



EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Turkey has given in to the demands of France.

Colombia has severed relations with Venezuela.

Flour and cereals will be on the Chinese free list.

The plants of the Carnegie group are still working.

New York police methods are to be investigated again.

A Cotton Belt train was wrecked in Arkansas and two men killed.

Great forest fires are raging along the coast of British Columbia.

Fourteen thousand steel workers obeyed Shaffer's general strike order.

Eastern wheat market is booming on the strength of unfavorable crop reports.

Lipton's yachtmen believe the Columbia is a better boat than the Constitution.

A freight locomotive on the Denver & Rio Grande exploded, killing the engineer and fireman.

Germany and France are both after American islands of great strategic value lying just north of Cuba.

Rear Admiral Johnson has been selected by the navy department to succeed Admiral Sampson, in command of the Boston navy yard, when the latter retires.

Ex-Premier Crispi is dead at Naples.

The United Mineworkers endorsed the steel strike.

Forest fires are beginning in Western Washington.

Another Negro was burned at the stake in the South.

Steel workers in Western mills of the trust refused to strike.

Engagements with insurgents were fought recently near Panama.

Business men of San Francisco are working hard to end the strike.

Civil government will be established in northern Philippine provinces.

The funeral service over the late Empress Frederick occurred at Cronberg.

The Philippine commission granted \$25,000 to each rinderpest stricken province.

Shamrock II has arrived at Sandy Hook, after a 14 days' passage across the ocean.

John Winters, the man under arrest, has confessed to the robbery of the Selby smelter.

Admiral Evans was censured by the navy department because of statements in his book.

Governor Taft, of the Philippines, says tariff legislation is necessary to develop the islands.

An attempt was made by Boer sympathizers to blow up a British transport at New Orleans.

The steel trust is preparing to start up its idle mills.

Another Negro was burned at the stake by an Alabama mob.

Thousands were drowned by the overflowing of the Yangtze river.

Police working on the Selby smelter robbery have made one arrest on suspicion.

The gunboat Machias has been ordered to Colon to protect American interests.

The German army has been ordered to go into mourning for six weeks for the late empress.

France has warned Turkey that the porte must settle claims or France's minister will be recalled.

Foreign men on warships of Colombia quit and have left the country, being afraid of being murdered.

Patterson, N. J., anarchists will produce a play depicting the tragedy connected with the assassination of Humbert I, of Italy.

A bad wreck was caused on the Great Northern in Washington. A burnt tree fell across the track, wrecking the engine and killing the engineer. Several others were injured.

Two hundred sand teamsters at San Francisco have joined the strikers.

Admiral Howison will be the third member of the Schley court of inquiry.

Governor Gage will be asked to mediate between the contestants in the San Francisco strike.

St. Paul's cathedral, in London, is settling from the vibrations caused by passing underground trains.

Thirty Turks were killed in a battle between Bulgarian bandits and Turkish government troops.

Colorado leads all the states in the production of both gold and silver.

English opponents of ostentation at funerals will extend their propaganda to the United States.

The United States will not prevent Cuba assuming payment of bonds issued by the New York junta.

Lord Pauncefote's talk about a new canal treaty is taken to mean that England will make concessions to adjust differences.

PUTTING DOWN REBELLION.

Annual Report of General MacArthur on the Philippine Situation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The annual report of Major-General MacArthur, dated July 4, 1901, the day he relinquished command of the division of the Philippines, has been received at the War Department. The period covered by the report is from October 1, 1900, when the last report from General MacArthur was dated. He reviews the policy of the Filipinos that were hostile to the Americans, saying that their action since the practical collapse of the insurrection has been a perplexing problem. With the disbandment of the insurgent field armies, the Filipinos organized desperate resistance by banding the people together in support of the guerrillas. This was carried out by means of secret committees, who collected contributions, inflicted punishments and carried on a considerable opposition to the Americans. General MacArthur reviews the manner in which operations were carried on against these guerrillas and says he hopes the policy adopted

BATTLESHIP ON PUGET SOUND MAY BE ORDERED TO PANAMA.

There is a possibility that in case the trouble between Venezuela and Colombia breaks out in war one of the war vessels of any governmental benefice, and they are evidently looked on the latent attitude of the United States as indicating weakness. General MacArthur says the proclamation issued on Dec. 21 last, for declaring the intention of the United States to hold the island and to have the laws obeyed, had a good effect, and the secret resistance was much abated. A considerable portion of the report is devoted to the field operations of the army, showing that October 1, 1900, it occupied 413 stations, which was of necessity increased to 502 stations, every command being in contact with some hostile force. He speaks of the good service of the army and says, as a result of the cooperation between the army and the people who have accepted the invitation to continue for mutual protection, the armed insurrection is almost suppressed.

