

EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Wall Street awaits the return of J. Pierpont Morgan. Many persons were hurt in a panic in a Louisville theater.

Cost of public schools of Oregon for 1900 was nearly \$1,600,000.

An injured fireman sees the South-east Pacific for \$40,000 damages.

General Buller has been relieved of command of the First Army Corps.

Oregon Short Line train wrecked in Idaho and engineer and fireman killed.

The performance of the Students' Dramatic Association was the feature of the Yale celebration.

The French chamber of deputies refused to discuss the proposed concessions to the miners.

Macedonian fugitives, supposed to belong to the American Mission church, were killed by Turks.

Conditions in Leyte are as bad as in Samar. A force of marines has been sent to Catbalogan, Samar. Bolomen are preparing to operate in Talar province.

Kitchener calls for more troops. Texas man and his son killed in a street duel at Waco.

Yale University holds a bi-centennial celebration.

Burglars secure \$75,000 in stamps from Chicago postoffice vault.

Great Northern annual reports shows a falling off in net income.

A Turk in San Francisco instantly killed a girl and then shot himself.

Sir Thomas Lipton will enter no yacht for the America's cup next fall.

Germans discussed the "American danger" in connection with the new tariff.

Systematic embezzlement of government supplies discovered at Fort Keogh, Minn.

Joe Levy and two Frenchwomen arrested at Baker City for implication in murder at Boise.

A valuable gold watch and a wallet containing 20 sovereigns were stolen from the royal yacht Ophir in Halifax.

All the property of the Northern Pacific subject to fire has been insured. The policy is for \$20,000,000.

Progress in negotiations for a new flour and saw mill at Astoria delayed by refusal of promoters to pay high prices for sites.

Marquis Ito arrived at Washington.

Religious exercises opened the Yale bi-centennial.

Game law of Washington is thought to be defective.

Cuba's imports show a decrease, the exports an increase.

Rain storms did much damage to property at Skagway.

Famine conditions are proclaimed in five more Russian districts.

Grieving over her dual life caused a Chicago woman to kill herself.

There is a possibility that the threatened miners' strike in France may be averted.

Admiral Bowles recommends that the Havana drydock be sent to the Philippines.

Another plot to slaughter Americans in Samar was frustrated. Reinforcements are being rushed to the island. American troops there anticipate hard fighting.

Ex-Governor Pillsbury, of Minnesota, is dead.

Five men were killed by an accident in the New York subway.

London police are guarding the Jacksons to prevent a lynching.

The French government is preparing for trouble in the coal fields.

England and Russia come to an agreement on the Afghan question.

Bulgarian Minister Sarafoff protests against Consul Dickinson's charges.

Oregon butter in tins comes in for first honors at Pan-American exposition.

The Agricultural department is planning to develop the industries of Hawaii.

Five hundred bolomen attacked a detachment of the Ninth Infantry in Samar, killing 10 and wounding 6. The insurgents were repulsed, leaving many dead on the field.

Aguinaldo is posing as a martyr.

Famine riots have broken out in Russia.

The typhoon at Manila was the worst in 20 years.

In 1899 the inheritance tax in France produced the amount of 198,900,000 francs (\$38,387,700).

In one New York factory 30,000,000 cigarettes a week are turned out on an average all the year round.

School savings banks are increasing rapidly in number in the United States. Last year the system was in practice in 72 schools of 99 cities in 18 states. During that year the deposits reached a total of \$876,229.

LEYTE AS BAD AS SAMAR.

Bolomen Escaped to Adjacent Island from Balangiga—Marines Sent to Samar.

Manila, Oct. 24.—General Chaffee does not expect to hear of any extensive engagement in the island of Samar. He believes the operations there will not result in any open fight. It is hard to find armed Filipinos, but every man without occupation will be compelled to go into a town. It is expected that all the rifles captured by the Filipinos at Balangiga are now in the island of Leyte, where many bolomen are known to have gone from the island of Samar. In fact, Leyte is as disturbed as Samar.

