDERED TO SAIL

ONE SMALL CRUISER SENT TO VENEZUELAN WATERS.

One or Two More to Reinforce Squadron Now There—Official Note Stating that Negotiations Continue—Ambassador White Terms German-American War Talk Sensational Nonsense.

Berlin, Jan. 2.—The small German cruiser Gazelle was ordered today to sail immediately from Kiel to Venezuelan waters. The government intends to send one or two other small warships to reinforce the present squadron in the Caribbean sea. The additions to Germany's naval force in the Caribbean sea will not be sufficient to give rise to suspicion among the people of the United States that Germany meditates anything beyond the collection of claims due German subjects.

The German government desires beyond anything else in this matter to avoid disturbing the government of the United States. German newspapers published today are full of expressions of this kind, and many of these expressions are so much alike that it is easy to infer their utterance was suggested by the government. A remarkable thing is the fact that there is not a single unkind expression toward the United States in any of the newspaper commentaries.

"We hope that this opinion," says the Berliner Neuste Nachrichten, "which grew out of the Spanish war, and which we consider to be wholly erroneous, will soon give place to a more correct conception of Germany's aims. It is quite unreasonable that the people of the United States, holding such opinion, should connect this opinion with their Venezuelan affairs, inasmuch as Washington has been fully informed of Germany's intentions."

The Lokal Anzeiger says: "The task for our diplomacy is to make German interests prevail against Venezuela without at the same time losing touch with the American government. The authorities at Washington have up to the present time shown such an intelligent comprehension of the situation and friendly disposition towards Germany's wishes that no grounds for apprehension exist at this point."

Replying to Germany's assurance to the United States regarding the former's plans in connection with Venezuela, the foreign office here has received an answer from Secretary Hay, expressing full satisfaction with the German position. Germany still hopes to collect her claims peacefully.

PREDICTS ANOTHER WAR. American Says China is Openly Violating the Protocol. New York, Jan. 2.—Charles F. Gammon, superintendent of colporteurs for the American Bible Society in Northern China, writes to the society concerning the present situation in the Chinese empire as follows: "While at Shanghai I observed that the Chinese government was openly violating the provisions of the protocol. The great empire would shake off European domination. Thousands of boatloads of small arms and ammunition were passing weekly up the Yangtze Kiang and the arsenals were being enlarged and worked day and night. Cargoes of explosives were being received, and the dowager empress had issued instructions to all officials to recruit the army, and also to inform her as to the fighting strength of each division and the time required to concentrate the forces at a given point."

"There were, and are many other unpromising features which weighed heavily upon the minds of those interested. I must believe that the end is not yet, and that within 10 years, possibly within five, a war will ensue the like of which the world has never known. For centuries China has been making repeated attempts to expel the foreigner, each time profiting by past experience, each time with more power and success, each time better equipped and better planned."

"She is now preparing as never before, buying vast quantities of superior weapons and reorganizing her armies on a correct basis. Therefore the next attempt will be gigantic in force and terrible in execution. It will result in a universal upheaval and the final dismemberment of this empire—at a terrible cost."

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