PLOT AGAINST KING EDWARD.

Anarchists Intended to Assassinate Him at Friedrichshof.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Says the London correspondent of the Tribune. Rumors are current that the reason why the departure from London for Germany of King Edward and other royal mourners has been delayed was that the German police authorities had received information of a plot which the anarchists had intended to put into execution at Friedrichshof. It is certainly somewhat significant that even now the exact hour of the King's departure has not been made known. However, it is known that preparations for his departure are complete. Accompanied by Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria, he will leave London tomorrow evening and reach Cronberg on time to be present at the memorial service which is to be held there Sunday.

Boers Captured a British Post.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria, announced the capture of a British post, belonging to Steynacker's Horse on the Sabi River, has been surprised and captured by the Boers.

Russia After the Jews

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.—The government will hereafter limit the number of Jewish students in Russian universities to 3 per cent of the total number of students, except in the University of Moscow, where they are entirely prohibited.

Contribution from a Soldier.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Secretary Gage has received from a soldier in the Philippines a contribution of \$270. The money was sent to Father Conaty, rector of the Catholic University, for transmission to the Secretary.

Death Sentence Approved.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—For the first time since the outbreak of the Spanish war, President McKinley has approved the death sentence in the case of an enlisted man. The case is that of Private Phineas Fouts, Company K, Nineteenth Infantry. This soldier was convicted by a general court-martial at Cebu, P. I., for the murder of Geneviva Torres, a native Filipino girl, by stabbing her to death with a sword cane in her home at Manduae, Cebu, November 15, 1900.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Cherries are just coming to market around Enterprise, Wallowa county.

A street fair promoter is in Eugene trying to work up a carnival there for September.

There are five Ed Millers in Baker City, and each gets the mail of all the others, so it is said.

Between hot weather and harvest the valley towns are almost deserted and business is very dull.

It is estimated that 1,000,000 pounds of prunes will be dried in the vicinity of Dallas this fall.

A big prairie fire raged at Ella, in Morrow county, caused by small boys playing with matches. It burned several sections of bunchgrass.

A submarine diver has been engaged for about two months in placing blasts to blow up a reef outside the entrance to the Umpqua harbor.

Rabbit killing is the leading sport now around Paisley, Lake county. The pests are thick and do damage, when able, in the grain and alfalfa fields.

There is no apparent scarcity of harvest hands in the Western neighborhood; neither is there a surplus, and those in search of work are not disappointed.

W. H. Brummond, of Connell, Grant county recently killed two coyotes with one rifle shot. One of the varmints was standing 10 feet to one side of the one he aimed at.

Grasshoppers are present in great numbers on both Birch creeks, above Pilot rock, in Umatilla county, and are doing considerable damage both to grain and gardens, the latter particularly.

Great activity is reported in the Galice mining district, 25 miles west of Grants Pass. Quartz mines are working steadily and placers are preparing for the work of next season. More miners and prospectors are now at work than at any time for 15 years.

A big natatorium has been finished at Baker City, with two large tanks, 30x90 and 15x30 feet.

Buyers are offering Hood River apple growers \$1.25 a box for apples, to be delivered in the fall.

A rattlesnake was killed near Ashland recently. It measured seven feet one inch in length and had 27 rattles.

A German farmer residing on the Necanicum is reported to have discovered a three foot vein of gold bearing quartz.

Douglas county growers are already looking for labor to pick their prunes. Wages to be paid are not yet announced.

Thrashing machine operators of the Powder valley have formed a threshers' union, and fixed the prices to be paid for their work.

A large gray timber wolf, of the genuine type, was killed near Elgin recently. It measured 65 inches from tip to tip and 38 in height.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walla, export value, 55@56c per bushel; bluestem, 57@58c; valley, nominal.

Flour—Best grades, \$2.90@3.40 per barrel; graham, \$2.60.

Oats—\$1.15@1.20 per cental.

Barley—Feed, \$1.16@1.20; brewing, \$1.50@1.70 per ton.

Millet—Bran, \$27 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$20; chop, \$16.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@13; clover, \$7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 17 1/2 @ 20c; dairy, 14@15c 1/2; store, 11@12c per pound.