The object of the reinforcement of American troops now being pushed forward is to increase all the garrisons to 38 men. Some of them have, until recently, numbered only eight men. The reinforcements will also allow the detailing of a working force to operation the field, hunting for insurgents. General Wheaton reports that a band of bolomen has entered Talar province, island of Luzon, through Bulacan province, and that the men composing it are distributing inflammatory bulletins, which are posted on the church doors, warning the people to prepare to take the field in January. Some of the friendly natives were informed by bolomen that various bands of armed natives would shortly concentrate in the vicinity of Rosales.

A harmonious agreement has been reached between Governor General Taft and General Chaffee regarding habeas corpus proceedings in the case of military prisoners. The law has been amended so as to cover such cases.

Marines Sent to Samar.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Rear Admiral Rogers:

"Cavite, Oct. 22.—Secretary of the navy, Washington: Active insurrection in Samar. New York leaves today for Catbalogan with 300 marines to return to Basey and Balangiga to co-operate with army. Nearly all naval force concentrated on Samar patrol. Services of Arthusia and Zafro, two colliers, needed and being utilized."

Engineer and Fireman Were Instantly Killed—Passengers Escaped Without Injury.

Pocatello, Idaho, Oct. 24.—Oregon Short Line west-bound fast mail No. 1 was wrecked four miles east of McCammon at 3:20 this afternoon, and Engineer Purcell and Fireman Paul Spidell, both of Pocatello, were instantly killed. The engine climbed the rail on a filled-in curve and went down the embankment, 20 feet, taking the mail, baggage and buffet cars with it. The remainder of the train remained on the tracks. It is believed that Purcell and Spidell jumped from the train and were buried in the wreckage. Two mail clerks and the express messenger were slightly bruised. No passengers were injured. Purcell leaves a widow and three children.

Three dead engineer had been in the employ of the Oregon Short Line for 19 years.

Transport Sheridan Disabled.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Word was received at the war department that the transport Sheridan had arrived at Nagasaki in a disabled condition, and would not be able to leave that port for three weeks.

The Sheridan was on her way from Manila to San Francisco. She carried about 300 short-term soldiers, 280 sick soldiers and 19 insane soldiers. No details were received as to the trouble with the Sheridan. The transport Warren has been sent from Manila to Nagasaki to receive the sick soldiers from the disabled transport.

The Contractor Responsible.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 24.—The coroner's jury after examining into the cause of the death of William Donaherty, who fell from the Oppenheimer building, returned a verdict to the effect that the man came to his end through the collapse of the pier in front of the structure; that the material of the same was poor, and the work carelessly done, and the contractors were held responsible.

Spinners' Wages Advanced.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 24.—Notices have been posted in the cotton mills, increasing wages 5 per cent, to take effect November 4. This is the second raise of 5 per cent in these mills within a month. The Textile council tonight instructed its secretary to send a communication to the manufacturers asking for a 10 per cent increase in wages to take effect November 4. The action of Mr. Borden in advancing wages another 5 per cent in his mills here has stirred the operatives to an unusual pitch.

Butte Plumbers Strike.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 24.—As a result of the refusal of the Master Plumbers' association of this city to meet the demands of the plumbers and gas and steam fitters for an increase in wages, all work in that line was practically tied up today. The increase demanded is from \$5.50 to \$6 per day for eight hours' work. Only one shop in Butte was running, and this has been paying its men the wages demanded, \$6, for some time.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

The new Catholic church at Woodburn was dedicated. Oregon supreme court hands down three important decisions.

A Chinaman was brutally beaten and robbed of \$70 at Meacham.

Oregon railroads will promote home fattening of hogs for local markets.

Machinery for boring for oil to a depth of 1,500 feet is being placed on a farm near Toledo.

The United States weather bureau has taken a 10-year lease on a tract of land in Astoria on which to erect a signal tower.

The total output of young salmon from the hatcheries tributary to the Columbia will be about 60,000,000 fish this year.

A Hood River apple grower gathered 50 boxes of apples from 4-year old trees and found less than a box of wormy fruit.

A Salem man was attacked by a foot pad, but gave the robber such a drubbing that the latter was hardly able to get away.

Crook county is fast coming to the front as a cattle raising country. One raiser recently sold 60 head at \$22 and 50 head of yearling heifers at \$24.

One of the heavy prairie raisers of Cow Creek valley has completed his prairie drying. He has 71,000 pounds. He sold the entire lot in sacks at 2 1/2 cents.

Officers of the Klamath reservation have been spending several days past in a thorough but fruitless search over Southern Oregon for four Indian girls and three boys who ran away from the Klamath school.

For the first time in its history Mt. Angel college has a football team.

The Phoenix mine in the Greenhorn district has been sold for \$80,000.

The new filter plant for the Oregon City water system is being installed.

Part of the Oregon City paper mills are shut down on account of low water.

The run of silversides in the Columbia is as large as ever, and quality first-class.

About 1,500,000 pounds of prunes have been received at Salem, and they are still coming by the wagon load.

Representatives of Milwaukee capitalists will arrive soon to negotiate with the incorporators of the projected electric railway between Sumpter and Bourne.

The superintendent of the Badger mine, of Susanville, has laid off a large number of the hands. It is likely that a larger force than ever will soon be put to work.

So far this season steelhead salmon have not made their appearance in the South Fork and Wallowa rivers. It is said that a dam has been placed at the mouth of Salmon river which prevents them from going up into those streams.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walla, nominal 54@54 1/2; bluestem, 55c; valley, 55. Flour—best grades, \$2.65@3.50 per barrel; graham, \$2.60.

Oats—Old, 90@91 per cental. Barley—Feed, 15@15.50; brewing, 16.00 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, 17@18; middlings, 20@21; shorts, 19@20; chop, 16.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@13; clover, \$7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@27 1/2; dairy, 18@20c; store, 14@15c per pound.

Eggs—Storage 20@22 1/2; fresh 23c. Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12 1/2@13c; Young America, 13 1/2@14c per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@3.00; hens, \$4.00; dressed, 9@11c per pound; springs, \$3.00 per dozen; ducks, \$3 for old; \$3.00@4.00 for young; geese, \$6@7 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10@11c; dressed, 10@12c per pound.

Mutton—Lamb, 3 1/2c; gross; dressed, 6@6 1/2c per pound; sheep, \$3.25, gross; dressed, 6c per lb.

Hogs—Gross, heavy, \$6@6.25; light, \$4.70@5; dressed, 7@7 1/2c per pound.

Veal—Small, 8@8 1/2c; large, 7@7 1/2c per pound.

Beef—Gross top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, \$3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 5 1/2@6 1/2c per pound.

Hops—8@10 1/2c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 11@13 1/2c; Eastern Oregon, 8@12 1/2c; mohair, 20@21c per pound.

Potatoes—\$1@1.10 per sack.

Electric cab service in Paris has proved very unprofitable. It is said that the loss so far represents \$900,000.

Germany imports vast quantities of red wine each year for mixing with wines of her own growth. In 1900 4,788 tons were imported from Italy for this purpose, 1,319 tons from France, 1,272 tons from Greece, 4,878 tons from Austria-Hungary, and 3,478 tons from Spain.

KITCHENER WANTS MEN.

Call Is for Trained Mounted Soldiers—Rumors of Dewet's Death Discredited.

London, Oct. 23.—The Daily Express learns that Lord Kitchener has wired an urgent demand to the war office for more trained mounted men.

British Accused of Brutality.

New York, Oct. 23.—A London Times special to the New York Times says:

Referring to the fresh outbreak of Anglophobia in Vienna, a correspondent of the Austrian Capital quotes the especially influential Catholic organ, the "Austria," which publishes an article headed: "Lord Kitchener, a rascal as a Hangman."