Eggs—17c per dozen.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 11@11 1/2; Young America, 12@12 1/2c per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@3.75; hens, \$3.75@4.75; dressed, 10@11c per pound; springs, \$2.50@4.00 per dozen; ducks, \$3 for old, \$2.50 for young; geese, \$4@4.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 8@10c; dressed, 10@12 1/2c per pound.

Mutton—Lamb, 3 1/2c gross; dressed, 6@7c per pound; sheep, \$3.25 gross; dressed, 6@6 1/2c per lb.

Hogs—Gross, heavy, \$5.75@6; light, \$4.75@5; dressed, 6 1/2@7c per pound.

Veal—Small, 8@9c; large, 7@7 1/2c per pound.

Beef—Gross top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, \$3.25@3.50; dressed beef, 6 1/2@7 1/2c per pound.

Hops—12@14c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 11@13 1/2c; Eastern Oregon, 8@12 1/2c; mohair, 20@21c per pound.

Potatoes—90c@1.00 per sack.

Senator Clark, of Montana, owns about 40 gold silver, and copper mines.

A species of wood that expands like rubber is one of the newly discovered products of the Philippines.

Andrew Carnegie has offered the city of Portsmouth, O., \$50,000 for a public library.

It has been judicially decided that women who pay rent directly to a landlord in Toronto are entitled to vote for aldermen.

RUSHED A BLOCKHOUSE.

Captured by Boers After Severe Fighting—Dewet Intends to Attack Cape Town.

London, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, says: "A blockhouse near Bradford, Orange River colony, was rushed and captured by the Boers, after severe fighting, the night of August 7."

"Elliot has captured 70 prisoners and large quantities of stock and wagons, which he is sending in. No details have been received."

Mail dispatches from Lord Kitchener issued today in a parliamentary paper, say his coast operations will improve the fortifications along the lines of communications, thus releasing men from active service. The garrisons of the railways have mostly been withdrawn.

Lord Kitchener received certain information that Dewet intends to attack Cape Town, while General Botha, as soon as he hears that the concentration in Cape Colony is effected, is to enter Natal with 5,000 picked horsemen and make for Durban.

IOWA MAY GO SOUTH.

Will Probably Be Substituted for the Wisconsin at Panama.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The state department was without additional information today concerning the Venezuela-Colombia situation, or of the revolutionary outbreak on the Isthmus. These two troubles are distinct, one being on the west and the other on the east coast of Colombia.

The Ranger, which has been ordered to get in readiness at San Diego, Cal., for a trip to Panama, is a small cruiser of 1,020 tons displacement, and has been engaged for some time past in survey work on the Pacific coast and in Central American waters. It is possible that her services at the seat of trouble will suffice and that a battleship will not be needed to make the long trip from the north.

The Ranger has a main battery of six four-inch rapid-fire guns and a secondary battery of four six-pounders and a Colt gun. She has a complement of 21 officers and 127 men.

As the battleship Iowa has reported her arrival at Bremerton, while the Wisconsin has not yet been heard from, it is probable that the former may be substituted for the prospective trip to the Pacific side of the Isthmus, if it is decided to send a battleship, although the formal announcement of the change has not yet been made.

TRAFFIC BECOMING UNSAFE.

Pressure is Being Brought to Bear on the Panama Railroad Company.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—F. A. Drake, secretary of the Panama Railroad Company, says that the communication which J. Edward Simmons, president of the company, sent to the State Department suggesting that an American warship go to the Pacific side at Panama, as well as to the Atlantic side at Colon, was sent largely as the result of the pressure which residents of the Isthmus have brought to bear on the company. Since Wednesday night officers of the company in New York have received mail advices from the Isthmus showing increased activity on the part of the insurgents in the shape of depredations by bands of from 40 to 50 guerrillas, who have raided outlying towns, looting property and capturing citizens for ransom.

Traffic, however, even in the absence of any reported depredations on the railroad line, is clearly tending, in the opinion of the officers, to become unsafe and the significance of the movements of the rebels, they think, it that it appears to be a revival of the insurrection which was supposed to have been suppressed last year.

Storms on the Southern Border.

Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 13.—Rain storms continue to rage in Southeastern Arizona and Northern Sonora. The road from Benson to Guaymas was badly washed out last night and this afternoon again, stopping trains. A hurricane rain storm visited Tucson this afternoon, totally destroying the crops, leaving the city without light. Several large smokestacks and buildings were blown down and a large number of trees destroyed. The destruction is considerable.