It says the commander-in-chief of the British forces in South Africa, in despair of being able to conquer the Boers by honest war, has for a long time had recourse to brutality. His bloodthirstiness was formerly restrained by the British government, but it now appears that a free hand has been given to him.

The Vatterland goes on to say that the announcement that Commandant General Botha will meet violence by reprisals will convince all that the Boers are not intimidated, but only exasperated by Lord Kitchener's inhumanity. The sanguinary seed sown by the British Commander will produce a harvest of blood and none can blame the Boer leaders if they have recourse to a terrible tribulation.

Marital Law Regulations.

Cape Town, Oct. 23.—The regulations of marital law, which have just been published, provide that the ordinary law shall hold good as far as possible with necessary restrictions regarding the movement of persons dealing in contraband, the possession of firearms and explosives, etc.

Letters and telegrams are subject to censorship. The regulations are administered by the civil authorities.

Discredit Rumors of Dewet's Death.

The Hague, Oct. 23.—The former residents of the Transvaal who are now in this city entirely discredited the rumors of the death of General Dewet, emanating from Durban, Natal.

SUICIDE OF A SERGEANT.

Grieved Over His Approaching Separation From Army Life.

Salt Lake, Oct. 23.—Grief over separation from army life, with which he had been associated for 40 years, and to which he was greatly attached, is believed to have been the direct cause of the suicide at Fort Douglas of August Lange, ordnance sergeant.

Lange was to have been retired within a few days, and rather than re-enter civil life he hanged himself in one of the buildings of the fort. Lange, who was 61 years of age, enlisted at the outbreak of the civil war, participating in many of its historic battles, and was wounded during the battle of Spottsylvania. In later years he took part in numerous campaigns against Western Indians, and for the past 15 years has been ordnance sergeant at Fort Douglas. He left a widow and two grown daughters, who reside in this city.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

One Arc Lamp With Microphone Attachment Will Transmit Sounds Through Another.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 23.—A member of the faculty of Moscow Imperial Technical school recently discovered that a microphone attached to an electric lamp by wire will transmit sounds through the medium of another arc lamp. Repeated experiments were made in which the two lamps were separated by a thick wall. The inventor read in a low voice a lecture on his discovery, and his words, spoken into the microphone, were comfortably audible in the next room. With characteristic carelessness, the Russian newspapers failed to state whether the lamps were burning, but it is probable that this is to be assumed.

Australia May Build Challenge Boat.

New York, Oct. 23.—R. A. Watson, formerly of Canada and now of Sydney, N.S.W., at an informal reception given him by the Nonpareil Rowing club, said that the recent news between the Columbia and Shamrock were the greatest that had ever taken place in any waters. He added that on his return to Australia he would try to form a wealthy syndicate to build a boat and challenge for the cup from Australia.

Delighted With New Amerer.

New York, Oct. 23.—The Simla correspondent of the New York Times says the envoy from Kabul at that city reports all quiet in Afghanistan. The envoy adds that the people are delighted with the new Amerer, and declares that the accession of Habib Ullah was like a feast after a fast, which graphically describes the situation, the Afghans having apparently accepted Habib Ullah with a sense of relief after Amerer Abdur Rahmans inflexible rule.

Brave Revolutionists.

New York, Oct. 23.—A Panama correspondent of the Herald says: A party of revolutionists, said to be led by General Lugo, appeared on the heights in sight of La Boca, which is a few miles from Panama. The party waved a red flag and then disappeared. Government troops were sent after the party, but the latter could not be found. The government soldiers are now stationed in La Boca.

SHOT BY THE TURKS

MACEDONIAN FUGITIVES KILLED ON THE FRONTIER.

One of Them, a Brother of Mme. Taikka, Miss Stone's Companion—The Bulgarian Government Prepared to Act Vigorously If Sufficient Proof Is Forthcoming—Turkish Methods Brutal.

London, Oct. 24.—The Morning Leader publishes the following communication, dated Saturday, Oct. 19, from Sofia:

"On the frontier near Grosbelo, yesterday, five fugitives from Banista, Macedonia, among them a brother of Mme. Taikka, Miss Stone's companion, were shot dead by Turkish frontier guards while endeavoring to cross into Bulgarian territory. United States Consul General Dickinson, believing that they were members of the American Mission church, has demanded an official inquiry. Great brutality exists in the district between Banista and the frontier. Turkish officials have arrested over 200 residents of Bulgarian nationality and subjected them to torture in order to bring from them information as to Miss Stone's whereabouts. Several of them died under torture. The Bulgarian authorities, likewise, worried over the affair, are continuously arresting fugitives from Macedonia, and this causes bad blood."

"It is reported from Sofia," says the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail, "that United States Consul General Dickinson has received intelligence from shepherds that Miss Stone was seen at Jakouva, in Turkish territory, about two hours' journey from the Bulgarian frontier."

Dr. Dickinson thinks that if the original Macedonian promoters of the abduction can be arrested, the brigands who acted under their orders would accept a smaller ransom. As the Bulgarian government are prepared to act vigorously if sufficient proof is forthcoming, says the Vienna correspondent of the Times, this method of proceeding may perhaps prove successful.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Mine Superintendent's Dwelling Partially Destroyed by Miscreant.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 23.—A dastardly attempt to blow up the house of Reese Morgan, superintendent of the Murray mine, and kill himself and family was made last night. Morgan's home was on Grant street, one of the residence thoroughfares of this city. He had just opened the gate to get into the house when a terrific explosion occurred which nearly knocked him off his feet. When he was able to collect himself he saw that a portion of his dwelling had been wrecked. A further investigation showed that the whole rear portion of the house had been torn away by the explosion. The general supposition is that some mine employe who formerly worked for Mr. Morgan, and who imagined he had a grievance, is at the bottom of the plot.

Valuable Library Sold.

New York, Oct. 23.—According to the Journal and Advertiser, Marshall Clifford Lefferts has just sold his library, valued at \$300,000. In this library were 65 first editions of Milton, including the "Aeropagica," of 1644, and the first issues of "Paradise Lost," with variations of title page, and almost perfect; 800 quartos of plays of the Elizabethan period, all first editions. The Indian bible of John Eliot in this library was one of the 20 copies that the author sent to England to be presented to eminent personages. This one has on the fly leaf the inscription, "Dame Martyn Arny Oneth This Book," dated March 24, 1664.

Pillsbury Left No Will.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 24.—No will was left by the late John S. Pillsbury, ex-governor of Minnesota. He was content to give while he lived to any institution or movement which he deemed worthy of aid, and was also content to let the laws of Minnesota determine the final disposition of his estate. He said so in as many words. His fortune is a large one. Some estimate his estate to be worth about \$5,000,000, and some place it at even higher.

Commander Ackley Retired.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Commander Seth M. Ackley, of the navy, has been placed on the retired list with the rank of captain. His advancement is due to his services in the war of the rebellion.

Football Player May Die.

Collax, Ia., Oct. 24.—Richard Tripp, aged 19, is not expected to live as a result of injuries received in a football contest between the Collax and Prairie City high school last Saturday.

Miss Eastwick Pleaded Guilty.

London, Oct. 24.—Marie Josephine Eastwick, the young Philadelphia woman who was committed October 1 in the Guild Hall police court for trial at the Old Bailey on charge of having forged a railroad certificate to the value of £100,000, was arraigned today and pleaded guilty. Sentence was postponed in order to allow an examination as to the prisoner's sanity.

FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

Government Relief Is Necessary in Five More Suffering Districts.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—Acting under additional information from the governor of the province of Samar, the minister of the interior has officially proclaimed famine conditions in five more districts in this province. This means that the bad harvest has already made itself so keenly felt that a special medical and relief organization is deemed necessary for these districts. It is likely that the list will be added to from time to time during the winter.