Anarchist Play Prohibited.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Mayor Hinchliffe, of Patterson, N. J., has issued orders to the "Right of Existence" group of anarchists that he will not permit the performance in the city of the advertised play depicting the murder of King Humbert. The Mayor says he will, in future, take steps to prevent meetings of anarchists such as the one held recently to glorify Bresel.

German Punitive Expedition.

BRISBANE, Queensland, Aug. 12.—The German punitive expedition sent to avenge the massacre of Dr. Mennick and other members of the first German South Sea expedition on the Cannibal Island of St. Mathias, landed near the scene of the massacre, killed 80 natives and captured 17.

Damaged in a Collision.

London, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Nagasaki says the British steamer Ching Wo, from Seattle July 21 for London, is at Nagasaki with a hole in her port bow, her bridge damaged, and with the loss of her anchor and 105 fathoms of chain. Repairs will be made temporarily in a few days. The injuries were sustained in a collision with the Hoyoku Maru, which was also damaged.

WILL AID STRIKERS

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR PLEDGES SUPPORT.

Steel Trust Makes an Important Move by Ordering Its Five-Million-Dollar Plant at McKeesport to be Torn Down and Removed to the Kiskiminetas Valley—Men Are Undaunted.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 12.—There were gravely important developments in the strike situation today. The United States Steel Corporation moved decisively in its strike campaign, with a peremptory order directing that the Dewees-Wood plant, at McKeesport, be dismantled and removed to Kiskiminetas Valley. President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, after a two days' conference with President Shaffer and his associates, issued a formal statement to-night, specifically holding the Federation morally and financially in support of the Amalgamated. His written review of the train of events leading up to the industrial quarrel sustains the course of the Amalgamated Association, and declares that nothing remains for labor but to battle for the cause of unionism.

The official announcement of the order to dismantle the Dewees-Wood plant came this afternoon toward the close of an otherwise uneventful day, and its importance was such that it claimed the serious consideration of either side of the great industrial conflict now being waged here. Persifer F. Smith, district manager of the American Sheet Steel Company, made the formal announcement in the following statement:

"I have orders from President McKeesport, of the American Sheet Steel Company, to at once tear down the Dewees-Wood plant at McKeesport and remove the same to Kiskiminetas Valley. This I shall proceed to do immediately."

The publication of the order was a great surprise and McKeesport received it at first with doubt. Actual preparations were made later in the day for the dismantling of the plant, and there is little doubt but that it will be torn down. The strikers heard the order in a spirit of defiance. They simply said that it showed the steel corporation was convinced that it could not reopen the plant in the face of the opposition of the Amalgamated Association. Strike leaders here said that the order was a bluff that had been worked unsuccessfully before, and declined to take it seriously.

President Shaffer refused to discuss the matter.

The steel officials declined to give any reason for the order, but it is stated here that the pronounced sympathy of citizens and city officials at McKeesport with the strikers is responsible for it. It is also said that the plant of the National Tube Company at McKeesport will be abandoned and the old Carnegie plan for the plant at Conneaut, O., revived.

Gompers Pledges Support

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, was closeted with the advisory board of the Amalgamated Association for more than three hours. This evening he gave out the following statement:

"Since the arrival of Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, and myself, we have been in almost continual conference with the advisory board of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. We made a thorough investigation of the present strike, of the causes which led to the strike, the present situation of the country, and we unhesitatingly declare our judgment that the position of the Amalgamated Association is absolutely justified and essential to its continuance and effectiveness as a union of the workers in the trade, as well as the protection of the rights and interests of its members."

"Organized labor advances or recedes, never stands still. If, therefore, follows that if the trust, by its great wealth, can prevent the extension and growth of the Amalgamated Association, it encompasses its disintegration and destruction. The only powers then standing between the trust and the workers as a protector are the tenor merces of its directors. Against such a calamity the sense of justice and humanity revolt, and against it we solemnly protest."

"We shall stand by the Amalgamated Association in the present conflict to the full extent of our power, both morally and financially; we shall aid in every lawful way the men on strike or who may come out on strike to maintain the workers in their fight to organize and the extension of their organization."

Philippine Imports of Silk.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—A comparative statement giving the imports of silk manufactures in the Philippines during the years of 1898, 1899 and 1900 has been prepared in the Division of Insular Affairs of the War Department. The total imports of manufactures of silk into the Philippines during the year 1900 amounted to \$385,984, as against \$183,000 in 1899, an increase in favor of 1900 of 111 per cent. The imports of this commodity from the United States, while comparatively small, increased from \$361 in 1899 to \$1,140 in 1900.