The minister also published today a detailed report about the relief given to seven Siberian districts. Forty thousand roubles were assigned. The present indications are that little information about the famine will be published in Russian papers which is not given out by the minister of the interior. The papers have been given to understand that incorrect information or "colored" articles about the famine will not be tolerated, and the Russian editors know when they have been spoken to. The bad harvests in portions of Siberia last year and this year has had the effect of turning a part of the tide of Siberian emigration back toward Russia. According to an official source, 77,745 emigrants and 519,721 men whom the peasant communes sent to spy out the land went to Siberia between January 1 and September 17, and 19,788 emigrants and 12,619 envoys returned.

In addition to famine a circumstance that deters emigration and occasions the return of many is the exhaustion of available farm land. It is a fact that is not sufficiently understood abroad that portions of Siberia are already fully occupied. This is true of nearly all good and conveniently accessible agricultural land in West Siberia. Recent settlers have been assigned lands distant from the railroad or navigable rivers, or which it would not pay them to till under present conditions. With additional railways, with new markets for West Siberian grain in the East Siberian, Mongolian and Manchurian mining regions, and with better modes of cultivating the ground there will be room for more settlers in West Siberia, but the plain truth is that there is little room for peasants there now.

SENTENCED TO BE HANGED.

A Case of Unusual Depravity in the Army in the Philippine Islands.

Washington, Oct. 22.—George A. Raymond, an American and formerly a private in the Forty-first Volunteer infantry, was tried by military commission in the Philippines a short time ago on a triple charge of murder, rape and robbery, and sentenced to be hanged. The records in this case, of unusual depravity, have just been received at the war department. Upon the muster out of the Forty-first regiment, Raymond went to the province of Pampanga and endeavored to organize a band of outlaws among his former comrades. May 7, while he was riding along a road near the barrio of San Jose with Henry Bohn, who had also been a private in the Forty-first infantry, and with whom he assumed to be on friendly relations, Raymond treacherously turned on his companion and killed him with his revolver and then emptied the dead man's pockets. Two days afterward, in company with two privates of the Forty-first, Raymond, garbed in the uniform of a United States Army officer, entered the premises of a peaceful native and robbed him of saddles, bridles and three horses. On the night of May 9 Raymond forced his way into the home of a respectable native girl and assaulted her. In reviewing this case and approving the sentence of death, General Chaffee said: "The depravity and dangerous criminal propensities of the accused, involving in the short space of three days the robbery of a helpless native, the licentious violation of a respectable girl and the treacherous assassination of a comrade from motives of pure avariciousness, calls for but one fitting punishment."

Hay Crop Burning.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 22.—Late this afternoon fire was discovered in the hay lands which surrounded the city. The flames are now burning everything before them, and the firemen are powerless, owing to the fire being outside the city limits and beyond water service. Thousands of tons of hay will be lost.

Murderous Robbers Caught.

Middlesboro, Ky., Oct. 22.—George Gray was today arrested as principal and George Eaton as an accomplice in the shooting and robbery of P. T. Colgan, paymaster of the Virginia Coal and Coke company last week at Middlesboro. Colgan was robbed while on his way to the furnaces from the bank. Eaton made a partial confession, implicating three other men and a woman. It is said the woman has fled into Harlan county with the money.

Russia Will Not Intervene.

London, Oct. 23.—Referring to the movements of Prof. F. de Maartens, of the University of St. Petersburg, who is also a member of the Russian privy council, the Brussels correspondent of the Standard denies that he has any mission from the Russian government bearing upon the South African situation, and asserts that Boer circles in Brussels discredit the possibility of Russian intervention.

ROBBED OF STAMPS

CHICAGO POSTOFFICE LOSES \$74,000 WORTH.

Burglars Crawled 300 Feet Under Building Bored into Vault, and Carried Away Spoils in Wagon—Supposed to Have Been Many Days on the Job—\$35,000 Missed by Robbers.

Chicago, Oct. 2