Kruger's Mental Condition.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—A special dispatch from Rotterdam says the mental condition of Mr. Kruger is arousing serious apprehension. A specialist in nervous diseases has been summoned by telegraph from Berlin.

Drouth in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.—The continued drouth has extended the area of crop damage, which includes the Baltic provinces. In the West Siberia and Volga provinces, an almost total crop failure is expected.

OBEYED BY 14,000.

Answer to Shaffer's General Strike Order—Sixty Thousand Men Now Out.

Pittsburg, Aug. 14.—The struggle for mastery between manufacturers and men in the steel strike is now fairly launched, and on the first show of strength advantage is with the former. The general strike order issued by President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, has so far been obeyed by only about 14,000 men, according to the best figures obtainable here. The first two calls were answered by about 45,000 men, so that the total number now out is in the neighborhood of 60,000. The strikers made gains here today over the showing of last night, and their prospects for further accessions at both McKeesport and Wheeling during the week are very favorable.

The action of the Amalgamated men at Chicago, Joliet and Bayview in refusing to come out, and their failure to secure any recruits in the Carnegie group throughout the Kiskiminetas valley, and in the big plants at Youngstown and Columbus, O., have been marked by disappointment to them. They are keeping up the fight, however, in a spirited manner, and claim that they have strength in reserve which will surprise their opponents. They assert that they have gained a foothold in the Carnegie mills in this city, and at the time desired the men will come out. They are pressing their advantage at McKeesport and Wheeling and their organizers are still at work in those towns. President Shaffer has decided to visit Wheeling, and will address a mass meeting of his followers. He plans to spend tomorrow here directing the fight and conferring with his associates as to plans for the future. An appeal for financial aid has been made to organized labor and to the general public, and it is expected the responses to it will be liberal.

CHINESE ON THE ISTHMUS.

United States Consul Gudgeon Will Protect Them.

Colon, Colombia, via Galveston, Aug. 13.—United States Consul General Hezekiah A. Gudgeon has publicly notified the Chinese that they are entitled to the protection of the United States consulate. He draws attention to the acts of violence committed against them in the recent insurgent raid along the railroad line, and expresses the hope that their rights as foreigners will in future be recognized and respected.

Washington, Aug. 13.—In assuring the Chinese on the Isthmus that they are entitled to the protection of the United States consulate, Consul Gudgeon is, in all probability, acting simply as a matter of comity to citizens of China resident there. There being no treaty between Colombia and China, the latter has no diplomatic or consular representative in that country. Several years ago the Chinese requested that the United States officers be authorized to look out for the interests of Chinese residents on the Isthmus, and Consul General Gudgeon is doubtless, acting in accordance with that precept.

THE CUBAN PRESIDENCY.

General Gomez Suggests the Names of Palma and Maso.

Havana, Aug. 14.—General Maximiano Gomez has addressed a letter to the local committee of the National party, in Havana, declining to be a candidate for the presidency of Cuba, and suggesting the name of Senor Estrada Palma and Senor Maso as the best selections that could be made for the presidency and vice presidency.

"Let the Cubans agree upon this important matter," says General Gomez in his communication, "and Cuba will have a strong and stable government, entirely fitted to deal with the external relations in which Cuba will have to exist as a republic."

A movement backed by a number of revolutionary generals was started some time ago to endeavor to make Senor Palma the unanimous choice of the people for president. It is asserted that thus far Maso has declined to fall in with the plan as suggested by Gomez, as he relies upon the Negro vote to elect him president.

Kruger Intends to Come.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 12.—Mr. Kruger has received at Halverstum a representative of the Holland Society of Chicago. He confirmed the rumor of his intention to visit the United States, but said he had not yet fixed the date, on account of possible events in Europe.

Death of Premier Christie.

Naples, Aug. 14.—Signor Crispi died at 7:45 o'clock last evening. He was surrounded by the members of his family and several intimate friends.

The news was immediately telegraphed to King Emmanuel and Queen Helena. The evening papers assert that the body will be conveyed to Palermo, where the municipality will arrange for a great public funeral.

It is rumored that Signor Crispi will authorize a prominent Italian politician to examine his papers and to publish his memoirs.

Bomb Outrage at Troys.

Paris, Aug. 14.—A bomb was exploded this afternoon near the altar of the Church of St. Nizier at Troys, doing considerable damage to the 13th century windows, but not injuring any of the 100 children who, together with a priest, were in the sacred edifice at the time. A